

GCE

AS and A Level Specification

Bengali

For exams from June 2014 onwards

For certification from June 2014 onwards



Contents

1	Introduction	2
1.1	Why choose AQA?	2
1.2	Why choose Bengali?	2
1.3	How do I start using this specification?	3
1.4	How can I find out more?	3
2	Specification at a Glance	4
3	Subject Content	5
3.1	Unit 1 BENG1 Reading and Writing	8
3.2	Unit 2 BENG2 Reading and Writing	9
3.3	Grammatical Structures	12
4	Scheme of Assessment	14
4.1	Aims	14
4.2	Assessment Objectives	14
4.3	National Criteria	15
4.4	Prior Learning	15
4.5	Synoptic Assessment and Stretch and Challenge	15
4.6	Access to Assessment for Disabled Students	15
5	Administration	16
5.1	Availability of Assessment Units and Certification	16
5.2	Entries	16
5.3	Private Candidates	16
5.4	Access Arrangements and Special Consideration	16
5.5	Language of Examinations	17
5.6	Qualification Titles	17
5.7	Awarding Grades and Reporting Results	17
5.8	Re-sits and Shelf-life of Unit Results	17
	Appendices	18
A	Performance Descriptions	18
B	Spiritual, Moral, Ethical, Social and other Issues	20
C	Overlaps with other Qualifications	21
D	Key Skills	22

Vertical black lines indicate a significant change or addition to the previous version of this specification.

1 Introduction

1

1.1 Why choose AQA?

It's a fact that AQA is the UK's favourite exam board and more students receive their academic qualifications from AQA than from any other board. But why does AQA continue to be so popular?

- **Specifications**

Ours are designed to the highest standards, so teachers, students and their parents can be confident that an AQA award provides an accurate measure of a student's achievements. And the assessment structures have been designed to achieve a balance between rigour, reliability and demands on candidates.

- **Support**

AQA runs the most extensive programme of support meetings; free of charge in the first years of a new specification and at a very reasonable cost thereafter. These support meetings explain the specification and suggest practical teaching strategies and approaches that really work.

- **Service**

We are committed to providing an efficient and effective service and we are at the end of the phone when you need to speak to a person about an important issue. We will always try to resolve issues the first time you contact us but, should that not be possible, we will always come back to you (by telephone, email or letter) and keep working with you to find the solution.

- **Ethics**

AQA is a registered charity. We have no shareholders to pay. We exist solely for the good of education in the UK. Any surplus income is ploughed back into educational research and our service to you, our customers. We don't profit from education, you do.

If you are an existing customer then we thank you for your support. If you are thinking of moving to AQA then we look forward to welcoming you.

1.2 Why choose Bengali?

- To enable students to develop and build on the skills acquired at GCSE
- To enhance employment prospects
- To facilitate foreign travel
- To provide an insight into another culture and society
- To provide students with a sound basis for further study

1.3 How do I start using this specification?

Already using the existing AQA Bengali specification?

- Register to receive further information, such as mark schemes, past question papers, details of teacher support meetings, etc, at **<http://www.aqa.org.uk/rn/askaqa.php>**
Information will be available electronically or in print, for your convenience.
- Tell us that you intend to enter candidates. Then we can make sure that you receive all the material you need for the examinations. This is particularly important where examination material is issued before the final entry deadline. You can let us know by completing the appropriate Intention to Enter and Estimated Entry forms. We will send copies to your Exams Officer and they are also available on our website
http://www.aqa.org.uk/admin/p_entries.html

Not using the AQA specification currently?

- Almost all centres in England and Wales use AQA or have used AQA in the past and are approved AQA centres. A small minority are not. If your centre is new to AQA, please contact our centre approval team at **centreapproval@aqa.org.uk**

1

1.4 How can I find out more?

Ask AQA

You have 24-hour access to useful information and answers to the most commonly-asked questions at **<http://www.aqa.org.uk/rn/askaqa.php>**

If the answer to your question is not available, you can submit a query for our team. Our target response time is one day.

