

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

The COM

CO-ORDINATED SCIENCES

0654/12

Paper 1 Multiple Choice

October/November 2010

45 minutes

Additional Materials:

Multiple Choice Answer Sheet

Soft clean eraser

Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write in soft pencil.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Write your name, Centre number and candidate number on the Answer Sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.

There are **forty** questions on this paper. Answer **all** questions. For each question there are four possible answers **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**.

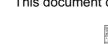
Choose the one you consider correct and record your choice in soft pencil on the separate Answer Sheet.

Read the instructions on the Answer Sheet very carefully.

Each correct answer will score one mark. A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer.

Any rough working should be done in this booklet.

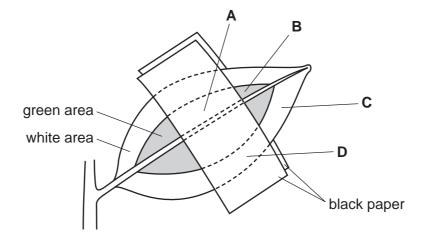
A copy of the Periodic Table is printed on page 20.



- 1 Which cells produce starch in their cytoplasm?
 - A all animal cells
 - B all plant cells
 - C some animal cells
 - **D** some plant cells
- 2 How do bacteria cause tooth decay?
 - **A** They release acids that dissolve enamel.
 - **B** They release alkalis that dissolve enamel.
 - **C** They release enzymes that digest enamel.
 - **D** They release ethanol that digests enamel.
- 3 What happens during anaerobic respiration in muscle cells?
 - A carbon dioxide is released
 - B energy is released
 - C lactic acid is oxidised
 - **D** water is released
- 4 The diagram shows a leaf, still attached to a plant, with both green and white regions that have been partly covered with black paper.

The leaf is left in bright light for six hours and then tested for starch.

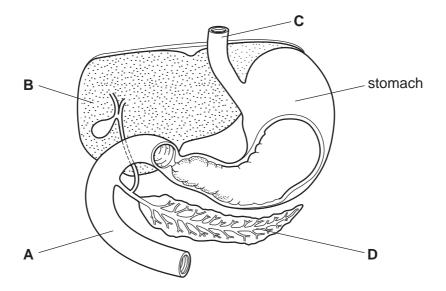
Which area of the leaf turns blue-black after the starch test?



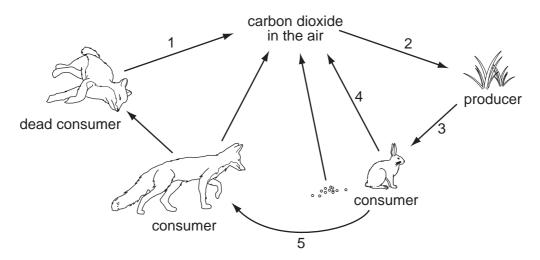
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5 The diagram shows part of the digestive system.

Where does lipase digest fat?



- 6 Which features are found in mammals but **not** in other vertebrates?
 - A claws and hair
 - B claws and lungs
 - C hair and milk
 - **D** lungs and milk
- 7 The diagram shows part of the carbon cycle which includes a food chain.



Which arrows are part of the food chain?

- **A** 1 and 2
- **B** 2 and 3
- **C** 3 and 5
- **D** 4 and 5

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8 Which row is correct for the blood in veins?

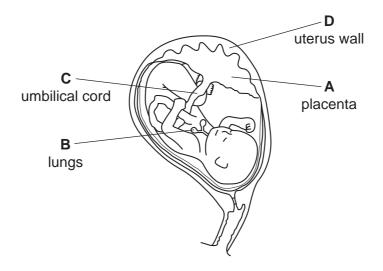
| | direction of flow | oxygen content | | |
|---|-------------------|----------------|--|--|
| Α | away from heart | always high | | |
| В | away from heart | high or low | | |
| С | towards heart | always low | | |
| D | towards heart | high or low | | |

9 The alleles for a particular character are H and h.

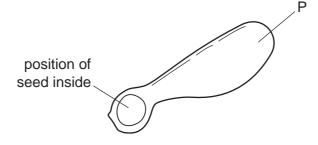
Which term describes an organism whose genotype is Hh?

- A heterozygote
- **B** homozygote
- **C** phenotype
- **D** recessive
- 10 The diagram shows a developing fetus.

Where does the fetal blood become oxygenated?



11 The diagram shows a wind-dispersed, single-seeded fruit.

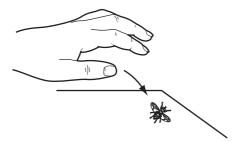


Structure P is an extension of which part?

