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GCSE GEOGRAPHY

Paper 2 Challenges in the human environment

Tuesday 5 June 2018 Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes Afternoon For Examiner's Use Materials For this paper you must have: Question Mark a pencil 1 • a rubber 2 • a ruler. 3 You may use a calculator. 4 Instructions 5 • Use black ink or black ball-point pen.

• Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.

Answer <u>all</u> questions in Section A and Section B.

Answer <u>Question 3</u> and <u>one other</u> question in Section C.

• You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do **not** write outside the box around each page or on blank pages. Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The total number of marks available for this paper is 88.
- Spelling, punctuation, grammar and specialist terminology will be assessed in Question 01.9.
- HIC is a higher income country.
- LIC is a lower income country.
- NEE is a newly emerging economy.



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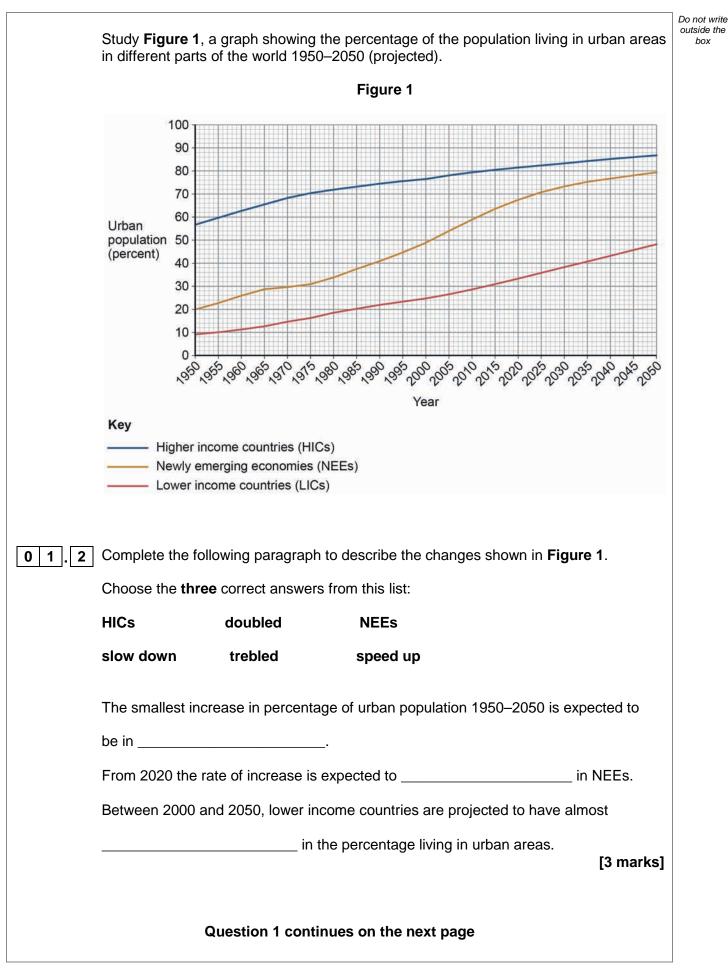


