

5-Aug-24

Objective: **Complete iGCSE questions on essential GDC skills.**

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(c) (i) Calculate the mean time.

(ii) Calculate the mean number of objects.

- 5 In Kim's game a player looks at a fixed number of objects on a tray for a length of time,  $t$ . The player is then tested to find how many objects they remember.

The table shows the results for 10 players.

Time in seconds ( $t$ )	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120
Number of objects ( $n$ )	8	10	15	12	16	20	18	23	19	25

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- (d) (i) Find the equation of the regression line.  
Give your answer in the form  $n = mt + c$ .

$n =$  .....

- (ii) Errol looks at the tray for 85 seconds.

Use your equation to estimate the number of objects he remembers.



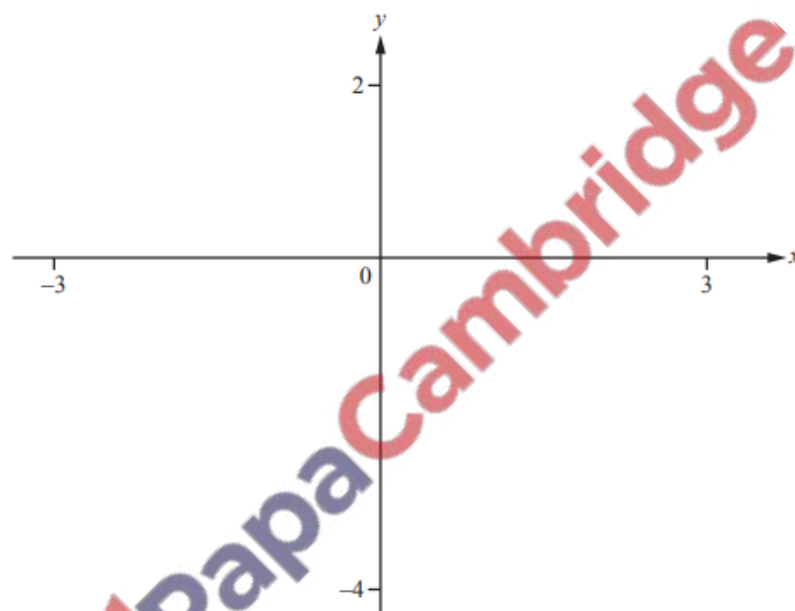
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(c) (i)	75	1	
	(ii)	16.6	1
(d) (i)	$0.168t + 3.96$	2	or $m = 0.1684$ to $0.1685$ , $c = 3.9$ <b>B1</b> for $n = mt + c$ with either $m$ or <b>SC1</b> for $0.17t + 4[.0]$
	(ii)	18	<b>1FT</b> <b>FT</b> from <i>their</i> equation with $t =$ rounded or truncated to nearest v

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8 (a)



$$f(x) = \log(1 + 2x + x^2)$$

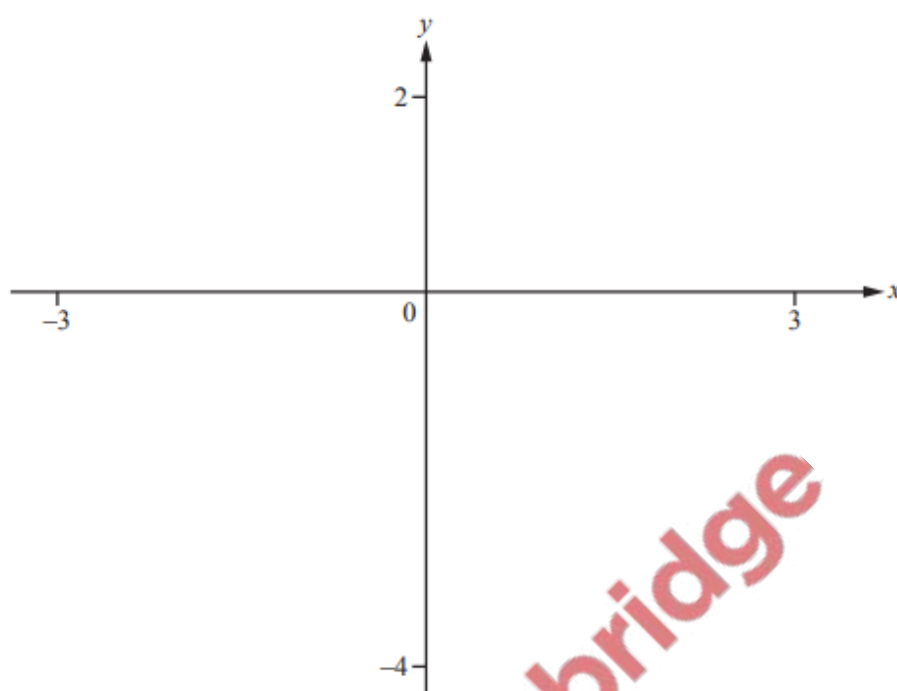
- (i) On the diagram, sketch the graph of  $y = f(x)$  for values of  $x$  between  $-3$  and  $3$ . [2]
- (ii) Solve  $f(x) = 0$ .

$$x = \dots\dots\dots \text{ or } x = \dots\dots\dots [2]$$

- (iii) Write down the equation of the asymptote to the graph of  $y = f(x)$ .

$$\dots\dots\dots [1]$$

- (b) (i) On this diagram, sketch the graph of  $y = 2 \log(1+x)$  for values of  $x$  between  $-3$  and  $3$ .



[2]

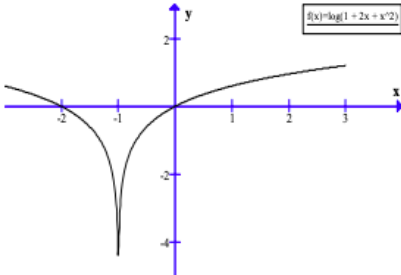
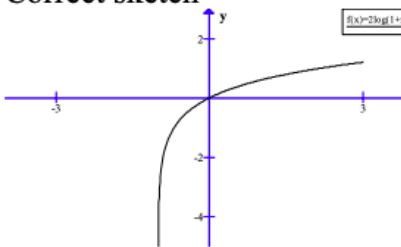
- (ii) Describe a similarity between the graphs in **part (a)(i)** and **part (b)(i)**.

..... [1]

- (iii) Explain the differences between the graphs in **part (a)(i)** and **part (b)(i)**.

