# 

## FUNCTIONAL SKILLS CERTIFICATE Functional Mathematics

Level 2

Mark Scheme

4368 June 2017

Version: 1.0 Final

Mark schemes are prepared by the Lead Assessment Writer and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation events which all associates participate in and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation process ensures that the mark scheme covers the students' responses to questions and that every associate understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for standardisation each associate analyses a number of students' scripts. Alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed and legislated for. If, after the standardisation process, associates encounter unusual answers which have not been raised they are required to refer these to the Lead Assessment Writer.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of students' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

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#### **Glossary for Mark Schemes**

Examinations are marked to award positive achievement.

Marks are awarded for demonstrating the following interrelated process skills.

**Representing** Selecting the mathematics and information to model a situation.

- **R.1** Candidates recognise that a situation has aspects that can be represented using mathematics.
- **R.2** Candidates make an initial model of a situation using suitable forms of representation.
- **R.3** Candidates decide on the methods, operations and tools, including ICT, to use in a situation.
- **R.4** Candidates select the mathematical information to use.
- **Analysing** Processing and using mathematics.
  - A.1 Candidates use appropriate mathematical procedures.
  - A.2 Candidates examine patterns and relationships.
  - **A.3** Candidates change values and assumptions or adjust relationships to see the effects on answers in models.
  - A.4 Candidates find results and solutions.

**Interpreting** Interpreting and communicating the results of the analysis.

- **I.1** Candidates interpret results and solutions.
- **I.2** Candidates draw conclusions in light of situations.
- **I.3** Candidates consider the appropriateness and accuracy of results and conclusions.
- **I.4** Candidates choose appropriate language and forms of presentation to communicate results and solutions.

In particular, individual marks are mapped onto the following skills standards.

**Representing** Making sense of the situations and representing them. A learner can:

- **Ra** Understand routine and non-routine problems in familiar and unfamiliar contexts and situations.
- **Rb** Identify the situation or problems and identify the mathematical methods needed to solve them.
- **Rc** Choose from a range of mathematics to find solutions.
- Analysing Processing and using the mathematics. A learner can:
  - **Aa** Apply a range of mathematics to find solutions.
  - Ab Use appropriate checking procedures and evaluate their effectiveness at each stage.
- **Interpreting** Interpreting and communicating the results of the analysis. A learner can:
  - **Ia** Interpret and communicate solutions to multistage practical problems in familiar and unfamiliar contexts and situations.
  - **Ib** Draw conclusions and provide mathematical justifications.

To facilitate marking, the following categories are used:

- M Method marks are awarded for a correct method which could lead to a correct answer.
- A Accuracy marks are awarded when following on from a correct method. It is not necessary to always see the method. This can be implied.
- B Marks awarded independent of method.
- ft Follow through marks. Marks awarded following a mistake in an earlier step.
- **SC** Special case. Marks awarded within the scheme for a common misinterpretation which has some mathematical worth.
- **oe** Or equivalent. Accept answers that are equivalent. eg, accept 0.5 as well as  $\frac{1}{2}$

