# MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2010 question paper for the guidance of teachers 

## 9702 PHYSICS

9702/51 Paper 5 (Planning, Analysis and Evaluation), maximum raw mark 30

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## 1 Planning (15 marks)

## Defining the problem (3 marks)

P1 $f$ is the independent variable and $V$ is the dependent variable or vary $f$ and measure $V$ [1]
P2 Keep the current in coil X constant
P3 Keep the number of turns on coil (Y)/area of coil Y constant Do not credit reference to coil $X$ only.

## Methods of data collection (5 marks)

M1 Two independent coils labelled X and Y .
M2 Alternating power supply/signal generator connected to coil $X$ in a workable circuit.
M3 Coil Y connected to voltmeter/c.r.o. in a workable circuit.
M4 Use c.r.o. to determine period/frequency or read off signal generator.
M5 Method to keep current constant in coil X : adjust signal generator/use of rheostat.

## Method of analysis (2 marks)

A1 Plot a graph of $V$ against $f$.
A2 Relationship valid if straight line through origin

## Safety considerations (1 mark)

S1 Reference to hot coils - switch off when not in use/use gloves/do not touch coils. Must refer to hot coils.

## Additional detail (4 marks)

D1/2/3/4 Relevant points might include

1. Use large current in coil $X$ /large number of coils on coil $Y$ (to increase emf).
2. Use iron core (to increase emf).
3. Detail on measuring emf e.g. height $\times y$-gain.
4. Avoid other alternating magnetic fields.
5. Detail on measuring frequency from c.r.o. to determine period and hence $f$.
6. Use of ammeter/c.r.o. and resistor to check current is constant
7. Use insulated wire for coils.
8. Keep coil $Y$ and coil $X$ in the same relative positions.

Do not allow vague computer methods.
[Total: 15]

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## 2 Analysis, conclusions and evaluation (15 marks)



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|  | U4 | Uncertainty in $y$-intercept | Method of determining absolute uncertainty <br> Difference in worst $y$-intercept and $y$-intercept. <br> Do not allow ecf from false origin read-off <br> (FOX). Allow ecf from (c)(iv). |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (d) | C3 | $a=10^{\text {-intercept }}$ | $y$-intercept must be used. Expect an answer of <br> about 0.19 . If FOX expect answer of about 1.3. |
|  | C4 | $b=$ gradient and in the range 0.495 <br> to 0.520 and to 2 or 3 sf | Allow 0.50 to 0.52 to 2 sf <br> Penalise 1 sf or $\geq 4$ sf |
|  | U5 | Absolute uncertainty in $a$ and $b$ | Difference in $a$ and worst $a$. <br> Uncertainty in $b$ should be the same as the <br> uncertainty in the gradient. |

[Total: 15]

## Uncertainties in Question 2

(c) (iii) Gradient [U3]

1. Uncertainty = gradient of line of best fit - gradient of worst acceptable line
2. Uncertainty $=1 / 2$ (steepest worst line gradient - shallowest worst line gradient)
(c) (iv) [U4]
3. Uncertainty $=y$-intercept of line of best fit $-y$-intercept of worst acceptable line
4. Uncertainty $=1 / 2(y$-intercept of steepest worst line $-y$-intercept of shallowest worst line)
(d) [U5]
5. Uncertainty $=10{ }^{\text {best } y \text {-intercept }}-10$ worst $y$-intercept