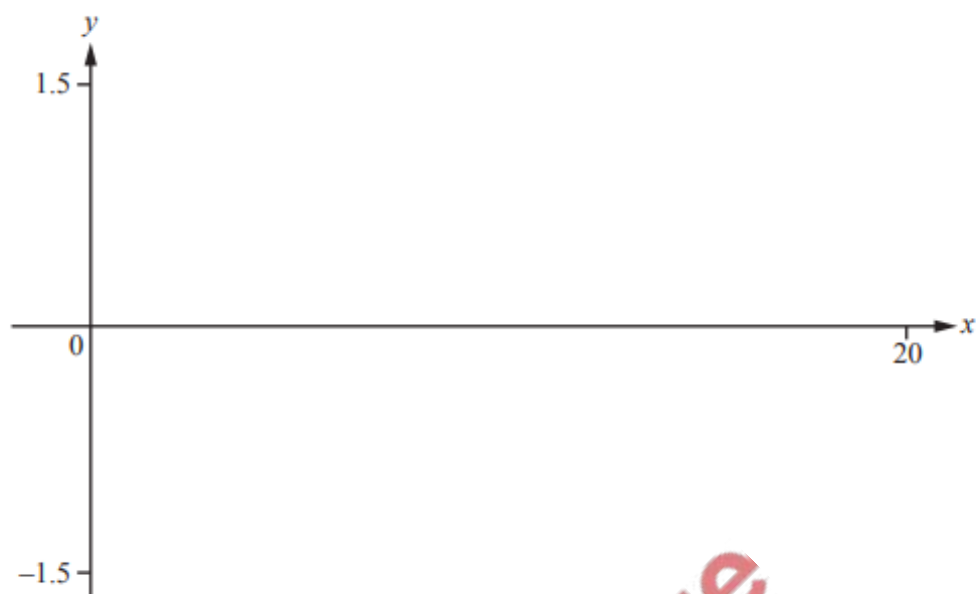
..... [2]



Question	Answer	Mark	Part Ma
8 (a) (i)	Correct sketch 	2	<b>B1</b> RH branch through (0, 0) $x = a$ (-ve $a$ ) <b>B1</b> for LH branch symmetri $x = a$ (-ve $a$ )
(ii)	-2 0	1 1	
(iii)	$x = -1$	1	
(b) (i)	Correct sketch 	2	<b>B1</b> for correct shape
(ii)	Same right hand branch	1	
(iii)	e.g. $\log(1 + 2x + x^2) = 2 \log(1 + x)$ No log of a negative number	1 1	Independent

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$f(x) = \sin(x^2)$  where  $x^2$  is in degrees.

(a) On the diagram, sketch the graph of  $y = f(x)$  for  $0 \leq x \leq 20$ . [2]

(b) One solution of the equation  $f(x) = 0$ , for  $0 \leq x \leq 20$  is  $x = 0$ .

Find the other two solutions.

$x = \dots\dots\dots$  or  $x = \dots\dots\dots$  [2]

(c) Find the co-ordinates of the local maximum point.

(  $\dots\dots\dots$  ,  $\dots\dots\dots$  ) [2]



- (d) There is a local minimum point at (0, 0).

Find the co-ordinates of the other local minimum point when  $0 \leq x \leq 20$ .

( ..... , ..... )

- (e) Write down the range of  $f(x)$ .

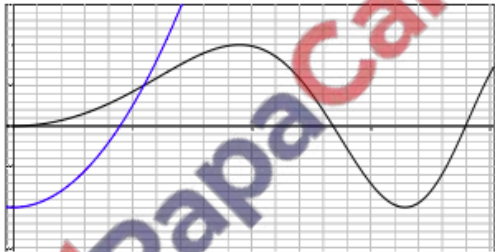
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- (f) By sketching another graph on the diagram, solve this equation.

$$\sin(x^2) = \frac{x^2}{20} - 1$$

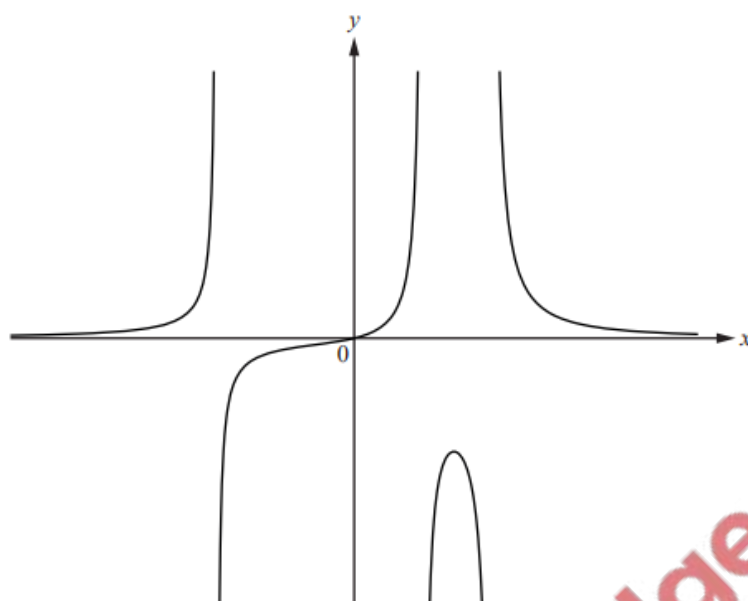
$x = \dots\dots\dots$

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6 (a)	Correct sketch		
		2	<b>M1</b> for shape i.e. starting at origin, one maximum then one minimum <b>A1</b> for two zeros to right of $x = 0$ the left of $x = 20$
(b)	13.4 or 13.41 to 13.42 19[.0] or 18.97...	1 1	
(c)	(9.49, 1) or (9.486 to 9.487, 1)	<b>B1 B1</b>	
(d)	(16.4, -1) or (16.43..., -1)	<b>B1 B1</b>	
(e)	$-1 \leq f(x) \leq 1$	1	
(f)	Correct sketch of parabola shape from approximately $y = -1$ 5.48 or 5.477...	<b>B1</b> <b>B1</b>	

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- 8 The diagram shows the graph of  $y = f(x)$  where  $f(x) = \frac{x}{(x+2)(x-1)(x-2)}$ .



- (a) The equations of the asymptotes to the graph are  $x = a$ ,  $x = b$ ,  $x = c$  and  $y = d$ .

Find the values of  $a$ ,  $b$ ,  $c$  and  $d$ .

$a = \dots\dots\dots$

$b = \dots\dots\dots$

$c = \dots\dots\dots$

$d = \dots\dots\dots$  [4]

- (b)  $f(x) = k$  has only one solution, where  $k$  is an integer and  $k \neq 0$ .

Find the value of  $k$ .

$k = \dots\dots\dots$  [1]

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- (c) Find the integer value of  $x$  such that  $f(x) < 0$ .

$x = \dots\dots\dots$

- (d)  $g(x) = x^2 - p$

On the diagram, sketch a possible graph of  $y = g(x)$  so that  $f(x) = g(x)$  has 5 solutions.

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8	(a)	$[a, b, c] = -2, 1, 2$	1, 1, 1	In any order
		$[d] = 0$	1	
	(b)	$-1$	1	
	(c)	$-1$	1	
	(d)	Parabola vertex downwards and vertex below $x$ -axis	M1	
		Cuts given graph in 5 places	A1	

**10** A company is testing a new drug.

Ten patients were examined and given a score before and after taking the drug.  
A decrease in score represents an improvement.