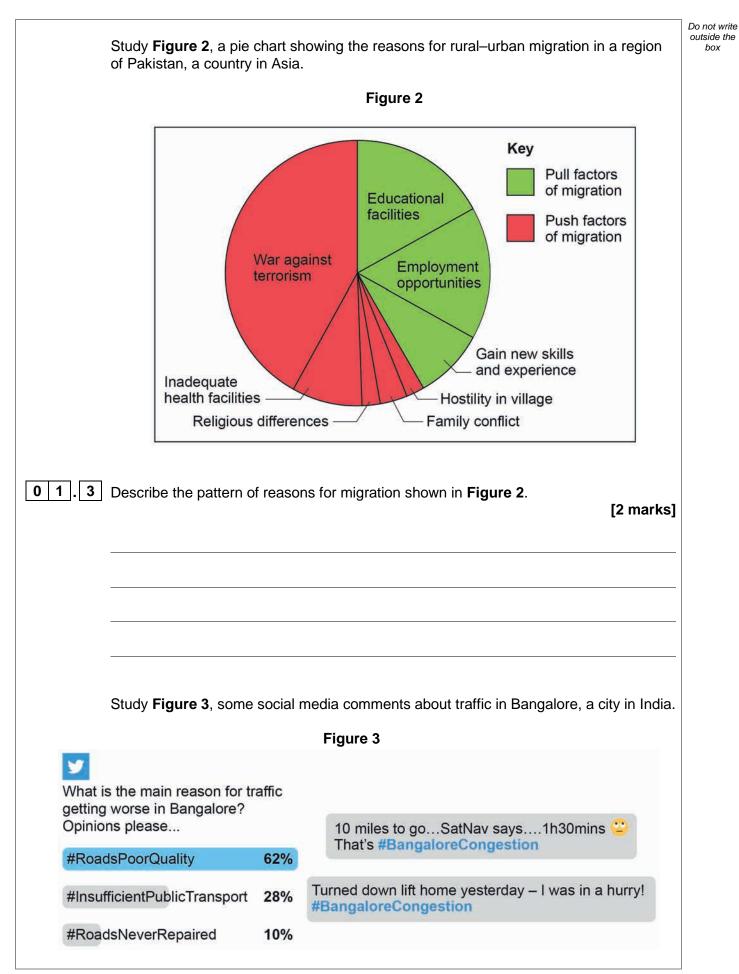
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| | nt to change your answer you must cross out your original answer as sl | | |
| If you wis as shown | h to return to an answer previously crossed out, ring the answer you no | w wish to select | |
| | Section A Urban issues and challenges | | |
| | Answer all questions in this section. | | |
| Question 1 | Urban issues and challenges | | |
| 0 1.1 | Which term is best defined by the phrase, 'the increasing percentage living in towns and cities'? | of the population | |
| | Shade one circle only. | | |
| | A Urban sprawl | 0 | |
| | B Urbanisation | 0 | |
| | C Migration | 0 | |
| | D Urban regeneration | 0 | |
| | | [1 mark] | |
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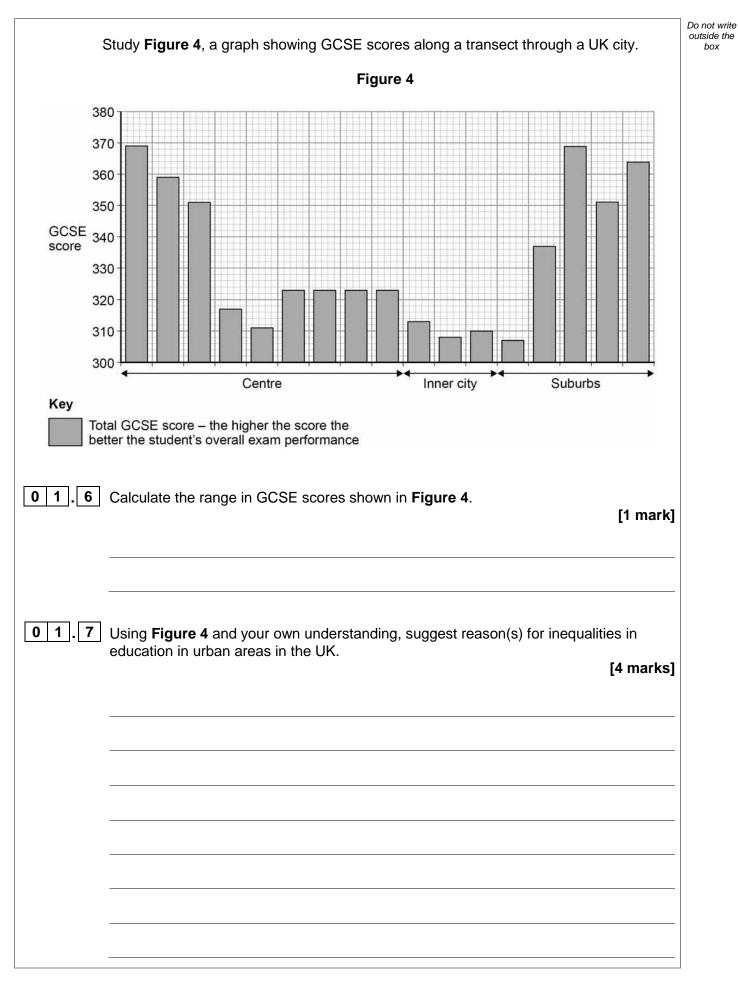






