CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

Cambridge International Advanced Subsidiary and Advanced Level

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2015 series

9608 COMPUTER SCIENCE

9608/21

Paper 2 (Written Paper), maximum raw mark 75

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

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F	Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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1	(i)	40		[1]
	(ii)	314.2(0)		[1]
	(iii)	16 // ERROR as identifier Z has not been declared		[1]
	(iv)	TRUE		[1]
2	(i)	(Single) software program Features for: program editor/writing/editing translation // interpreter/compiler testing program code // observe outputs 2 points to score		[1]
	(ii)	Syntax checking (on entry) Structure blocks (e.g. IF structure and loops begin/end highlighted) General prettyprint features Automatic indentation Highlights any undeclared variables Highlights any unassigned variables Commenting out/in of blocks of code Visual collapsing / highlighting of blocks of code Single stepping Breakpoints		
		Variable/expressions report window		[MAX 3]

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3 (a)

	Inpu	Output		
Test Case	InA	InB	OutZ	
1	TRUE	TRUE	FALSE	[1]
2	TRUE	FALSE	TRUE	[1]
3	FALSE	TRUE	TRUE	[1]
4	FALSE	FALSE	TRUE	[1]

(b) IF InA = TRUE AND InB = TRUE
THEN
OutZ ← FALSE
ELSE
OutZ ← TRUE
ENDIF

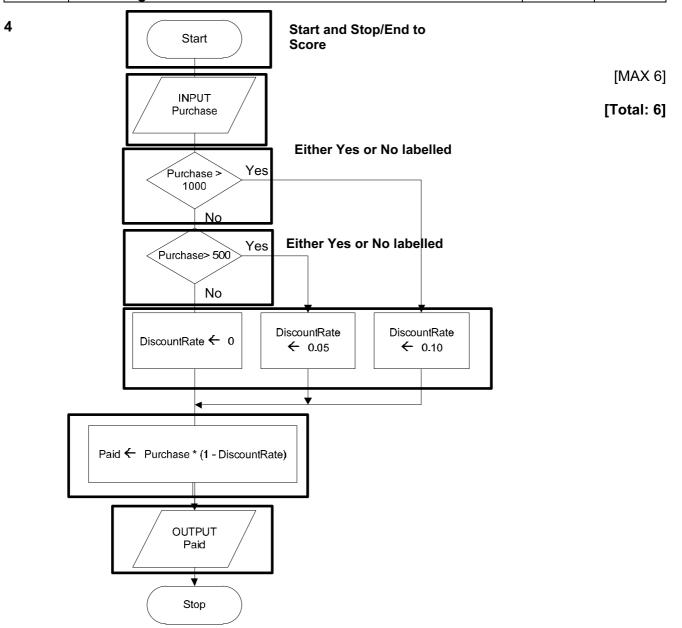
Mark as follows

Logic: OutZ
$$\leftarrow$$
 FALSE (when condition true) OutZ \leftarrow TRUE (when condition false) [1]

Alternative answer (worth 3 marks):

OutZ ← NOT(InA AND InB)
OutZ ← NOT InA OR NOT InB

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[MAX 6]

Page 5	Mark Scheme		Paper
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5 (a)

Identifier	Data type	Description
YearCount	INTEGER	Loop counter /// Age of the car
PurchasePrice	INTEGER	Purchase price of the car
CurrentValue	REAL // CURRENCY Allow: SINGLE Refuse: DOUBLE	The changing depreciated value

Must have correct identifier + Data type + Description to score

```
(b) OUTPUT "Enter Purchase price"
   INPUT PurchasePrice
   CurrentValue ← PurchasePrice
                                                                             [1]
   YearCount \leftarrow 1
   WHILE YearCount < 9 AND CurrentValue >= 1000
                                                                              [2]
          Note: Penalise: inclusion of $
       IF YearCount = 1
                                                                             [1]
          THEN
              CurrentValue ← CurrentValue * (1 - 40/100)
          ELSE
              CurrentValue ← CurrentValue * 0.8
                                                                             [1]
       ENDIF
       OUTPUT YearCount, CurrentValue
                                                                             [1]
       YearCount \leftarrow YearCount + 1
   ENDWHILE
```

