UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2009 question paper for the guidance of teachers

0625 PHYSICS

0625/02

Paper 2 (Core Theory), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

CIE will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2009 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

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Notes about Mark Scheme Symbols and Other Matters

B marks are independent marks, which do not depend on any other marks. For a B mark scored, the point to which it refers must actually be seen in the candidate's answer.

M marks are method marks upon which accuracy marks (A marks) later depend. For an M mark to be scored, the point to which it refers **must** be seen in a candidate's answer. If a candidate fails to score a particular M mark, then none of the dependent A marks can be scored.

C marks are compensatory method marks which can be scored even if the points to which they refer are not written down by the candidate, provided subsequent working gives evidence that they must have known it e.g. if an equation carries a C mark and the candidate does not write down the actual equation but does correct working which shows he knew the equation, then the C mark is scored.

A marks are accuracy or answer marks which either depend on an M mark, or which are one of the ways which allow a C mark to be scored.

c.a.o. means "correct answer only".

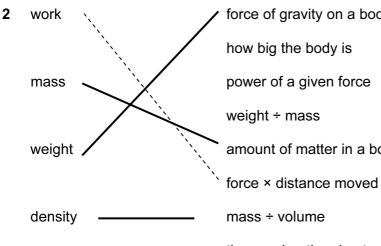
e.c.f. means "error carried forward". This indicates that if a candidate has made an earlier mistake and has carried his incorrect value forward to subsequent stages of working, he may be given marks indicated by e.c.f. provided his subsequent working is correct, bearing in mind his earlier mistake. This prevents a candidate being penalised more than once for a particular mistake, but **only** applies to marks annotated "e.c.f."

e.e.o.o. means "each error or omission".

brackets () around words or units in the mark scheme are intended to indicate wording used to clarify the mark scheme, but the marks do not depend on seeing the words or units in brackets e.g. 10 (J) means that the mark is scored for 10, regardless of the unit given.

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	IGCSE – Mav/June 2009	0625	80	

- 1 (a) 35
 - (b) vehicles/time in any form, letters words or numbers 700/35 e.c.f. (a) 20 e.c.f. (a)



force of gravity on a body how big the body is power of a given force weight + mass amount of matter in a body

mass + volume

the acceleration due to gravity

B1×3 [3]

3 (a) 1500 **B1**

(b) second box ticked (use $\sqrt{+ \times = 0}$ for extras)

B1

(c) constant speed

B1

(d) award B1 from each of any 2 lines:

B1 + B1

IGNORE increased speed/changed car shape/increased load IGNORE driver decided to stop

[5]

(a) 88 - 92

B1

(b) his (a)

B1

(c) 840 e.c.f. (b)

B1

(d) left level up and right level down L at 80 and R at 150

- **B1**
- **B1** [5]

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	Page 4		Mark Scheme: Teachers' version Syl		· Q er
			IGCSE – May/June 2009	0625	100
5			d/rapid heat transfer/gain OR rapid reading/respon Γ sensitivity/temperature transfer	se	Cambrid
	(ii)		ngth OR reduce chance of breaking OR to magni- ore any mention of safety	fy the thread	B1 Ste. COM
	(iii)	sens	sitivity or equiv. (e.g. idea of large movement of thre	ad)	B1

- (a) (i) rapid/rapid heat transfer/gain OR rapid reading/response 5 NOT sensitivity/temperature transfer
 - (ii) strength OR reduce chance of breaking OR to magnify the thread ignore any mention of safety
 - (iii) sensitivity or equiv. (e.g. idea of large movement of thread) B1
 - (b) mercury OR alcohol **B1**
- **B1** (c) 0 and 100 °C on at least 1 temperature **B**1 [6]
- 6 (a) (i) decreasing OR getting lower/quieter/softer M1
 - (ii) amplitude/length of wave decreased OR waves got smaller NOT wavelength decreased Α1
 - M1 (b) (i) nothing OR constant
 - (ii) waves equally spaced OR wavelength/period/T constant Α1
 - (c) (i) 12-14**B1**
 - (ii) 1. 300 (waves, oscillations, vibrations) every second **B1** 2. 1/300 (s) OR 0.0033 OR 0.003 with indication of recurring 3 **B**1 3. 1/his300 × his 12 OR his (1/300) C1 0.04(s) e.c.f. Α1
 - (d) (i) yes/v
 - B2 -1 e.e.o.o.
 - (iii) no/√ [11]