| 0 1.4 | Using Figure 3 suggest one problem faced by people in Bangalore as a result of traffic congestion. [2 marks] | Do not write outside the box |
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| 0 1.5 | Use Figure 3 and a case study of a city in a LIC or NEE to suggest why managing traffic congestion and air pollution may be challenging. [6 marks] | |
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| 0 1.8 | Outline one way that national migration has led to change in the character of a named UK city. [2 marks] | |
| | | |
| 0 1.9 | To what extent has urban change created environmental challenges in a UK city you have studied? [9 marks] [+ 3 SPaG marks] | |
| | Name of city: | |
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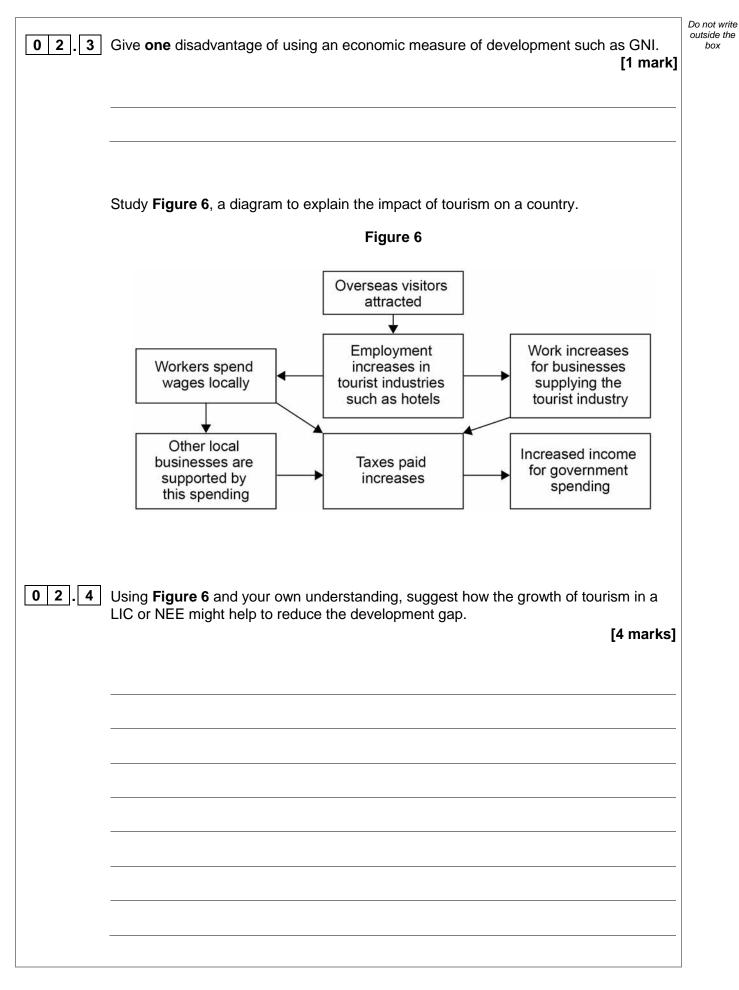
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| estion 2 | | Answer all questions ir | n this section. | |
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| | 2 The changing | economic world | | |
| | Study Figure 5 countries in 20 | | s National Income (GNI) data | a for selected |
| | | Fig | gure 5 | |
| | | Country name | GNI US\$ per person | |
| | | Argentina | 11 960 | |
| | | Belgium | 41 860 | |
| | | China | 8 260 | |
| | | Finland | 44 730 | |
| | | Haiti | 780 | |
| | | India | 1 680 | |
| | | Kenya | 1 380 | |
| | | Mali | 750 | |
| | | Poland | 12 680 | |
| | | Spain | 27 520 | |
| | | United Kingdom | 42 390 | |
| 2 . 1 | Space for wor | nedian value for the GNI da | Median = | [2 marks] |
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Study **Figure 7** which describes the effects of an intermediate technology project in an area of Malawi, a country in Africa.

Figure 7

Bicycle Ambulances

There are two small Health Centres in the area serving 45 000 people. 1 in 6 women die in childbirth.

People have to travel vast distances to be seen by a nurse or doctor. Travel to the clinics is usually by ox and cart but this is an expensive and slow mode of transport.