The results are shown in the table.

Patient	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
Score before ( $x$ )	8	14	20	25	32	34	41
Score after ( $y$ )	3	4	16	15	20	27	34

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(b) Find

(i) the mean score before taking the drug,



(ii) the mean score after taking the drug.

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- (c) (i) Find the equation of the regression line for  $y$  in terms of  $x$ .

$y = \dots\dots\dots$  [2]

- (ii) Estimate the score after taking the drug when the score before taking the drug was 30.

$\dots\dots\dots$  [1]

- (iii) A patient has a score before taking the drug of 80.

Explain why using the line of regression is unlikely to be reliable in predicting the score of the patient after taking the drug.

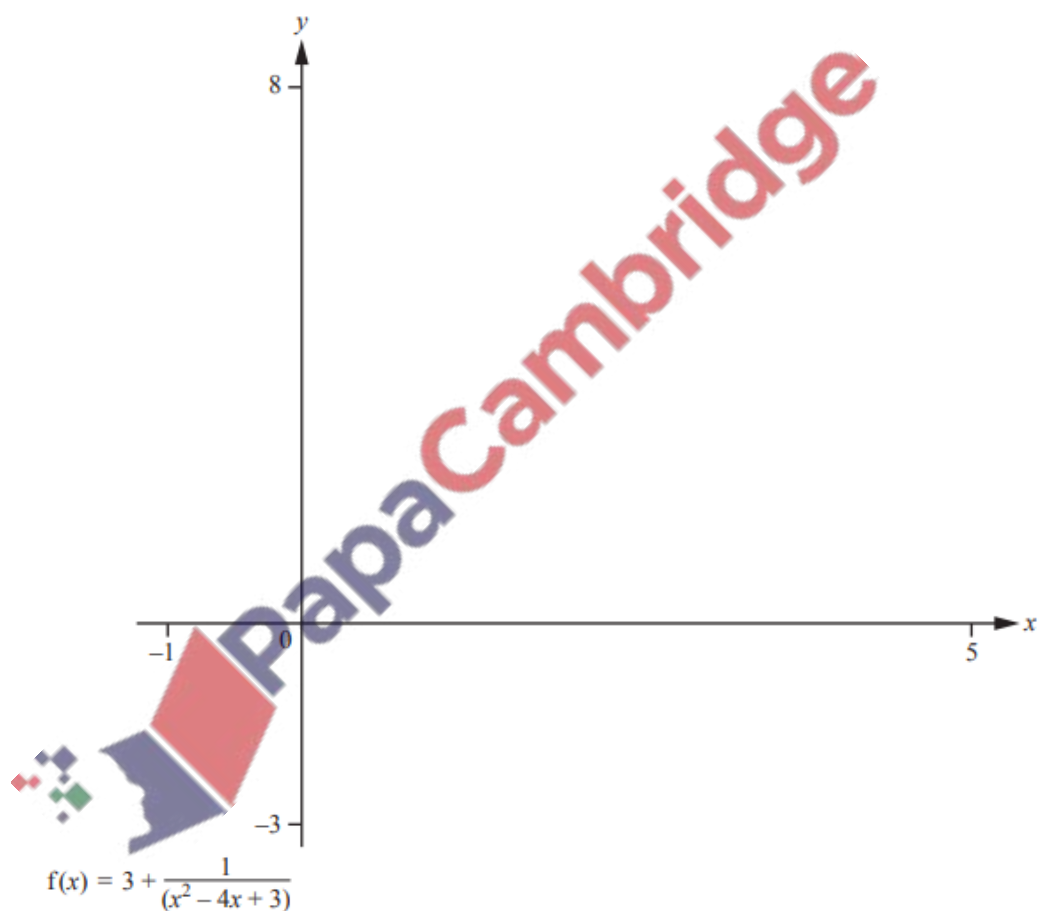
$\dots\dots\dots$   
 $\dots\dots\dots$  [1]

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(b) (i)	32.7	1	
(ii)	23.6	1	
(c) (i)	$[y =] -5.57 + 0.892x$	2	<b>B1</b> for $-5.57 + kx$ , or <b>B1</b> for $a + 0.8$ If 0 scored <b>SC1</b> for $-5.6 + 0.89x$
(ii)	21.2 or 21.19...	1FT	<b>FT</b> <i>their</i> (c)(i) using $x = 30$
(iii)	Outside range                  oe	1	

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(a) On the diagram, sketch the graph of  $y = f(x)$  between  $x = -1$  and  $x = 5$ . [4]

(b) Write down the equations of the three asymptotes.

....., ....., ..... [3]

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(c) Write down the co-ordinates of the local maximum point.

( ..... , ..... )

(d) The line  $y = x$  intersects the curve  $y = 3 + \frac{1}{(x^2 - 4x + 3)}$  three times.

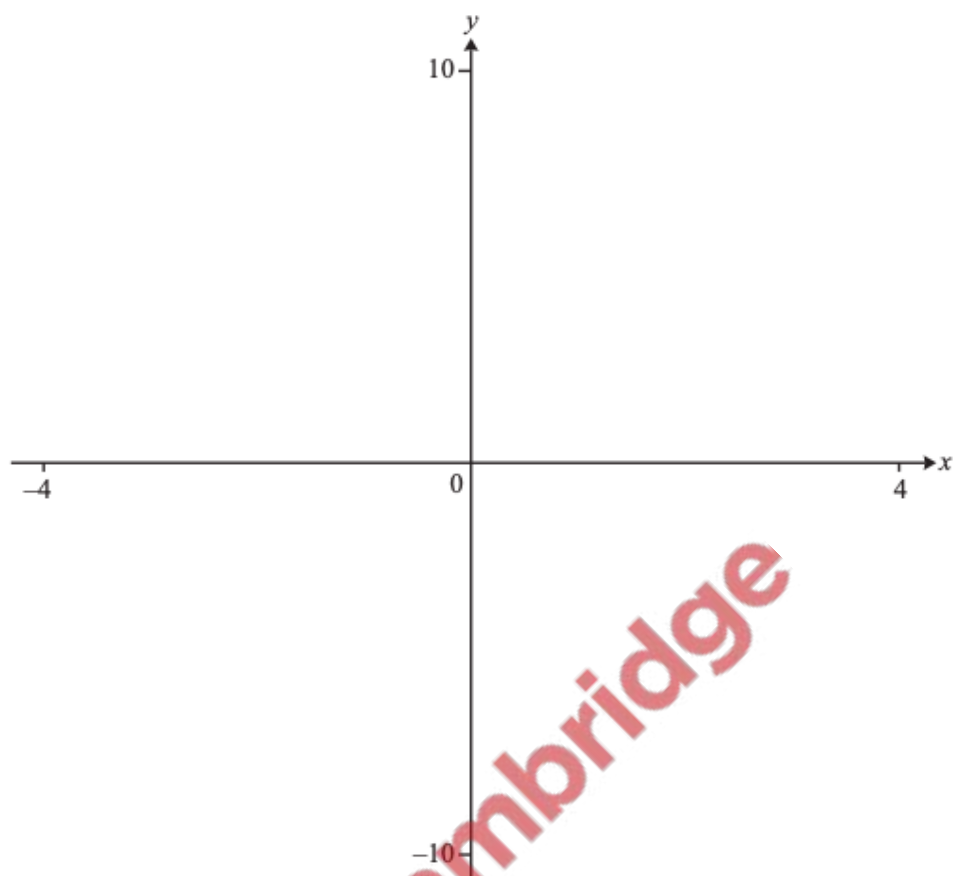
Find the values of the  $x$  co-ordinates of these three points of intersection.