- A cotyledon
- **B** leaf
- C ovary wall
- **D** testa
- **12** Which internal conditions in a human being are maintained at a more or less constant level as the result of homeostasis?

| | blood glucose | blood insulin | body temperature |
|---|---------------|---------------|------------------|
| Α | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| В | ✓ | ✓ | × |
| С | ✓ | X | ✓ |
| D | x | ✓ | ✓ |

13 The diagram shows two stages in an attempt to kill a fly.



What else does the diagram show?

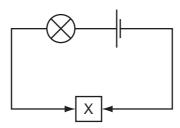
- A The fly converts impulses to stimuli.
- **B** The fly responds to a stimulus.
- **C** The hand produces impulses.
- **D** The hand is a receptor.

| 14 | Wh | ich materi | ial is made from silicon(IV) oxide combined with metal oxides? |
|----|-----|-------------|--|
| | Α | brass | |
| | В | glass | |
| | С | polythen | е |
| | D | steel | |
| | | | |
| 15 | Wh | ich molec | ules join into long chains to make proteins? |
| | Α | amino ad | pids |
| | В | ethene | |
| | С | glucose | |
| | D | starch | |
| | | | |
| 16 | Wh | ich two ele | ements are present in the compounds found in petroleum? |
| | Α | carbon a | and nitrogen |
| | В | carbon a | and oxygen |
| | С | hydroger | n and carbon |
| | D | hydroger | n and oxygen |
| 17 | Car | bon is use | ed in the extraction of some metals from their ores because |
| | | 1 | carbon forms strong alloys with metals, |
| | | 2 | carbon reacts with oxygen in the ore. |
| | Wh | ich of thes | se statements are correct? |
| | Α | 1 only | |
| | В | 2 only | |
| | С | both 1 ar | nd 2 |
| | D | neither 1 | nor 2 |
| | | | |
| | | | |

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18 The diagram shows a circuit.

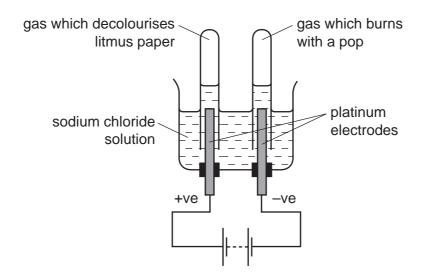
Solid X makes the lamp light.



What is solid X?

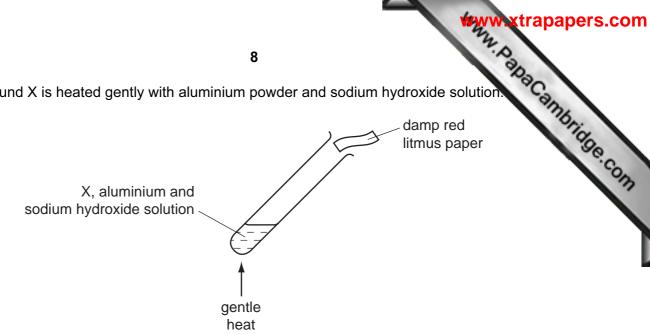
- A rubber
- **B** silicon(IV) oxide
- C sulfur
- **D** zinc
- 19 Sodium chloride solution is electrolysed and a gas is collected at each electrode.

One gas decolourises moist litmus paper, the other gas burns with a pop.



Which statement is correct?

- A Chlorine gas is collected at the anode.
- **B** Hydrogen gas is collected at the anode.
- **C** Oxygen gas is collected at the cathode.
- **D** The cathode is the positive electrode.

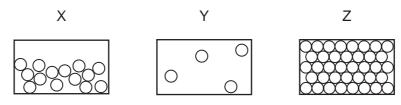


The damp red litmus paper turns blue.

What does X contain?

- carbonate
- В chloride
- C nitrate
- sulfate D

21 The three states of matter are represented by diagrams X, Y and Z.

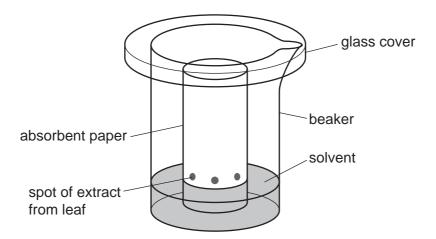


Which change occurs during condensation?

- A X to Y
- **B** X to Z
- C Y to X
- $\textbf{D} \quad Z \text{ to } X$

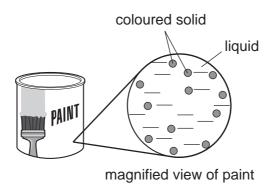
are in le

22 A student uses the apparatus shown to find out how many different pigments are in le



What is this separation method called?