A project was started to build bicycle ambulances and to provide training to the people in the area so more patients can make their way to a health centre. It is hoped that these bicycle ambulances will help save many lives.



| 0 | 2 | . 5 | State two challenges faced by the people living in the area described in Figure 7 . |
|---|---|-----|---|
| | | | [2 marks] |

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| 02.6 | State one characteristic of intermediate technology. [1 mark] | Do not write outside the box |
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| | Outline one way in which international aid has had an impact on a named LIC or NEE country. [2 marks] | |
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| 02.8 | Using a case study of a LIC or NEE country, explain the link between Transnational Corporations (TNCs) and industrial development in the country. [6 marks] | Do not write outside the box |
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| | Name of country: | |
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outside the Study Figure 8, information about the planned spending on transport infrastructure in England's regions 2016-2021.

Figure 8 Ν £ per person Region North per year East North West North East 222 Yorkshire and the North West Humber. 682 Yorkshire and the Humber 190 East Midlands East Midlands 221 West East of Midlands West Midlands 254 England East of England 413 ondon London 1943 South East South West South East 226 0 100 km South West 212 0 2 . 9 Using Figure 8, calculate the mean planned spending per person per year 2016–2021 in the nine English regions. [2 marks] Show your working here. Mean planned spending = £ Question 2 continues on the next page