Teacher Support

Details of the full range of current Teacher Support meetings are available on our website at **<http://www.aqa.org.uk/support/teachers.html>**

There is also a link to our fast and convenient online booking system for Teacher Support meetings at **<http://events.aqa.org.uk/ebooking>**

If you need to contact the Teacher Support team, you can call us on 01483 477860 or email us at **teachersupport@aqa.org.uk**

2 Specification at a Glance

AS Examination

Unit 1 – BENG1

Reading and Writing

100% of AS, 50% of A Level

2 hour 30 minutes written examination

100 marks

Written paper consisting of reading comprehension, translation into English and writing in Bengali.

Available in June only

AS
Award
1636

A2 Examination

Unit 2 – BENG2

Reading and Writing

50% of A Level

3 hour written examination

100 marks

Written paper consisting of reading comprehension, translation into Bengali and two essays on topics or texts in Bengali.

Available in June only

A Level
Award
2636

$$\boxed{\text{AS}} + \boxed{\text{A2}} = \boxed{\text{A Level}}$$

3 Subject Content

AS Topics

-
- | | |
|-------------------|---|
| Day-to-day issues | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • media • transport and communication • food, drink, health and fitness |
|-------------------|---|

-
- | | |
|----------------------|---|
| Contemporary Society | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • family • religion • free-time activities • social issues |
|----------------------|---|

-
- | | |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Environment and Citizenship | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • environmental issues • urban and rural life • science and society • crime and punishment |
|-----------------------------|---|

-
- | | |
|---------------|--|
| Working World | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • education and training • employment and unemployment • commerce and industry |
|---------------|--|

-
- | | |
|---------------------------|--|
| The International Context | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • holidays and travel • impact of tourism • aspects of life/culture of foreign countries |
|---------------------------|--|

A2 Topics

-
- | | |
|-------------------|--|
| Day-to-day issues | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • media and advertising • transport • communication technology • health and wellbeing |
|-------------------|--|

-
- | | |
|----------------------|---|
| Contemporary Society | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • family and relationships • religion • leisure activities • social issues |
|----------------------|---|

-
- | | |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Environment and Citizenship | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • protecting the planet • urban and rural life • impact of scientific and technological progress • law and order |
|-----------------------------|---|

Working World

- education and employment
- commerce and industry
- economic issues

The International Context

- impact of travel and tourism
- aspects of life/culture of foreign countries
- the developing world
- wealth and poverty

Literary Topics

The questions in Section 3 of Unit 2 are based on the following topics.

Please note that the texts and source material listed under the following literary and non-literary topics are not prescriptive. They are examples of the sorts of works that candidates should study.

Please note that candidates may not take texts or a dictionary into either the Unit 1 or Unit 2 examination.

1. Bengali fiction

Bengali fiction offers a wide range of choice. Among classics are various novels by Bankim Chandra Chatterji, Rabindranath Tagore, Sarat Chandra Chatterji, Manik Bandyopadhyay, Tarashankar Bandyopadhyay, Bibhuti Bhushan Bandyopadhyay and Syed Waliullah. There are more recent and popular authors such as Suni Ganguli and Humayun Ahmed. Candidates should read at least some of these novels.

2. Bengali poetry and drama

Bengali has a rich heritage of poetry. While Rabindranath Tagore is considered the best poet, there are many other popular poets such as Nazrul Islam, Jibanananda Das, Jasimuddin, Shamsur Rahman, Sunil Ganguli and Shakti Chatterji.

There are many popular dramatists such as Syed Shamsul Huq, Badal Sarkar, Manoj Mitra and Selim Al Din. The works by Michael Madhusudan Dutt, Girish Ghosh, Rabindranath Tagore, D. L. Roy, etc, have become classics. Some plays set in British Bengali society have become very popular, particularly among the younger generation.

Non-literary Topics

1. Emergence of Bangladesh and Bengalis in Britain

Background to the Partition of India and of Bengal, its effects on the life and society of Bengali-speaking areas; the conflict between East and West Pakistan and the beginning of the Language Movement; the rise and growth of secular linguistic nationalism; the background of the War of Independence; the Freedom Fighters; refugee problem; Indian and international help; the independence of Bangladesh.

Brief history of the Bengali settlement in Britain; the socio-economic condition of Bengalis in Britain; contribution of the Bengalis to the economic and cultural life of Britain; the crisis of identity among the expatriate Bengalis; conflicts within the family; growth of education among the second-generation Bengali settlers; cultural activities.