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments		
	·		·		
	Alternative Method 1				
	flight 1 $\rightarrow$ 3½ (h) or 3 (h) 30 (min) or flight 2 $\rightarrow$ 2¼ (h) or 2 (h) 15 (min) or flight 3 $\rightarrow$ 3¼ (h) or 3 (h) 20 (min) or 9 (h) 5 (min) or 9 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>12</sub> (h) their 3½ + their 2¼ + their 3⅓ (+ 26) or their 9 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>12</sub> (+ 26) or their 3 (h) 30 (min) + their 2 (h) 15 (min) + their 3 (h) 20 (min) (+ 26 (h))	M1 Ra M1 Rc	allow e.g. 3.3 or 3.5 for 3 (h) 30 (min)		
1(a)	or 9 (h) 5 (min) (+ 26 (h))				
	$35\frac{1}{12}$ (h) and Yes	A2 Ib	A1 $35\frac{1}{12}$ (h) or 35 (h) 5 (min)		
	35 (h) 5 (min) and Yes	D	A1ft correct decision for their total time with M2 scored		
	Additional Guidance				
	Allow both 35.08 and 35.05 (h) for 35 h 5 min Do <b>not</b> allow 35.5 for 35 (h) 5 (min) or 9.5 for 9 (h) 5 (min)				
	Using decimal times can score M marks only unless recovered				
	Examples				
	(a) 3.3 + 2.15 + 3.2 = 8.65	(	(c) $3.3 + 2.15 + 3.2 = 8.65$		
	8.65 + 26 = 34.65		8.65 + 26 = 35.05 Yes M2A2		
	(b) $3.3 + 2.15 + 3.2 = 8.65$	(	(d) 26 + 9.05 = 35.5		
	8.65 + 26 = 35.5		Yes M2A1ft		
	Yes M2A0		(e) 26 + 9.05 = 35.05 M2A1		

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments

	Alternative Method 2		
	flight 1 $\rightarrow$ 3½ (h) or 3 (h) 30 (min) or flight 2 $\rightarrow$ 2¼ (h) or 2 (h) 15 (min) or flight 3 $\rightarrow$ 3¼ (h) or 3 (h) 20 (min) or 9 (h) 5 (min) or 9 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>12</sub> (h)	M1 <i>Ra</i>	allow e.g. 3.3 or 3.5 for 3 (h) 30 (min)
	their $3\frac{1}{2}$ + their $2\frac{1}{4}$ + their $3\frac{1}{3}$ or their $9^{1}/_{12}$ or their 3 (h) 30 (min) + their 2 (h) 15 (min) + their 3 (h) 20 (min) or 35 (h) - 26 (h) or 9 (h)	M1 Rc	
1(a)	9 <mark>1</mark> (h) and 9 (h) and Yes or 9 (h) 5 (min) and 9 (h) and Yes	A2 Ib Ib	A1 $9\frac{1}{12}$ (h) or 9 (h) 5 (min) and 9 (h) or A1ft correct decision for their total time with M2 scored
	Ad	ditional	Guidance
	Allow both 9.08 and 9.05 (h) for 9 h 5 mi Do not allow 9.5 for 9 (h) 5 (min) <b>Using decimal times</b> can score M mark For example,	່n ແຮ only ເ	unless recovered
	(a) $3.3 + 2.15 + 3.2 = 8.65$ 35 - 26 = 9 No M2A0		(c) $3.3 + 2.15 + 3.2 = 8.65$ 8.65 = 9.05 25 - 26 = 0
	(b) $3.3 + 2.15 + 3.2 = 8.65$ 8.65 = 9.5 35 - 26 = 9		Yes M2A2
	Yes M2A1ft		

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
1(b)	E1EE	B1	
	0100	Aa	
	A	dditional C	Guidance

1(c)	3198 ÷ 3.9	M1 Rb		
	820	A1 Aa		
	Additional Guidance			
	Ignore subsequent work			
	3200 ÷ 4 = 800	B1ft Ab	must see calculation	
1(c)	Additional Guidance			
	Mark holistically e.g. award M1A1 if 820 seen in check space			

