

Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		

0 4 0 4 3 3 4 1 8

ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

0680/12

Paper 1

May/June 2018

1 hour 30 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

No Additional Materials are required.

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

DO **NOT** WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer **all** questions.

Electronic calculators may be used.

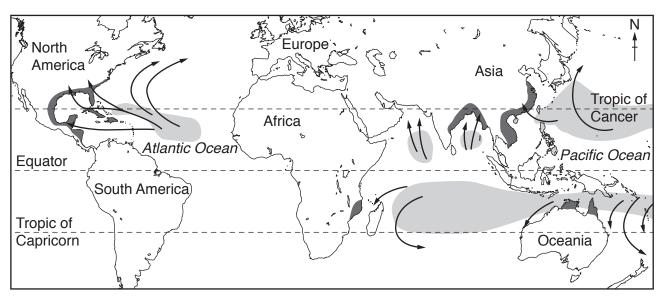
You may lose marks if you do not show your working or if you do not use appropriate units.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.



1 The map shows areas where tropical cyclones occur.



Key

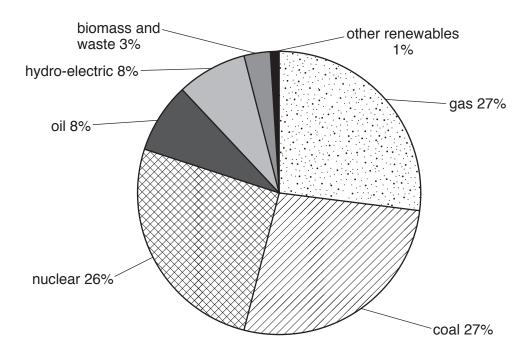
- → typical tracks of tropical cyclones
- main areas of formation
- main areas affected
 - (a) Use the information on the map to complete the passage.

Cyclones form over between the Tropic of
to the north of the Equator and the Tropic of
to the south of the Equator.
The tracks of cyclones generally move in a clockwise direction of
the Equator and an anticlockwise direction south of the
The cyclones forming in the Atlantic Ocean affect narrow areas of land on the eastern side of

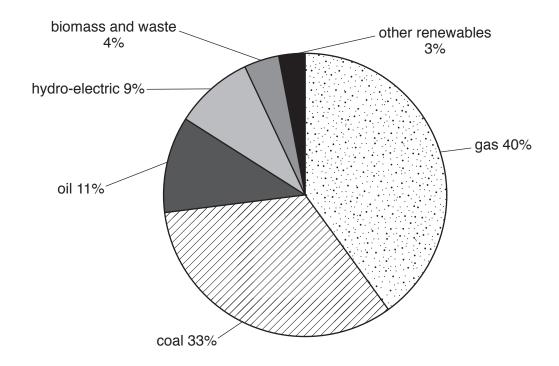
(b)	Describe ways in which tropical cyclones are a hazard to people living in the areas affected.
(c)	Suggest strategies to reduce the impact of tropical cyclones.
(0)	
	[3]

2 The pie graphs, **A** and **B**, show the sources of energy used in Japan in 2010 and in 2014.

A: 2010



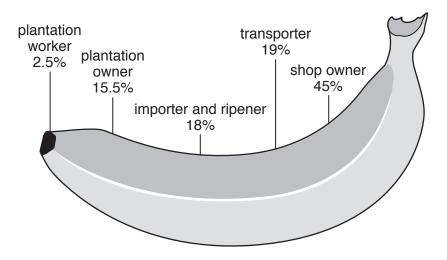
B: 2014



(a)	tsunami.
	State, using evidence from the pie graphs, three changes in the sources of energy used in Japan between 2010 and 2014.
	1
	2
	3
/la\	[3]
(b)	Describe two advantages of using nuclear power to generate electricity compared with coal. 1
	2
(c)	[2] Explain why some people do not want to live near nuclear power stations.
(0)	Explain why some people do not want to live hear hudiear power stations.
	[3]
(d)	Suggest two strategies for conserving supplies of uranium.
	1
	2
	[2]

3	(a)	Most bananas are grown on large commercial farms, called plantations, in development countries.	ping					
		State what is meant by the term commercial farming.						
			[1]					

(b) The diagram gives information about the percentage of the final cost received by the people involved in producing a banana for sale.

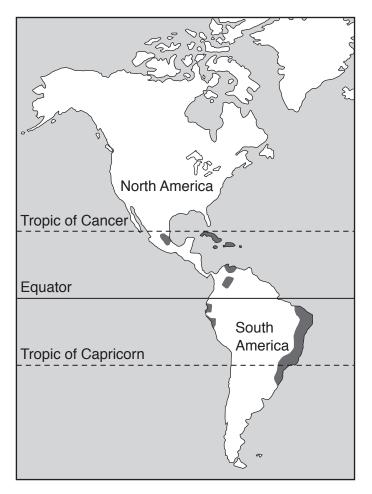


The price of a banana is 0.20 USD (20 cents).

Calculate how much of the price of the banana goes to the plantation worker. Give your answer in USD.

USD	[1]
	ויו

(c) The map shows the location of some banana plantations.