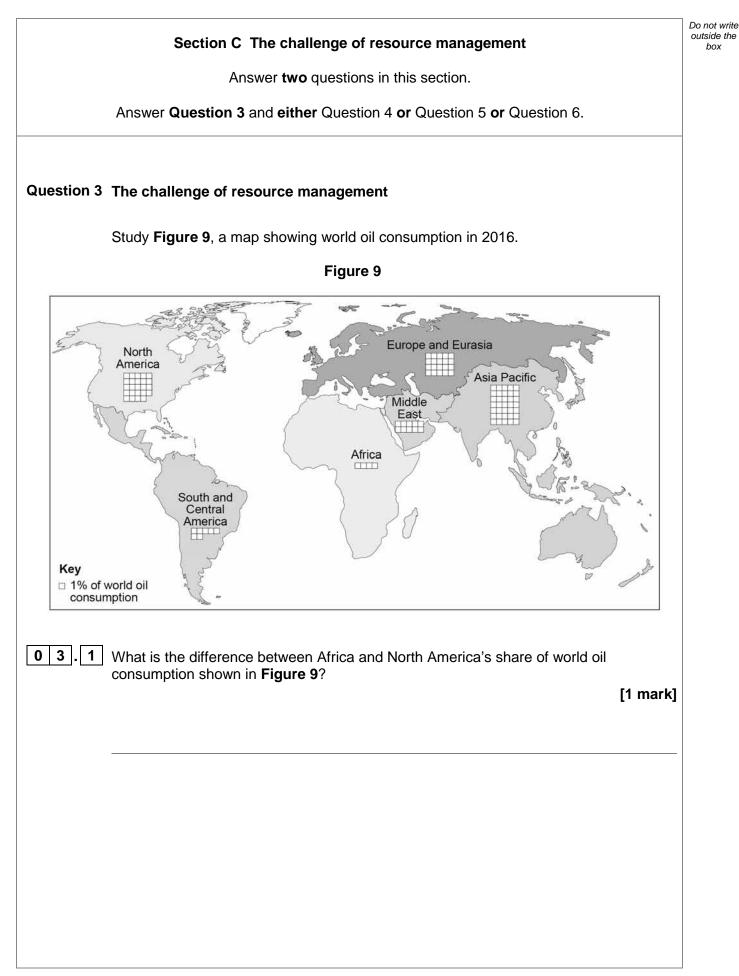


| 0 2. 1 0 | Assess the importance of transport improvements to the UK economy. | [9 marks] | Do not write outside the box |
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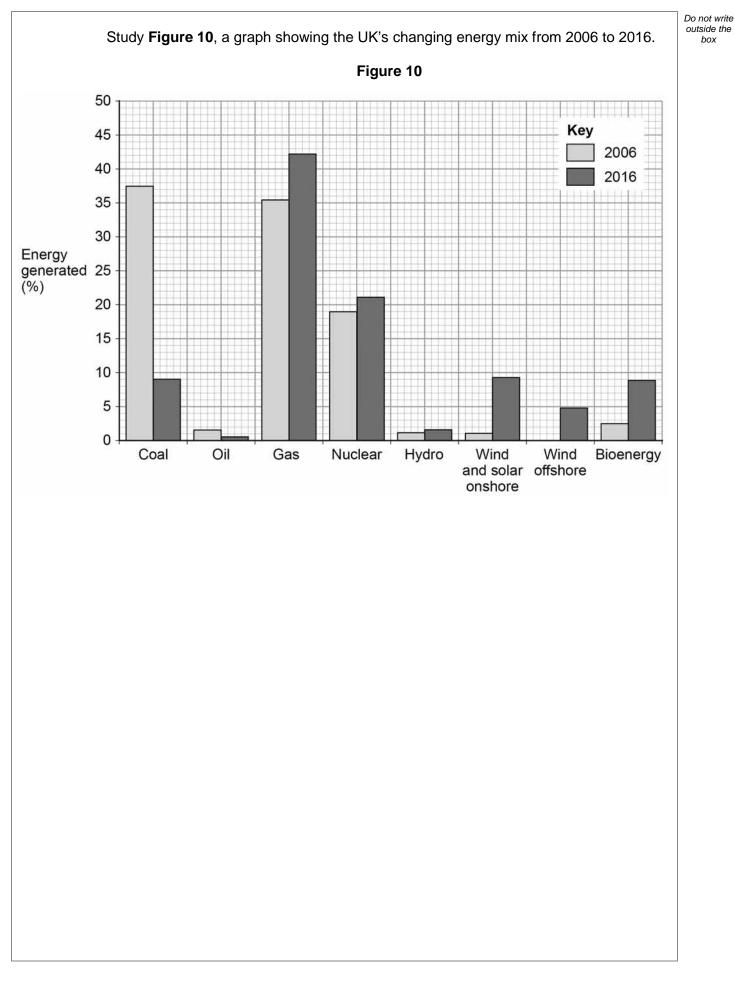




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| 03.2 | Using Figure 9 and your own understanding, suggest how inequalities in the consumption of resources influence well-being. | | Do not write outside the box |
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| 03.3 | Outline one advantage of the trend towards agribusiness in the UK. | [2 marks] | |
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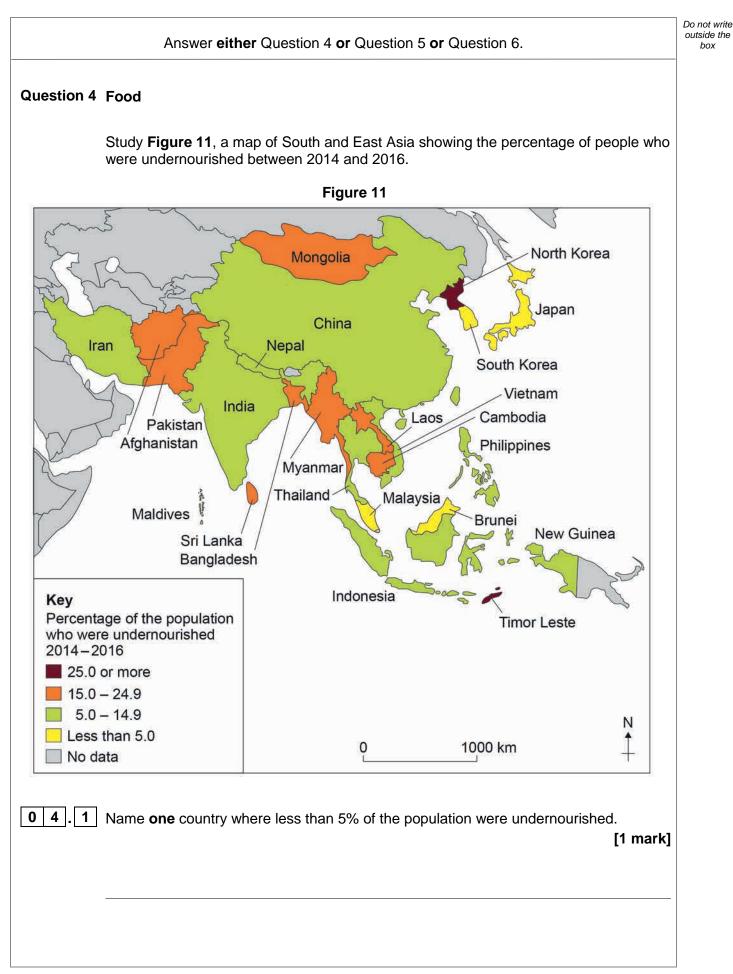






