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ADVANCED SUBSIDIARY (AS)
General Certificate of Education
2017

 C	Centr	e Nu	mber
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Chemistry

Assessment Unit AS 3

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Module 3: Basic

Practical Chemistry

Practical Booklet B (Theory)

[SCH32] *SCH32*

FRIDAY 9 JUNE, AFTERNOON

TIME

1 hour 15 minutes.

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Write your Centre Number and Candidate Number in the spaces provided at the top of this page.

You must answer the questions in the spaces provided.

Do not write outside the boxed area on each page or on blank pages.

Complete in black ink only. Do not write with a gel pen.

Answer all six questions.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

The total mark for this paper is 55.

Figures in brackets printed down the right-hand side of pages indicate the marks awarded to each question or part question.

A Periodic Table of Elements, containing some data, is included with this question paper.



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1	deterr carbo	ple of hydrated sodium carbonate, Na ₂ CO ₃ .xH ₂ O, was analysed by titration to nine the amount of water of crystallisation. 2.79g of the hydrated sodium nate were dissolved in 250.0 cm ³ of deionised water. 25.0 cm ³ of this solution itrated with 0.10 mol dm ⁻³ sulfuric acid. The mean titre was 22.5 cm ³ .	
	The fo	llowing reaction occurred:	
	$Na_2CO_3 + H_2SO_4 \rightarrow Na_2SO_4 + H_2O + CO_2$		
	(a) (i	Describe how the 250.0 cm ³ solution of sodium carbonate could be prepared.	
		[4]	
	(i	Name a suitable indicator for this titration, and state the colour change at the end point.	
		Indicator	
		Colour change from to [3]	
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(b)	Use the following headings to calculate the value of x in the hydrated sodium carbonate.			
	Number of moles of sulfuric acid added			
	Number of moles of sodium carbonate in 25.0 cm ³ of solution			
	Number of moles of sodium carbonate in 250.0 cm ³ of solution			
	Mass of sodium carbonate in 250.0 cm ³ of solution			
	Mass of water in the hydrated sodium carbonate			
	Moles of water in the hydrated sodium carbonate			
	Value of x			

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(c) An alternative method to determine the amount of water of crystallisation in hydrated salts is to heat the hydrated compound in a crucible until it reaches constant mass.

The following masses were obtained using this method.

mass of crucible	11.60 g
mass of crucible + hydrated copper(II) sulfate before heating	16.60 g
mass of crucible + contents after heating for ten minutes	14.93 g
mass of crucible + contents after heating for fifteen minutes	14.93 g

(i) Draw a labelled diagram of the apparatus used to heat a sample of hydrated copper(II) sulfate.

[3]



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	_ [1
Calculate the percentage, by mass, of water in the hydrated copper(II) sulfate.	
	_ [2]

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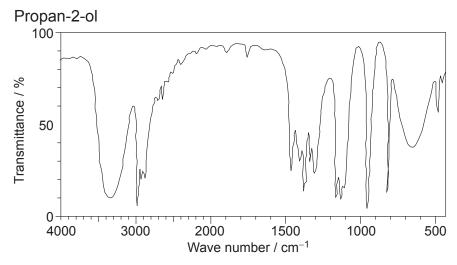
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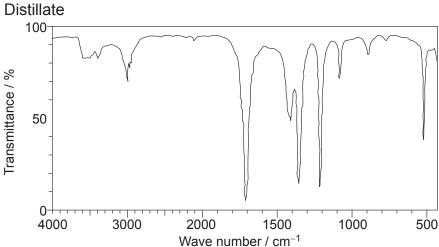
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Í	ield (llate below 60 °C. The distillate is then dried using anhydrous sodium sulf of 7.0 g is obtained. Define the term reflux .	ate
			_ [
	(ii)	Describe, giving practical details, how the distillate is dried and how the sodium sulfate is removed.	
			_ [
(b)	Cal	culate the percentage yield of propanone.	
			_ [



(c) The infrared spectra for propan-2-ol and the distillate are shown below:





Explain, through the identification of specific functional groups and their peaks, what evidence there is in the spectra showing that propan-2-ol has been completely converted into propanone.

_____[3

(d) Suggest why reflux would not be suitable in the preparation of propanal from propan-1-ol.

_ [1]

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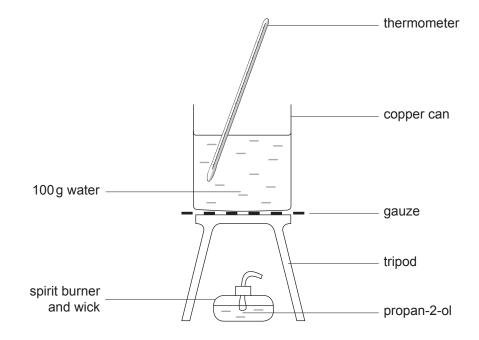
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3 The enthalpy of combustion of propan-2-ol, $\rm C_3H_8O$, can be determined using the apparatus shown below.



(2)	/i\	Define the term anthalou of combustion
(a)	(1)	Define the term enthalpy of combustion

		[2]
		[

(11)	write an equation for the complete combustion of propari-2-of.	
		[2]

(iii)	Why is a copper can used?		

		[4]
		[1]

(iv) Why should the water be stirred throughout the experiment?	
	[1 ⁻



(b) (i)	When completely burned, 0.60 g of propan-2-ol caused 100 g of water to increase in temperature by 36 °C. Calculate the enthalpy of combustion of propan-2-ol. The heat capacity of water is 4.2 J g ⁻¹ K ⁻¹ .
	[3]
(ii)	A data book gives the enthalpy of combustion as –2006 kJ mol ⁻¹ . Suggest a reason why this value differs from the value found in (b)(i) .

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4 An experiment was carried out to test for polarity in the molecules of two liquids, A and B. burette burette containing containing liquid A liquid **B** liquid A liquid **B** charged charged polythene polythene rod rod (a) Explain the difference in the results observed. [2] (b) Complete the diagram to show how a molecule of water is attracted to the charged rod shown below. [1]



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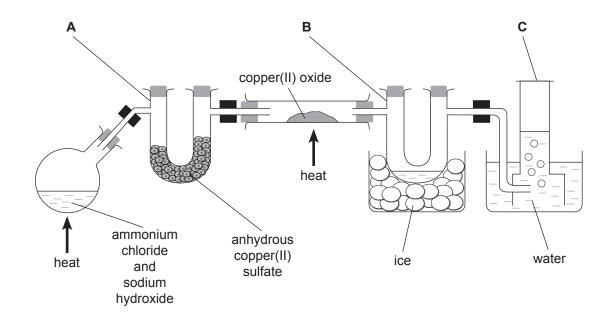
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5 The apparatus below was set up to investigate the reduction of copper(II) oxide by ammonia gas.



(a)	Suggest an equation for the reaction between ammonium chloride and sodium
	hydroxide to form ammonia.

_____[1]

(b) Name the piece of apparatus labelled A.

_____[1]

(c) State the purpose of the anhydrous copper(II) sulfate in ${\bf A}.$

_____[1]

(d) What will be observed in A during the experiment?



(e)	The solution that collects in B turns Universal Indicator blue. Explain what causes this change.	
(f)	The gas collected in C is a product of the reduction of the copper(II) oxide.	_ [2]
	Suggest the name of this gas.	_ [1]

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