



**General Certificate of Secondary Education  
2019**

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## **Biology**

**Unit 2**

**Foundation Tier**

**[GBL21]**

**FRIDAY 7 JUNE, MORNING**

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**MARK  
SCHEME**

## General Marking Instructions

### ***Introduction***

Mark schemes are intended to ensure that the GCSE examinations are marked consistently and fairly. The mark schemes provide markers with an indication of the nature and range of candidates' responses likely to be worthy of credit. They also set out the criteria which they should apply in allocating marks to candidates' responses.

### ***Assessment objectives***

Below are the assessment objectives for GCSE Biology.

Candidates must:

- AO1** demonstrate knowledge and understanding of: scientific ideas; and scientific techniques and procedures;
- AO2** apply knowledge and understanding of and develop skills in: scientific ideas; scientific enquiry, techniques and procedures; and
- AO3** analyse scientific information and ideas to: interpret and evaluate; make judgements and draw conclusions and develop and improve experimental procedures.

### ***Quality of candidates' responses***

In marking the examination papers, examiners should be looking for a quality of response reflecting the level of maturity which may reasonably be expected of a 16-year-old which is the age at which the majority of candidates sit their GCSE examinations.

### ***Flexibility in marking***

Mark schemes are not intended to be totally prescriptive. No mark scheme can cover all the responses which candidates may produce. In the event of unanticipated answers, examiners are expected to use their professional judgement to assess the validity of answers. If an answer is particularly problematic, then examiners should seek the guidance of the Supervising Examiner.

### ***Positive marking***

Examiners are encouraged to be positive in their marking, giving appropriate credit for what candidates know, understand and can do rather than penalising candidates for errors or omissions. Examiners should make use of the whole of the available mark range for any particular question and be prepared to award full marks for a response which is as good as might reasonably be expected of a 16-year-old GCSE candidate.

### ***Awarding zero marks***

Marks should only be awarded for valid responses and no marks should be awarded for an answer which is completely incorrect or inappropriate.

### ***Marking calculations***

In marking answers involving calculations, examiners should apply the 'own figure rule' so that candidates are not penalised more than once for a computational error.

### ***Types of mark schemes***

Mark schemes for tasks or questions which require candidates to respond in extended written form are marked on the basis of levels of response which take account of the quality of written communication.

Other questions which require only short answers are marked on a point for point basis with marks awarded for each valid piece of information provided.

### **Levels of response**

Tasks and questions requiring candidates to respond in extended writing are marked in terms of levels of response. In deciding which level of response to award, examiners should look for the 'best fit' bearing in mind that weakness in one area may be compensated for by strength in another. In deciding which mark within a particular level to award to any response, examiners are expected to use their professional judgement. The following guidance is provided to assist examiners.

**Threshold performance:** Response which just merits inclusion in the level and should be awarded a mark at or near the bottom of the range.

**Intermediate performance:** Response which clearly merits inclusion in the level and should be awarded a mark at or near the middle of the range.

**High performance:** Response which fully satisfies the level description and should be awarded a mark at or near the top of the range.

### **Quality of written communication**

Quality of written communication is taken into account in assessing candidates' responses to all tasks and questions that require them to respond in extended written form. These tasks and questions are marked on the basis of levels of response. The description for each level of response includes reference to the quality of written communication.

For conciseness, quality of written communication is distinguished within bands of response as follows:

Band A: Quality of written communication is excellent.

Band B: Quality of written communication is good.

Band C: Quality of written communication is basic.

In interpreting these level descriptions, examiners should refer to the more detailed guidance provided below:

**Band A (Excellent):** The candidate successfully selects and uses the most appropriate form and style of writing. Relevant material is organised with a high degree of clarity and coherence. There is widespread and accurate use of appropriate specialist vocabulary. Presentation, spelling, punctuation and grammar are of a sufficiently high standard to make meaning clear.

**Band B (Good):** The candidate makes a reasonable selection and use of an appropriate form and style of writing. Relevant material is organised with some clarity and coherence. There is some use of appropriate specialist vocabulary. Presentation, spelling, punctuation and grammar are sufficiently competent to make meaning clear.