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6

(a) Combination of staff and task number // the pair of numbers // the pair of random numbers [1] //there will be duplicates /repeats//some staff tasks will not be generated [1] **(b) (i)** 04 // 03 [1] (ii) 27 // 28 [1] (iii) 20 [1] [1] (iv) 11 / 12 (c) (i) Zero [1] (ii) Completed <> 60 // NewStaffTask = FALSE [1] Allow: Inclusion of the WHILE (iii) Determines whether this combination of StaffNum and TaskNum has been completed [1] [1] Assigns value TRUE if not already generated Flags that this is the first time this staff + task has been selected/to exit the loop [1] Outputs the <u>new</u> staff + task number [1] [MAX 3] (iv) TaskGrid : ARRAY[1:5, 1:12] OF BOOLEAN 1 mark 1 mark [2] (d) Pseudocode ... (SELECT) CASE (OF) + ENDCASE using StaffNo 1 mark 1 mark (CASE) 1: StaffName ← "Sadiq" 1 (CASE) 2: StaffName ← "Smith" (CASE) 3: StaffName ← "Ho" (CASE) 4: StaffName ← "Azmah" (CASE) 5: StaffName ← "Papadopolis" (all four cases ...) 1 ENDCASE // ENDSELECT [4] Visual Basic

```
Select Case StaffNo
   Case 1
      StaffName = "Sadiq"
   Case 2
      StaffName = "Smith"
   Case 3
      StaffName = "Ho"
   Case 4
      StaffName = "Azmah"
   Case 5
      StaffName = "Papadopolis"
End Select
```

Pa	age 7	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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7	(a) (i)	CAT Ignore any opening + closing quotes		[1]
	(ii)	13		[1]
	(iii)	83		[1]
	(iv)	15		[1]
	Co	ut of string rrect syntax (for both prompt and assignment) es MyString identifier		[1]
	St	ringTotal set to 0		[1]
	FO	R loop: FOR - NEXT keywords // (Python) correct indentation Correct start and /end boundaries Note: the end boundary must use the language length function/method // alternative Python syntax		[1] [1]
	Iso	late single character number		[1]
	Fol Ass	lowed by the use of Asc (VB) // Ord (Python) } signed to NextNum		[1]
	Add	ded to StringTotal		[1]
	Co	rrect syntax for the output of the string and number		[1]
				[MAX 6]
		thon String = input('key in string')		
		ringTotal = 0 r i in range (0, len(MyString)): NextNum = ord(MyString[i]) StringTotal = StringTotal + NextNum		

print(MyString, StringTotal)

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```
Visual Basic...
```

```
Dim MyString As String
   Dim StringTotal As Integer
   Dim i As Integer
   Dim NextNum As Integer
   Console.Write("key in string")
   MyString = Console.ReadLine
   StringTotal = 0
   For i = 1 To Len(MyString) // MyString.Length
      NextNum = Asc(Mid(MyString, i, 1))
      StringTotal = StringTotal + NextNum
   Next
   Console.WriteLine(MyString & " " & Str(StringTotal))
Pascal ...
VAR MyString
              : String ;
VAR StringTotal : Integer ;
                 : Integer ;
VAR i
VAR 1 . Integer ,
VAR NextNum : Integer ;
VAR SingleChar : Char;
begin
   Writeln('key in string');
   readln(MyString) ;
   StringTotal := 0 ;
   For i := 1 To Length (MyString) do
      begin
          SingleChar := MyString[i] ;
          NextNum := Ord(SingleChar) ;
          StringTotal := StringTotal + NextNum ;
      end;
   WriteLn (MyString, StringTotal) ;
   ReadLn() ;
End.
```

(c)	Used to provide an integrity/verification check	[1]
` ,	Used as a checksum	[1]
	The total can be recalculated by the receiving software	[1]
	If any of the characters have been incorrectly transmitted the recalculated total and	
	transmitted total will not match	[1]
		[MAX 2]

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8 (a) r [1] Ignore inclusion of any quotes

(b) (i) 2
Ignore inclusion of any quotes for part (i), (ii) and (iii)

(ii) + [1]

(iii) 7 [1]

(c) (i)

N1	N2	N3	N4	BottomAnswer	Ор	TopAnswer	OUTPUT
2	5	3	8	40	-	1	1/40

[2]

(ii)

(11)	')								
	N1	N2	N3	N4	BottomAnswer	Op	TopAnswer	OUTPUT	
	3	4	1	4	16	+	16	1	

[2]

(iii)

N1	N2	N3	N4	BottomAnswer	Op	TopAnswer	OUTPUT
7	9	2	3	27	+	39	
						12	
							1 12/27

[3]

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[MAX 3]

Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper	
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i) Adaptive (maintenance)		[1]	
Numerator/denominator more than 1 digit Multiply and division also possible Allow brackets Give answer as decimal number Lowest possible denominator Trap any fraction which has a zero numerator		[1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1]	
Allow the hiput of vulgar fraction(5)		[י]	
	i) Adaptive (maintenance) i) Allow more than two fractions to be added Numerator/denominator more than 1 digit Multiply and division also possible Allow brackets Give answer as decimal number Lowest possible denominator	i) Adaptive (maintenance) i) Allow more than two fractions to be added Numerator/denominator more than 1 digit Multiply and division also possible Allow brackets Give answer as decimal number Lowest possible denominator Trap any fraction which has a zero numerator	i) Adaptive (maintenance) i) Allow more than two fractions to be added Numerator/denominator more than 1 digit Multiply and division also possible Allow brackets Give answer as decimal number Lowest possible denominator Trap any fraction which has a zero numerator [1] Cambridge International AS/A Level – October/November 2015 [1] [1] [1] [1]