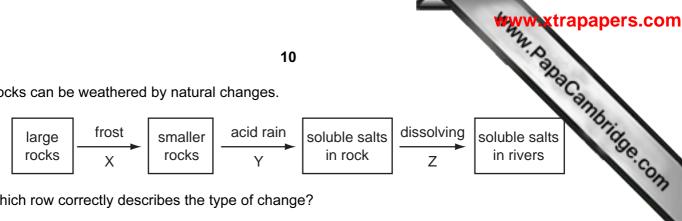
- **A** chromatography
- **B** distillation
- **C** evaporation
- **D** filtration
- 23 Paint contains particles of solid finely dispersed in a liquid.



Which term correctly describes paint?

- A emulsion
- **B** gel
- C sol
- **D** solution

24 Rocks can be weathered by natural changes.

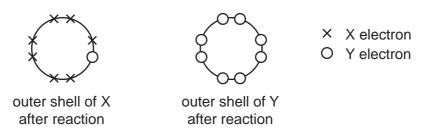


Which row correctly describes the type of change?

| | Х | Y | Z | | |
|---|----------|----------|----------|--|--|
| Α | chemical | chemical | chemical | | |
| В | chemical | physical | chemical | | |
| С | physical | chemical | physical | | |
| D | physical | physical | physical | | |

25 Elements X and Y react together to form a compound.

The diagram shows the outer shells of X and Y after reaction.



Which statement is correct?

- X is in group VII and has formed the X⁺ ion.
- X is in group VII and has formed the X⁻ ion. В
- C X is in group VIII and has formed the X⁺ ion.
- X is in group VIII and has formed the X⁻ ion.

26 Waste material buried underground can decay to form gas X which can be used as a fuel.

X burns to form an oxide Y and water.

$$X + oxygen \rightarrow Y + water$$

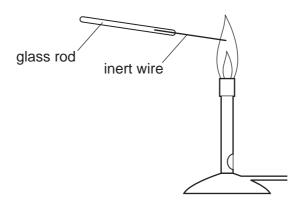
What is Y?

- carbon dioxide
- nitrogen dioxide
- C sulfur dioxide
- sulfur trioxide D

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27 In separate experiments, an inert wire is dipped into two solutions, P and Q.

The wire is then placed in the flame of a Bunsen burner.



The table shows the results.

| | solution P | solution Q | |
|------------------------|------------|------------|--|
| colour of Bunsen flame | yellow | green | |

Which metal ions are present in the solutions?

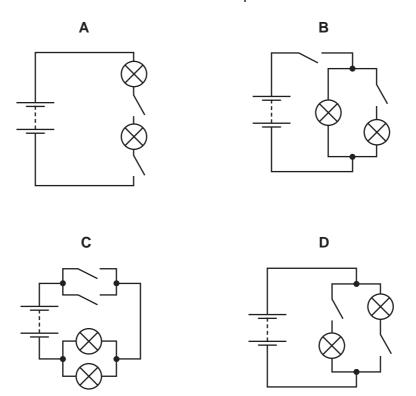
| | Р | Q | | | |
|---|--------|---------|--|--|--|
| Α | copper | calcium | | | |
| В | copper | sodium | | | |
| С | sodium | calcium | | | |
| D | sodium | copper | | | |

28 100 cm³ of a liquid has a mass of 85 g.

How does the density of this liquid compare with the density of water (1 g/cm³)?

- A Its density is higher than that of water.
- **B** Its density is lower than that of water.
- **C** Its density is the same as that of water.
- **D** It is impossible to say with only this data.

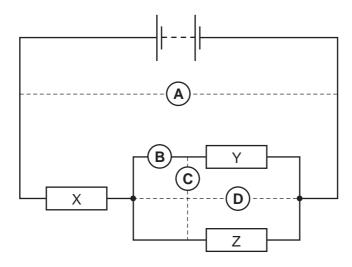
29 Which diagram shows a circuit that will allow the lamps to be switched on and off inde



30 A circuit consists of three resistors, X, Y and Z, connected to a battery as shown in the diagram.

The potential difference across resistor Y is measured.

