

Please write clearly in	block capitals.		
Centre number		Candidate number	
Surname			
Forename(s)			
Candidate signature			

AS **ECONOMICS**

Paper 1 The operation of markets and market failure

Monday 14 May 2018

Morning Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes

Materials

For this paper you must have:

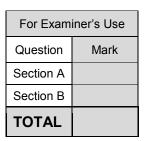
- the insert
- a calculator.

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Pencil should only be used for drawing.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer all questions in Section A.
- Answer either Context 1 or Context 2 in Section B.
- You will need to refer to the insert provided to answer Section B.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write outside the box around each page or on blank pages.
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

Information

- The maximum mark for this paper is 70.
- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- No deductions will be made for wrong answers.





Section A

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	bo	X

	Answer all questions in this section.		
Only	one answer per question is allowed.		
For e	ach answer completely fill in the circle alongside the appropriate answ	er.	
CORRE	CCT METHOD WRONG METHODS W		
If you	want to change your answer you must cross out your original answer	as showr	n. 💌
-	wish to return to an answer previously crossed out, ring the answer yet as shown.	ou now w	ish to
0 1	The central purpose of the production of goods and services is to		
	A achieve more technological innovation.	0	
	B maximise exports.	0	
	C maximise profits.	0	
	D satisfy consumer wants.	0	
			[1 mark]
0 2	In an economy, competitive firms supply electricity that is generated power stations.	using coa	l-fired
	If the government tries to reduce pollution by imposing an indirect tax would	on the fi	rms, this
	A shift the market demand curve to the left.	0	
	B shift the market demand curve to the right.	0	
	C shift the market supply curve to the left.	0	
	D shift the market supply curve to the right.	0	
			[1 mark]



0 3	The price elasticity of demand (PED) for petrol used by car drivers in	an economy is
	estimated to be –0.2.	
	Which one of the following is the most likely reason for the low PED?	
	A A tax on petrol	0
	B Cycle lanes on many roads	0
	C Few bus and rail services	0
	D Low household incomes	0
		[1 mark]
0 4	The diagram below shows the demand curve (D) and the supply curve for tomatoes.	e (S) in the market
	Price	
	S	
	P	
	`D	
	Q Quantity	
	Q Quantity	
	Which one of the following would result in a higher quantity consumed charged for tomatoes?	d and a lower price
	A A fall in the price of the fertiliser used to grow tomatoes	0
	B A hot summer causes consumers to eat more tomato salad	0
	C The minimum wage for farm workers is increased	0
	D The price of cucumbers falls	0
		[1 mark]



0 5	Ben owns a small business that makes hand-made guitars.		
	One year he sells 160 guitars, his total revenue is £78 400, and his to £59 200.	otal costs	are
	The average profit that Ben earns on each guitar is		
	A £120	0	
	B £370	0	
	C £490	0	
	D £860	0	
			[1 mark]
0 6	Which one of the following is most likely to reduce the benefits of spe	cialisatio	n?
	A A reduction in government regulations	0	
	B An increase in competition	0	
	C Taxes on pollution	0	
	D Trade conducted by bartering	0	
			[1 mark]
0 7	Smoking cigarettes generates negative consumption externalities.		
	This means that		
	A the private benefit from smoking includes the consumption externalities.	0	
	B the social benefit from smoking is less than the private benefit.	0	
	C the social benefit from smoking is negative.	0	
	D the social optimum level of smoking is zero.	0	
			[1 mark]



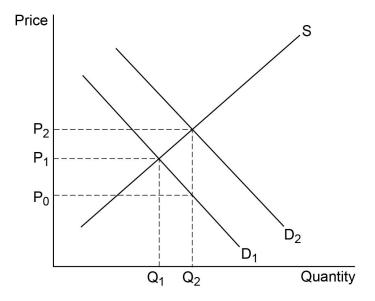
0 8	Which one of the following is an example of the economic resource ca	apital?	
	A A bank loan to a small business	0	
	B A scientific research laboratory	0	
	C Government subsidies for wind power	0	
	D Money in a savings account	0	
			[1 mark]
0 9	Training provided by firms in a free market economy may be underprosome of the benefits from training may be captured by other firms who change jobs. Which one of the following best describes this situation?	en the wo	
	A A negative production externality and a missing market	0	
	B A negative production externality and partial market failure	0	
	C A positive production externality and a missing market	0	
	D A positive production externality and partial market failure	0	
			[1 mark]
1 0	The income elasticity of demand for baked beans is –0.4.		
	Weekly sales of baked beans are 73 000 tins.		
	If household incomes fall by 5%, then the new weekly sales of baked be $ \\$	bean tins	s would
	A 63 875	0	
	B 71 540	0	
	C 74 460	0	
	D 82 125	0	
			[1 mark]



1 1	There is a large increase in the number of different models of bicycles	produce	d by the	Do not write outside the box
	bicycle industry.			
	The most likely impact of this would be			
	A a decrease in advertising expenditure by bicycle firms.	0		
	B a fall in the price elasticity of demand for any one model of bicycle.	0		
	C an increase in barriers to entry to the bicycle industry.	0		
	D an increase in productivity of manufacturing bicycles.	0		
			[1 mark]	



In the following diagram D_1 shows the market demand for smoke alarms when consumers have imperfect information about the benefits of installing a smoke alarm. If consumers had full information, the market demand for smoke alarms would be D_2 .