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments

	Alternative method 1		
		M1	can be embedded, for example,
	4 × 7 + 3 × 9 or 28 + 27 or 55	Ra	28 × 4 × 80 ÷ 100 + 27 × 4 × 80 ÷ 100 28 × 42 + 27 × 42
		M2	M1 their 55 × 4 or 220 or
		Rc	their 55 × 135 or 7425 or
		Aa	4 × 135 or 540 or
			80 ÷ 100 × their 55 or 44 or
	their 55 × 4 × 135 × 80 ÷ 100		80 ÷100 × 4 or 3.2 or
	or 23,760		80 ÷ 100 × 135 or 108 or
	23760		their 55 × 4 × 135 or 29 700 or
			80 ÷ 100 × their 55 × 4 or 176 or
			80 ÷ 100 × their 55 × 135 or 5940 or
1(d)			80 ÷ 100 × 4 × 135 or 432 or
i (u)			their 55 cannot be 28 or 27
	their 55 × 42 or 2310	M1 Rb	implied by 8010
	their 23 760 – their 2310 – 5700	M1	
	or	Aa	their 23 760 can be their 29 700
	their 23 760 – their 8010		
		A2	A1 15 750
	15 750 and No	ID ID	Or A1ft correct decision for their value
			must score 5th M1 and make a valid attempt at calculating 80%
		Additional	Guidance
	critical values are 55 (scores M1), 297	700 (scores	M2) and 23 760 (scores M3)
	80% not calculated can score M1M1M	11M1M0A0	max
	If their 55 = 28 or 27 use Alt 2		

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
	Alternative method 2		
	4 × 7 or 28	M1	
	or	Ra	
	3 × 9 or 27		
		M2	M1 their 28 × 4 or 112 or
		Rc	their 27 × 4 or 108
		Aa	or
			their 28 × 135 or 3780 or
			their 27 × 135 or 3645
			or
			4 × 135 or 540
			or
			80 ÷ 100 × their 28 or 22.4 or
	their 28 x 4 x 135 x 80 $\div$ 100		80 ÷ 100 × their 27 or 21.6 or
	or 12 096		or
	or		80 ÷100 × 4 or 3.2
	their 27 × 4 × 135 × 80 ÷ 100 or 11 664		Or 80 + 100 + 125 or 108
			80 ÷ 100 × 135 0r 108
			their $28 \times 4 \times 135$ or $15120$ or
1(d)			their 27 x 4 x 135 or 14 580
			or
			$80 \div 100 \times \text{their } 28 \times 4 \text{ or } 89.6 \text{ or}$
			$80 \div 100 \times \text{their } 27 \times 4 \text{ or } 86.4$
			or
			80 ÷ 100 × their 28 × 135 or 3024
			80 ÷ 100 × their 27 × 135 or 2916
			or
			80 ÷ 100 × 4 × 135 or 432
	their 28 × 42 or 1176	M1	
	or	Rb	implied by 8010
	their 27 × 42 or 1134		
		M1	their 12 096 can be their 15 120
	their 12 096 + their 11 664 – their $1176 - their 1134 - 5700$	Aa	and
			their 11 664 can be their 14 580
		A2	A1 15 750
		lb	or
	15 750 and No	lb	A1ft correct decision for their value -
			must score 5th M1 and make a valid

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments

	Additional guidance	
	use Alt 2	
	can score M1M2M1 max	

Alternative method 3				
4 × 7 + 3 × 9 or 28 + 27 or 55	M1 Ra	can be embedded, for example, 28 × 4 × 80 ÷ 100 + 27 × 4 × 80 ÷ 100 28 × 42 + 27 × 42		
their 55 × 4 × 135 or 29 700	M1 Rb			
their 55 × 42 or 2310	M1 <i>Rb</i>	implied by 8010		
their 29 700 – their 2310 – 5700 or their 29 700 – their 8010 or 21 690	М1 <i>Аа</i>			
80 ÷ 100 × their 21 690	M0 Rc			
17 352 and Yes	A1ft <i>Ib</i>	correct decision for their value must score M4		
Additional Guidance				
This mark scheme involves a common error – working out 80% in the wrong place It can score a maximum of 5 marks (M4A1ft) 21 690 $\rightarrow$ M4A0				
	Alternative method 3 $4 \times 7 + 3 \times 9 \text{ or } 28 + 27 \text{ or } 55$ their 55 $\times 4 \times 135 \text{ or } 29700$ their 55 $\times 42 \text{ or } 2310$ their 29700 – their 2310 – 5700 or their 29700 – their 8010 or 21690 $80 \div 100 \times \text{their } 21690$ 17352  and Yes Ad This mark scheme involves a common end It can score a maximum of 5 marks (M4 21690 $\rightarrow$ M4A0	Alternative method 3 $4 \times 7 + 3 \times 9 \text{ or } 28 + 27 \text{ or } 55$ M1 Ratheir $55 \times 4 \times 135 \text{ or } 29700$ M1 Rbtheir $55 \times 42 \text{ or } 2310$ M1 Rbtheir $29700 - \text{ their } 2310 - 5700$ or their $29700 - \text{ their } 8010$ or $21690$ M1 Aa $80 \div 100 \times \text{their } 21690$ M0 Rc $17 352 \text{ and Yes}$ A1ft IbThis mark scheme involves a common error - work It can score a maximum of 5 marks (M4A1ft) $21 690 \rightarrow M4A0$		

