#### **CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS**

**International General Certificate of Secondary Education** 

# MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2013 series

# 0452 ACCOUNTING

**0452/12** Pa

Paper 1, maximum raw mark 120

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

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Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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- 1 (a) D
  - (b) D
  - (c) D
  - (d) B
  - (e) A
  - (f) B
  - (g) C
  - (h) A
  - (i) A
  - (j) C (1) mark each

[Total: 10]

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### 2 (a) Dividends (1)

Transfer to general reserve (1)

[2]

**(b)** Shareholders have a legally separate identity from that of the company in which they hold shares

#### **OR**

Shareholders are only responsible for the debts of the company up to the amount they agreed to pay for their shares [2]

(c) Maximum (1)

Called up (1)

Money/cash/payment (1)

[3]

(d) 
$$\frac{8}{100} \times \frac{500\,000}{1000\,000} = \$0.04$$
 [1]

(e) To spread the cost of a non-current asset over its useful life

[1]

(f) (i) 
$$8000 - 1600 = 6400$$
 (1)  $- 1600$  =  $4800$  (1)

[2]

(ii) 
$$8000 - 2000 = 6000$$
 (1)  $- 1500$ ) = 4500 (1)

[2]

(g) Revaluation (1)

Packing cases/loose tools/other appropriate example (1)

[2]

(h) Disposal account

[1]

[Total: 16]

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# 3 (a) Any two from –

To see the return on his investment

To see if he is generating funds for re-investment

To decide whether to continue in business or close the business

To compare the profit with previous years

To compare the profit with that of other businesses

To ensure that drawings do not exceed profit

To plan for the future/assist decision-making

To know if expenses can be controlled better/if improvements can be made

To calculate ratios/calculate profitability/measure performance

To compare profit with the salary if he worked elsewhere

For legal or tax purposes

## Any 2 reasons (1) each

[2]

(b)

Account	Trial balance Debit or credit		Balance sheet section	
Drawings	Debit	(1)	Capital	(1)
Provision for doubtful debts	Credit	(1)	Current assets	(1)
Credit supplier	Credit	(1)	Current liabilities	(1)
Bank overdraft	Credit	(1)	Current liabilities	(1)
Long term bank loan	Credit	(1)	Non-current liabilities	(1)
Provision for depreciation	Credit	(1)	Non-current assets	(1)

[12]

### (c) Any two from -

Omission	(1)	example of transaction totally omitted from the books (*							
Commission	(1)	example of transaction posted to correct side of wrong							
		account of right class	(1)						
Principle	(1)	example of transaction posted to correct side of wrong							
		account of wrong class	(1)						
Original entry	(1)	example of transaction incorrectly recorded in book of							
		prime entry	(1)						
Reversal	(1)	example of debit entry posted on credit side and vice versa	(1)						
Compensating	(1)	example of two or more errors cancelling each other out	(1)						

### Naming any 2 errors (1) each

+ (1) each for appropriate example

[4]

[Total: 18]

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4 (a)

Document	Alan	Vicky
Invoice	<b>√</b> (1)	
Credit note	<b>√</b> (1)	
Debit note		<b>√</b> (1)
Statement of account	<b>√</b> (1)	

[4]

(b)

			Ins \$	suran	ce account		\$	
2012			Ψ		2013		Ψ	
July 1	Balance	b/d	200	(1)	June 30	Income statement	1300	(1)OF
Sept 1	Bank/cash	า	<u>1320</u> 1520	(1)		Balance c/d	<u>220</u> 1520	
2013								
July 1	Balance	b/d	220	(1)				
+ (1) date	s							

[5]

(c)

			Sta	atione	ery account			
			\$				\$	
2012					2013			
July 1	Balance	b/d	60	(1)	June 30	Income statement	760	(1)OF
2013						Balance c/d	110	
June 30	Bank/cash	า	810	(1)				
			<u>870</u>				<u>870</u>	
2013								
July 1	Balance	b/d	110	(1)				

+ (1) dates

[5]

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# (d) One from -

Sales ledger control account Purchases ledger control account Trial balance

[1] Any one (1)

,		
1	Δ	١
١	ᆫ	,

		С	ash Bo \$	ok (Bank	columns or	nly)	\$	
2013			*		2013		*	
Aug 1	Balance Diga Howat	b/d	1690 658 512 	(1) (1) (1)	Aug 1	Bank charges Water rates Rent Balance c/d	61 205 1000 <u>1594</u> 2860	(1) (1) (1)
2013 Aug 1	Balance	b/d	1594	(1) OF				

[7]

(f)

Bank Reconciliation S	tatement at 1 Au	ugust 2	013		
		\$		\$	
Balance shown in cash book				1594	(1)OF
Add Cheques not yet presented	Nash	701	(1)		
	Zamir	<u>451</u>	(1)	<u>1152</u>	
				2746	
Less Amounts not yet credited	Cash sales			<u>1112</u>	(1)
Balance shown on bank statement				1634	(1)
•					(1)

