

Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		

ACCOUNTING 0452/11

Paper 1 May/June 2018
1 hour 45 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper. No Additional Materials are required.

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

DO **NOT** WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

You may use a calculator.

Where layouts are to be completed, you may not need all the lines for your answer.

The businesses mentioned in this Question Paper are fictitious.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.



There are 10 parts to Question 1.

For **each** of the parts (a) to (j) below there are four possible answers, A, B, C and D. Choose the one you consider correct and place a tick (\checkmark) in the box to indicate the correct answer.

1 (a) For which accounts does the cash book act as a ledger account?

		bank	cash	discount allowed	discount received
	A	√	√	1	1
	В		✓	1	1
	С			1	1
	D	1	1		
(b)	Whi	ch statement abo	out the division	of the ledger i	s not correct?
υ,	A	Checking proce		_	5 1161 5511551.
	В	Fewer entries a			ırchases acco
	С	It is easier for re			
	D	Work can be sh	ared between	two or more bo	ok-keepers.
c)	Whi	ch account may	appear as a cr	edit balance in	a trial balance
	Α	carriage outwar	ds		
	В	discount receive	ed		
	С	drawings			
	D	inventory			
/ -I\	l		1100		
(d)		rance prepaid, \$			
	Whi	ch effect did this	have on the p	rofit for the yea	r?
	A	overstated \$120)		
	В	overstated \$240)		
	С	understated \$12	20		
	D	understated \$24	10		

[1]

[1]

(e) Goods, \$250, sold on credit to Ahmed were credited to Aktar's account.

What is the correcting journal entry?

		debit \$	credit \$	
A	Ahmed Aktar Suspense	250 250	500	
В	Ahmed Suspense Aktar	250 250	500	
С	Aktar Ahmed Suspense	500	250 250	
D	Suspense Ahmed Aktar	500	250 250	

(f) Hassan sells two products, X and Y. He provided the following information on 31 December 2017.

product	number of units	cost per unit	net realisable value per unit \$
X	520	2.00	2.20
Υ	390	3.00	2.80

50 units of product Y were damaged and will have to be destroyed.

What was the total value of Hassan's inventory?

A	\$1992	
В	\$2132	
С	\$2164	
D	\$2314	

© UCLES 2018 0452/11/M/J/18 **[Turn over**

(g)	vvn	What would not be included in a statement of changes in equity?							
	A	ordinary share dividend	paid which relates to	the pre	vious year				
	В	ordinary share dividend	proposed which relat	es to th	e current year				
	С	profit for the year							
	D	transfer to general reser	ve			[41]			
/L\	Dat	la and Carla are in name			and Oro. The common				
(h)		h and Carla are in partnei rmation at 31 January 20		and ioss	ses 3.2. They prov	ided the following			
				\$	\$				
		Profit for th Interest on	e year capital: Beth	4000	42000				
			Carla	3000	7000				
		Salary: Bet	h		10000				
	Wh	at was the total amount o	redited to Beth's curr	ent acc	ount on 31 Januar	y 2018?			
	A	\$15000							
	В	\$25200							
	С	\$29000							
	D	\$39200							
						[1]			
(i)		ne members of a sports ncial year.	club had not paid th	eir ann	ual subscriptions	at the end of the			
		ere will these unpaid subs	scriptions be shown i	n the fin	ancial statements	?			
		oro wiii tirooo aripara oabt	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,						
		receipts and payments account	income and expenditure accour	nt fii	statement of nancial position				
	A	√	✓		✓				
	В	✓ ·			✓				
	С	✓ ✓	✓						
	D		✓		√				
			ı			[1]			

(j)		1 April 2017 trade receivables owed \$4250 and on 31 March 2018 the ing the year \$46750 was received from trade receivables and they returned	-	
	Wh	at were the credit sales for the year?		
	A	\$46440		
	В	\$47060		
	С	\$47570		
	D	\$48 190		[1]
			[Total:	

2	(a)	Complete the following table indicating with a tick () the section of a statement of financial
		position in which each item would appear.

	non-current assets	current assets	non-current liabilities	current liabilities
trade payables				
5-year loan				
inventory				
loose tools				
bank overdraft				
rent receivable accrued				

	- 1						
							[3
(b)	(i)	State one advantage of	being a partner	rather than a	sole trader.		
							[1
	(ii)	State one disadvantage	of being a part	ner rather than	a sole trader.		
	,	Ç.					[-1
			•••••				[
(c)		me three interested partie Incial statements of a busi					
	IIIIa	inciai statements of a busi	11655. FUI eaci	i interested pa	rty State a reas	on for their	interesi
		interested party		reason for	their interest		
							 [6
(d)	Sta	te two causes of deprecia	tion.				
	1						

(e) Complete the following table by writing **either** True or False against **each** statement about depreciation.