$x = \dots\dots\dots$ ,  $x = \dots\dots\dots$ ,  $x = \dots\dots\dots$

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Question	Answer	Mark	Part Marks
11 (a)	Correct sketch	4	<b>B1</b> Correct graph for $x > 3$ <b>B1</b> Correct graph for $x < 1$ <b>B1</b> Correct graph for $1 < x < 3$ <b>B1</b> Approximately correct intercepts
(b)	$x = 1$	1	
	$x = 3$	1	
	$y = 3$	1	
(c)	(2, 2)	1	
(d)	1.38, 2, 3.62	3	<b>B1</b> for each

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$$f(x) = |9 - x^2|$$

- (a) On the diagram, sketch the graph of  $y = f(x)$ , for values of  $x$  between  $-4$  and  $4$ .

[4]

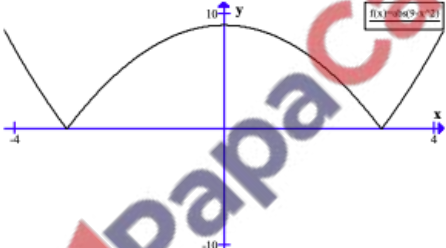
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(b) Solve  $f(x) = 7$ .

(c) The equation  $|9 - x^2| = k$  has two solutions.

Find the range of values of  $k$ .

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7(a)	<p>Correct Graph</p> 	4	<p><b>B1</b> for maximum point on or close to y-axis  <b>B1</b> for correct shape between <i>their</i> -3 and 3  <b>B1</b> for mod graph</p>
7(b)	<p><math>[x =] \pm 4, \pm \sqrt{2}</math>  or <math>\pm 1.41</math> or <math>\pm 1.414...</math></p>	2	<p><b>B1</b> for any 2 correct answers</p>
7(c)	<p><math>k &gt; 9</math>  <math>k = 0</math></p>	2	<p><b>B1</b> for each</p>

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$$f(x) = 2 \sin x + \cos x \quad \text{for } 0^\circ \leq x \leq 360^\circ$$

$$g(x) = 2 - \log x \quad \text{for } 0^\circ \leq x \leq 360^\circ$$

- (a) On the diagram, sketch the graph of  $y = f(x)$ .
- (b) On the same diagram, sketch the graph of  $y = g(x)$ .

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- (c) Solve the equation.

$$2 \sin x + \cos x = 2 - \log x$$

.....

10(a)	<p>Correct Graph</p>	3	<p><b>M1</b> for sine graph with one max and one  <b>A1</b> for <math>x</math>-intercepts at 150 and 330 (approx)  <b>A1</b> for positive <math>y</math>-intercept</p>
10(b)	<p>Correct Graph with second intersection with other graph (if correct) below <math>x</math>-axis</p>	2	<p><b>M1</b> for correct shape</p>
10(c)	<p>6.18 or 6.175...  159 or 158.5 to 158.6  320 or 320.3 to 320.4</p>	3	<p><b>B1</b> for each</p>

- 3 Two judges each give a mark out of ten for each dancer in a competition. Their marks for ten dancers are shown in the table.

Mark from judge A ( $x$ )	4.0	4.6	5.2	6.2	8.8	6.8	7.0	7.4	8.0
Mark from judge B ( $y$ )	3.8	4.0	4.4	5.0	7.6	5.2	5.6	6.8	6.6

- (c) (i) Find the equation of the regression line, in the form  $y = mx + c$ .

$y = \dots\dots\dots$

- (ii) Judge A gives another dancer a mark of 6.4 .

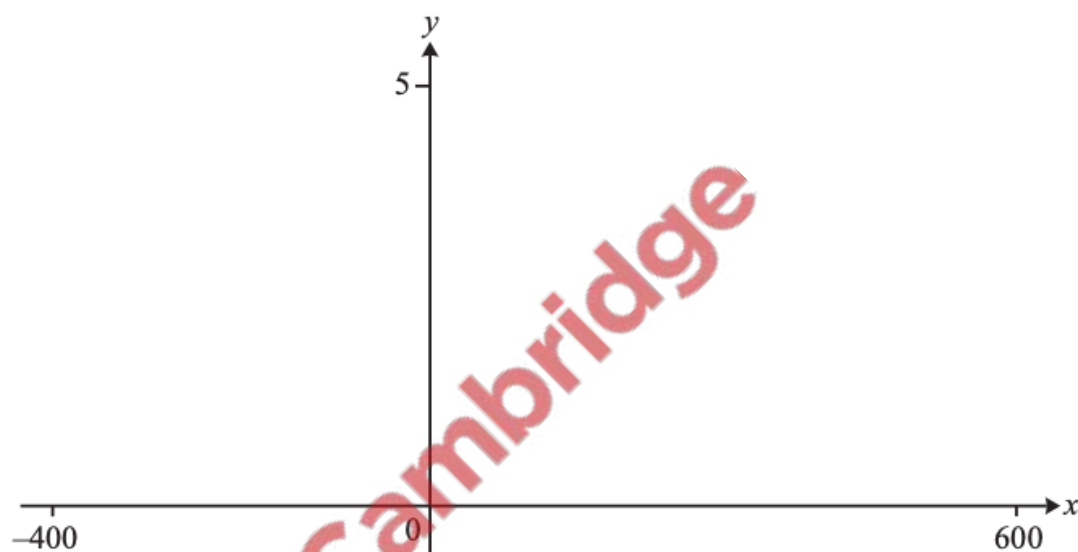
Use your equation to estimate the mark judge B gives this dancer.



3(c)(i)	$y = 0.787x + 0.356$ final answer	2	0.7874 to 0.7875, 0.3555 to 0.3556 <b>B1</b> for one correct or for $y = 0.79x + 0.36$ final answer
3(c)(ii)	5.4[0]	1	<b>FT</b> from <i>their</i> (c)(i)

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8



$$f(x) = 3^{\sin x}$$

- (a) Sketch the graph of  $y = f(x)$  for  $-400^\circ \leq x \leq 600^\circ$ .
- (b) Find the  $x$  co-ordinates of the local maximum points of  $f(x)$  for  $-400^\circ \leq x \leq 600^\circ$ .

