

# **Cambridge IGCSE**<sup>™</sup>

CANDIDATE NAME								
CENTRE NUMBER					NDIDAT MBER	Έ		

# 1222424

**PHYSICAL EDUCATION** 

0413/12

Paper 1 Theory

October/November 2020

1 hour 45 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

No additional materials are needed.

### **INSTRUCTIONS**

- Answer all questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do not use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- You may use a calculator.
- You should show all your working and use appropriate units.

# **INFORMATION**

- The total mark for this paper is 100.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [ ].

This document has **16** pages. Blank pages are indicated.

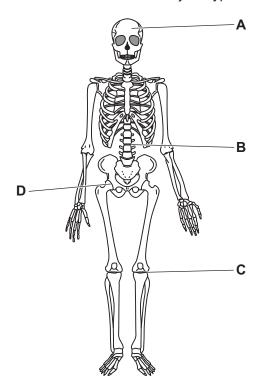
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1	Identify a different component of blood that has each of the following main functions:	
	combines with oxygen	
	clots blood.	
	L <sup>4</sup>	2]
2	State <b>two</b> personality types. Suggest a different physical activity usually performed by each personality type. Justify your answers.	h
	personality type 1	
	physical activity	
	justification	
	personality type 2	
	physical activity	
	justification	
	l <sup>4</sup>	4]
3	The photographs show three different activities that receive global media coverage.	
	head.com    Company	
-	tennis cycling javelin throwing	
	(a) Describe how technology has brought about a different improvement in each activity.	
	tennis	
	cycling	
	javelin throwing	

(b)	Describe <b>three</b> different ways that the internet and social media may benefit performers.
	1
	2
	3
	[3]
	[○]
(c)	Describe <b>two</b> advantages and <b>two</b> disadvantages of increased media coverage for people who watch global sporting events.
	advantage 1
	advantage 2
	disadvantage 1
	disadvantage 2
	[4]
	ITatal: 101
	[Total: 10]

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4 The diagram shows the human skeleton with different joint types labelled A, B, C and D.



(a)	Name the joint type at <b>A</b> , <b>B</b> and <b>C</b> .	
	joint type at A	
	joint type at <b>B</b>	
	joint type at <b>C</b>	
		[3]
(b)	Name <b>two</b> bones that form the joint labelled <b>C</b> .	

2 ......[2]

1 ......

	(6)	and <b>D</b> .
		component 1
		function
		component 2
		function
		component 3
		function
		[6]
	(d)	Describe the difference between the joints labelled ${\bf C}$ and ${\bf D}$ in terms of their range of movement and stability.
		[2]
		[Total: 13]
5		cribe, using <b>two</b> examples, how taking part in regular physical activity can improve a person's ial health and well-being.
	1	
	2	
		[2]

6 The photograph shows a swimming stroke, which can be classified as a closed skill.



(a)	Explain why this skill can be classified as a closed skill on the open–closed continuum.	
		. [2]
(b)	Classify this skill on <b>two</b> other named continua.  Justify each of your answers.	
	continuum 1	
	classification	
	justification	
	continuum 2	
	classification	
	justification	
	•	
		[4]

[Total: 6]

7	(a)	Suggest <b>three</b> factors that may influence whether a young performer participates in a physical activity.
		1
		2
		3
		[3]
	(b)	Describe examples of <b>two</b> named characteristics of a skilled performance in a named physical activity.
		physical activity
		characteristic 1
		example
		characteristic 2
		example
		[4]
	(c)	Identify, using examples from <b>one</b> named physical activity, how <b>two</b> named types of guidance could be used to develop skilled performance.
		physical activity
		type of guidance 1
		example
		type of guidance 2
		example
		IN1
		[4]

[Total: 11]

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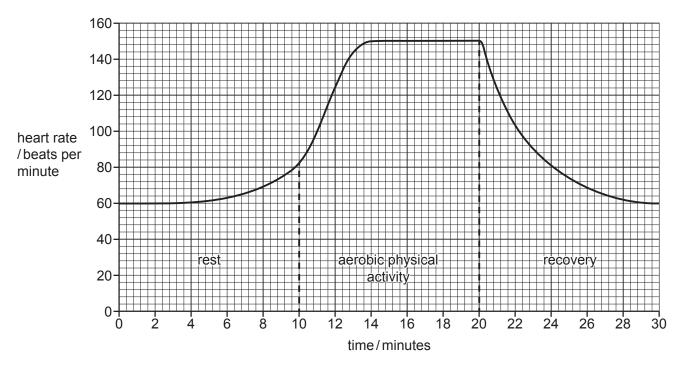
8 (a)	Describe the <b>three</b> phases of a warm up.
	phase 1
	phase 2
	phase 3
	[3]
(b)	Using a named physical activity, describe a suitable exercise for each phase of a warm up.
	physical activity
	phase 1
	phase 2
	phase 3
	[3]
(c)	Suggest <b>two</b> different psychological benefits that a cool down can provide for a performer.
	1
	2
	[2]
	[Total: 8]

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9	(a)	(i)	State a different food source rich in each of the following nutrients:
			carbohydrates
			proteins
			fats[3]
		(ii)	Suggest a physical activity that might require a performer to have a diet rich in protein. Describe <b>three</b> examples of how having extra protein can benefit performance in this activity.
			physical activity
			1
			2
			3
			[3]
	(b)	Sta	te what happens to a performer when energy input exceeds energy output.
			[1]
			[Total: 7]

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**10** (a) The graph shows the heart rate of a performer during a period of rest, during a period of aerobic physical activity and during a period of recovery.



(i) Calculate the duration of the aerobic physical activity.

(ii) State the highest heart rate shown on the graph.

(b)	One short-term effect of exercise on the performer is an increase in heart rate.
	State and explain <b>two</b> other short-term effects of exercise on the performer.
	1
	2
	[4]
(c)	Explain <b>four</b> factors that may affect the recovery time of the performer after the period of aerobic physical activity.
	1
	2
	3
	4
	[4]
	[Total: 10]

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11	(a)	Describe how the feedback used by a performer at the cognitive stage of learning differs from the feedback used by a performer at the autonomous stage of learning.
		[2]
	(b)	Anxiety can cause a reduction in performance.
		Describe two causes of anxiety in a named physical activity.
		physical activity
		1
		2
		[2]

[Total: 4]

Describe what is meant by residual volume.
[1]
Explain the functions of <b>two</b> named muscles involved in normal breathing.
muscle 1
explanation
muscle 2
explanation
[4]
Explain <b>three</b> characteristics of the alveoli that enable gaseous exchange to take place.
1
2
3
[6]

[Total: 11]

[Turn over

13 The photograph shows a group sailing, which is an outdoor and adventurous activity with some level of risk.



(a)	Explain the terms real risk and perceived risk.	
	real risk	
		• • • • • •
	perceived risk	
		[2

(b) Complete the table to suggest different strategies to reduce each risk.

risk	strategy to reduce risk
boat capsizes causing the performers to fall into the water	
injury while sailing	
collisions with other boats	

[3]

[Total: 5]

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14 A performer joins a running club to improve their fitness in preparation to run in a local long-distance

race. Before the performer takes part in a training programme a coach tests their cardiov endurance.		
	(a)	Name and describe a test to measure the cardiovascular endurance of the performer.
		name of test
		description
		[4]
	(b)	Continuous training is a suitable method of training for improving cardiovascular endurance.
		State <b>one</b> advantage and <b>one</b> disadvantage of continuous training.
		advantage
		disadvantage
	(c)	[2] Suggest why the performer may also wish to improve their speed.
		[1]
		[Total: 7]

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