| 0 3.4 | Using Figure 10 and your own understanding, discuss the issues arising from the UK's | Do not write outside the box |
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| | changing energy mix. [6 marks] | |
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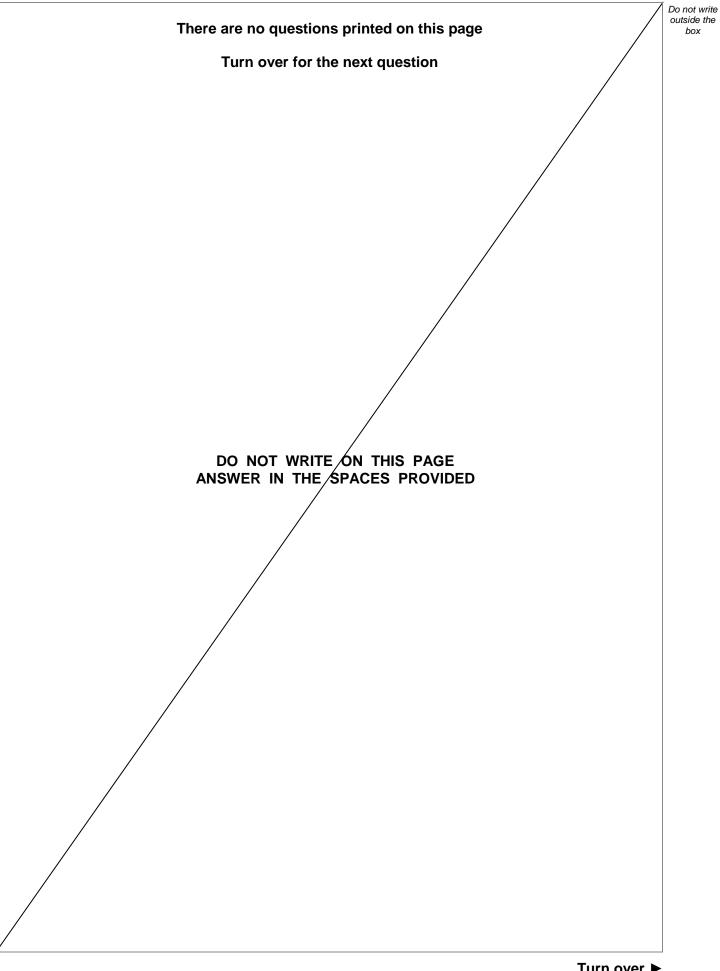


| 04.2 | How many of the Asian countries shown in Figure 11 had 15–24.9% of their undernourished? | population | Do not write outside the box |
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| | Shade one circle only. | [2 marks] | |
| | A 6 | | |
| | B 7 | | |
| | C 8 | | |
| | D 9 | | |
| | What percentage of the 24 countries in Asia for which data is shown had 15- their population undernourished? | -24.9% of | |
| | Answer to 1 decimal place. | | |
| 04.3 | Describe the distribution of countries which had 15–24.9% of their population undernourished as shown in Figure 11 . | [2 marks] | |
| 04.4 | Outline one reason why some countries have a limited food supply. | [2 marks] | |
| | Question 4 continues on the next page | | |