$x = \dots\dots\dots$  or  $x = \dots\dots\dots$  or  $x = \dots\dots\dots$

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- (c) The point  $(30, \sqrt{3})$  is on the graph.  
The point  $(a, \sqrt{3})$  is also on the graph where  $600^\circ < a < 900^\circ$ .

Find the two possible values of  $a$ .

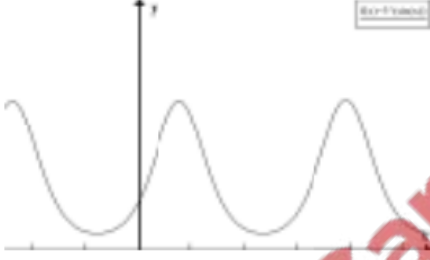
$a = \dots\dots\dots$  or  $a = \dots\dots\dots$

(d)  $g(x) = 3 - \frac{x}{100}$

Solve the inequality  $g(x) > f(x)$ .

.....

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8(a)	 <p>Correct sketch</p>	3	<p>With correct shape with <b>two</b> max on right and one on left, all above <math>x</math>-axis and reasonable quality</p> <p>or <b>B2</b> for correct shape and all above <math>x</math>-axis</p> <p>or <b>B1</b> for correct shape</p>
8(b)	$-270, 90, 450$	3	<p><b>B1</b> for each</p> <p><b>SC2</b> for all correct but with <math>y</math> co-ords</p> <p>or <b>SC1</b> for two correct with <math>y</math> co-ords</p>
8(c)	$750, 870$	2	<b>B1</b> for each
8(d)	$x < 54.7$ $164 < x < 267$	1	54.74 to 54.75
		2	<p>163.5 to 163.6 , 266.6...</p> <p><b>B1</b> for one inequality</p> <p>or <b>B1</b> for both values seen</p> <p>If 0 scored, <b>B1</b> for straight line with negative gradient crossing curve <b>three</b> times between <math>x = 0</math> and <math>x = 400</math>. May be freehand.</p>

(b) The table shows the average monthly temperature and the average monthly rainfall in Maseru.

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov
Temperature ( $t^{\circ}\text{C}$ )	21	21	19	15	11	8	8	11	15	17	19
Rainfall ( $r$ mm)	113	102	99	59	28	12	12	14	27	62	83

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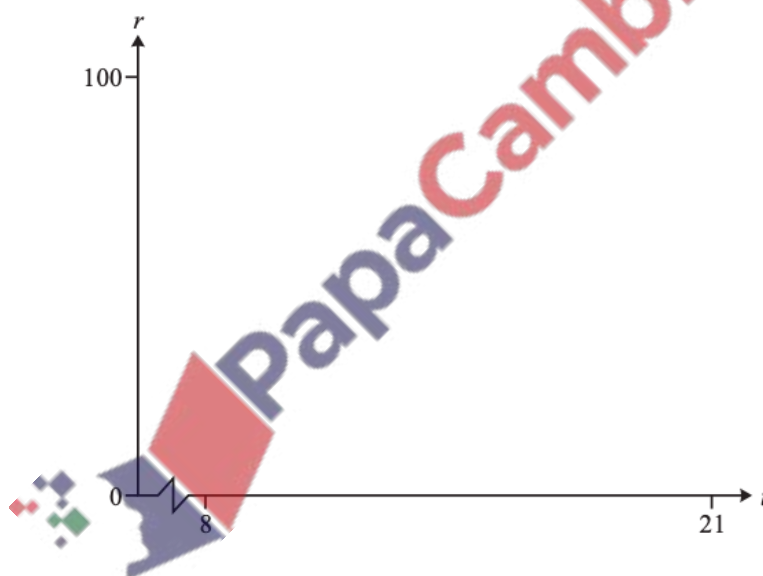
(iii) Find the mean of these temperatures.

.....  $^{\circ}\text{C}$  [1]

(iv) Find the equation of the line of regression, giving  $r$  in terms of  $t$ .

$r = \dots\dots\dots$  [2]

(v) On the diagram, sketch the graph of the regression line for  $8 \leq t \leq 21$ .



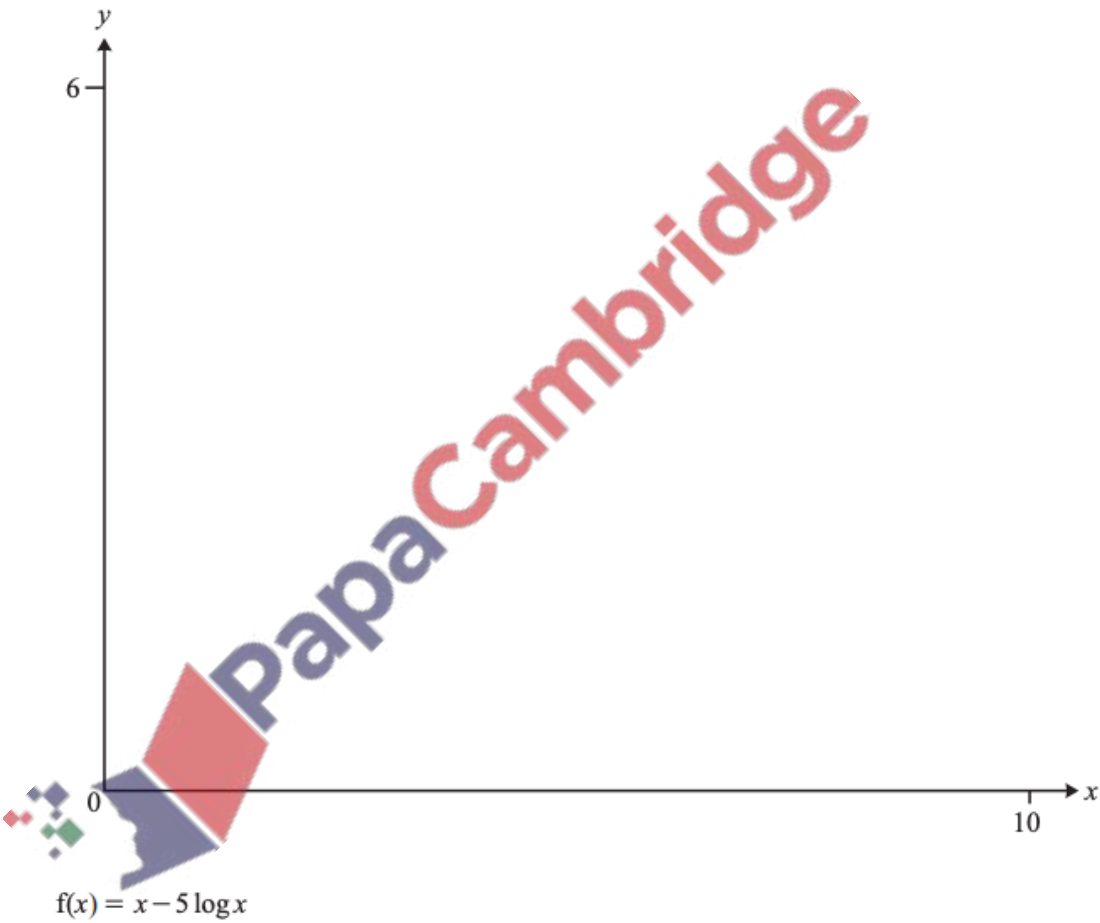
[2]

