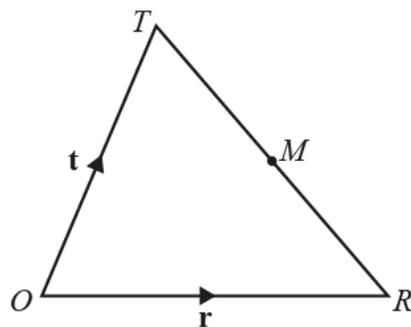


1. Nov/2021/Paper_23/No.26



NOT TO
SCALE

ORT is a triangle and M is the midpoint of TR .
 O is the origin, $\vec{OR} = \mathbf{r}$ and $\vec{OT} = \mathbf{t}$.

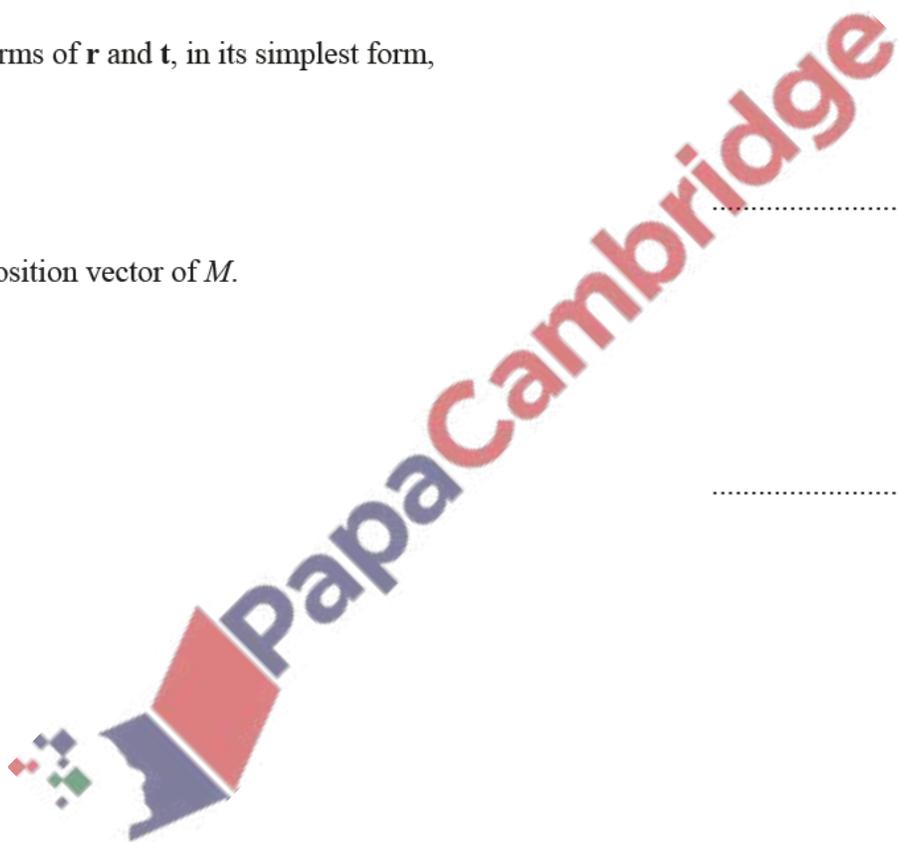
Find, in terms of \mathbf{r} and \mathbf{t} , in its simplest form,

(a) \vec{TR} ,

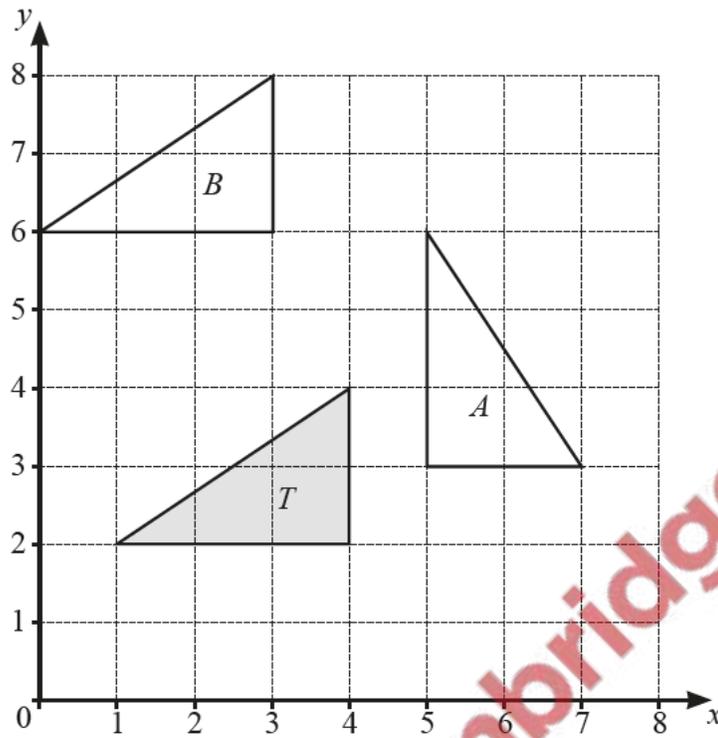
..... [1]