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
	Alternative method 4		
	4 × 7 + 3 × 9 or 28 + 27 or 55	M1 Ra	
	4 × 135 × 80 ÷ 100 or 432	M1 Aa	
	5700 ÷ their 55 or [103.63, 103.64]	M1 Rb	their 432 – 42 or 390
1(d)	their 432 – 42 – their [103.63,103.64] or [286.3, 286.4]	M1 Aa	their 390 × their 55 or 21 450
	their [286.3, 286.4] × their 55	M1 <i>Rc</i>	their 21 450 – 5700
	[15 746.5, 15 752] and No	A2 Ib Ib	A1 [15 746.5, 15 752] or A1ft correct decision for their value -
			must score 5th M1 and make a valid attempt at calculating 80%

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments			
	Alternative method 1					
	2700 ÷ 100 × 15 or 2700 ÷ 100 × 20	M1 Ra	2700 ÷ 100 × [15, 20]			
	$2700 \div 100 \times 15 = 405$ and $2700 \div 100 \times 20 = 540$	A1 Aa				
	Alternative method 2					
	405 ÷ 2700 (× 100) = 0.15 or 15(%) or 540 ÷ 2700 (× 100) = 0.2 or 20(%)	M1 Ra				
	$405 \div 2700 \times 100 = 15(\%)$ and $540 \div 2700 \times 100 = 20(\%)$	A1 Aa				
	Additional Guidance					
2 (a)	Working from 10% can score full marks if full method shown					
	For example					
	(a) $(10\% \text{ of } 2700 =) 2700 \div 10 = 270$ (5% of 2700 =) 270 ÷ 2 = 135 (20% of 2700 =) 2 × 270 = 540 (c (15% of 2700 =) 270 + 135 = 405	alories) (calories)	M1A1			
	(b) $270 \div 2 = 135$ $2 \times 270 = 540$ (calories) 270 + 135 = 405 (calories)	,	M1A0			
	(c) 270 + 135 = 405 or 270 + 270 = 540		M1A0			
	(d) $1\% = 27$					
	$27 \times 15 = 405$ and $27 \times 20 = 540$		M1A0			
	(e) 1% = 2700 ÷ 100 = 27					
	27 × 15 = 405 and 27 × 20 = 540	M1A1				

MARK SCHEME - FUNCTIONAL SKILLS MATHEMATICS LEVEL 2 - 4368 - JUNE 2017

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
	works out calories in two servings of any muesli or works out calories in two servings of yoghurt	M1 Aa	e.g. 2 × 222 or 444 or 170 + 219 or 389 or 2 × 50 or 100
2 (b)	adds calories in a complete breakfast at least once	M1 <i>Ia</i>	e.g. their 444 + their 100 + 48 + 10 or 602
	clearly communicated breakfast with correct total calories between 405 and 540 Muesli, e.g. 2 Brand X can be implied by stating brand X together with 2 × 170 or 340 2 yoghurts can be implied by stating yoghurt together with 2 × 50 or 100	A1 <i>l</i> a	e.g. 2 Brand X and 2 yoghurts and apple juice and tea and 536 (calories) or 2 Brand X and 2 yoghurts and cranberry juice and tea and 498 (calories)