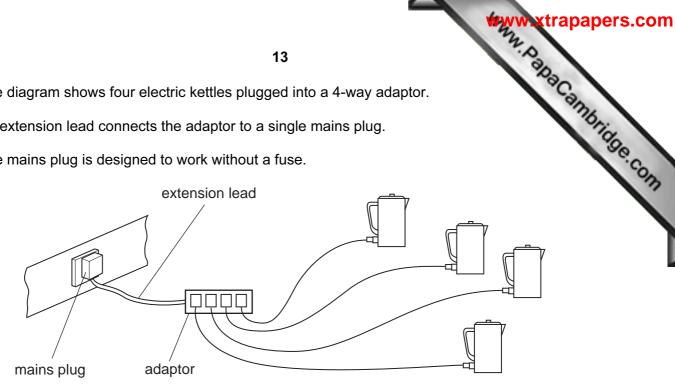
In which position should the voltmeter be connected to do this?



31 The diagram shows four electric kettles plugged into a 4-way adaptor.

An extension lead connects the adaptor to a single mains plug.

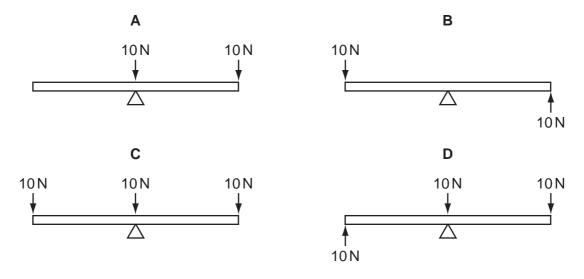
The mains plug is designed to work without a fuse.



Why is this use of the adaptor dangerous?

- The extension lead connecting the adaptor to the mains plug will overheat.
- В The heating elements in the kettle will overheat.
- C The leads connecting the kettles to the adaptor will overheat.
- The water in the kettles will overheat. D
- 32 Four beams are each balanced on a pivot at their centres as shown. Forces are then applied to the beams as shown.

Which beam will **not** rotate when the forces shown are applied?

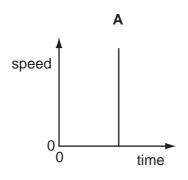


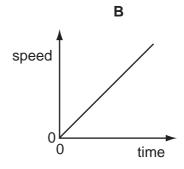
33 A man lifts some weights.

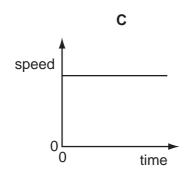
In which activity is the power of the man the **smallest**?

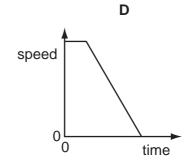
- A lifting a mass of 1 kg through a height of 0.1 m in 1 second
- **B** lifting a mass of 1 kg through a height of 0.1 m in 10 seconds
- C lifting a mass of 1 kg through a height of 1 m in 1 second
- D lifting a mass of 10 kg through a height of 0.1 m in 1 second
- 34 Four speed-time graphs are shown below.

Which graph could **not** show the motion of a car being driven normally?







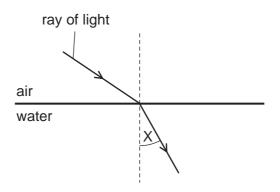


35 1 kg of water and 1 kg of aluminium are heated to the same temperature and then allowed to cool in a room.

Which of these could be a reason why the aluminium cools more quickly than the water?

- A Aluminium does not evaporate but water does.
- **B** Aluminium has a higher specific heat capacity than water.
- **C** Aluminium has a lower specific heat capacity than water.
- **D** Aluminium is a better insulator of heat than water.

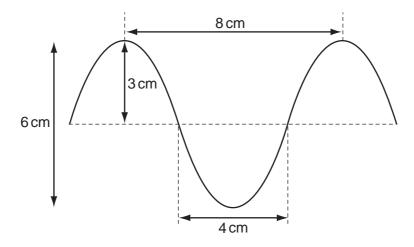
36 The diagram shows a ray of light passing from air into water.



What is the name of angle X?

- A the angle of incidence
- **B** the angle of reflection
- **C** the angle of refraction
- **D** the critical angle

37 The diagram shows a wave.



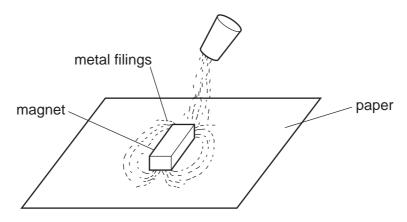
What are the amplitude and the wavelength of this wave?

| | amplitude/cm | wavelength/cm | | | |
|---|--------------|---------------|--|--|--|
| Α | 3 | 4 | | | |
| В | 3 | 8 | | | |
| С | 6 | 4 | | | |
| D | 6 | 8 | | | |

- 38 Compared with beta-particles and gamma-rays, alpha-particles
 - A are the only radiation to carry a charge.
 - **B** have the greatest ionising effect.
 - **C** have the greatest penetrating effect.
 - **D** have the smallest mass.
- **39** A small amount of a substance contains 72 billion radioactive atoms. The half-life of the substance is 4 hours.

