



Cambridge O Level

PAKISTAN STUDIES**2059/01**

Paper 1 The History and Culture of Pakistan

October/November 2021**1 hour 30 minutes**

You must answer on the enclosed answer booklet.

You will need: Answer booklet (enclosed)
Insert (enclosed)

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer **three** questions in total:
Section A: answer Question 1.
Section B: answer **two** questions.
- Follow the instructions on the front cover of the answer booklet. If you need additional answer paper, ask the invigilator for a continuation booklet.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].
- The insert contains all the sources referred to in the questions.

This document has **4** pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

Section A

Answer the following question.

This question is about the Mughal Empire.

1 Study the sources (Insert) carefully and then answer the questions which follow.

- (a) According to Source A, which policies do some historians claim contributed to the increasing instability of the Mughal Empire by the time of Aurangzeb's death? [3]
- (b) What can we learn from Source B about Mughal rule in India? [5]
- (c) Explain why the Hindu community objected to the Jizya tax. [7]
- (d) 'The Marathan rebellions were the main reason for the decline of the Mughal Empire after the death of Aurangzeb.'

How far do you agree with this statement? Explain your answer. [10]

[Total: 25]

Section B

Answer any **two** questions from this section.

- 2** (a) Describe what happened at the battle of Buxar. [4]
- (b) Explain why Sir Syed Ahmad Khan wanted to improve relations between the Muslim community and the British after the War of Independence. [7]
- (c) 'The imprisonment of its leaders was the main reason for the Khilafat Movement ending.'
- How far do you agree with this statement? Explain your answer. [14]
- [Total: 25]
- 3** (a) Describe the events that took place at Jallianwalla Bagh in 1919. [4]
- (b) Explain why the Congress Party opposed the Morley–Minto reforms of 1909. [7]
- (c) 'By 1948 Pakistan had solved the challenges created by Partition.'
- How far do you agree with this statement? Explain your answer. [14]
- [Total: 25]
- 4** (a) Describe the Quit India Resolution. [4]
- (b) Explain why martial law was implemented in 1958. [7]
- (c) To what extent has Pakistan been an effective member of world organisations since 1947?
- Explain your answer. [14]
- [Total: 25]
- 5** (a) Describe the 'cricket diplomacy' of 1987. [4]
- (b) Explain why Zulfikar Ali Bhutto reformed education between 1971 and 1977. [7]
- (c) To what extent was the Islamisation programme the most significant domestic policy introduced by the government of Zia-ul-Haq between 1977 and 1988?
- Explain your answer. [14]
- [Total: 25]

BLANK PAGE

Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (UCLES) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included, the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.

To avoid the issue of disclosure of answer-related information to candidates, all copyright acknowledgements are reproduced online in the Cambridge Assessment International Education Copyright Acknowledgements Booklet. This is produced for each series of examinations and is freely available to download at www.cambridgeinternational.org after the live examination series.

Cambridge Assessment International Education is part of the Cambridge Assessment Group. Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of the University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which itself is a department of the University of Cambridge.