2. Bengali cinema and music

A brief history of Bengali cinema with special reference to Satyajit Ray and Mrinal Sen; recent developments in West Bengal and Bangladesh; famous directors, actors and actresses. A brief history of Bengali music with special reference to Rabindranath Tagore and Nazrul Islam and to folk music; different genres of Bengali music; developments and trends in 20th-century music; famous musicians.

Useful Sources**Emergence of Bangladesh & Bengali**

Adams, Caroline
Ahmed, Salahuddin
Hannan, Muhammad
Imam, Jahanara
Murshid, G.

সাত সমুদ্র তেরো নদীর ওপারে
বাংলাদেশ: অতীত বর্তমান ভবিষ্যৎ
বাংলাদেশের মুক্তিযুদ্ধের ইতিহাস
একাত্তরের দিনগুলি
হাজার বছরের বাঙালি সংস্কৃতি
?
Chapters 1 to 5

Dhaka: Bangla Academy
Dhaka: Moula Brothers, 2000
Dhaka: Studentways, 1992
Sandhani, Dhaka, 2004
Dhaka: Abasor, 2006

Bengali cinema

Bandyopadhyay, P.
Basu, R.
Murshid, G.

ভারতীয় চলচ্চিত্রের রূপরেখা
স্মৃতির বাংলা চলচ্চিত্রের অর্ধশতাব্দী
হাজার বছরের বাঙালি সংস্কৃতি
?
Chapter 10

Kolkata: Banishilpa, 1997
Kolkata: Satrang, 1998
Dhaka: Abasor, 2006

Bengali music

Chakrabarty, S.
Goswami, U.

Murshid, G.

বাংলা গানের চার দিগন্ত
কলকাতায় সংগীতচর্চা
?
হাজার বছরের বাঙালি সংস্কৃতি
?
Chapter 9

Kolkata: Anustup, 1992
Kolkata: West Bengal Music
Academy, 2000
Dhaka: Abasor, 2006

জনমত
দেশ

প্রথম আলো
আনন্দবাজার পত্রিকা
?
?

papers and periodicals

Weekly
Fortnightly
Daily
Daily

London
Kolkata
Dhaka
Kolkata

Useful websites

www.prothom-alo.com
www.anandabazar.com
www.Bangladesh.com
www.amarshonarbangla.com
www.lonelyplanet.com
www.Bangla2000.com
www.bangladeshonline.com
www.easterneye.com
www.suuthasia.com

3.1 Unit 1 BENG1 Reading and Writing

2½ hours
100 marks

Section 1

A passage or passages of authentic, printed material in Bengali amounting to between 300 and 350 words in total, on which a variety of questions are set which will require either non-verbal or short answers in Bengali.

Section 2

A passage of between 100 and 120 words in Bengali for translation into English.

Section 3

A short, printed stimulus in Bengali of between 50 and 100 words, requiring a letter, report or article to be written as a response in Bengali. Candidates should write at least 200 words.

The marks are allocated in the following way.

	AO2	AO3	Total
Section 1	35	10	45
Section 2	10		10
Section 3	30	15	45

Section 1

35 AO2 marks, 10 AO3 marks (see grid below)

	Knowledge of Grammar (AO3)
9–10	The knowledge and use of most structures is good. There are still some inaccuracies, but these are usually in attempts at more complex structures.
7–8	The manipulation of basic structures is generally sound. There are attempts to use more complex structures, but not always successfully.
5–6	There is some awareness of structure. There are still basic errors but communication is generally maintained.
3–4	The level of manipulation of structures and the number of errors make comprehension difficult.
0–2	Shows very limited grasp of grammatical structure. Errors are such that communication is seriously impaired.

Total for Section 1: 45 marks

Section 2

10 AO2 marks (see grid below)

	Response to Written Language (AO2)
9–10	Very good understanding of the original, and translated accurately in language that has a wide range of vocabulary. Excellent spelling, punctuation and grammar.
7–8	Shows good understanding of the original, and translated in language that has a wide range of vocabulary. Accurate, with only a few minor errors in spelling, punctuation and grammar.
5–6	Shows satisfactory understanding of the original, and translated in language that has a limited range of vocabulary. Errors in spelling, punctuation and grammar are intrusive and affect comprehension.
3–4	Shows poor understanding of the original, and translated in language that has a very limited range of vocabulary. Errors in spelling, punctuation and grammar impede comprehension.
0–2	Little or nothing of merit.

