# Cambridge IGCSE<sup>™</sup>

#### **CO-ORDINATED SCIENCES**

0654/11

Paper 1 Multiple Choice (Core)

October/November 2020

45 minutes

You must answer on the multiple choice answer sheet.

You will need: Multiple choice answer sheet

Soft clean eraser

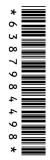
Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

#### **INSTRUCTIONS**

- There are **forty** questions on this paper. Answer **all** questions.
- For each question there are four possible answers A, B, C and D. Choose the one you consider correct and record your choice in soft pencil on the multiple choice answer sheet.
- Follow the instructions on the multiple choice answer sheet.
- Write in soft pencil.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number on the multiple choice answer sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.
- Do **not** use correction fluid.
- Do **not** write on any bar codes.
- You may use a calculator.

## **INFORMATION**

- The total mark for this paper is 40.
- Each correct answer will score one mark. A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer.
- Any rough working should be done on this question paper.
- The Periodic Table is printed in the question paper.



1 Lions are carnivores that chase, catch and eat zebra.

While still chasing zebra, which characteristic of living organisms is **not** exhibited by the lion?

- **A** movement
- **B** nutrition
- **C** respiration
- **D** sensitivity
- 2 Which structure in a plant cell makes organic nutrients?
  - A cell membrane
  - B cell wall
  - **C** chloroplast
  - **D** nucleus
- 3 Nutrient molecules are made up from smaller molecules. Nutrients can be identified by food tests.

Which row is true for a protein?

	smaller molecules	test which gives a positive result
Α	amino acids	Benedict's test
В	amino acids	biuret test
С	sugars	Benedict's test
D	sugars	biuret test

4 A mixture of starch and saliva was set up at four different temperatures. Each mixture was tested with iodine solution after 15 minutes and again after 30 minutes.

The results are shown in the table.

temperature	colour with ic	dine solution
/°C	15 minutes	30 minutes
0	blue-black	blue-black
15	blue-black	brown
35	brown	brown
95	blue-black	blue-black

What do the results suggest?

- **A** The enzyme in saliva is inactive at 95 °C.
- **B** The enzyme in saliva is slow to work at 35 °C.
- **C** The enzyme in saliva works equally well at 15 °C and 35 °C.
- **D** The enzyme in saliva works faster at higher temperatures.
- 5 Which are the products of photosynthesis in a green plant?
  - A carbon dioxide and water
  - B glucose and carbon dioxide
  - C oxygen and glucose
  - D oxygen and water
- 6 Which are minerals?
  - 1 calcium
  - 2 fibre
  - 3 iron
  - **A** 1 only **B** 1 and 3 only **C** 2 and 3 only **D** 1, 2 and 3

7 Under which conditions will transpiration from a plant be fastest?

	temperature	humidity
Α	high	high
В	high	low
С	low	high
D	low	low

8	Which	process	uses	energy?
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- A cell division
- **B** diffusion
- C osmosis
- **D** respiration

### **9** A plant shoot grows towards a light source.

This is an example of what?

- **A** gravitropism
- **B** homeostasis
- **C** transpiration
- **D** phototropism

# **10** What is produced by the fusion of the nuclei of two gametes?

- A embryo
- **B** fetus
- C ovum
- **D** zygote

### 11 Which term is used to describe an individual with two of the same allele for a characteristic?

- A genotype
- **B** heterozygous
- C homozygous
- **D** phenotype

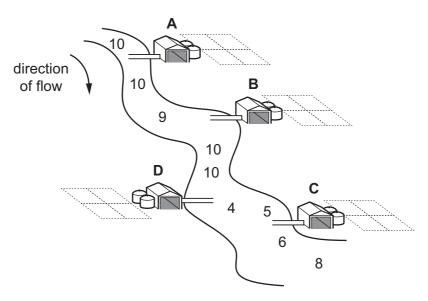
**12** The diagram shows a food chain.

grass 
$$\rightarrow$$
 rabbit  $\rightarrow$  fox  $\rightarrow$  flea

Which statement is correct?

- **A** The grass is a primary consumer.
- **B** The rabbit is a secondary consumer.
- **C** The fox is a tertiary consumer.
- **D** The flea is a tertiary consumer.
- **13** The diagram shows a river and four farms. The numbers in the river show relative oxygen concentrations.

From which farm is untreated sewage leaking into the river?



**14** Atoms are the smallest parts of .....1.....

When atoms of the same type chemically join together, a .....2..... is formed.