How many radioactive atoms would remain after 12 hours?

- **A** 6 billion
- **B** 9 billion
- C 18 billion
- **D** 24 billion
- **40** The pattern of field lines around a bar magnet on a sheet of paper can be shown by sprinkling metal filings on to the paper.



From which metal could the filings be made?

- A aluminium
- **B** copper
- C iron
- **D** zinc

17

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The Periodic Table of the Elements DATA SHEET

| | | | | | | | | - | 1 | WWW. | xtrapapers.com |
|-------|----------|------------|-----------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|---|--|--|
| | | | | | 2 | 0 | | 1 | | | Para |
| | 0 | 4 Heium | 20 Ne Neon 10 | 40 Ar Argon | 84 Krypton 36 | 131 Xe Xenon 54 | Radon 86 | | 175 Lu Lutetium 71 | Lr Lawrencium 103 | Astrapapers.com PanaCambhidge.com |
| | I | | 19 Fluorine | 35.5 C1 Chlorine | 80 Br Bromine 35 | 127 I lodine | At Astatine 85 | | 173 Yb Ytterbium 70 | Nobelium 102 | Se Con |
| | 7 | | 16 Oxygen 8 | 32 S Sulfur 16 | See Selenium 34 | 128 Te Tellurium 52 | Po Polonium 84 | | 169 Tm Thulium | Md Mendelevium 101 | |
| | > | | 14 N itrogen 7 | 31 P Phosphorus 15 | 75 AS Arsenic 33 | Sb Antimony 51 | 209 Bi Bismuth 83 | | 167 Er Erbium 68 | Fm Fermium 100 | |
| | 2 | | 12 Carbon 6 | 28 Si Silicon | 73 Ge Germanium | 250 Tin | 207 Pb Lead | | 165 Ho Holmium 67 | Einsteinium | (r.t.p.). |
| | ≡ | | 11 Boron 5 | 27 A1 Aluminium 13 | 70 Ga Gallium 31 | 115 I n Indium | 204 T (Thallium | | 162 Dy Dysprosium 66 | Cf Californium 98 | The volume of one mole of any gas is 24 dm³ at room temperature and pressure (r.t.p.). |
| | | | | | 65 Zn Zinc 30 | Cadmium 48 | 201 Hg Mercury | | 159 Tb Terbium 65 | BK Berkelium 97 | ature and |
| | | | | | 64 Copper 29 | 108 Ag Silver 47 | 197 Au Gold | | 157 Gd Gadolinium 64 | Cm Curium 96 | n tempera |
| Group | | | | | 59 X Nickel | 106 Pd Palladium 46 | 195 Pt Platinum 78 | | 152 Eu Europium 63 | Am Americium | n³ at roor |
| Gre | | | | | 59 Co Cobalt | 103 Rh Rhodium 45 | 192 Ir Iridium | | 150 Sm Samarium 62 | Pu Plutonium 94 | as is 24 dr |
| | | T Hydrogen | | | 56 Iron | 101 Ru Ruthenium 44 | 190 OS Osmium 76 | | Pm Promethium 61 | Np Neptunium 93 | of any ga |
| | | | | | Manganese | Tc Technetium 43 | 186 Re Rhenium 75 | | Neodymium 60 | 238 U Uranium 92 | one mole |
| | | | | | 52 Cr Chromium 24 | 96 Mo Molybdenum 42 | 184 W Tungsten 74 | | Pr Praseodymium 59 | Pa Protactinium 91 | olume of |
| | | | | | 51 Vanadium 23 | Nobium 41 | 181 Ta Tantalum | | 140 Ce Cerium | 232 Th Thorium | The v |
| | | | | | 48 Ti Titanium | 91 Zr Zirconium 40 | 178 # Hafnium * 72 | | 1 | nic mass ibol nic) number | |
| | | r | | | Scandium 21 | 89 × | 139 La Lanthanum 57 * | 227 AC Actinium 89 | series eries | a = relative atomic mass X = atomic symbol b = proton (atomic) number | |
| | = | , | 9 Be Beryllium | 24 Mg Magnesium 12 | 40 Cal cium 20 | Strontium | 137 Ba Barium 56 | 226 Ra Radium | *58-71 Lanthanoid series 190-103 Actinoid series | « × ° | |
| | _ | | r Lithium | 23 Na Sodium | 39 K Potassium 19 | Rb Rubidium | 133 Cs Caesium 55 | Fr Francium 87 | *58-71 L; | Key | |

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