Total for Section 2: 10 marks

Section 3

30 AO2 marks, 15 AO3 marks (see grids below)

Response to Written Language (AO2)	
25–30	Relevant points are clearly made. The answer is focused on the question and offers ideas which are logically and clearly developed. Good personal reaction, usually justified.
19–24	The answer is generally on the subject, with a number of relevant points, but not always appropriately supported.
13–18	Some relevant points are made, ideas are not clearly organised. Some reaction is evident, but points made are not always justified or illustrated. The answer generally lacks a clear focus.
6–12	A limited number of points made, many of which are vague or irrelevant. No justification for points made.
0–5	There is little or nothing of relevance. A zero score will automatically result in zero for the question as a whole.

Knowledge of Grammar (AO3)	
12–15	The knowledge and use of most structures is good. There are still some inaccuracies, but these are usually in attempts at more complex structures.
8–11	The manipulation of basic structures is generally sound. There are attempts to use more complex structures, but not always successfully.
5–7	There is some awareness of structure. There are still basic errors but communication is generally maintained.
2–4	The level of manipulation of structures and the number of errors make comprehension difficult.
0–1	Shows very limited grasp of grammatical structure. Errors are such that communication is seriously impaired.

Total for Section 3: 45 marks

3

3.2 Unit 2 BENG2 Reading and Writing

3 hours
100 marks

Section 1

A passage or passages of authentic, printed material in Bengali on which a variety of questions are set which require either non-verbal or short answers in Bengali.

Section 2

A passage of approximately 150 words in English for translation into Bengali.

Section 3

Two literary and two non-literary topics are set for study. Two alternative questions are set on each topic. Candidates are expected to write at least 200 words in answer to each of **two** questions in Bengali. Candidates must refer to at least one source in their answer.

The marks are allocated in the following way.

	AO2	AO3	Total
Section 1	20		20
Section 2	15	5	20
Section 3	40	20	60

Section 1

20 AO2 marks

Total for Section 1: 20 marks

Section 2

15 AO2 marks, 5 AO3 marks (see grids below)

Response to Written Language (AO2)	
12–15	Very good understanding of the original, and translated accurately in language that has a wide range of vocabulary. Excellent spelling, punctuation and grammar.
8–11	Shows good understanding of the original, and translated in language that has a wide range of vocabulary. Accurate, with only a few minor errors in spelling, punctuation and grammar.
5–7	Shows satisfactory understanding of the original, and translated in language that has a limited range of vocabulary. Errors in spelling, punctuation and grammar are intrusive and affect comprehension.
2–4	Shows poor understanding of the original, and translated in language that has a very limited range of vocabulary. Errors in spelling, punctuation and grammar impede comprehension.
0–1	Little or nothing of merit.

Knowledge of Grammar (AO3)	
5	The grammatical structures in the specification are used accurately. There are a few errors and these are of a minor nature.
4	Grammar is sound. Tenses and agreements are reliable, and errors occur only in the most difficult areas.
3	The grammatical structures are known, but success in applying them is inconsistent, especially in less common structures.
2	Evidence of gaps in basic grammar. Common structures are not sound and some irregular verbs are suspect.
0–1	Errors are elementary and so numerous as to impede comprehension.

Total for Section 2: 20 marks

Section 3

20 AO2 marks (x2), 10 AO3 marks (x2) (see grids below)

Response to Written Language (AO2)	
16–20	Demonstrates a thorough knowledge and understanding of the topics/texts, with a wide range of sources and evidence used. The answer is relevant and is wide-ranging in its treatment of the topics/texts/question. A good range of points evaluated, with conclusions. Clear evidence of personal reaction, well illustrated/justified. Well balanced and coherent.
11–15	Demonstrates sound overall knowledge and understanding of the topics/texts. A good range of sources and guidance is used. The answer is generally relevant to the topic/question. Some attempt at evaluation and some personal reaction, not always convincingly justified. Clear structure and logical progression.
6–10	Demonstrates some knowledge and understanding of the topics/texts. Source material and evidence is not always well used. Some evaluation evident, but relies on received ideas with little personal opinion. Some attempts at structure. Ideas generally not well supported.
1–5	Demonstrates only limited knowledge and understanding of the topics/texts. Limited range of sources and evidence. Superficial examples. Little relevant reaction/opinion/evaluation, generally factual or descriptive, lacks structure and order.
0	The answer shows no relevance to the topic/texts/question. A zero score will automatically result in a zero score for the answer as a whole.

