UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the June 2005 question paper

0625 PHYSICS

0625/06

Paper 6 (Alternative to Practical), maximum mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were initially instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began. Any substantial changes to the mark scheme that arose from these discussions will be recorded in the published *Report on the Examination*.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the *Report on the Examination*.

• CIE will not enter into discussion or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the June 2005 question papers for most IGCSE and GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

tion.

Grade thresholds for Syllabus 0625 (Physics) in the June 2005 examination.

	maximum	mir	nimum mark re	equired for gra	de:
	mark available	А	С	E	F
Component 6	40	33	25	20	15

The threshold (minimum mark) for B is set halfway between those for Grades A and C. The threshold (minimum mark) for D is set halfway between those for Grades C and E. The threshold (minimum mark) for G is set as many marks below the F threshold as the E threshold is above it.

Grade A* does not exist at the level of an individual component.

June 2005

GCSE

MARK SCHEME

MAXIMUM MARK: 40

SYLLABUS/COMPONENT: 0625/06

PHYSICS
Alternative to Practical

[total: 8]

					www.xtrapapers.com
	Page	e 1	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	13
			IGCSE – June 2005	0625	Day.
1	(a)		21°C (ignore unit) (20.9 acceptable)		TO PHOTOGO
	(b)		t in °C and V in cm ³ θ axis labelled, with unit scale 10°C to 1 cm		TANAL TARREST TO THE PARTY OF T
			or 0 - 100 in 25 sq steps or 20 - 80 in 10 sq step correct plots to ½ sq (-1 each error) well judged best fit line	ps	[1] [2] [1]
	(c)		heat lost to surroundings or by evaporation		[1]
					[total: 8]
2	(a)		12 cm ³ 0.5 A 30 cm ² 0.112 kg 600 N		[1] [1] [1] [1] [1]
	(b)		repeats to spot anomalous results/to calculate a or series of different V and I, plot graph or switch on/off, prevent temp rise or low current, minimise temp rise or avoidance of parallax, action and reason or clean wires, resistance caused by dirt or tap meter, prevent sticking or check zero error, accuracy (in each case the reason must support the state to gain the second mark)	-	[1] [1]
			to gain the occord many		[total: 7]
3	(a)		<i>l</i> values 50, 75, 100		[1]
	(b)		1.50 V shown correctly 0.375 A shown correctly		[1] [1]
	(c)		2.5(3); 4.0(0); 5.2(0) all correct all to 2sf or all to 3sf		[1] [1]
	(d)		Ω		[1]
	(e)		R = 7.50 - 8.00 (or $R = 6.60 - 7.49$)		[2]

Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus
	IGCSE – June 2005	0625

Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	.0
	IGCSE – June 2005	0625	100
(a)	0.90; 0.78; 0.63 (-1 each error, ignore sf)		[2
(b)	0.00225; 0.00260; 0.00315 all correct (ecf) all to 2sf or all to 3sf		FANN DODG
(c)	NO T/m increases as m decreases (wtte) - if stater		[1]
(d)	time n oscillations divide by n (n at least 3)		[1 [1
(e)	lower spring fully compressed (wtte)		[1]
			[total: 9
(a)	normal in correct position and at 90° (by eye)		[1
(b)	i = 29 - 31		[1
(c)	refracted ray correct side of normal and at ang r = 18 - 22	le < i	[1 [1
(d)	ray displaced and parallel to incident ray (by exall correct lines drawn neatly, not too thick, and		[1
	continuous path	a forming	[1
(e)	two pins on emerging ray, labelled Y and Z pins at least 3 cm apart		[1 [1
	pino at loadt o om apart		L