	True or False
The depreciation is calculated on the cost price less residual value when the straight line (equal instalment) method is used.	
The percentage rate of depreciation decreases each year when the reducing (diminishing) balance method is used.	
The provision for depreciation of a non-current asset is deducted from the cost price in the statement of financial position.	
A provision for depreciation is a means of providing a fund to purchase a replacement non-current asset.	

(f)	Name one accounting objective.	
		[1]

(g) Name the accounting principle described by **each** of the following statements.

	Accounting Principle
The same accounting treatment is applied to similar items at all times.	
Accounting assumes that a business will continue to operate indefinitely.	
Transactions are expressed in monetary terms.	
Revenue is recognised as earned when ownership of goods passes to the customer.	

[4]

[4]

[Total: 22]

3 Amira owns an advertising agency. Her financial year ends on 30 April.

On 1 April 2018 she decided to use a petty cash book with a monthly imprest of \$80 which would be restored on the first day of each month.

REQUIRED

(a)	State one reason for using a petty cash book.						
				[1]			
(b)	State one advantage	of the imprest system of petty cash.					
				[1]			
On	1 April 2018 Amira put	\$80 cash in the petty cash box.					
Her	transactions for the me	onth of April 2018 were as follows.					
	April 4	Bought stamps	\$ 3				
	7	Purchased printing paper	8				
	11	Purchased ink cartridges	12				
	19	Paid window cleaner	10				
	22	Paid KK Limited, a trade payable	35				
	29	Purchased flowers for reception desk	7				

REQUIRED

(c) Enter these transactions in Amira's petty cash book on the page opposite.

Balance the petty cash book and bring down the balance on 1 May 2018.

[10]

Amira Petty Cash Book

Total received \$	Date	Details	Total paid	Postage \$	Computer supplies	General expenses \$	Ledger accounts \$
80	2018 April 1	Cash					

(d) Complete the following table to show the double entry to restore the petty cash imprest on 1 May 2018.

debit	\$ credit	\$

[3]

(e) Show the entry which would be made in the computer supplies account in April 2018. It is **not** necessary to close or balance the account.

Amira
Computer supplies account

Date	Details	\$ Date	Details	\$

[1]

Amira balanced her cash book on 30 April 2018. The bank column showed that she had \$17620 in the bank.

On the same date the bank statement showed a different balance.

REQUIRED

(1)	1) State two reasons for preparing a bank reconciliation statement.								
	1								

A comparison of the cash book and the bank statement revealed the following.

1 Items appearing only on the bank statement

Bank charges 28
Dishonoured cheque, Jabir 153
Business rates paid by direct debit 95

Items appearing only in the cash book

Cheque received from Shadya
Cheque paid to Abasi
824
1075

3 Debit side of cash book was undercast 100

REQUIRED

(g) Update the cash book of Amira.

Bring down the updated balance on 1 May 2018.

Amira
Cash Book (bank columns only)

Date	Details	\$	Date	Details	\$
2018					
April 30	Balance b/d	17620			

[5]

(h) Prepare a bank reconciliation statement for Amira at 30 April 2018 to determine the balance shown on the bank statement.

Amira Bank Reconciliation Statement at 30 April 2018

Ф

[4]

(i)	State the bank balance which would appear in the statement of financial position on 30 April 2018. Name the section in which it would appear.
	Amount of bank balance \$
	Section of statement of financial position[2]
(j)	Suggest two possible reasons why the cheque from Jabir was dishonoured.
	1
	2[2]
	[Total: 31]

PLEASE TURN OVER

4 Harry is a trader in farm machinery. He maintains a full set of accounting records. His financial year ends on 31 March.

Harry made the following entries in his purchases journal and purchases returns journal in March 2018.

Harry Purchases Journal

2018		\$	\$
March 15	AX Limited Goods Less Trade discount	3250 650	2600
24	FM Limited Goods Less Trade discount	1820 273	1547
31	Total for month		4147
	Purchases Returns Journal	I	
2018		\$	\$
March 17	AX Limited Goods Less Trade discount	450 90	360
28	FM Limited Goods Less Trade discount	200 30	170
31	Total for month		530

Harry made the following payments by cheque.

2018

March 4 AX Limited, \$2425, in full settlement of the amount due on that date.

30 FM Limited to settle the amount due on that date. No cash discount was received.

REQUIRED

(a) Enter the transactions for March in the following ledger accounts.

Close the accounts on 31 March 2018 by balancing or by making a transfer to the income statement.

Some entries have already been made in the accounts during the year.