Knowledge of Grammar (AO3)	
9–10	The grammatical structures in the specification are used accurately. There are a few errors and these are of a minor nature.
7–8	Grammar is sound. Tenses and agreements are reliable, and errors occur only in the most difficult areas.
5–6	The grammatical structures are known, but success in applying them is inconsistent, especially in less common structures.
3–4	Evidence of gaps in basic grammar. Common structures are not sound and some irregular verbs are suspect.
0–2	Errors are elementary and so numerous as to impede comprehension.

Total for Section 3: 30 x 2 = 60 marks

3.3 Grammatical Structures

AS and A Level candidates are expected to have studied the grammatical system and structures of the language during their course. In the examination they will be required to use actively and accurately grammar and structures appropriate to the tasks set, drawn from the following lists. The lists are divided into AS and A level. The examples in *italics* are indicative, not exclusive.

AS

(calit bhasha only)

Script	all single and conjunct letter forms
Articles	singular and plural diminutives
Personal pronouns	singular and plural polite and familiar subject, object and possessive case
Other pronouns	demonstrative indefinite: <i>keu, kichu</i> , etc reflexive: <i>nije, nijer</i> , etc relative and correlative pronouns
Interrogatives	<i>ki, ke, kokhon, kobe, kon, keman, kothay, koto</i> and other <i>k</i> -words
Nouns	plural forms for personal nouns subject, object, possessive and locative/instrumental case
Adjectives	gender comparison demonstrative ('this'/'that')
Postpositions	with possessive case without possessive case double postpositions (<i>bhitor diye</i> , etc) adjectival postpositions (<i>amar samner tebil</i> , etc)
Verbs	tenses: present, future, present continuous, perfect, past perfect, simple past, past habitual, past continuous: familiar and polite negative forms (<i>-na, -ni</i>) second person present and future imperative: familiar and polite emphatic <i>na</i> verbal noun + case endings negative of zero verb (<i>noi, noy</i> , etc) extended (causative) verbs compound verbs (<i>nije asa</i> , etc) conjunct verbs (noun + <i>kora, deoya</i> , etc) stative verbs (<i>bose ach-</i> , etc) onomatopoeic expressions
Clauses	impersonal constructions (with <i>ach-, nei, hooya, kora, paoya</i> , etc) relative clauses non-hypothetical conditional clauses clauses of time, purpose, clause, result relative/correlative pairs such as <i>yokhon/tokhon, yemon/temon, yoto/toto</i> , etc obligation constructions (<i>korte hobe</i> , etc, <i>ucit</i>) expressions of need with <i>laga, dorkar</i> , etc verbal noun + <i>yaoya</i> construction (<i>dekha yay</i> , etc)
Numbers	cardinal, with and without article ordinal, up to 'fourth' dates (year, month, day: Western calendar)

A LEVEL

All grammar and structures listed for AS, plus:

sadhu bhasha forms for verbs and pronouns

hypothetical past and future conditions, using the past habitual tense in its conditional sense

first and third person imperatives (*asi, asuk*, etc.)

common variations in Bengali spelling

Hindu/Muslim distinctions in kinship terms and other words

East/West Bengal variations in standard Bengali

Bengali calendar

the rest of the ordinal numbers

4 Scheme of Assessment

4.1 Aims

AS and A Level courses based on this specification should encourage candidates to:

- develop an interest in, and enthusiasm for, language learning
- develop understanding of the language in a variety of contexts and genres
- communicate confidently, clearly and effectively in the language for a range of purposes
- develop awareness and understanding of the contemporary society, cultural background and heritage of countries or communities where the language is spoken
- consider their study of the language in a broader context.

AS and A Level specifications in Bengali should enable students to:

- derive enjoyment and benefit from language learning
- acquire knowledge, skills and understanding for practical use, further study and/or employment
- communicate with speakers of the language
- take their place in a multilingual global society.

