

Centre Number								
Candidate Number								

General Certificate of Secondary Education 2019–2020

Single Award Science: Chemistry

Unit 2 Foundation Tier

[GSA21]

GSA21

THURSDAY 7 NOVEMBER 2019, MORNING

TIME

1 hour.

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Write your Centre Number and Candidate Number in the spaces provided at the top of this page.

You must answer the questions in the spaces provided.

Do not write outside the boxed area on each page or on blank pages.

Complete in black ink only. Do not write with a gel pen.

Answer all nine questions.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

The total mark for this paper is 60.

Figures in brackets printed down the right-hand side of pages indicate the marks awarded to each question or part question.

Quality of written communication will be assessed in Question 8.

A Data Leaflet, which includes a Periodic Table of the Elements, is included for your use.

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20GSA2102

(c) In the box below draw the symbol that would be found on a cylinder of a gas that is **explosive**.



[1]

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20GSA2104

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(c) Some tablets can be dissolved in water.



(i) Suggest **two** ways to make a tablet dissolve more quickly in water.

1	
2	[2]

(ii) Complete the following sentence.

Choose from:

saturated	solvent	solute	solution
When a tablet dissolve	es in water a		is formed. [1]

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20GSA2106

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4	The table	below	gives	information	about five	plastics.
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Plastic	Properties	Colours available	Cost
nylon	long-lasting, strong, lightweight	white	high
polystyrene	does not keep its shape, good heat insulator, lightweight	white	low
acrylic	stiff, weather-resistant, good heat insulator	wide range of colours	high
PVC	keeps its shape, hard, weather-resistant	wide range of colours	medium
polythene	flexible, soft, good electrical insulator	wide range of colours but can fade	medium

Use information from the table to answer the following questions.

(a) Which plastic would be best for covering electrical cables?

_ [1]

(b) Give **one** property of polystyrene which means it is **not** suitable to make garden chairs. Explain your choice.

___ [2]

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20GSA2108

A manufacturer wants to produce cheap, blue buckets to sell in local supermarkets	5.
(c) Which plastic should the manufacturer choose? Give two reasons for your answer.	
Plastic	
Reason 1	
Reason 2	[3]

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Ν	a													CI	
			V												
	Sr														
С	s														
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(b)	has the is in Per Comple	lowest iod 5. te the f	follov	nic r ving	sen	ber. tenc	es.								
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(c)	The Periodic Table has been developed over many years and now has over 100
	elements. Mendeleev was one of the chemists involved in this.

(i) Complete the following sentence.

Mendeleev arranged the elements in order of increasing

atomic _____.

- (ii) Give two other features of Mendeleev's periodic table.

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[1]

20GSA2111

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6 The table below shows the pH range of some chemicals and their colour in different indicators.

Chemical	Colour of red litmus paper	Colour of universal indicator paper	pH range
hydrochloric acid	red	red	1–2
baking soda	blue	blue	8-10
water	red	green	7
sodium hydroxide	blue	purple	12-14
vinegar	red	orange	3-6

(a) Using information from the table, explain why red litmus paper is less useful than universal indicator paper when testing the pH of chemicals.

_ [2]

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20GSA2112

Acid from food can cause tooth decay. Three students shown below were discussing the best way to prevent this decay.



(b) Name the pupil who made the correct statement. Explain your answer fully.

Name	
Explanation	
	[3]
	[0]

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7 (a) Declan investigated the reactivity of two metals A and B. He added 2 g of each metal to 25 cm³ of copper sulfate solution in separate beakers. The temperature of each mixture was recorded every minute for seven minutes.

Time/min	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Temperature/°C Metal A	20	30	38	42	45	47	48	48
Temperature/°C Metal B	20	22	24	26	28	29	30	31

His results are shown below.

 (i) Plot and draw a line graph of the results for metal A. The first three points have been plotted for you. The graph for metal B is already drawn.



20GSA2114

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	(iii)	Calculate the temperature difference between metal A and metal B a	at the
			₋°C [1]
	(iv)	What name is given to chemical reactions that give out heat?	
			[1]
(b)	Dec ther	clan then added 2 g of silver to 25 cm ³ of copper sulfate solution and for re was no increase in temperature.	ound
	(i)	Put the three metals A , B and silver in order of reactivity.	
		Most reactive	
		Least reactive	[1]
			[']
	(ii)	Give one thing that Declan did in his investigation to ensure his result valid (fair test).	lts were
			[1]
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- 8 Group 1 metals are very reactive. Describe how a teacher could safely demonstrate the reactions of lithium and potassium with water to a group of pupils.
 Your answer should include:

 at least two things the teacher will do to make sure the pupils are safe
 similarities in the reaction of lithium and potassium with water
 differences in the reaction of lithium and potassium with water.

 In this question you will be assessed on your written communication skills including the use of specialist scientific terms.

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20GSA2116

(a)	Describe fully how crude oil is formed.						
			[3				
(b)) Ethane (C ₂ H ₆) is a member of a family of hydrocarbon compounds called the alkanes.						
	(i)	What is meant by the term hydrocarbon ?					
			[2				
	(ii)	Ethane is a fuel that can burn to release energy. Complete the word equation for the burning of ethane.					
ethane	+	+					
ethane	+	+	[3				
ethane	+		[3				
ethane	+	THIS IS THE END OF THE QUESTION PAPER	[3				
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20GSA2118

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20GSA2119

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Question Number	Marks	
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8		
9		
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Examiner Number

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20GSA2120

C.

Positive	OF SELECTED IONS Negat	
Name	Symbol	Name
mmonium	NH_4^+	Butanoate
romium(III)	Cr ³⁺	Carbonate
Copper(II)	Cu ²⁺	Dichromate
1- 1 (7		Fthanasta

Fe²⁺

Fe³⁺

 Pb^{2+}

Ag⁺

 Zn^{2+}

Negative ions				
Name	Symbol			
Butanoate	C ₃ H ₇ COO ⁻			
Carbonate	CO ₃ ²⁻			
Dichromate	$Cr_{2}O_{7}^{2-}$			
Ethanoate	CH ₃ COO ⁻			
Hydrogencarbonate	HCO₃			
Hydroxide	OH⁻			
Methanoate	HCOO⁻			
Nitrate	NO ₃			
Propanoate	$C_{2}H_{5}COO^{-}$			
Sulfate	SO ₄ ²⁻			
Sulfite	SO ₃ ²⁻			

SOLUBILITY IN COLD WATER OF COMMON SALTS, HYDROXIDES AND OXIDES

Soluble

All sodium, potassium and ammonium salts

All nitrates

Ch

Iron(II)

Iron(III)

Lead(II)

Silver

Zinc

Most chlorides, bromides and iodides

EXCEPT silver and lead chlorides, bromides and iodides

Most sulfates EXCEPT lead and barium sulfates

Calcium sulfate is slightly soluble

Insoluble

Most carbonates

EXCEPT sodium, potassium and ammonium carbonates

Most hydroxides

EXCEPT sodium, potassium and ammonium hydroxides

Most oxides

EXCEPT sodium, potassium and calcium oxides which react with water

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Data Leaflet Including the Periodic Table of the Elements

Copies must be free from notes or additions of any kind. No other type of data booklet or information sheet is authorised for use in the examinations

gcse examinations chemistry





For the use of candidates taking Science: Chemistry, Science: Double Award or Science: Single Award

For first teaching from September 2017

THE PERIODIC TABLE OF ELEMENTS Group