		Additional Guidance							
	Muesli/	calories	M2 combinations						
	(N	11)	AJ & coffee	AJ & tea	CJ & coffee	CJ & tea			
	2W	444	444+100+111 or 655	444+100+96 or 640	444+100+73 or 617	444+100+58 or 602			
	2X	340	340+100+111 or 551	340+100+96 or 536	340+100+73 or 513	340+100+58 or 498			
	2Y	438	438+100+111 or 649	438+100+96 or 634	438+100+73 or 611	438+100+58 or 596			
	2Z	376	376+100+111 or 587	376+100+96 or 572	376+100+73 or 549	376+100+58 or 534			
2 (b)	W + X	392	392+100+111 or 603	392+100+96 or 588	392+100+73 or 565	392+100+58 or 550			
	W + Y	441	441+100+111 or 652	441+100+96 or 637	441+100+73 or 614	441+100+58 or 599			
	W + Z	410	410+100+111 or 621	410+100+96 or 506	410+100+73 or 583	410+100+58 or 568			
	X + Y	389	389+100+111 or 600	389+100+96 or 585	389+100+73 or 562	389+100+58 or 547			
	X + Z	358	358+100+111 or 669	358+100+96 or 554	358+100+73 or 531	358+100+58 or 516			
	Y + Z	407	407+100+111 or 618	407+100+96 or 603	407+100+73 or 580	407+100+58 or 565			

Each shaded box can score M2A1 if combinations are fully communicated and M2A0 if not. All other combinations score M2 max

The 2nd M1 can be awarded for an incorrect total as long as the correct method is shown

Т

Q	Ans	wer	Mark	Comn	nents
			· · · ·		
	80 ÷ 1000 × 325 o	r 26 or 0.26	M1 Rb	cost of oats must use 1000	
	1.4(0) ÷ 100 × 35	or 49 or 0.49	M1 Rc	cost of nuts	
	their 26 + their 49 or 0.26 + 0.49 + 0.96	+ 96 or 171(p) or (£)1.71	M1 Aa	total cost (3 compone must be all in pence	ents) or all in £
2 (c)	2.94 – their 1.71 or 294 – their 171	their 1.71 + 1.2(0) or their171 + 120	M1 Aa		
	(£)1.23 and Yes	(£)2.91 and Yes		A1 (£)1.23 or 123p	(£)2.91 or 291p
	or or 123p and Yes 291p and Yes		A2 Ib Ib	A1ft correct conclusio must score M0M M1M0M1M1 SC1 (£)0.22 or 22p SC2 (£)0.22 or 22p a	on for their value 11M1M1 or nd No
				SC3 (£)4.05 and No	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
2 (d)	$(\frac{2}{5}=)900 \div 3 \times 2$ or $900 \times 5 \div 3 - 900$ or 600	M1 Rb	
	their 600 ÷ (4 + 1) or 120	M1 <i>Rc</i>	their 600 cannot be 900
	their 120 × 4	M1 <i>Aa</i>	
	480 (g)	A1 Aa	SC2 720 from 900 ÷ (4 + 1) × 4 seen