**Band C (Basic):** The candidate makes only a limited selection and use of an appropriate form and style of writing. The organisation of material may lack clarity and coherence. There is little use of specialist vocabulary. Presentation, spelling, punctuation and grammar may be such that intended meaning is not clear.

|   |   | AVAILABLE MARKS |
|---|---|-----------------|
| 1 | E;<br>Produce sperm;<br>C;<br>Scrotum;<br>F;  | [5] 5           |
| 2 | (a) Testosterone; [1]<br><br>(b) Ovary/ovaries; [1]<br><br>(c) Yes, No;<br>Yes, Yes;<br>No, Yes; [3]<br><br>(d) (i) <i>Female only</i> – Production of ova/menstruation/hips widen; [1]<br><br>(ii) <i>Male only</i> – Production of sperm/enlargement of penis/facial hair growth; [1]   | 7               |
| 3 | (a) (i) Any <b>two</b> from:<br>Both have three layers;<br>Outer layers same thickness;<br>Inner layers are same thickness;<br>Both have layer X/Y/lumen; [2]<br><br>(ii) Lumen; [1]<br><br>(b) (i) <b>B</b> ; [1]<br><br>(ii) Exchange of materials between blood and tissues; [1]<br><br>(iii) Any <b>two</b> from:<br>Carry blood away from heart;<br>To withstand pressure;<br>More muscle/elastic; [2] | 7               |
| 4 | (a) Cuticle; [1]<br><br>(b) (i) Thick/waxy/physical barrier; [1]<br><br>(ii) <b>Arrow drawn</b> through the stomata;<br>into palisade cell; [2]<br><br>(c) Digitalis is poisonous; [1]<br><br>(d) Any <b>two</b> from:<br>Skin; blood clotting; mucous membranes; [2]   | 7               |

|   |   |   | AVAILABLE MARKS |
|---|---|---|-----------------|
| 5 | (a) (i) Chromosome;<br><br>(ii) Replication/duplication/copying of chromosomes [DNA];<br><br>(iii) <u>Genetically</u> identical;  | [1]<br>[1]<br>[1]                               |                 |
|   | (b) Replace worn out cells/repair damaged tissue;   | [1]   | 4               |
| 6 | (a) Infectious/passed from one person to another;<br><br>(b) <b>Circle drawn around</b> virus;<br><br>(c) Airborne droplets;<br><br>(d) (i) As the % of children receiving the vaccination increases the number of cases of flu decreases;<br><b>Accept converse</b><br><br>(ii) $84 \div 3$ ;<br>28;<br><br>(iii) Contains modified flu virus/microorganism;<br>Causes increased antibody production/level;<br>And memory cells (lymphocytes); | [1]<br>[1]<br>[1]<br>[1]<br><br>[2]<br><br>[3]  | 9               |
| 7 | (a) (i) 10 minutes;<br><br>(ii) Smaller vacuole/less cytoplasm;<br><b>Comparative term required</b> ;<br>Cell membrane not touching/pulled away from cell wall;<br><br>(b) (i) Osmosis;<br><br>(ii) Any <b>three</b> from:<br>Water moves <b>out of cell</b> ;<br>Concentration of sugar higher outside membrane/described;<br>Water moves down concentration gradient/described;<br>Through the partially permeable cell membrane;             | [1]<br><br>[2]<br><br>[1]<br><br>[1]<br><br>[3] | 7               |
| 8 | (a) Different type/form of gene;<br><br>(b) Bb;<br><br>(c) bb;<br>Brown;<br><br>(d) BB, Bb;<br>Bb, bb;<br><i>[1] mark for each row</i><br><br>(e) 3 brown: 1 white;   | [1]<br>[1]<br>[2]<br><br>[2]<br><br>[1]         | 7               |