Harry AX Limited account

Date	Details	\$ Date	Details	\$
		 2018 Mar 1	Balance b/d	2500

FM Limited account

Date	Details	\$ Date	Details	\$
		 2018 Mar 1	Balance b/d	750

Purchases account

Date	Details	\$	Date	Details	\$
2018 Feb 28	Total to date	43 000			

Purchases returns account

Date	Details	\$	Date	Details	\$
			2018 Feb 28	Total to date	5020
	1	I		1	

[12]

[Total: 17]

(b)	(i)	Suggest one reason why AX Limited allowed Harry trade discount on his purchases on 15 March 2018.
		[1]
	(ii)	Calculate the percentage of trade discount AX Limited allowed Harry on his purchases on 15 March 2018.
		[1]
(c)	Nan	ne the following documents:
	(i)	the document issued by AX Limited on 15 March 2018
		[1]
	(ii)	the document issued by Harry on 17 March 2018
		[1]
	/:::\	the decument which AV Limited may issue on 31 March 2019
	(iii)	the document which AX Limited may issue on 31 March 2018

PLEASE TURN OVER

5 Addae opened a factory making children's clothes on 1 February 2017.

He provided the following information at the end of his first year of trading.

		\$
Purchases of raw materials		48 400
Direct factory wages		38800
Indirect factory wages		27 140
General factory expenses		3150
Carriage inwards		1 950
Factory heat and light		1 110
Factory insurance		1 860
Inventory at 31 January 2018:	raw materials	5 1 5 0
	work in progress	7260
	finished goods	5 5 0 0

Factory machinery, \$75000, was purchased on 1 February 2017 and is to be depreciated by 20% per annum.

REQUIRED

(a)	Def	ine and give one example of each of the following types of inventory in Addae's business.
	(i)	Raw materials
		Definition
		Example[2]
	(ii)	Work in progress
		Definition
		Example[2]
	(iii)	Finished goods
		Definition
		Example[2]

(b) Prepare the manufacturing account for the year ended 31 January 2018.

Addae Manufacturing Account for the year ended 31 January 2018

\$	\$

[10]

[Total: 24]

The cost of production was higher than Addae expected.

REQUIRED

(c)	Suggest two ways in which the cost of production could be reduced apart from purchasing lower quality materials.					
	1					
	2					
	[2]					
	r the preparation of the manufacturing account, Addae provided the following additional mation.					
	\$					
	enue 179250 t of sales 119500					
	t of sales 119500 ninistration and selling expenses 34750					
REC	QUIRED					
(d)	Calculate the percentage of gross profit to revenue (gross profit margin). The calculation should be to two decimal places.					
	[2]					
(e)	Calculate the percentage of profit for the year to revenue (net profit margin). The calculation should be to two decimal places.					
	[2]					
(f)	Suggest two ways in which the percentage of profit for the year to revenue could be improved.					
	1					
	2					
	[2]					

6	Mai is a trader. At the end of her financial year on 31 March 2018 she opened a suspense account
	with a debit balance of \$650.

REQUIRED

(a)	State two reasons why it was necessary for Mai to open a suspense account.		
	1		
	2		
	[2]		

Mai discovered that some errors had been made in her accounting records.

REQUIRED

(b) Complete the following table to show the entries required to correct **each** error.

The first one has been completed as an example.

		entries required to correct the error				
error		debit		credit		
		account \$		account	\$	
1	motor expenses, \$150, debited to motor vehicles account	motor expenses	150	motor vehicles	150	
2	carriage inwards, \$120, debited to carriage outwards account					
3	sales journal overcast by \$1000					
4	wages, \$460, debited to wages account as \$640					

[6]

(c)	State whether all the errors in Mai's books have been discovered. Give a reason for your answer.				
	Have all the errors been of	liscovered?			
	Reason				
				[2	2]
(d)	Complete the statement to Where the error does not			year of correcting errors 1—	4.
		Mai			
	Statement of co	rrected profit for th	ne year ended 31 l		
	Profit for the year before corrections			\$ 4150	
		Increase in profit \$	Decrease in profit \$		
	Error 1				
	Error 2				
	Error 3				
	Error 4				
	Corrected profit for t	he year			
				[0	6]

[Total: 16]

23

BLANK PAGE

24

BLANK PAGE

Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (UCLES) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included, the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.

To avoid the issue of disclosure of answer-related information to candidates, all copyright acknowledgements are reproduced online in the Cambridge International Examinations Copyright Acknowledgements Booklet. This is produced for each series of examinations and is freely available to download at www.cie.org.uk after the live examination series.

Cambridge International Examinations is part of the Cambridge Assessment Group. Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which is itself a department of the University of Cambridge.