

Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge International Advanced Subsidiary and Advanced Level

DESIGN AND TECHNOLOGY

9705/12

Paper 1

October/November 2016

MARK SCHEME
Maximum Mark: 120

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2016 series for most Cambridge IGCSE[®], Cambridge International A and AS Level components and some Cambridge O Level components.

® IGCSE is the registered trademark of Cambridge International Examinations.



Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge International AS/A Level – October/November 2016	9705	12

Section A

1	(a)		er shape of nut (square or hexagonal) eaded hole	0–1 0–1	[2]
	(b)	(i)	Appropriate bending process described Details of appropriate tools, equipment and safety precautions	0–3 0–3	[6]
		(ii)	Appropriate method for making thread described Details of appropriate tools, equipment and safety precautions	0–3 0–3	[6]
		(iii)	Appropriate method of brazing described Details of appropriate tools, equipment and safety precautions	0–3 0–3	[6]
				[Total:	20]
2	(a)	(i)	Correct height of model of desk 75 mm		[1]
		(ii)	Correct length of model of desk 280 mm		[1]
	(b)	Six	torial view produced parts shown in correct positions ality of sketch	0–2 0–2 0–2	[6]
	(c)	(i)	Correct shape marked out Cutting out and assembly described Details of appropriate tools, equipment and safety precautions	0–2 0–2 0–2	[6]
		(ii)	Correct shape marked out Cutting out and assembly described Details of appropriate tools, equipment and safety precautions	0-2 0-2 0-2	[6]
				[Total:	20]
3	(a)	Eac	ch appropriate safety issue given 1 mark	0–2	[2]
		For	example, no small parts, no sharp corners or edges		
	(b)	(i)	Appropriate method of making part A described Details of appropriate tools, equipment and safety precautions	0–3 0–3	[6]
		(ii)	Appropriate method of making parts B and C described Details of appropriate tools, equipment and safety precautions	0-3 0-3	[6]
		(iii)	Appropriate changes suggested How changes could be made clearly communicated	0–3 0–3	[6]
				[Total:	20]

Page 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge International AS/A Level – October/November 2016	9705	12

Section B

4

(a)	Co	rect explanation of the use of parting powder	0–2	[2]
		example, Parting powder is used to coat any surfaces that will later ed to be separated, it helps to stop the surfaces sticking together.		
(b)	Pro	blem one identified and described	0–2	
	Pro	blem two identified and described	0–2	[4]
	For mo	example, there is nowhere for the air to escape when the molten metal is poured	d in th	е
	The	ere is nowhere for the excess metal to go when the mould is full ses that are created during the process have no way of escaping from the mould		
(c)	Exp	planation of how problem one could be overcome	0–3	
	Exp	planation of how problem two could be overcome	0–3	[6]
		example, adding a tapered sprue pin as a riser which excess metal can into when mould is full		
	•	ding small vent holes in the sand for air and gases to escape through		
(d)	(i)	Situation has been analysed and relevant issues/points identified	0–3	[3]
	(ii)	Clear and appropriate explanations of why issues/points are considered relevant	0–3	[3]
	(iii)	Specific examples/evidence used to support conclusions	0–2	[2]
		Γ	Total:	20]

Page 4	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge International AS/A Level – October/November 2016	9705	12

5	(a)		propriate explanation given related to the fact that it makes it easier to close the cause the rounded flaps tuck in better than if the corners were right angles.	box 0–2	[2]
	(b)	Pro For The	blem one identified and described blem two identified and described example, the vase will not go in the box because the opening is too small development will not produce the required shape because sides of the box and the fold in flaps are the wrong shape	0–2 0–2	[4]
	(c)	Exp	planation of how problem one could be overcome planation of how problem two could be overcome example, the opening part of the box is changed to either the front or the side e shape of the sides and fold in flaps are changed to Rectangles rather than para	0–3 0–3 allelog	[6] rams
	(d)	(i)	Situation has been analysed and relevant issues/points identified	0–3	[3]
		(ii)	Clear and appropriate explanations of why issues/points are considered relevant	0–3	[3]
	((iii)	Specific examples/evidence used to support conclusions	0–2	[2]
				[Total:	20]
6	(a)	(i)	Correct answer hinge	1	
		(ii)	Correct answer lock or catch	1	[2]
	(b)	Pro For the	blem one identified and described blem two identified and described example, metal stay fixed to side of front will prevent front closing because re is no space to accommodate the thickness of the metal sent design of metal stay prevents the front closing because it is fixed at both er	0-2 0-2 nds	[4]
	(c)	Exp For and The	planation of how problem one could be overcome planation of how problem two could be overcome example, fixing method is required which allows the metal stay to pivot the beattached to inside of front rather than on its edge ere needs to be a slot along the length of the metal stay so that it can slide into the cabinet as the front is closed	0–3 0–3	[6]
	(d)	(i)	Situation has been analysed and relevant issues/points identified	0–3	[3]
		(ii)	Clear and appropriate explanations of why issues/points are considered relevant	0–3	[3]
	((iii)	Specific examples/evidence used to support conclusions	0–2	[2]
			I	[Total:	20]

[Total: 80]

Page 5	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge International AS/A Level – October/November 2016	9705	12

Section C

7	(a)	One pre-conceived Idea presented OR	0–4	
		The development and selection of a range of ideas into a single design proposal which would appear to work but lacks some technical detail OR	5–8	
		The development and selection of a range of Ideas into a single design proposal that Includes sufficient technical detail to show that the proposed solution would clearly work Clarity and quality of sketching and explanatory notes Evaluation (reasons for selection)	9–12 0–4 0–4	_
	(b)	As for part (a)		[20]
	(c)	As for part (a)		[20]
	(d)	The drawing will exhibit a reasonable standard of outcome and show some of the required design features OR	0–5	
		The drawing will exhibit a good standard of outcome and show most of the design features required to make the product function as intended OR	6–9	
		The drawing will be completed to a high standard of outcome and fully show the design features required to make the product function as intended	10–1	4
		Some use made of colour and tone to enhance the visual Impact of the drawing OR	0–2	
		Good use has been made of colour and tone to enhance the visual impact of the drawing OR	3–4	
		Very good use has been made of colour, tone and material representation to enhance the visual impact of the drawing	5–6	[20]

Questions 8 and 9 as for Question 7