

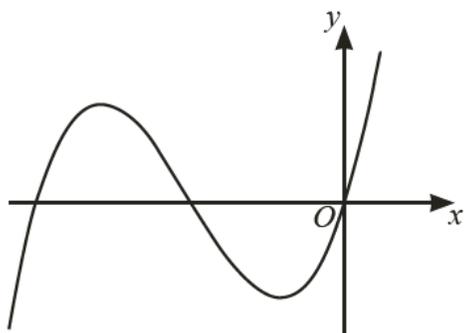
1. Nov/2021/Paper\_43/No.9

(a)  $f(x) = x(x-1)(x-2)$

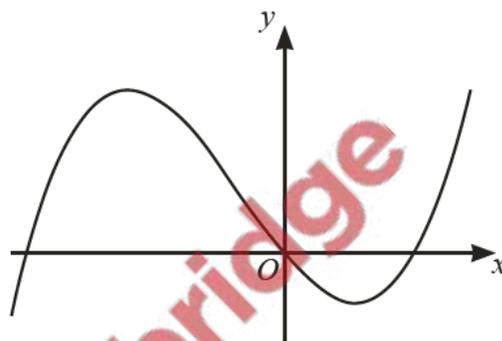
(i) Find the coordinates of the points where the graph of  $y = f(x)$  crosses the  $x$ -axis.

(....., ..... ) (....., ..... ) (....., ..... ) [2]

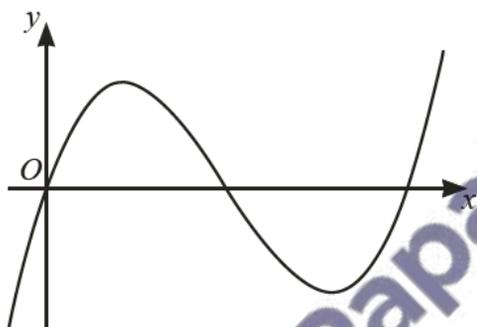
(ii)



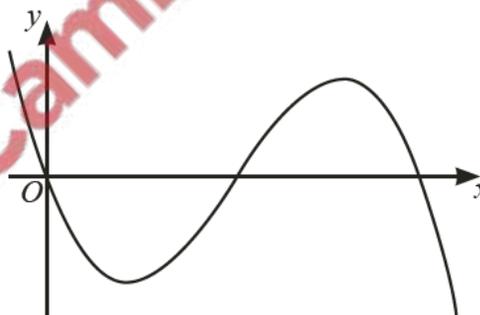
A



B



C

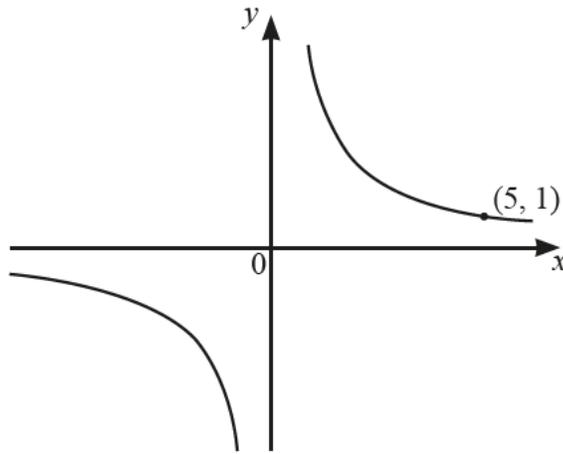


D

Which of the sketches shows the graph of  $y = f(x)$ ?

..... [1]