AS and A Level specifications should also:

- provide a coherent, satisfying and worthwhile course of study for students who do not progress to further study in the subject.

In addition, A Level specifications in Bengali should:

- provide a sufficient basis for the further study of languages at degree level or equivalent.

4.2 Assessment Objectives (AOs)

The Assessment Objectives are common to AS and A Level. The assessment units will assess the following Assessment Objectives in the context of the content and skills set out in Section 3 (Subject Content).

AO2 Understand and respond, in speech[†] and writing, to written language.

AO3 Show knowledge of and apply accurately the grammar and syntax prescribed in the specification.

[†]Study through spoken sources and response in speech does not apply to this specification.

Quality of Written Communication (QWC)

In GCE specifications which require candidates to produce written material in English, candidates must:

- ensure that text is legible and that spelling, punctuation and grammar are accurate so that meaning is clear
- select and use a form and style of writing appropriate to purpose and to complex subject matter
- organise information clearly and coherently, using specialist vocabulary when appropriate.

In this specification QWC will be assessed in unit 1 by means of the transfer of meaning task.

Weighting of Assessment Objectives for AS

The table below shows the approximate weighting of each of the Assessment Objectives in the AS unit.

Assessment Objectives	Unit Weightings (%)	Overall Weighting of AOs (%)
	Unit 1	
AO2	75	75
AO3	25	25
Overall weighting of unit (%)	100	100

Weighting of Assessment Objectives for A Level

The table below shows the approximate weighting of each of the Assessment Objectives in the A Level units.

Assessment Objectives	Unit Weightings (%)		Overall Weighting of AOs (%)
	Unit 1	Unit 2	
AO2	37.5	37.5	75
AO3	12.5	12.5	25
Overall weighting of units (%)	50	50	100

4.3 National Criteria

This specification complies with the following.

- The Subject Criteria for Modern Foreign Languages
- The Code of Practice for GCE
- The GCE AS and A Level Qualification Criteria
- The Arrangements for the Statutory Regulation of External Qualifications in England, Wales and Northern Ireland: Common Criteria

4.4 Prior Learning

We recommend that candidates should have acquired the skills and knowledge associated with a GCSE Bengali course or equivalent.

However, any requirements set for entry to a course following this specification are at the discretion of centres.

4.5 Synoptic Assessment and Stretch and Challenge

Synoptic assessment in Bengali is assessed in the A2 unit by tasks which require candidates to demonstrate understanding and the ability to use advanced level language skills. These tasks draw on

both A Level Assessment Objectives. The requirement that Stretch and Challenge is included at A2 is met by the application of marking criteria which enable differentiation by outcome rather than only by task.

4.6 Access to Assessment for Disabled Students

AS/A Levels often require assessment of a broader range of competences. This is because they are general qualifications and, as such, prepare candidates for a wide range of occupations and higher level courses.

The revised AS/A Level qualification and subject criteria were reviewed to identify whether any of the competences required by the subject presented a potential barrier to any disabled candidates. If this was the case, the situation was reviewed again to ensure that such competences were included only where essential to the subject. The findings of this process were discussed with disability groups and with disabled people.

Reasonable adjustments are made for disabled candidates in order to enable them to access the assessments. For this reason, very few candidates

will have a complete barrier to any part of the assessment.

Candidates who are still unable to access a significant part of the assessment, even after exploring all possibilities through reasonable adjustments, may still be able to receive an award. They would be given a grade on the parts of the assessment they have taken and there would be an indication on their certificate that not all the competences had been addressed. A Level Bengali requires assessment of the skills of reading and writing. Some candidates may have difficulty in accessing aspects of the assessment, where reasonable adjustments cannot be applied, as follows:

- Reading – some candidates with a visual impairment who cannot read Braille.

This will be kept under review and may be amended in the future.

5 Administration

5.1 Availability of Assessment Units and Certification

After June 2013, examinations and certification for this specification are available in June only.

5.2 Entries

Please refer to the current version of *Entry Procedures and Codes* for up to date entry procedures. You should use the following entry codes for the units and for certification.