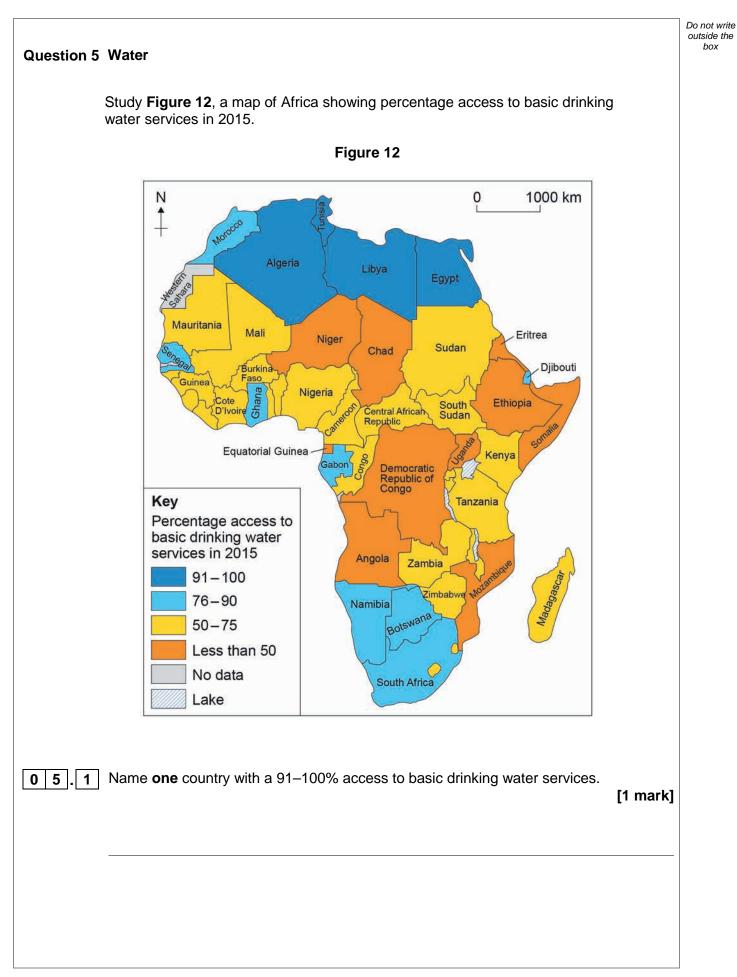


| | 04.5 | Explain how different strategies can be used to make food supplies more sustainable. [6 marks] | Do not write outside the box |
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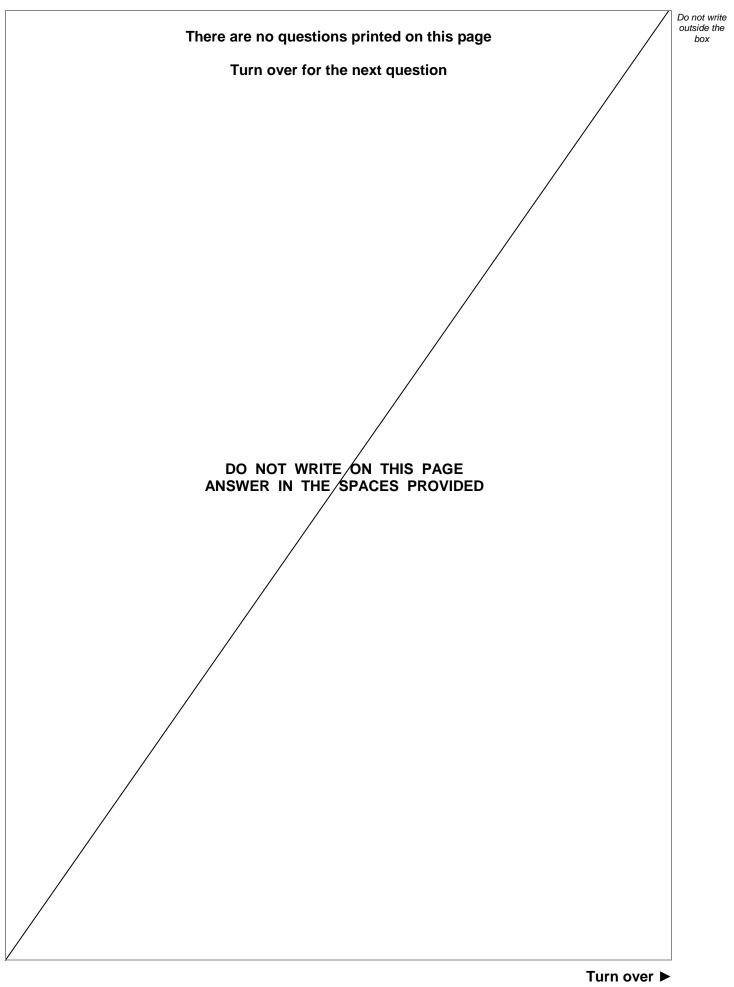