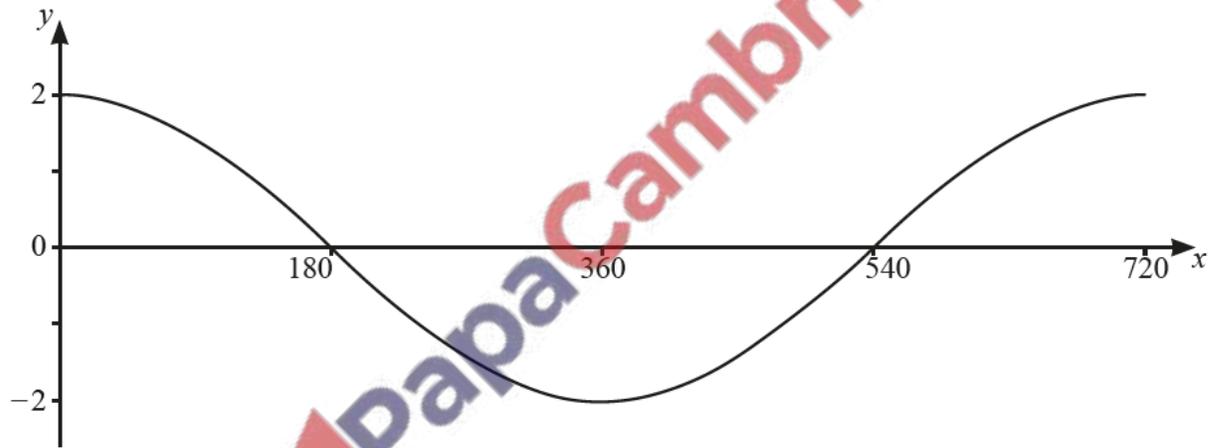
(b) The diagram shows a sketch of the graph of  $y = g(x)$ .



Find  $g(x)$ .

$g(x) = \dots\dots\dots$  [2]

(c)



The graph shows the function  $h(x) = a \cos(bx)$  for  $0^\circ \leq x \leq 720^\circ$ .

(i) Complete the range of  $h(x)$ .

$\dots\dots\dots \leq h(x) \leq \dots\dots\dots$  [1]

(ii) Find the value of  $a$  and the value of  $b$ .

$a = \dots\dots\dots$

$b = \dots\dots\dots$  [2]

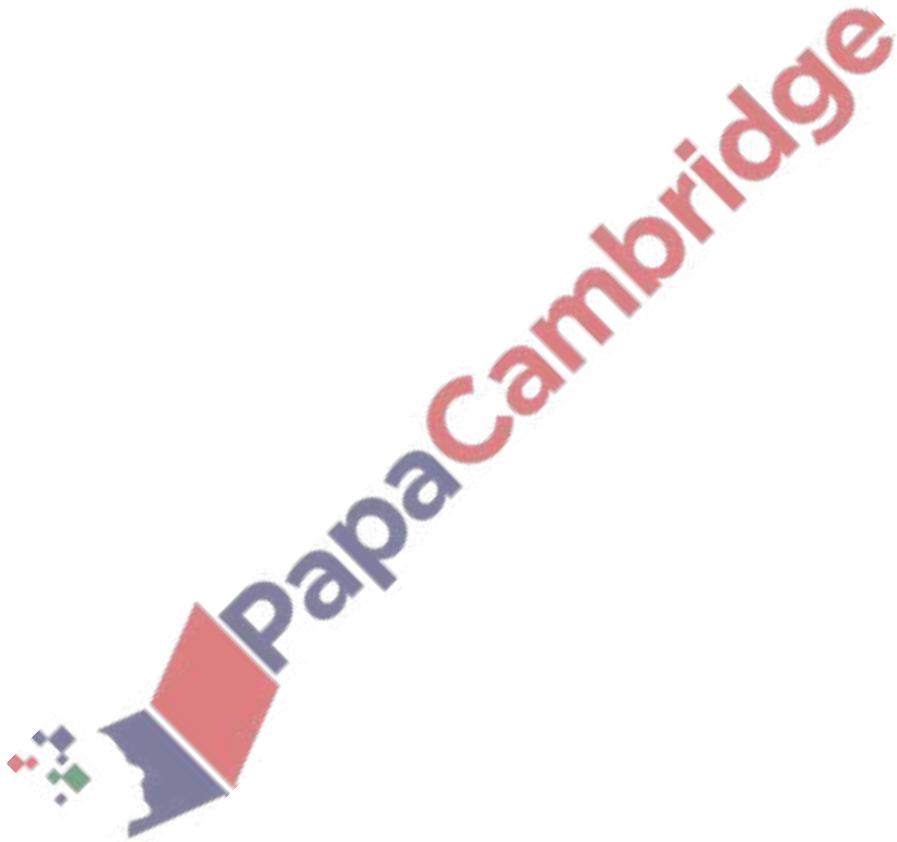
(d) Describe fully the **single** transformation that maps the graph of  $y = j(x)$  onto the graph of

(i)  $y = j(x-5)$ ,

.....  
..... [2]

(ii)  $y = 5j(x)$ .