Key

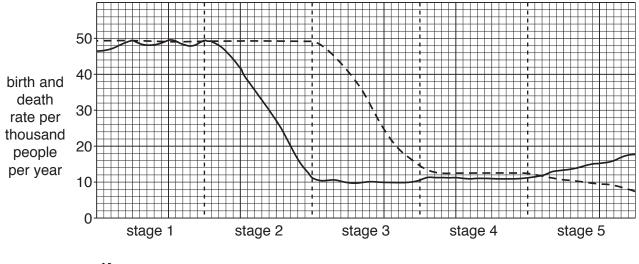
banana plantations

Describe the distribution of the banana plantations shown on the map.	
	2
	_

(d)	Suggest reasons why most of the trade in bananas is from developing countries to developed countries in Europe and North America.
	[3]
(e)	Large quantities of pesticides are used on banana plantations.
	Explain how pesticides can cause problems for the environment.
	[3]

[4]

4 The graph shows the demographic transition model.



Key
--- birth rate
--- death rate

(a) Use the graph to complete these sentences.

Birth and death rates are both high in stage

Birth and death rates are below 15 per thousand per year in stage

The birth rate starts to decrease in stage

The death rate starts to decrease in stage

The population increases most rapidly at the end of stage

(b) State and explain two environmental problems caused by rapid population growth.

environmental problem one	
explanation	

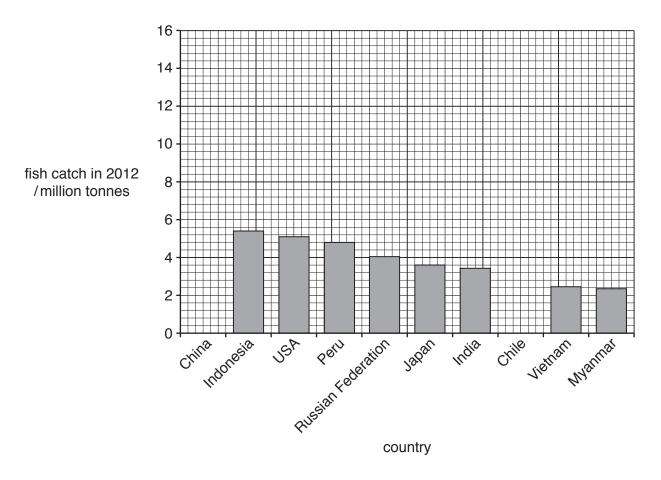
environmental problem two

explanation

.....

(c)	Suggest three strategies for managing population growth.			
	1			
	2			
	3			
	[3]			

5 The bar graph shows the fish catch in ten countries in 2012.



(a) (i) Complete the bar graph using the data in the table.

country	fish catch in 2012 / million tonnes
China	14.0
Chile	2.6

[1]

(ii) The ten countries shown in the graph caught 47.6 million tonnes of fish in 2012. The world total of fish caught in 2012 was 79.7 million tonnes.

Calculate the percentage of the world total caught by these ten countries.

	% [1]	
--	-------	--

(iii) The fish catch in China, Indonesia, Myanmar and Vietnam is increasing.

Suggest **one** reason why the fish catch in these countries is increasing.

.....[1]

(b) (i)	Suggest four strategies for the sustainable harvesting of ocean fisheries.	
	1	
	2	
	3	
	4	
	[4]	
(ii)	Explain why strategies for the sustainable harvesting of ocean fisheries have had limited success.	

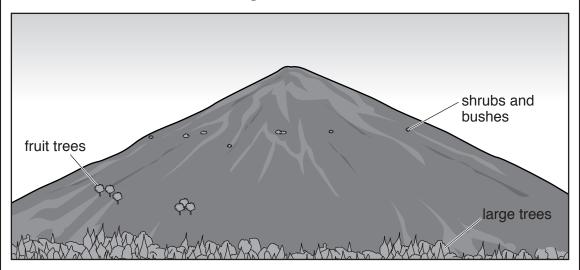
Question 6 begins on page 14.

6 The newspaper report is about waste rock from shaft (deep) mines being used for farming.

WASTE ROCK FROM MINES USED FOR FARMING

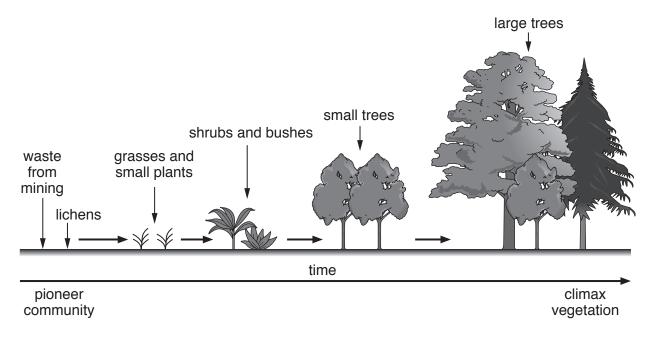
Mounds of waste rock near closed mines are being used for farming. The smallest rocks on the mounds have been worn away by the weather into black soil that holds the Sun's heat. The larger rocks provide good drainage.

Fruit trees grow well on south facing slopes of the taller mounds. Goats feed on shrubs and bushes that grow on the mounds.



(a)	(i)	Use information in the newspaper report to explain why fruit trees can be grown successfully on the mounds.
		[2]

(ii) The diagram shows how the natural vegetation would change over time if the mounds were not farmed.



	Describe and explain how the natural vegetation shown in the diagram changes ove time.
	[4
(iii)	Explain how goats stop the development of climax vegetation on some of the mounds.
	[1

(b)	Suggest ways that mines can be used after extraction has finished.
	[3]

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