Which one of the following policies is most likely to ensure that consumption and production of smoke alarms are at the social optimum level?

Α	A maximum price	set at P ₀	0

D A subsidy per unit equal to
$$P_2 - P_0$$

[1 mark]

In an economy hit by a recession, the owner of a small firm decides to continue to operate despite making losses.

This decision suggests that

A firms may have objectives other than profit maximisation.

[1 mark]



1 4 The table below shows the relationship between a firm's output and its production costs.

Output	Average variable costs (£)	Average total costs (£)
10	50	80
20	40	55
30	35	45

When the firm increases its output from

Α	10 to 20 units, average fixed costs do not change.	0
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D	20 to 30 units.	average fixed costs fall by £15.	0
_	Lo to oo armo,	avolugo linou cocto lali by 210.	

[1 mark]



box

1 5 The diagrams below show the impact of an increase in demand for good G and the resulting change in the related market for good H. Market for good H Market for good G **Price** Price P₁ P_2 P_2 P_1 D_2 D_1 Q_1 Quantity Q₂ Quantity Q_1 These changes imply that goods G and H are in A composite demand. 0 B derived demand. **C** joint demand. 0 **D** joint supply. 0 [1 mark] 1 6 Which one of the following statements about the distribution of income must be correct? **A** An unequal distribution of income has to be inequitable 0 **B** 'The distribution of income is equitable' is a positive statement **C** The distribution of income is equitable when everyone has the same income **D** Whether the distribution of income is equitable is a value 0 judgement [1 mark]



1 7	Which one of the following would generate a short-run disequilibrium values supply in the market for Cornish pasties?	with excess
	A A minimum price for Cornish pasties is set above the current market price	0
	B Higher meat prices increase the cost of producing Cornish pasties	0
	C More advertising increases the demand for Cornish pasties	0
	D The government levies a new indirect tax on Cornish pasties	0
		[1 mark]
1 8	One way to allocate road space in a congested city would be to charg the roads.	e drivers to use
	One reason why this policy is likely to result in a more efficient allocation because	ion of resources is
	A incentives to build new roads would be higher.	0
	B only higher income drivers would choose to use the roads.	0
	C road use would be rationed to drivers who benefit from it the most.	0
	D the government would raise a large amount of revenue from drivers.	0
		[1 mark]
1 9	Firms in an industry with a high concentration ratio will typically experi	ence
	A a large amount of competition.	0
	B a large degree of monopoly power.	0
	C few economies of scale.	0
	D low prices and profits.	0
		[1 mark]



2 0	Online clothes retailers invest in new warehouses to enable them to lof clothes.	nold larger stocks	Do not write outside the box
	Other things remaining the same, this is most likely to result in		
	A a higher price elasticity of supply of clothes sold online.	0	
	B an increase in demand for clothes sold online.	0	
	C diseconomies of scale in the online clothes industry.	0	
	D lower barriers to entry to the online clothes industry.	0	20
		[1 mark]	

QUESTION 20 IS THE LAST QUESTION IN SECTION A



Section B

Do not write outside the box

Look at the insert and choose to answer EITHER Context 1 OR Context 2.

Answer EITHER Questions 21 to 26 in the spaces below

OR

Questions 27 to 32 on pages 23 to 32 of this answer booklet.

There is a total of 50 marks for either Context.

Shade the cir	rcle below to indicate which context you have answered.
	1 Context 0 2 Context 0 2 Context 0 2 Context 0 2 Context 0 Context
WRONG METHO	CORRECT METHOD CORRECT METHOD
EITHER	
Context 1	Total for this Context: 50 marks
LIBRARIES	
	t provided to study Questions 21 to 26 and Extracts A , B and C , and then answer in the spaces which follow.
2 1	Define 'public good' Extract C (line 18). [3 marks]
	Extra ange
	Extra space



2 2	Extract C (lines 11–13) states: 'A relatively small amount was spent on libraries in England in 2014/15.'
	If the population of England in 2014/15 was 54.5 million, calculate, to the nearest
	pound, the amount spent on libraries per person. [4 marks]
	Turn over for the next question