.....  
..... [3]



2. Nov/2021/Paper\_43/No.11

$$f(x) = 2x - 1$$

$$g(x) = x^2 + 2x$$

$$h(x) = 4^x$$

$$j(x) = 2^x$$

(a) Find the value of

(i)  $h(3)$ ,

..... [1]

(ii)  $f(h(3))$ .

..... [1]

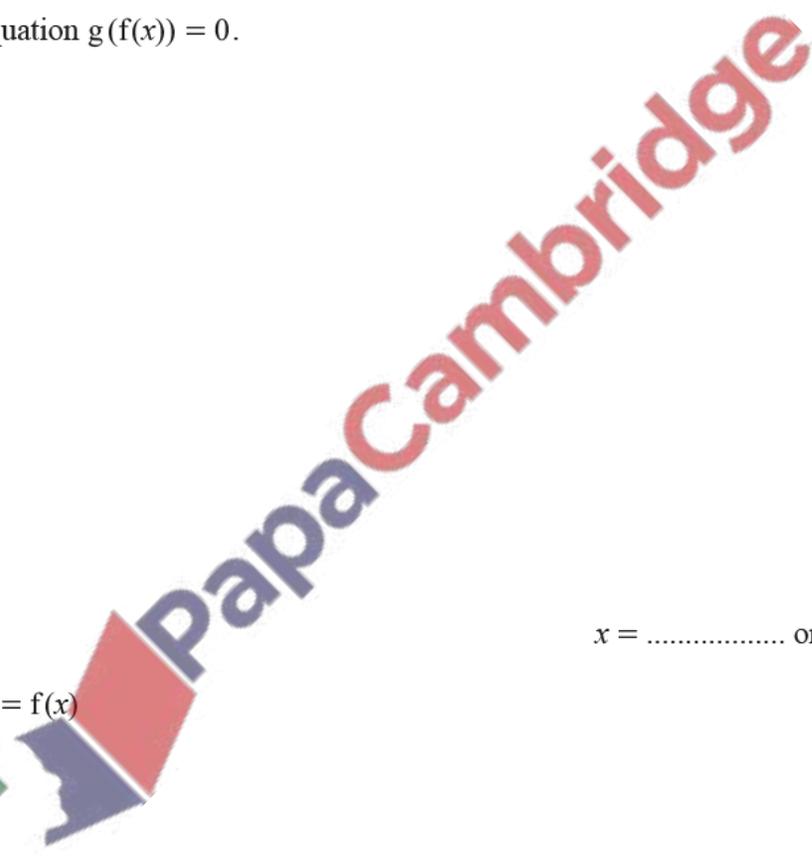
(b) Solve the equation  $g(f(x)) = 0$ .

$x = \dots\dots\dots$  or  $x = \dots\dots\dots$  [4]

(c)  $p^{-1}(x) = f(x)$

Find  $p(x)$ .

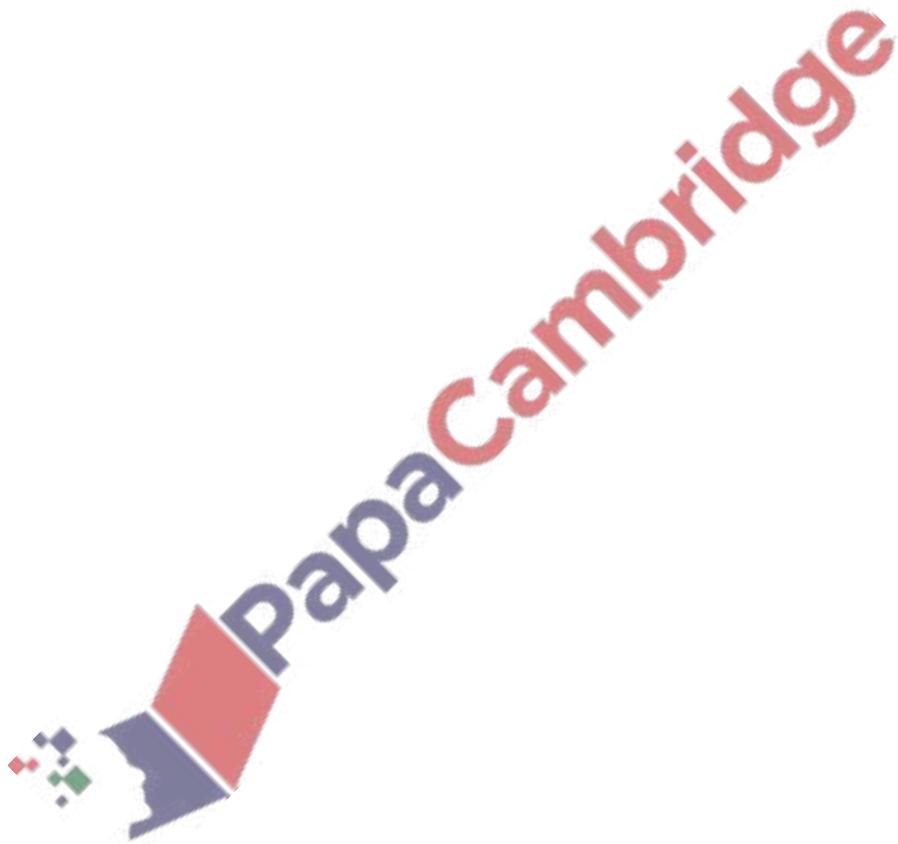
..... [2]