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments

	Alternative method 1					
	(0 × 16 (+)) 1 × 14 (+) 2 × 11 (+) 3 × 44 (+) 4 × 13 (+) 5 × 2					
	or	M1				
	14 (+) 22 (+) 132 (+) 52 (+) 10	Ra	allow one error or omission			
	or					
	230					
	uh cir 000 + 400	M1				
	their 230 ÷ 100	Aa				
		A2	A1 2.3			
	2.3 and Yes	lb	or			
	2.0 010 103	lb	A1ft correct conclusion for their mean must score M2			
	Alternative method 2					
3 (a)	(0 × 16 (+)) 1 × 14 (+) 2 × 11 (+) 3 × 44 (+) 4 × 13 (+) 5 × 2					
	or	M1				
	14 (+) 22 (+) 132 (+) 52 (+) 10	Ra	allow one error or omission			
	or					
	230					
	4.7. 400 - 470	M1				
	1.7 × 100 OF 170	Aa				
		A2	A1 230 and 170			
	230 and 170 and Yes	lb	or			
		lb	A1ft correct conclusion for their values must score M2			
		Additional	guidance			
	Using $0 \times 16 = 16$ gives $246 \div 100 = 2$	2.46 and Ye	s and can score M2A1ft			
	Using $0 \times 10 = 10$ gives 240 $\div 100 = 2.40$ and Yes and can score M2A11					

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	15 × 5 × 2 = 150	B1	must see full working	
3 (b)		Aa	e.g. $15 \times 5 = 75$ and $75 + 75 = 150$	
	Additional guidance			
	Do not award where part of the calcul	ation is dor	the with method not shown e.g. $30 \times 5 = 150$	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments			
	Alternative method 1					
3 (c)	$8 \div 100 \times 150 \text{ or } 12$ or $10 \div 100 \times 150 \text{ or } 15$ or $32 \div 100 \times 150 \text{ or } 48$ or $38 \div 100 \times 150 \text{ or } 57$ or $12 \div 100 \times 150 \text{ or } 18$	M1 <i>Rb</i>	Attempt to base the number of each sandwich made on proportions in table			
	their $12 \times 1.4$ or $16.8$ or their $15 \times 1.6$ or $24$ or their $48 \times 3$ or $144$ or their $57 \times 2$ or $114$ or their $18 \times 3$ or $54$	M1 Rc	their 12, 15, 48 etc can all be the same value e.g. 30 or the number of students from table the total of their 12, 15, 48 etc need not be 150			
	their $12 \times 1.4$ or $16.8$ and their $15 \times 1.6$ or $24$ and their $48 \times 3$ or $144$ and their $57 \times 2$ or $114$ and their $18 \times 3$ or $54$	M1 Aa	total values must be for 150 sandwiches and numbers of each sandwich must not be all the same and the numbers of each sandwich must be in an equivalent order to the values in the table			
	their 16.8 + their 24 + their 144 + their 114 + their 54	M1 Aa	must add 5 values			
	(£)352.8(0) and Yes	A2 Ib Ib	A1 (£)352.8(0) or A1ft correct conclusion for their value must score 2nd and 4th M1 and be for 150 sandwiches			

	Answer	Mark	Comments			
	Alternative method 2					
	150 ÷ 100 or 1.5	M1 Rb				
3 (c)	$8 \times 1.4 \text{ or } 11.2$ or $10 \times 1.6 \text{ or } 16$ or $32 \times 3 \text{ or } 96$ or $38 \times 2 \text{ or } 76$ or $12 \times 3 \text{ or } 36$ their $11.2 \times \text{their } 1.5 \text{ or } 16.8$ and their $16 \times \text{their } 1.5 \text{ or } 24$ and their $96 \times \text{their } 1.5 \text{ or } 144$ and their $76 \times \text{their } 1.5 \text{ or } 114$ and their $36 \times \text{their } 1.5 \text{ or } 54$	M1 Rc M1 Aa	total values must be for 150 sandwiches or their (11.2 + 16 + 96 + 76 + 36) × their 1.5 or their 235.2 × their 1.5			
	their 16.8 + their 24 + their 144 + their 114 + their 54	M1 Aa	must add 5 values			
	(£)352.8(0) and Yes	A2 Ib Ib	A1 (£)352.8(0) or A1ft correct conclusion for their value must score 3rd and 4th M1 and be for 150 sandwiches			
	Additional guidance					