2 3	Use Extract A to identify two significant points of comparison betweer percentage of people aged 16–24 and those aged 75+ who visited a lil England over the period shown.	
		[4 marks]
	Comparison 1	
	Extra space	
	•	
	Comparison 2	
	Extra space	



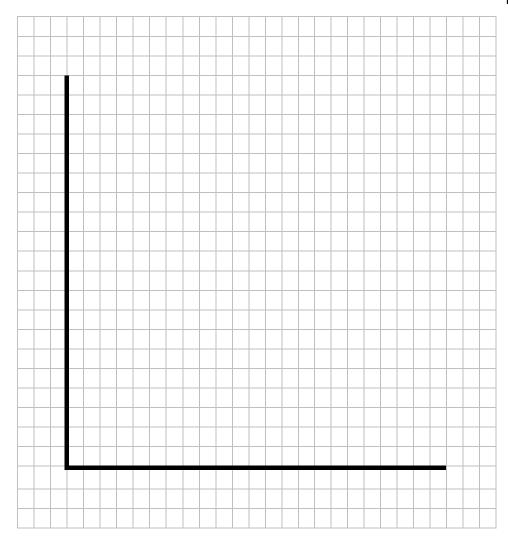
2 4

A local authority has a limited sum of money to spend on two services, libraries and other local government services.

Do not write outside the box

Draw a production possibility diagram showing the potential provision of these two services **and** assuming resources are fully employed, label a point X where no resources are used for libraries.

[4 marks]



Turn over for the next question



2 5	Extract B (lines 2–3) states: 'a recent survey found that only a third of used a library in the previous year, a significant fall since data collection 2005'.	adults had on began in	Do not write outside the box
	Explain two reasons why the demand for library services has fallen.	[10 marks]	



Extra space		
-		



Use the extracts and your knowledge of economics to assess whether local authorities should continue to provide public libraries. [25 marks]	difficult choices	e 10) states: 'Faced with funding cuts, looes'.	cal authorities have to make
	-		



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Do **not** answer Context 2 if you have answered Context 1.

OR

Total for this context: 50 marks

AGRICULTURE

Context 2

	t provided to study Questions 27 to 32 and Extracts D , E and F , and then answer in the spaces which follow.
2 7	Define 'minimum price' Extract E (line 6). [3 marks]
2 8	Extract E (lines 8–9) states: 'One prediction was that 20% of dairy farms would close in 2016'. If there were 9633 dairy farms in England and Wales in January 2016, calculate, to the nearest whole number, how many dairy farms there would be in January 2017 if the prediction for the percentage of dairy farms closing in 2016 is correct. [4 marks]



 Use Extract D to identify two significant points of comparison between the changes in employment and output in agriculture, forestry and fishing in the UK over the period shown.			
	[4 marks		
Comparison 1			
Extra space			
Comparison 2			
Extra space			



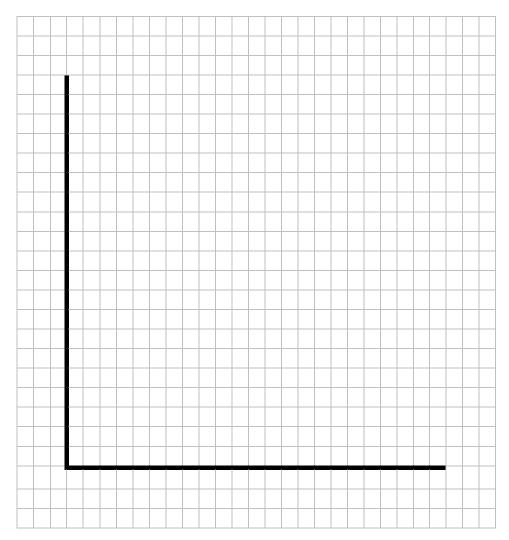
3 0

Agricultural production can be divided into genetically modified (GM) food and non-GM food.

Do not write outside the box

Draw a production possibility diagram showing the production of genetically modified (GM) food and non-GM food **and**, on the same diagram, draw a new production possibility curve to show the effect of increased productivity in GM food but no change in non-GM food.

[4 marks]



Turn over for the next question



Extract F (lines 2–3) states: 'Dairy prices are expected to rise i	•
Explain two factors that could increase the price of milk.	[10 marks



Extra space	Do not wr outside th box



E ć	Extract F (lines 18–19) states: 'Should the UK government take an active role in agriculture, and if so, what policies should it implement?'
	Use the extracts and your knowledge of economics to assess to what extent, if at all, the UK government should intervene in the agricultural sector.
	[25 marks]
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END OF QUESTIONS	30

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