|      |   |  | AVAILABLE MARKS |
|------|---|--|-----------------|
| 9    | <p>(a) Accurate plots [<math>\times 3</math>];<br/>Height <b>and</b> width correct.</p> <p>(b) Any <b>two</b> from:<br/>Men taller than women;<br/>Men have greater variation/bigger range;<br/>Maximum number of women higher in one category than the maximum number of men in one category/the mode for women is greater (25) than men (22);</p> <p>(c) Any <b>three</b> from:<br/>There are intermediates;<br/>Across a range/described;<br/>Range – for men from 140 to 209 cm;<br/>For women from 140 to 179 cm;<br/>(Range data – need data for <b>both</b> men and women)</p> <p>(d) Genes/genetic;<br/>Environmental/food/disease;</p> | [3]<br><br><br><br><br>[2]<br><br><br><br><br>[3]<br><br><br><br><br>[2] |                 |
| 10   | <b>Indicative Content</b>   |  | 10              |
|      | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Tar;</li> <li>2. (Tar) causes – bronchitis/narrowing of bronchi [/bronchioles]           <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>or emphysema/damage to alveoli (reducing surface area for gas exchange);</li> <li>or lung cancer;</li> </ul> </li> <li>3. Nicotine;</li> <li>4. (Nicotine) causes – addiction/affects the heart rate;</li> <li>5. Carbon monoxide;</li> <li>6. (Carbon monoxide) causes – reduced oxygen carrying capacity of blood/combines with red blood cells;</li> </ol>   |  |                 |
| Band | Response  | Mark   |                 |
| A    | Candidates <b>must use appropriate, specialist terms</b> throughout to describe and explain their conclusions <b>using at least 5 of the points</b> . They use <b>good</b> spelling, punctuation and grammar and the form and style are of a <b>high standard</b> .   | [5]–[6]  |                 |
| B    | Candidates use <b>some appropriate, specialist terms</b> throughout to describe and explain their conclusions <b>using at least 3 of the points</b> . They use <b>satisfactory</b> spelling, punctuation and grammar and the form and style are of a <b>satisfactory standard</b> .   | [3]–[4]  |                 |
| C    | Candidates make <b>little use of specialist terms</b> throughout to describe and explain their conclusions <b>using at least 1 of the points</b> . The spelling, punctuation and grammar, form and style are of a <b>limited standard</b> .   | [1]–[2]  |                 |
| D    | Response not worthy of credit.  | [0]  |                 |

|   |                          | AVAILABLE MARKS |
|---|--------------------------|-----------------|
| 11 (a) Uncontrolled/abnormal;<br>Cell division;   | [2]                      |                 |
| (b) Any <b>two</b> from:<br>Need comparative term;<br>Body cell membrane <b>thinner</b> ;<br>Body cell nucleus <b>smaller</b> ;<br>Body cell rectangular/tumour cell rounded;<br>Accept converse for tumour cells.                  | [2]                      |                 |
| (c) (i) X and Y chromosome present;<br>(ii) 3 and 12;<br>(iii) Mutation(s);   | [1]<br>[1]<br>[1]        |                 |
| (d) Any <b>two</b> from:<br>Early detection;<br>Before it spreads;<br>Increased chance of cure/increased survival rates;  | [2]                      | 9               |
| 12 (a) (i) Double helix;<br>(ii) Sugar;<br>Phosphate;<br><i>Accept – either order</i><br>(iii) Nucleus;<br>(iv) Base(s);<br>Sequence;   | [1]<br>[2]<br>[1]<br>[2] |                 |
| (b) (i) <b>G</b> – 18%;<br>$100 - 36 = 64$ ;<br>$64 \div 2 = 32\%/\mathbf{A} = 32\% \mathbf{T} = 32\%$ ;  | [3]                      |                 |
| (ii) Any <b>three</b> from:<br><b>Must be comparison across all 4 species</b> ;<br>Most cytosine in grasshopper;<br>Least in yeast;<br>Cytosine similar in all four organisms;<br>Less cytosine than A/T;<br>Cytosine similar to G; | [3]                      | 12              |
|   | Total                    | 90              |