(b) the position vector of M .

..... [2]



The diagram shows three triangles, T , A , and B , drawn on a 1 cm^2 grid.



(a) Describe fully the **single** transformation that maps triangle T onto triangle A .

.....
 [3]

(b) (i) Describe fully the **single** transformation that maps triangle T onto triangle B .

.....
 [2]

(ii) Calculate the distance that each point of triangle T moves when it is mapped onto triangle B .

..... cm [2]

3. June/2021/Paper_21/No.5

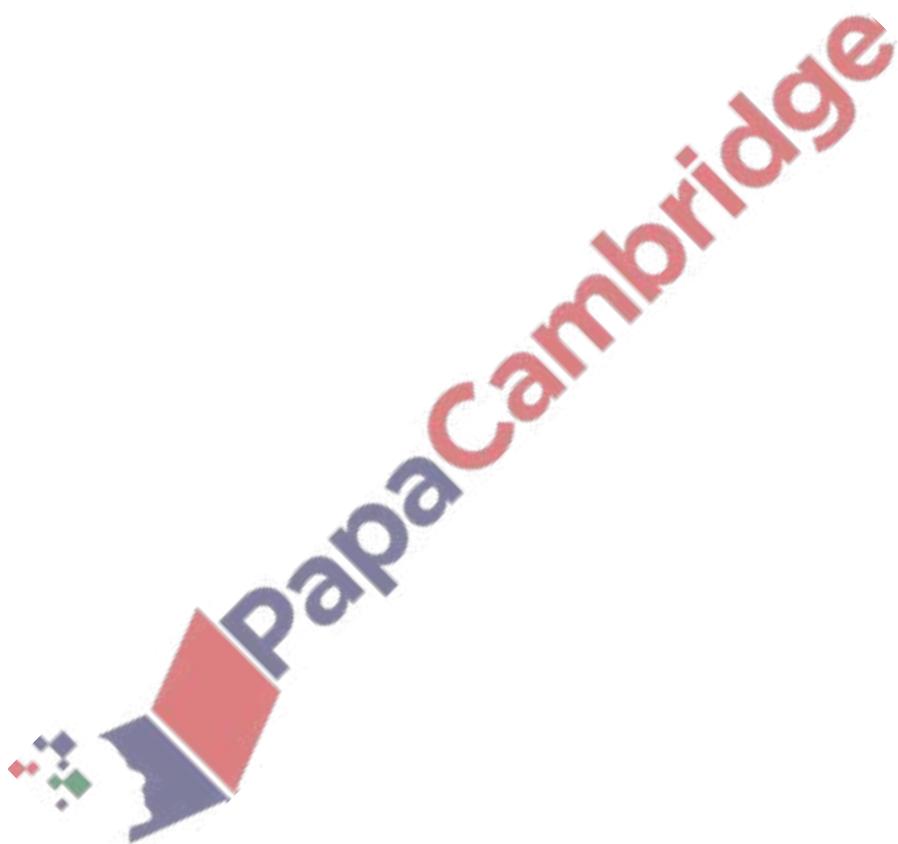
Work out.