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В1

В1

В1

В1

C1

Α1

[6]

	Page 5		Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	er	
			IGCSE – May/June 2009	0625	3	
7	(a) (i)		ormal correct, by eye correctly labelled		Can	bride
	(ii)		in any recognisable form accept incidence = refraction $i = \sin r$ B0 for refraction, refrection, reflaction		B1	ac.
	(iii)	V			B1	`
	(iv)	none	9		B1	
	cor	rect ir	nably generous: nversion prox. parallel to card edge		M1 A1	[7]

(a) (i) iron (rod)

(b) S S N

(ii) plastic (rod)

(d) one needle pointing N, by eye both needles pointing N, by eye

somewhere on or near rod D, near end C condone extra + or – signs unless contradict

8

.com

В1

В1

B1

B2

B1

B1

B1

[8]

	Page (6	Mark Scheme: Te	achers' version	Syllabus	er
			IGCSE – May	/June 2009	0625	Day
)	Apply n	nax 1	un. pen. in (a) and (b) toge	ther. Apply at first instar	nce of unit penalty.	Astrapaper Astrapaper Bandhide
	(a) (i)	6 V				B1 (%
	(ii)	50 m	nA OR 0.05 A			В1
	6/5	0 OR	n any form, letters, words, R 6/0.05 e.c.f. (a) OR 0.7 c.a.o. accept V/A instead	2Ω (0.12 Ω gets 2, 0.12	2 gets 1)	C1 C1 A1
	(c) (i)	incre	ease resistance/ohms	OR add another resist		
		OR	ole resistance/ohms halve e.m.f./voltage/p.d. remove one cell/battery	OR decrease e.m.f./vo OR add another R (in OR use 3 V cell/batter OR use only 1 cell/bat	series) y	C1 A1
	(ii)		of breaking the circuit make voltage zero	OR removing battery OR switch off		В1
	(d) (i)		finite OR <u>very</u> large (if figure quoted, must be ≥25 A) OT just "higher"			B1
	(ii)		of damage but NOT "blow			C1
		batte	neter – coil burnt out OR p ery – overheats OR runs f uit – overheat/burn out/insu	lat quickly) a	any 1	A1
		TOM	īt trips out			[11]

both lost if scales reversed

10 (a) XY would move up/anticlockwise/motion reversed/pan moves down

2. 4 points correctly plotted ($\pm \frac{7}{2}$ small square) -1 e.e.o.o.

3. reasonable straight line through his points, including 0,0

(c) (electric) motor OR ammeter OR galvanometer OR voltmeter

(ii) 0.036 - 0.038 OR his correct value ± 0.0005 (B0 if ridiculous scale)

- B0 if ridiculous scale on either axis (e.g. non-linear, 3, 7, 9 etc.) - can award both marks if scales interchanged but otherwise O.K. - if any blob clearly >1 square diameter, then −1 for each (max 2)

(b) (i) 1. sensible choice of *F* scale

NOT generator/electronic balance

sensible choice of I scale

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	Page 7	Mark Scheme:	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version Syllabus		P. D. er	
	J		ay/June 2009	0625	Apr.	
11	For (a), (b) and (c), mark the names, not the box					8
	(a) CATHODE in bottom left box				PapaCan,	1000
	(b) UP & DC	DWN in top middle box			В1	
	(c) GLOWS	in bottom right box			B1	
		hown connected across xtra wires if it would work	heater filament, any recogr	nisable symbol	B1	
	(e) electrons NOT beta particles NOT positive electron				B1	
	(f) vacuum	ticked (use \checkmark + \times = 0 fo	r extras)		В1	[6]
12	(1) electron(s OR e (ignore	s) any prefix or suffix)	electromagnetic radiation, NOT just rays etc.	/waves/rays	B1 + B1	
	~ 8000 units	OR <u>very</u> large	zero/nothing NOT small/almost nothing NOT – (dash)	3	B1 + B1	
	negative allo	ow – (dash)	no charge OR zero/neut NOT negligible NOT – (dash)	ral	B1 + B1	
	OR stopped mentioned, it	ery (penetrating) (but if a substance is must be appropriate,	idea of <u>extremely</u> (penetral OR not stopped (but if a smentioned, it must be app	substance is	B1 + B1	
	not air) NOT "not per NOT slowly p		NOT very/strongly/highly NOT very fast penetrating			[8]