When different types of atom chemically join together, they form .....3......

Which words complete gaps 1, 2 and 3?

	1	2	3
A	elements	molecule	compounds
В	elements	molecule	mixtures
С	molecules	compound	mixtures
D	molecules	mixture	compounds

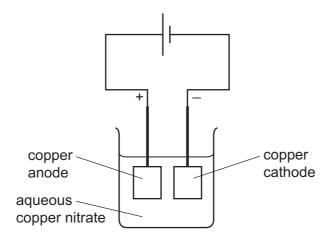
**15** A sample of water is contaminated with insoluble chalk and a soluble salt.

Which two processes are used to separate the water from the chalk and salt?

- A distillation and chromatography
- **B** distillation and crystallisation
- C filtration and chromatography
- **D** filtration and crystallisation
- **16** Which row describes a covalent compound?

	solubility in water	volatility
Α	high	low
В	high	high
С	low	low
D	low	high

17 The diagram shows an electroplating experiment.



Which row shows the change in mass of each electrode?

	anode	cathode
Α	decrease	decrease
В	decrease	increase
С	increase	decrease
D	increase	increase

18	Which	statement	describes	the	meaning	of	exothermic?

- **A** Heat energy is given out.
- **B** Heat energy is taken in.
- **C** Oxygen is given out.
- **D** Oxygen is taken in.

## **19** Which word equation represents a redox reaction?

- **A** carbon + copper oxide  $\rightarrow$  copper + carbon dioxide
- **B** hydrochloric acid + potassium hydroxide → potassium chloride + water
- C magnesium carbonate → magnesium oxide + carbon dioxide
- **D** sodium sulfate + barium nitrate → barium sulfate + sodium nitrate

### **20** Which chemical test does **not** produce a precipitate?

- A carbon dioxide and limewater
- **B** carbonate ions and dilute hydrochloric acid
- **C** chloride ions and aqueous silver nitrate
- **D** copper(II) ions and aqueous sodium hydroxide

#### **21** Potassium is in Group I of the Periodic Table.

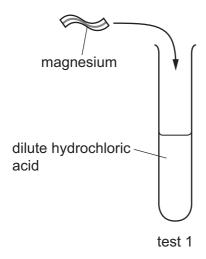
What is a property of potassium?

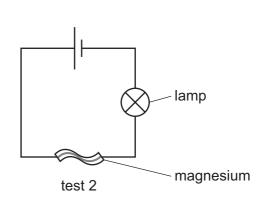
- A It does not react with water.
- **B** It is a liquid.
- C It is a non-metal.
- **D** It is a soft metal.

#### **22** Which property is **not** shown by transition elements?

- A They can act as catalysts.
- **B** They form coloured compounds.
- **C** They have high melting points.
- **D** They have low densities.

# 23 Magnesium is tested as shown.





Which row shows the results of the tests?

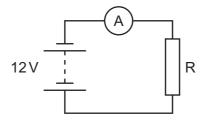
	test 1	test 2
Α	bubbles	lamp does not light
В	bubbles	lamp lights
С	no bubbles	lamp does not light
D	no bubbles	lamp lights

- 24 Which gas is an acidic pollutant in air?
  - **A** argon
  - B carbon monoxide
  - C sulfur dioxide
  - **D** water vapour
- 25 Which process does **not** produce carbon dioxide?
  - A acid reacting with a metal
  - B acid reacting with sodium carbonate
  - C complete combustion of methane
  - **D** respiration

26	Me	thane is a coval	ent c	compound.					
	Wh	ich statement al	oout	methane is corr	ect?				
	Α	It conducts ele	ctric	ty.					
	В	It is a gas at ro	om 1	emperature.					
	С	It is an unsatur	ated	hydrocarbon.					
	D	It is formed from	m a	metal and a non	-met	al.			
27	Pol	y(ethene) is ma	de fr	om ethene by th	ie pr	ocess of add	ition poly	ymerisation.	
	Wh	ich word describ	oes e	ethene in this pro	oces	s?			
	Α	fuel							
	В	catalyst							
	С	monomer							
	D	solvent							
28	A m	nan climbs up a	verti	cal cliff that is 60	0 m l	nigh. He take	s two ho	ours to reach the top.	
	Wh	at is the averag	e ve	rtical speed of th	ne ma	an?			
	Α	0.0083 m/s							
	В	0.50 m/s							
	С	30 m/s							
	D	120 m/s							
29	A h	iker has a mass	of 8	0 kg and is carry	/ing	a bag of mas	s 9.0 kg		
				trength <i>g</i> is 10 N		_			
				veight of the hike					
				J		J	ь.	000 N	
	Α	89 kg	В	89 N	С	890 kg	D	890 N	
30	Ele	ctricity is genera	ated	in power station	s. M	any power st	ations u	se steam to drive turbines.	
	Wh	ich type of powe	er sta	ation does <b>not</b> u	se s	team?			
	Α	chemical energ	gy (fu	uel) power statio	ns				
	В	geothermal en	ergy	power stations					
	С	hydroelectric e	nerg	y power stations	3				
	D	nuclear energy	pov	ver stations					