(d)  $h(x)j(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$

Find the value of  $x$ .

$x = \dots\dots\dots$  [3]



3. June/2021/Paper\_41/No.11

$$f(x) = 3 - 2x$$

$$g(x) = x^2 + 5$$

$$h(x) = x^3$$

$$j(x) = 3^x$$

(a) Find  $f(5)$ .

..... [1]

(b) Find  $f(j(5))$ .

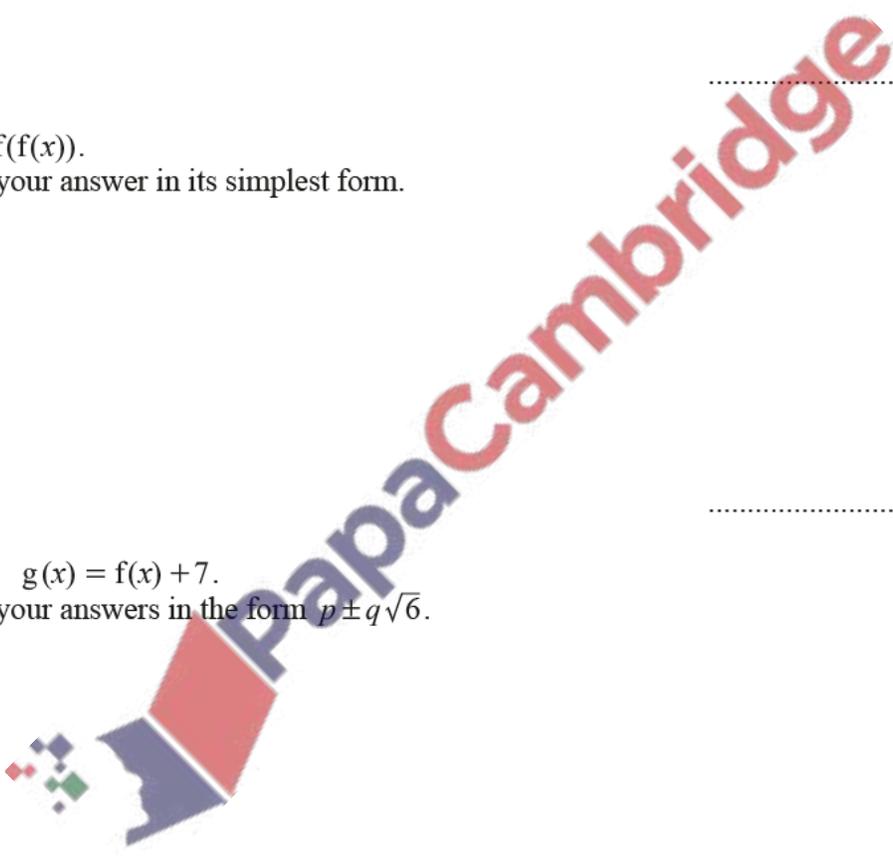
..... [2]

(c) Find  $f(f(x))$ .  
Give your answer in its simplest form.

..... [2]

(d) Solve  $g(x) = f(x) + 7$ .  
Give your answers in the form  $p \pm q\sqrt{6}$ .

..... [4]



(e) (i) Find  $f^{-1}(x)$ .

$$f^{-1}(x) = \dots\dots\dots [2]$$

(ii) Find  $h^{-1}(x)$ .

$$h^{-1}(x) = \dots\dots\dots [1]$$

(f) Find  $x$  when  $j^{-1}(x) = -2$ .

$$x = \dots\dots\dots [2]$$