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments

	Alternative method 1 (bar chart)				
	Axes labelled	B1 <i>Ra</i>	Vertical – accept number or frequency Horizontal – bars must be labelled		
	Correct vertical scale	B1 <i>Rb</i>	eg 1 cm $\rightarrow$ 5		
	Equal width bars drawn to scale with equal gap between them	B1 <i>Aa</i>	Allow vertical lines Allow no gap between vertical axis and first bar	Correct heights are Salmon $\rightarrow$ 17 Prawn $\rightarrow$ 25 Tuna $\rightarrow$ 17 Vegetable $\rightarrow$ 10 None $\rightarrow$ 31	
	Title	B1 <i>Ia</i>	E.g. (Type of) Sushi or Answer to Q C Allow if horizontal axis is labelled (Type of) Sushi		
3 (d)	Alternative method 2 (pie chart)				
	one angle calculated (or drawn) correctly or sectors labelled in correct order of size	B1 <i>Ra</i>			
	All angles calculated (or drawn) correctly	B1 <i>Rb</i>			
	their angles drawn correctly ± °2	B1 <i>Aa</i>	Correct angles are Salmon $\rightarrow$ 61.2° Prawn $\rightarrow$ 90° Tuna $\rightarrow$ 61.2° Vegetable $\rightarrow$ 36° None $\rightarrow$ 111.6°		
	Title	B1 <i>Ia</i>			

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments		
3(d)	Alternative method 3 (pictogram)				
	Chooses appropriate symbol and describes in key	B1 <i>Ra</i>			
	Correct number of symbols for one item (horizontal or vertical)	B1 <i>Rb</i>			
	Correct number of symbols for all items (horizontal or vertical) with items correctly labelled	B1 <i>Aa</i>			
	Title	B1 <i>la</i>			
	Additional guidance				
	If either bar chart or pictogram is drawn in blank space and on grid mark the best Must be accurate if either is drawn in blank space only Frequency polygon can score B1B1B0B1 max				

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
4 (a)	$3.4 \times 2.5 + 1.5 \times 1.4 = 10.6$ or $1.4 \times 4 + 2 \times 2.5 = 10.6$ or $4 \times 3.4 - 1.5 \times 2 = 10.6$ or $1.5 \times 1.4 + 1.4 \times 2.5 + 2 \times 2.5 = 10.6$	B2 Ra Aa	B1 $3.4 \times 2.5 \text{ or } 8.5$ or $1.5 \times 1.4 \text{ or } 2.1$ or $1.4 \times 4 \text{ or } 5.6$ or $2 \times 2.5 \text{ or } 5$ or $4 \times 3.4 \text{ or } 13.6$ or $1.5 \times 2 \text{ or } 3$ or $1.4 \times 2.5 \text{ or } 3.5$

	10.6 × 2.4 × 141	M1			
	or	Ra			
	25.44 × 141				
	3587(.04)	A1			
		Aa			
4 (b)	600 (mm)	B1ft	ft correct radiator for their 3587 seen		
	800 (mm)	la			
	Additional Guidance				
	Do not accept areas or radiators if they are obtained directly from the table in the Data Sheet Misreads of the room factor can score B1ft only				