31	Wh	ich material is a t	oad	thermal conduc	tor?			
	Α	aluminium						
	В	brass						
	С	copper						
	D	wood						
32	An	object is placed i	n fro	ont of a plane m	irror			
	Wh	at are the charac	teri	stics of the imag	ge fo	rmed?		
	Α	same size as the	e ol	ject and inverte	ed to	p to bottom		
	В	same size as the	e ol	ject and lateral	ly in	erted (left to rig	jht)	
	С	smaller than the	ob	ect and inverte	d top	to bottom		
	D	smaller than the	ob <sub>.</sub>	ect and laterally	y inv	erted (left to righ	nt)	
33		ich list consists quency (lowest fir		•	of th	ne electromagn	etic	spectrum in order of increasing
	A	microwaves, rac	ا oib	vaves, ultraviole	et wa	ives		
	В	microwaves, ulti	ravi	olet waves, radi	o wa	ives		
	С	radio waves, mi	cro	vaves, ultraviole	et wa	ives		
	D	ultraviolet waves	s, ra	adio waves, mic	rowa	ives		
34		orker in a quarry hears the sound			/ay fr	om an explosio	n. Sh	ne sees the explosion 3.0 s before
	Usi	ng this informatio	n, v	vhat value can t	oe de	etermined for the	e spe	eed of sound?
	A	300 m/s	В	600 m/s	С	2700 m/s	D	5400 m/s
35	A b	ar of soft iron and	d a l	oar of steel are	held	in contact with	a stro	ong magnet.
	Bot	h bars become m	nagi	netised.				
	The	e two bars are no	w m	noved away fron	n the	magnet.		
		ich statement ab		•		<b>g</b>		
	A							
	В	Both bars easily  Neither of the ba		•		netiem		
	С			•	•		el hai	retains its magnetism.
	D							retains its magnetism.
	,	The steel bal Ga	, Jii y	10000 its magn	ouoii	i but the soil no	ıı Dal	Totalilo ito magnotioni.

**36** A resistor R is connected to a 12 V battery and an ammeter as shown.

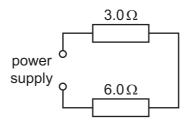


The ammeter reads 6.0 A.

What is the resistance of resistor R?

- **A**  $0.50\,\Omega$
- **B**  $2.0\Omega$
- $\mathbf{C}$  18 $\Omega$
- **D**  $72\Omega$

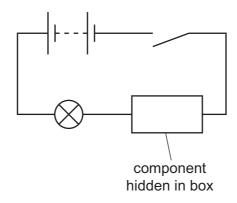
**37** A  $3.0\,\Omega$  resistor and a  $6.0\,\Omega$  resistor are connected to a power supply as shown.



What is the combined resistance of the two resistors?

- $\mathbf{A} \quad 2.0 \,\Omega$
- **B**  $4.5\Omega$
- $\mathbf{C}$  9.0  $\Omega$
- **D**  $18\Omega$

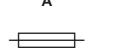
**38** The series circuit shown includes a single component hidden in a box. The switch is open.



The switch is now closed and the lamp lights briefly before going off.

The switch is now opened, and then closed again. This time the lamp does **not** light.

Which symbol represents the component in the box?





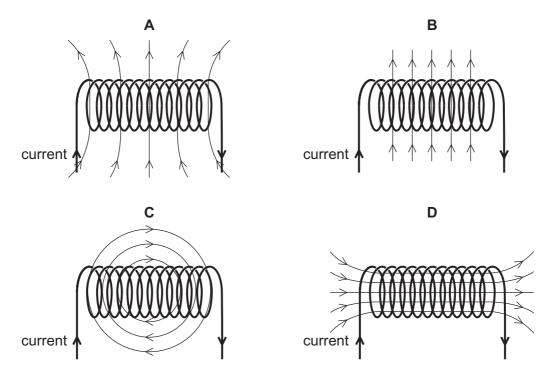
В





**39** A solenoid carrying a current produces a magnetic field.

Which diagram shows the magnetic field pattern?



