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UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2011 question paper for the guidance of teachers

0625 PHYSICS

0625/52

Paper 5 (Practical), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• Cambridge will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2011 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

[Total: 10]

Pa		ne 2	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus
-	ra	ge 2	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version IGCSE – October/November 2011	0625
1	(a)	x and y values present both less than 40 cm x and y consistently in either mm, cm or m m_1 correct in g, with unit		Syllabus 7. Part of the Colombia of the Colomb
	(b)	second r $m_2 + m_3$	sets of x , y and m ; both $x + y = 40 \pm 0.5$ cm new set of x , y and m ($m_3 < m_2$) correct (= $m_1 \pm 2$ g) unit for x and y at least once (in (a) or (b))	[1] [1] [1] [1]
	(c)	NOT just more diff any <u>expli</u> more rea rounding difficult to	clay remaining on knife/rule/fingers/lost in cutting to 'dropped'/'lost' — must mention cutting ficult to balance with smaller pieces icit idea of why two pieces not so accurate adings so more inaccuracies perrors in extra calculations of find centre of misshapen cube g clay might not have uniform density	[2]
	(d)	mark centre of bottom of cube / take readings at either side of cube		
				[Total: 10]
2	(a)	$ heta_{ m h}$ and $ heta_{ m c}$	sensible values	[1]
	(b)		\prime values in table 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60 s decreasing and all between $\theta_{\rm r}$ and $\theta_{\rm h}$	[1] [1]
	(c)	all plots of well-judg	elled and scales suitable correct to nearest ½ small square ged best-fit line and small plots	[1] [1] [1] [1]
	(d)	constant constant same an	from: t water temperature/initial temperature room/surrounding temperature/other suitable name cold water temperature nount/rate of stirring en for transfer or wtte	ed environmental condition
	(e)		from: ce of parallax explained (thermometer or measuring emperature to stabilise	

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Page 3	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	.0
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3 (a) all V values to 1 decimal place or better and < 2.5V unit at least once and not contradicted</p>

 $V_{A} > V_{B}$

 $V_{\rm C}$ > $V_{\rm A}$ and $V_{\rm C}$ > $V_{\rm B}$

- (b) $V_A + V_B = V_C$ (within 10%) [1] correct statement matching results [1] justification matching statement and referring to results [1]
- (c) I sensible value and to at least 2 decimal places [1]
 R correct (ecf), 2 or 3 significant figures, with unit [1]
- (d) voltmeter correctly shown [1]

[Total: 10]

- 4 trace:
 - (a) normal at 90° to MR in correct position [1]
 - (b)–(h) all lines neatly drawn in correct position [1] **AB** in correct position [1] both P_2P_3 distances ≥ 5.0 cm [1]

P₁ positions correct [1]

(g) table:

i values correct [1] r values correct [1] all i = r (within 4°)

(i) any two from:
thickness of lines
thickness of pin holes/pins
thickness of mirror
thickness of protractor

[Total: 10]

[2]