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3(b)(iii)	15.5	1	
3(b)(iv)	$7.32t - 55.3$	2	$(7.322 \text{ to } 7.323)t - (55.25\dots)$ <b>B1</b> for $7.32t + k$ or $kt - 55.3$ or <b>SC1</b> for $7.3t - 55$
3(b)(v)	Correct line (positive gradient and not below the x-axis)	2	<b>B1</b> for positive gradient

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(a) On the diagram, sketch the graph of  $y = f(x)$  for  $0 < x \leq 10$ . [2]

(b) Find the co-ordinates of the local minimum point.

( ..... , ..... ) [2]

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(c) Find the range of  $f(x)$  for the domain  $1 \leq x \leq 5$ .

.....

(d) Solve the equation  $f(x) = 2$ .

$x =$  ..... or  $x =$  .....

(e) Solve the inequality  $f(x) < 2$ .

.....

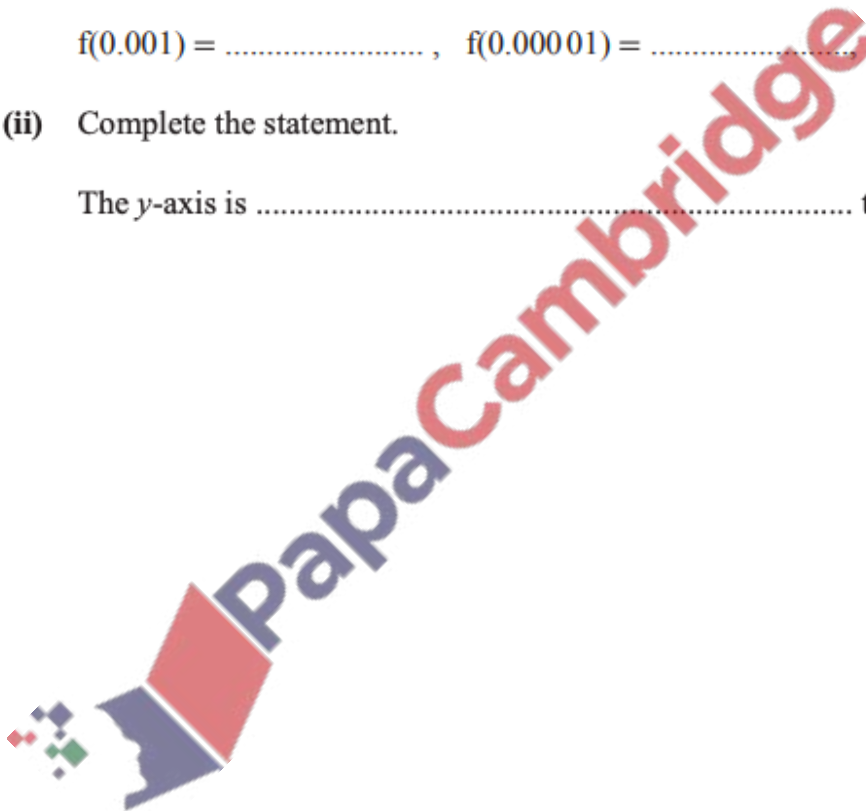
(f) (i) Find  $f(0.001)$ ,  $f(0.000\,01)$  and  $f(0.000\,000\,1)$ .

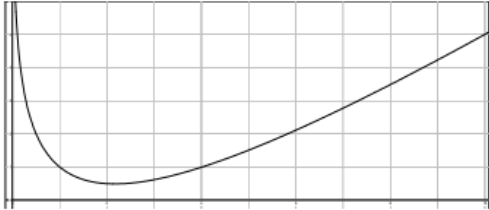
$f(0.001) =$  ..... ,  $f(0.000\,01) =$  ..... ,  $f(0.000\,000\,1) =$  .....

(ii) Complete the statement.

The  $y$ -axis is ..... to the graph of  $y = f(x)$ .

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6(a)	Correct sketch 	2	<b>B1</b> for correct shape
6(b)	(2.17, 0.488) or (2.171..., 0.4877...)	2	<b>B1</b> for each
6(c)	$0.488 \leq f(x) \leq 1.51$ or $0.4877... \leq f(x) \leq 1.505...$	2	<b>FT</b> <i>their</i> 0.488 <b>B1</b> for $0.488 \leq f(x)$ oe or $f(x) \leq 1.51$
6(d)	0.502 or 0.5015... 5.83 or 5.827...	2	<b>B1</b> for each
6(e)	$0.502 < x < 5.83$ or $0.5015... < x < 5.827...$	1	<b>FT</b> <i>their</i> (d)
6(f)(i)	15.[0] or 15.00... 25.[0] or 25.00... 35. [0] or 35.00...	1	
6(f)(ii)	[an] asymptote oe	1	

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$$f(x) = \sin x^\circ$$

$$g(x) = \log\left(\frac{1}{\sin x^\circ}\right)$$

- (a) (i) On the diagram, sketch the graph of  $y = f(x)$  for  $0 \leq x \leq 540$ .

[2]

- (ii) Write down the range of  $f(x)$  for  $0 \leq x \leq 540$ .

..... [1]

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(b) (i) On the same diagram, sketch the graph of  $y = g(x)$  for values of  $x$  between 0 and 540.

(ii) Give a reason why there are no values of  $g(x)$  for  $180 \leq x \leq 360$ .

.....

(iii) Write down the co-ordinates of the minimum points on the graph of  $y = g(x)$ .

( ..... , ..... ) and ( ..... , ..... )

(iv) Write down the equations of the four asymptotes to the graph of  $y = g(x)$ .

..... , ..... , ..... , .....

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(c) (i)  $f(k) = g(k)$  and  $0 \leq k \leq 90$ .

Find the value of  $k$ .

$k =$  .....

(ii) Solve the inequality  $f(x) > g(x)$  for values of  $x$  between 0 and 540.

.....

(iii)  $j$  is an integer.

The equation  $f(x) = j$  has no solutions.