Unit 1 - BENG1

Unit 2 - BENG2

AS certification - 1636

A Level certification - 2636

5.3 Private Candidates

This specification is available to private candidates. As we will no longer be providing supplementary guidance in hard copy, see our website for guidance and information on taking exams and assessments as a private candidate:

www.aqa.org.uk/exams-administration/entries/private-candidates

5.4 Access Arrangements and Special Consideration

We have taken note of equality and discrimination legislation and the interests of minority groups in developing and administering this specification.

We follow the guidelines in the Joint Council for Qualifications (JCQ) document: *Access Arrangements, Reasonable Adjustments and Special Consideration: General and Vocational Qualifications*. This is published on the JCQ website (<http://www.jcq.org.uk>) or you can follow the link from our website (<http://www.aqa.org.uk>).

Access Arrangements

We can make arrangements so that candidates with disabilities can access the assessment. These arrangements must be made **before** the examination. For example, we can produce a Braille paper for a candidate with a visual impairment.

Special Consideration

We can give special consideration to candidates who have had a temporary illness, injury or indisposition at the time of the examination. Where we do this, it is given **after** the examination.

Applications for access arrangements and special consideration should be submitted to AQA by the Examinations Officer at the centre.

5.5 Language of Examinations

We will provide units in English only.

5.6 Qualification Titles

Qualifications based on this specification are:

- AQA Advanced Subsidiary GCE in Bengali, and
- AQA Advanced Level GCE in Bengali.

5.7 Awarding Grades and Reporting Results

The AS qualification will be graded on a five-point scale: A, B, C, D and E. The full A Level qualification will be graded on a six-point scale: A*, A, B, C, D and E. To be awarded an A*, candidates will need to achieve a grade A on the full A Level qualification and an A* on the aggregate of the A2 units.

For AS and A Level, candidates who fail to reach the minimum standard for grade E will be recorded as U (unclassified) and will not receive a qualification certificate. Individual assessment unit results will be certificated.

5.8 Re-sits and Shelf-life of Unit Results

Unit results remain available to count towards certification, whether or not they have already been used, as long as the specification is still valid.

Each unit is available in June only. Candidates may re-sit a unit any number of times within the shelf-life of the specification. The best result for each unit will count towards the final qualification. Candidates

who wish to repeat a qualification may do so by re-taking one or more units. The appropriate subject award entry, as well as the unit entry/entries, must be submitted in order to be awarded a new subject grade.

Candidates will be graded on the basis of the work submitted for assessment.

Appendices

A Performance Descriptions

These performance descriptions show the level of attainment characteristic of the grade boundaries at A Level. They give a general indication of the required learning outcomes at the A/B and E/U boundaries at AS and A2. The descriptions should be interpreted in relation to the content outlined in the specification; they are not designed to define that content.

The grade awarded will depend in practice upon the extent to which the candidate has met the Assessment Objectives (see Section 4) overall. Shortcomings in some aspects of the examination may be balanced by better performances in others.

AS Performance Descriptions

	Assessment Objective 2	Assessment Objective 3
Assessment Objectives	Understand and respond, in writing, to written language.	Show knowledge of and apply accurately the grammar and syntax prescribed in the specification.
A/B boundary performance descriptions	<p>In the context of materials appropriate to the AS specification, candidates characteristically:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) show a clear understanding of a range of written texts b) understand the main points and details, including points of view c) are able to infer meaning with only a few omissions d) are able to develop their ideas, and express points of view, with some appropriate justification e) show the ability to organise and structure their response coherently f) offer relevant information which addresses the requirements of the task. 	<p>In the context of grammar and syntax listed in the AS specification, candidates characteristically:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) make effective use of a range of vocabulary and structures appropriate to the task b) The deployment of grammar, syntax and morphology is generally accurate c) are able to manipulate language appropriately when required.
E/U boundary performance descriptions	<p>In the context of materials appropriate to the AS specification, candidates characteristically:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) show some understanding of straightforward written texts, but experience difficulties with more complex and abstract language b) understand some of the main points and details, including limited points of view c) have a limited ability to infer meaning, where appropriate to the task d) are able to convey some basic information when transferring meaning e) may have some difficulty communicating factual information, narrating events and expressing basic points of view in response to the task set, and do not always address the requirements of the task f) show some ability to structure and organise their response, where appropriate. 	<p>In the context of grammar and syntax listed in the AS specification, candidates characteristically:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) use a restricted range of vocabulary and structures b) have language characterised by frequent errors in grammar, syntax and morphology c) may be influenced by the first language d) demonstrate a very limited ability to manipulate language where required.