Q	Answer		Mark	Comments		
	Alternative method 1					
4 (c)	their 10.6 ÷ 1.72 or 6.16 or 6.2 or 7		M1 Ra	ft their 10.6 from 4(a)		
	(3.4 + 4) × 2 or 4 + 3.4 + 2.5 + 2 + 1.5 + 1.4 or 14.8		M1 Rb			
	their 14.8 ÷ 2 or 7.4 or 8		M1 Aa	M2 is implied btheir 8 × 2 > their 14.8their 14.8 must be alengthM2 is implied bstrips seen withcorrect or noperimeter		M2 is implied by 8 strips seen with correct or no perimeter
	their 7 × 23.8(0) or 166.6(0) or their 8 × 1.65 or 13.2(0)		M1 <i>l</i> a	their 7 and their 8 must be integers either correctly rounded down or correctly rounde up from their 6.16 or their 7.4 their 14.8 need not be a length		be integers either or correctly rounded eir 7.4 length
	their 7 × 23.8(0) + their 8 × 1.65 + 17.95 or 200 – their 7 × 23.8(0) – their 8 × 1.65		M1 <i>la</i>	their 7 and t rounded up their 14.8 ne	eir 7 and their 8 must be integers correctlunded up from their 6.16 or their 7.4 eir 14.8 need not be a length	
	(£)197.75 and Yes or (£)20.2(0) and Yes		A2ft Ib Ib	ft their 10.6 from 4(a) A1ft (£)197.75 or (£)20.2(0) or A1ft correct conclusion for their value must score 1st, 3rd and 5th M marks		
	Additional Guidance					
	Answers with no rounding can score M1M1M1 max Examples					
	10.6 $\div$ 1.72 = 6.16 so 7 packs 7 $\times$ 23.8 = £166.60 <u>10.6</u> $\div$ 2 = 5.3 so 6 packs 6 $\times$ 1.65 = £9.90 166.6 $\div$ 9.9 $\div$ 17.95 = 194.45 Yes M1M0M0M1M1A0 (3 marks) The perimeter is not a length	10.6 $\div$ 1.72 = 6.16 so 7 packs 7 $\times$ 23.8 = £166.60 2.5 + 1.4 + 4 + 3.4 = 11.3 11.3 $\div$ 2 = 5.65 so 6 packs 6 $\times$ 1.65 = £9.90 166.6 + 9.9 + 17.95 = 194.45 Yes M1M0M1M1M1A1ft (5 marks) The perimeter is a length		$10.6 \div 1.7$ $7 \times 23.8 =$ $2.5 + 2 + 7$ $14.7$ $14.7 \div 2 =$ $8 \times 1.65 =$ $166.6 + 13$ Yes M1M1M1M The perim from corre	2 = 6.16 so 7 packs $\pm$ 166.60 1.5 + 1.4 + 4 + 3.4 = 7.35 so 8 packs = $\pm$ 13.20 3.2 + 17.95 = 197.75 M1M1A1ft (6 marks) eter is incorrect but ect method	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments		
	Alternative method 2				
4 (c)	(3.4 + 4) × 2 or 4 + 3.4 + 2.5 + 2 + 1.5 + 1.4 or 14.8	M1 Rb			
	their 14.8 ÷ 2 or 7.4	M1 Aa	M2 is implied by 8 strips seen		
	their 8 × 1.65 + 17.95 or 31.15	M1 <i>Ia</i>	their 8 must be an integer either rounded down or rounded up from their 7.4		
	(200 – (their 31.15)) ÷ 23.8(0) or 7.0(9)	M1 Ra	their 31.15 does not have to be calculated from an integer value for 7.4		
	their 7 × 1.72	M1 <i>Ia</i>	their 7 must be an integer rounded down from their 7.0(9)		
	12.04 and Yes	A2ft Ib Ib	ft their 10.6 from 4(a) A1ft 12.04 or A1ft correct conclusion for their value must score 2nd, 3rd and 5th M marks		
	Additional Guidance				
	$7 \times 1.72 = 12.04$ and Yes cannot score full marks unless the method for 7.0(9) is seen				

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
4 (d)	7.75 × 18 or 139.5	M1 Ra	
	£139.50	A1 <i>Ia</i>	must use correct money notation
4 (d) check	their 139.5(0) $\div$ 18 = 7.75 or their 139.5(0) $\div$ 7.75 =18 or $\frac{3}{4} \times 18 = 13.5$ and 7 $\times$ 18 + 13.5 = 139.5(0)	B1ft <i>Ab</i>	allow rounding to 1 significant figure 8 × 20 = 160

Q	Additional Guidance
4 (d)	Check Use of 7.75 can be considered a different method as use of $7^3/_4$ if full method for $7^3/_4$ is shown Mark holistically e.g. award M1A1 if £139.50 seen in check space