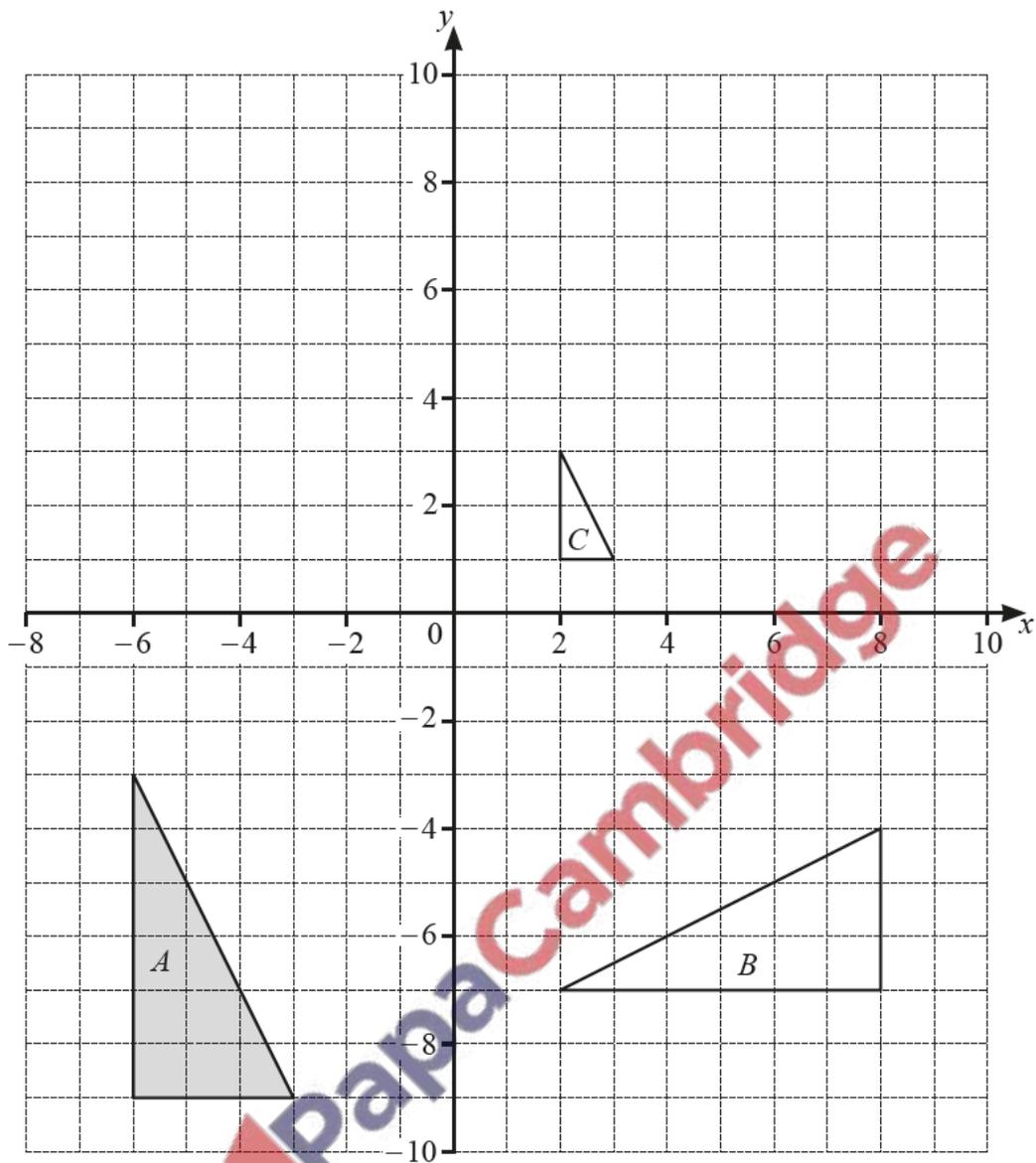
(a) $\begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 8 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$

$\begin{pmatrix} \\ \end{pmatrix}$ [1]

(b) $3 \begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix}$

$\begin{pmatrix} \\ \end{pmatrix}$ [1]





(a) Describe fully the **single** transformation that maps

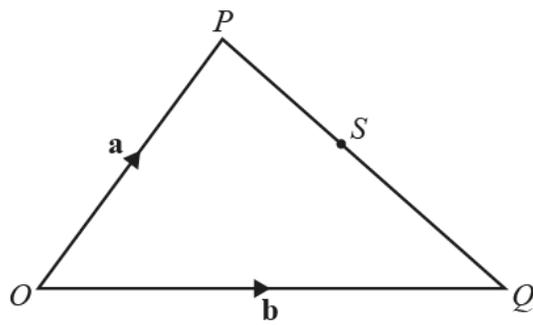
(i) triangle *A* onto triangle *B*,

.....
 [3]

(ii) triangle *A* onto triangle *C*.

.....
 [3]

(b) Draw the image of triangle *A* after a translation by the vector $\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 10 \end{pmatrix}$. [2]



NOT TO
SCALE

S is a point on PQ such that $PS : SQ = 4 : 5$.

Find \overrightarrow{OS} , in terms of \mathbf{a} and \mathbf{b} , in its simplest form.

$\overrightarrow{OS} = \dots\dots\dots$ [2]