| 0 5.2 | How many of the African countries shown in Figure 12 had less than 5 basic drinking water services? | 0% access to | Do not wi outside ti box |
|-------|--|---------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | Shade one circle only. | [2 marks] | |
| | A 8 | 0 | |
| | B 9 | 0 | |
| | C 10 | 0 | |
| | D 11 | 0 | |
| | What percentage of the 48 countries in Africa for which data is shown I 50% access to basic drinking water services? | nad less than | |
| | Answer to 1 decimal place. | | |
| 0 5.3 | Describe the distribution of countries which had 76–90% access to bas water services as shown in Figure 12 . | sic drinking [2 marks] | |
| | | | |
| 0 5.4 | Outline one reason why some countries have a limited availability of w | ater. [2 marks] | |
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| | Question 5 continues on the next page | | |



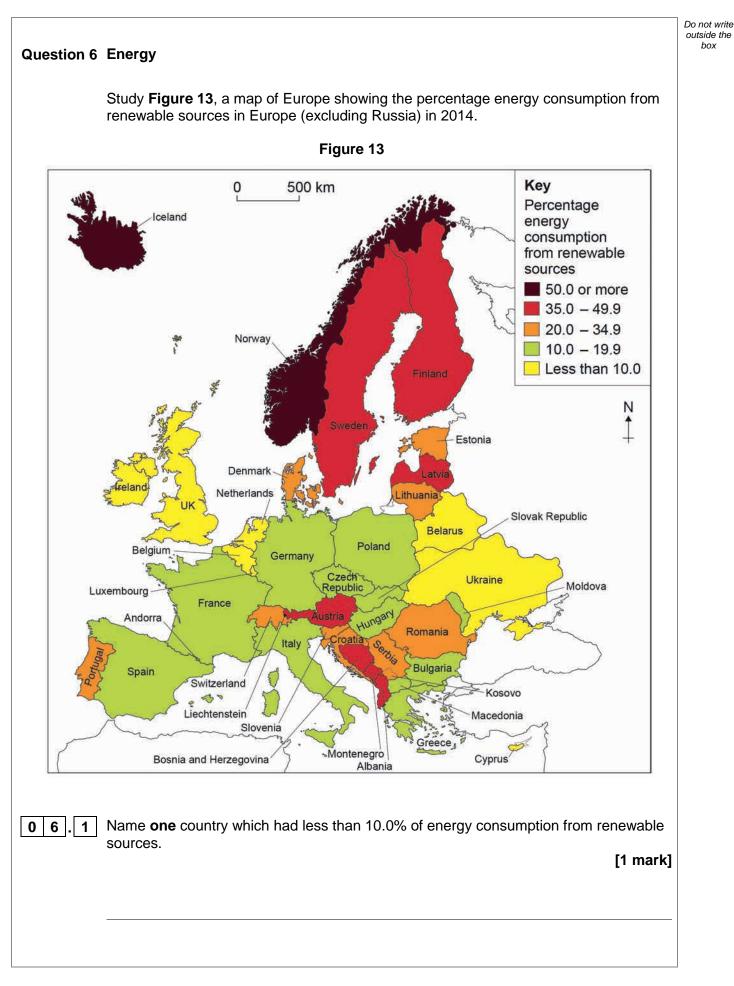
| 0 5.5 | Explain how different strategies can be used to make water supplies more sustainable. [6 marks] | Do not write outside the box |
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| 06.2 | How many of the European countries shown in Figure 13 had 35.0–49.9% consumption from renewable sources? | f energy | Do not w outside t box |
|------|--|---------------------|------------------------------|
| | Shade one circle only. | [2 marks] | |
| | A 5 | | |
| | B 6 | | |
| | C 7 | | |
| | D 8 | | |
| | What percentage of the 41 countries in Europe for which data is shown had 35.0–49.9% consumption of energy from renewable sources? | | |
| | Answer to 1 decimal place. | | |
| | | | |
| 06.3 | Describe the distribution of countries which had 20.0–34.9% consumption of from renewable sources shown in Figure 13 . | energy [2 marks] | |
| | | | |
| 06.4 | Outline one reason why some countries have a limited energy supply. | [2 marks] | |
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| | Question 6 continues on the next page | | |



| 06.5 | Explain how different strategies can be used to make energy supplies more | | Do not write outside the box |
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| | sustainable. | [6 marks] | |
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