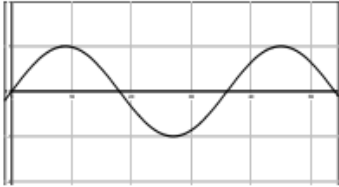
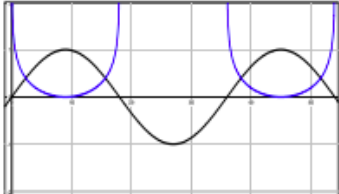
The equation  $g(x) = j$  has no solutions.

Write down a possible value of  $j$ .

$j =$  .....

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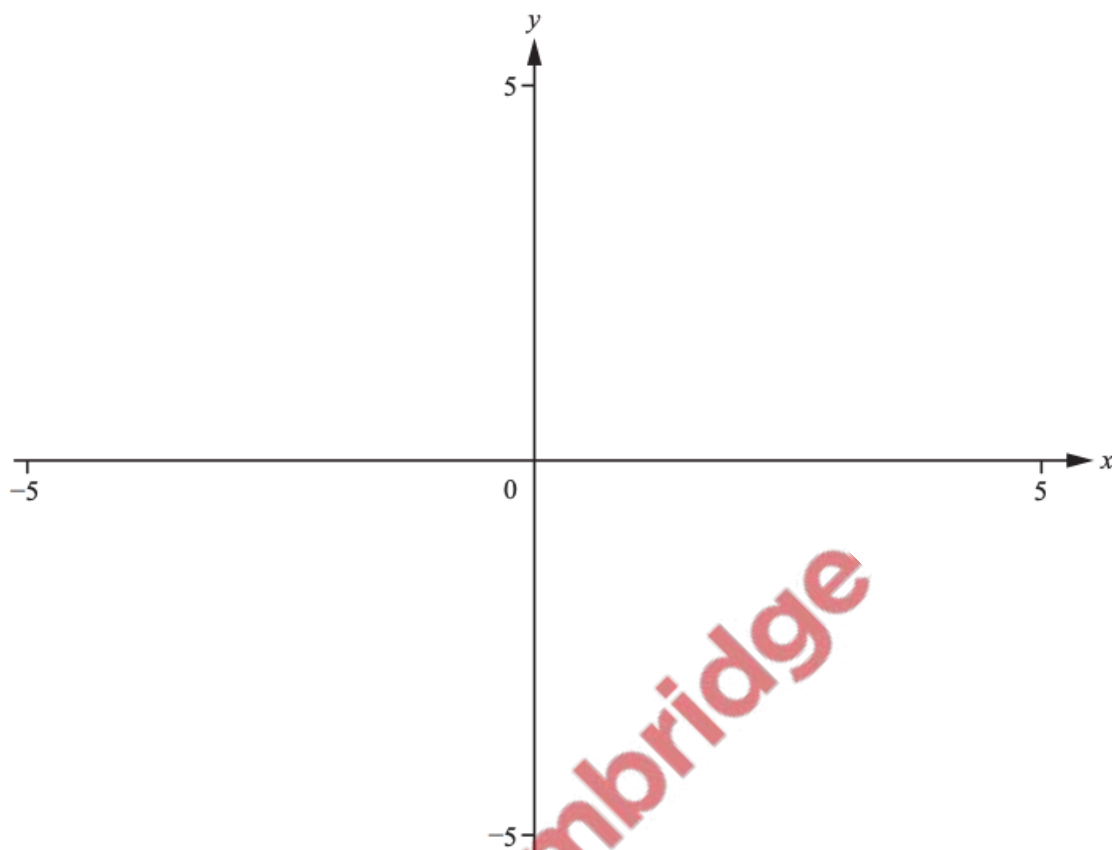


5(a)(i)	Correct sketch 	2	<b>B1</b> for sine graph with different amp and/or period but must go through (0,0) or for correct sine graph but only one
5(a)(ii)	$-1 \leq f(x) \leq 1$	1	
5(b)(i)	Correct sketch 	2	i.e. Correct shape with 2 branches above x-axis and gap of at least 120 between branches and only slightly crossing x-axis. <b>B1</b> for 2 branches above x-axis but gap less than 120 between the branches and only slightly crossing either axis or one branch correct
5(b)(ii)	logarithms of negative numbers do not exist	1	
5(b)(iii)	(90, 0), (450, 0)	2	<b>B1</b> for each
5(b)(iv)	$x = 0, x = 180, x = 360, x = 540$	2	<b>B1</b> for 2 or 3 correct

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Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
5(c)(i)	23.5 or 23.51 to 23.52	1	
5(c)(ii)	$23.5 < x < 156.5$ $383.5 < x < 516.5$	2	<b>B1</b> for each Allow 23.51 to 23.52, 156.48 to 156.49 Allow 383.51 to 383.52, 516.48 to 516.49
5(c)(iii)	Any integer less than -1	1	

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$$f(x) = 1 - \frac{x}{(x^2 - 9)}$$

(a) On the diagram, sketch the graph of  $y = f(x)$ , for values of  $x$  between  $-5$  and  $5$ . [3]

(b) Write down the equations of the three asymptotes.

....., ....., ..... [3]

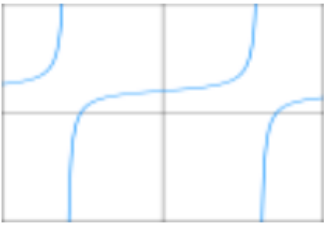
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(c) The line  $y = x$  intersects the curve  $y = 1 - \frac{x}{(x^2 - 9)}$  three times.

Find the values of the  $x$  co-ordinates of the points of intersection.

$x = \dots\dots\dots$  or  $x = \dots\dots\dots$  or  $x = \dots\dots\dots$

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2(a)	Correct sketch 	3	<b>B1</b> for each branch
2(b)	$y = 1, \quad x = 3, \quad x = -3$	3	<b>B1</b> for each
2(c)	$-2.87$ or $-2.874$ to $-2.873$ $1.15$ or $1.149$ to $1.150$ $2.72$ or $2.723$ to $2.724$	3	<b>B1</b> for each If 0 scored <b>SC1</b> for $-2.9, 1.1$ and $2.7$

- 10** Wasim sprays different amounts of fertiliser on some seedlings. He measures the amount,  $x$  millilitres, sprayed on each seedling. A week later he measures the height,  $y$  centimetres, of each seedling. His results are shown in the table.

Amount of fertiliser ( $x$ ml)	1	3	5	7	10	14	18	25	30	35	40
Height ( $y$ cm)	15.1	15.6	16.5	16.6	17	19.8	21	25.1	28.8	28.6	29.1

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**(b)** Find

**(i)** the mean amount of fertiliser,



**(ii)** the mean height.

.....

.....

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- (c) (i) Find the equation of the regression line in the form  $y = mx + c$ .