- **40** Which type of radiation has the greatest ionising effect?
  - A infrared rays
  - **B**  $\alpha$ -particles
  - **C**  $\beta$ -particles
  - **D** γ-rays

13

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The Periodic Table of Elements

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	<b>=</b>	2	Ĭ	helit 4	10	ž	neo 20	181	⋖	argon 40	36	ス	krypt 84	75	×	xenc 13	86	丞	radc			
	=				6	ш	fluorine 19	17	Cl	chlorine 35.5	35	ğ	bromine 80	53	н	iodine 127	85	¥	astatine			
	IN				80	0	oxygen 16	16	S	sulfur 32	34	Se	selenium 79	52	<u>a</u>	tellurium 128	84	Ъо	molod	116	^	livermorium
	>				7	z	nitrogen 14	15	۵	phosphorus 31	33	As	arsenic 75	51	Sp	antimony 122	83	<u>.</u>	bismuth 209			
	≥				9	ပ	carbon 12	14	Si	silicon 28	32	Ge	germanium 73	50	Sn	tin 119	82	Pb	lead 207	114	Εl	flerovium
	=				2	Ф	boron 11	13	Αl	aluminium 27	31	Ga	gallium 70	49	In	indium 115	81	11	thallium 204			
								'			30	Zu	zinc 65	48	g	cadmium 112	80	Нg	mercury 201	112	S	copernicium
											29	no	copper 64	47	Ag	silver 108	79	Au	gold 197	111	Rg	roentgenium
dn											28	z	nickel 59	46	Pq	palladium 106	78	귙	platinum 195	110	Ds	darmstadtium
Group											27	රි	cobalt 59	45	뫈	modium 103	77	٦	iridium 192	109	¥	meitnerium
		-	エ	hydrogen 1							26	Ьe	iron 56	44	Ru	ruthenium 101	76	SO	osmium 190	108	Hs	hassium
											25	M	manganese 55	43	ပ	technetium -	75	Re	rhenium 186	107	Bh	bohrium
						loc	SS				24	ပ်	chromium 52	42	Mo	molybdenum 96	74	>	tungsten 184	106	Sg	seaborgium
				Key	atomic number	atomic symbo	name relative atomic mass				23	>	vanadium 51	41	q	niobium 93	73	<u>n</u>	tantalum 181	105	Ср	dubnium
						ato	rela				22	i=	titanium 48	40	Zr	zirconium 91	72	士	hafnium 178	104	弘	rutherfordium
								•			21	လွ	scandium 45	39	>	yttrium 89	57–71	lanthanoids		89-103	actinoids	
	=				4	Be	beryllium 9	12	Mg	magnesium 24	20	Ca	calcium 40	38	Š	strontium 88	56	Ba	barium 137	88	Ra	radium
	_				8	:-	lithium 7	11	Na	sodium 23	19	¥	potassium 39	37	윉	rubidium 85	55	Cs	caesium 133	87	ᇁ	francium

7.1	Γn	lutetium 175	103	۲	lawrencium	ı	
20	Υp	ytterbium 173	102	8	nobelium	I	
69	Tn	thulium 169	101	Md	mendelevium	ı	
89	щ	erbium 167	100	Fm	fermium	ı	
29	웃	holmium 165	66	Es	einsteinium	I	
99	ò	dysprosium 163	86	ŭ	californium	Ţ	
65	Д	terbium 159	6	ă	berkelium	ı	
64	gg	gadolinium 157	96	Cm	curium	ı	
63	Ш	europium 152	92	Am	americium	ı	
62	Sm	samarium 150	94	Pu	plutonium	ı	
61	Pm	promethium -	93	d	neptunium	ı	
09	PZ	neodymium 144	92	$\supset$	uranium	238	
59	Ą	praseodymium 141	91	Ра	protactinium	231	
28	Ce	cerium 140	06	Ļ	thorium	232	
22	Га	lanthanum 139	88	Ac	actinium	ı	
	lanthanoids			actinoids			

The volume of one mole of any gas is 24 dm³ at room temperature and pressure (r.t.p.).