Alternative presentation  Bank Reconciliation Statement at 1 August 2013					
Dank Neconciliation St	atement at 1 Aut	\$ \$	013	\$	
Balance shown on bank statement Add Amounts not yet credited	Cash sales	Ť		1634 1112 2746	(1) (1)
Less Cheques not yet presented	Nash Zamir	701 <u>451</u>	(1) (1)	<u>1152</u>	
Balance shown in cash book	Zamii	<u>101</u>	(')	<u>1594</u>	(1)OF

[5]

[Total: 27]

Pa	ge 7			ark Sche			Syllab		Pape	
		IGCS	SE – Oc	tober/No	vember	2013	0452	2	12	
(a)										
(a)				Sub	scriptio	ns account				
				\$					\$	
	2012					2012				
	Aug 1 2013	Balance	b/d	60 00	(1)	Aug 1 2013	Balance	b/d	70	(1
	July 31	Income a				July 31	Bank		3100	•
		Expenditu		3190	(1)OF		Bad debts		50	•
		Balance	c/d	<u>10</u> 3260			Balance	c/d	40 3260	
	2013			<u>3200</u>		2013			<u>3200</u>	
	Aug 1	Balance	b/d	40	(1)	Aug 1	Balance	b/d	10	(1
	J				` '	J				`
(b)										
()				Top S	Shot Bac	lminton Club	)			
		I	ncome S			year ended	31 July 201	3		
	Davassis						\$		\$	4\
	Revenue	e st of sales							5200 (	1)
		ntory 1 Augu	ıst 2012				400	(1)		
		chases (2800					<u> 2650</u>	(1)		
		•	ŕ				3050			
		s Inventory 3	1 July 20	013			<u>480</u>	(1)	<u>2570</u>	4\ 0 :
	Profit								<u>2630</u> (	1)01
(c)				T 0	hat Dr.	lunciuntare Olerle				
		Income	and Evn			lminton Club for the year		ulv 20.	13	
		HICOHIE	апи шхр	oriuitui e /		ioi iiie yeai	\$	uly 20	\$	
	Subscrip	tions					Ψ			1)0
		refreshment	s						<u>2630</u> (	1)OI
									5820	
	Rent						1400}	(4)		
	Wages Other co	ete					1200 <b>}</b> 370	(1) (1)		
	Bad deb						50	(1)		
	Dad deb	tion on the		200 . 200	0.40	0)	4000	(1)	4000	

Depreciation – equipment (6200 + 3800 – 8100)

Surplus for the year

(2)

<u>1900</u>

<u>4920</u>

900 **(1)OF** 

[8]

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(d)

Top Shot Badminton Club Balance Sheet at 31 July 2013

\$ \$ \$

Non-current Assets Equipment at valuation

8 100 (1)

**Current Assets** 

480 (1) Inventory Subscriptions accrued 40 (1) <u>1 420</u> (1) Bank

1 940

**Current Liabilities** Subscriptions prepaid

<u>10</u> (1)

Net current assets

1 930 10 030

Accumulated Fund

Opening balance 9 130 (1) Plus Surplus for the year 900

(1)OF 10 030

[7]

(e)

Bank balance	Income and expenditure account				
No adjustments made for accruals and prepayments	Items are adjusted for accruals and prepayments				
Includes all money received and paid	Includes only revenue receipts and expenditures				
Includes only monetary items	Includes non-monetary items				

Any four reasons (1) each

[4]

[Total: 31]

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6 (a)

#### **Amina**

	\$		\$	
Revenue (95 000 + 9500)			104 500	(1)
Less Cost of production (60 000 – 4000)	56 000	(1)		
Depreciation of equipment (10% × 80 000)	8 000	(1)	64 000	
Gross profit			40 500	
Less Other costs	25 000			
Loan interest (4% × 80 000)	3 200	(1)	<u> 28 200</u>	
Profit for the year (1)			<u>12 300</u>	(1)CF

### Alternative presentation

#### **Amina**

Revised Income Statement for the year ended 31 August 2014

	\$	\$
Original profit		10 000
Add Increase in selling price	9 500 <b>(1)</b>	
Decrease in repairs	<u>4 000</u> (1)	<u>13 500</u>
		23 500
Less Interest on loan	3 200 <b>(1)</b>	
Depreciation	<u>8 000</u> (1)	<u>11 200</u>
Revised profit for the year (1)		<u>12 300</u> (1)CF

[6]

(b) Advice – Purchase the equipment (1) Reason – Profit for the year is increased (1)

#### Or suitable advice and reason based on OF answer to (a)

[2]

(c) Any one from -

May not be able to obtain the loan
Interest must be paid irrespective of profit
Loan has to be re-paid at a future date
May not want the commitment of a liability
Estimated costs may be too low
Loan interest may increase

#### Or other appropriate comment

## Any 1 comment (2) marks

[2]

(d) (i) 
$$\frac{10\,000}{64\,000} \times \frac{100}{1} = 15.62\%$$
 (1)

(ii) 
$$\frac{(12\,300\,(1)\text{OF} + 3\,200\,(1))}{(64\,000 + 80\,000)\,(1)} \times \frac{100}{1} = 10.76\%\,(1)\,\text{OF}$$
 [5]

[Total: 15]