A2 Performance Descriptions

	Assessment Objective 2	Assessment Objective 3
Assessment Objectives	Understand and respond, in writing, to written language.	Show knowledge of and apply accurately the grammar and syntax prescribed in the specification.
A/B boundary performance descriptions	<p>In the context of materials appropriate to the A Level specification, candidates characteristically:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) show a clear understanding of a range of written texts b) understand the main points and details, including points of view, and are able to infer meaning c) demonstrate an ability to infer meaning d) are able to transfer meaning with only minor omissions e) are able to develop their ideas, and express and justify points of view effectively f) show the ability to organise and structure their response coherently. 	<p>In the context of materials appropriate to the A Level specification candidates characteristically:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) make effective use of a wide range of vocabulary and a variety of complex structures as appropriate b) predominantly use grammar, syntax and morphology in an accurate way c) are able to manipulate language accurately and appropriately where required.
E/U boundary performance descriptions	<p>In the context of materials appropriate to the A Level specification, candidates characteristically:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) show some understanding of a range of written texts, usually straightforward, but may experience difficulty with more complex and abstract language b) understand some of the main points and details, including basic points of view c) demonstrate a limited ability to infer meaning, where appropriate to the task d) are able to convey the basic information when transferring meaning e) may have some difficulty communicating factual information, narrating events and expressing basic points of view in response to the task set, and do not always address the requirements of the task appropriately f) show some ability to structure and organise their response, where appropriate. 	<p>In the context of grammar and syntax listed in the A Level specification, candidates characteristically:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) use a restricted range of vocabulary and structures. b) the deployment of grammar, syntax and morphology contains frequent error and may be influenced by their first language. c) demonstrate a very limited ability to manipulate language correctly when required.

B Spiritual, Moral, Ethical, Social and other Issues

The study of Bengali provides many opportunities to develop candidates' understanding of spiritual, moral and cultural issues.

Through the study of the topic areas for Bengali, candidates are able to explore the human condition in general. The content of the course encourages understanding of moral issues: candidates will face challenge in debate and study which will foster recognition and sympathetic awareness of others' beliefs and values.

Throughout the course candidates will be encouraged to form opinions and make judgements within the appropriate context, be these historical or contemporary, ethnic or religious.

The topics Contemporary Society, Environment and Citizenship and the International Context would contribute to candidates' understanding of these issues.

European Dimension

AQA has taken account of the 1988 Resolution of the Council of the European Community in preparing this specification and associated specimen units.

Environmental Education

AQA has taken account of the 1988 Resolution of the Council of the European Community and the Report "Environmental Responsibility: An Agenda for Further and Higher Education" 1993 in preparing this specification and associated specimen units.

The topic Environment and Citizenship would contribute to candidates' understanding of environmental issues.

Avoidance of Bias

AQA has taken great care in the preparation of this specification and specimen units to avoid bias of any kind.

C Overlaps with other Qualifications

There are no overlaps with other qualifications at Level 3 of the qualifications framework.

D Key Skills

Key Skills qualifications have been phased out and replaced by Functional Skills qualifications in English, Mathematics and ICT from September 2010.



GCE Bengali (2635) For exams from June 2014 onwards

Qualification Accreditation Number: AS 500/2319/6 - A Level 500/2336/6

For updates and further information on any of our specifications, to find answers or to ask a question: register with ASK AQA at:

<http://www.aqa.org.uk/help-and-contacts/ask-aqa>

For information on courses and events please visit:

<http://www.aqa.org.uk/professional-development>

Every specification is assigned a discounting code indicating the subject area to which it belongs for performance measure purposes.

The discount codes for this specification are:

AS FKB

A Level 5930

The definitive version of our specification will always be the one on our website, this may differ from printed versions.

Copyright © 2013 AQA and its licensors. All rights reserved.

AQA Education (AQA), is a company limited by guarantee registered in England and Wales (company number 3644723), and a registered charity 1073334.

Registered address: AQA, Devas Street, Manchester M15 6EX.