$y = \dots\dots\dots$

- (ii) Use your answer to **part (c)(i)** to estimate the height of a seedling when the amount of water is 20 ml.

$\dots\dots\dots$

- (iii) Write down the units of  $m$  in the equation of the regression line,  $y = mx + c$ .

$\dots\dots\dots$

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10(b)(i)	17.1 or 17.09...	1	
10(b)(ii)	21.2	1	
10(c)(i)	$y = 14.2 + 0.411x$	2	<b>B1</b> for $14.2 + kx$ or $a + 0.411x$ If 0 scored, <b>SC1</b> for $14 + 0.41x$
10(c)(ii)	22.4 or 22.39 to 22.42	1	<b>FT</b> <i>their (c)(i)</i>
10(c)(iii)	cm/ml oe	1	

- 4 Hamid records the population density,  $p$  persons/km<sup>2</sup>, in ten regions of the city in which he lives. He also records the distance,  $d$  km, of each region from the city centre. The results are shown in the table.

Region	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J
Distance ( $d$ km)	0.8	1.7	3.1	4.1	3.5	2.8	4.6	3.7	1.9	5.1
Population density ( $p$ persons/km <sup>2</sup> )	5600	4800	3600	4500	2800	3300	1100	2300	3900	800

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- (c) (i) Calculate the equation of the regression line in the form  $p = md + c$ .

$p = \dots\dots\dots$

- (ii) Use this equation to estimate the population density of a region 2.4 km from the city centre.

$\dots\dots\dots$  persons

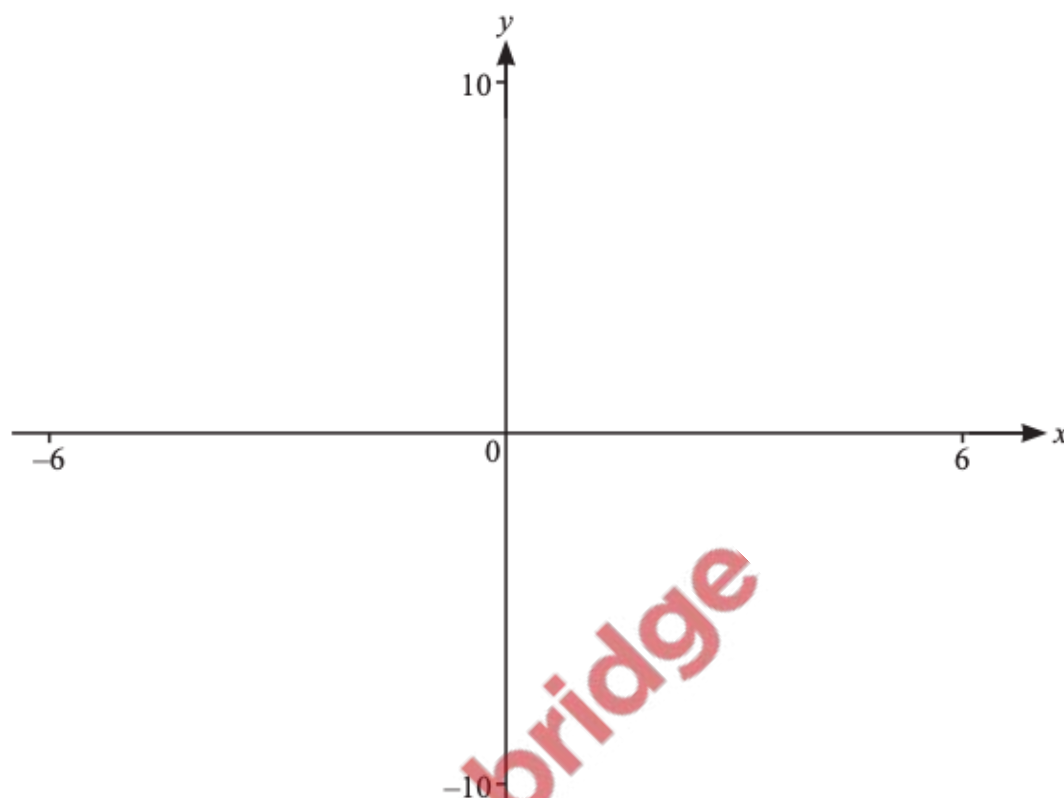
- (iii) Why would it not be sensible to use this equation to estimate the population density of a region 6.3 km from the city centre?

$\dots\dots\dots$

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Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
4(c)(i)	$p = -967d + 6300$	2	or $(-967.4 \text{ to } -967.3)d + 6297 \text{ to } 6298$ or <b>B1</b> for $-967d + k$ or $kd + 6300$
4(c)(ii)	3980 or 4000 or 3975 to 3980	1	<b>FT</b>
4(c)(iii)	[Too] far outside range of data oe	1	

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$$f(x) = \frac{(2x^2 - x + 5)}{(x^2 + x - 6)}$$

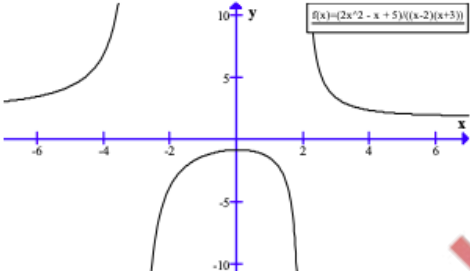
- (a) On the diagram, sketch the graph of  $y = f(x)$  for values of  $x$  between  $-6$  and  $6$ .
- (b) Find the co-ordinates of the local maximum.  
( ..... , ..... )
- (c) Find the equations of the three asymptotes to the graph of  $y = f(x)$ .  
..... , ..... , .....
- (d) The equation  $f(x) = k$  has no solutions.  
Find the range of values of  $k$ .  
.....

(e)  $g(x) = |x + 1|$

(i) Solve  $f(x) = g(x)$ .

$x = \dots\dots\dots$  or  $x = \dots\dots\dots$

(ii) Solve the inequality  $f(x) > g(x)$ .

5(a)	Correct sketch 	3	B1 for each branch
5(b)	(0.0295, -0.833)	2	or (0.02948 to 0.02949, -0.8329... B1 for each
5(c)	$x = -3, x = 2, y = 2$	3	B1 for each
5(d)	$-0.833 < k \leq 2$	2	FT <i>their</i> (b) B1 for each inequality
5(e)(i)	-5.13, 2.81	2	-5.131..., 2.812 to 2.813 B1 for each
5(e)(ii)	$-5.13 < x < -3,$ $2 < x < 2.81$	2	-5.131..., 2.812 to 2.813 B1 for each FT <i>their</i> (c) and (e)(i)

- 5 In Kim's game a player looks at a fixed number of objects on a tray for a length of time,  $t$ . The player is then tested to find how many objects they remember.

The table shows the results for 10 players.

Time in seconds ( $t$ )	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120
Number of objects ( $n$ )	8	10	15	12	16	20	18	23	19	25

