



**General Certificate of Secondary Education
2018**

French

Unit 4: Reading

Higher Tier

[GFR42]

FRIDAY 18 MAY, MORNING

**MARK
SCHEME**

General Marking Instructions

Introduction

Mark schemes are intended to ensure that GCSE examinations are marked consistently and fairly. The mark schemes provide examiners with an indication of the nature and range of candidates' responses likely to be worthy of credit. They also set out the criteria which they would apply in allocating marks to the candidates' responses. The mark schemes should be read in conjunction with these general marking instructions.

Positive marking

Examiners are encouraged to be positive in their marking, giving candidates appropriate credit for what they know, understand and can do rather than penalising them for errors or omissions. They should mark according to the mark scheme and make appropriate use of the mark range for any particular question. Where candidate responses are unclear and do not follow the question rubric the following guidelines for marking may also be used:

Candidates ignore the instruction/misapply the rubric.

- If candidates are instructed to answer a question in English and answer in the Target Language, or vice versa, they cannot be awarded marks for this.
- When candidates are asked to select answers from a list and they select more than instructed, they will have one mark deducted from the total number of correct answers for every extra answer that they select, to a minimum mark of zero. For example if they are asked to select four correct phrases and they select five, they will have one mark taken off the total number of correct answers.
- If candidates are asked to select four and select six, they will have two marks taken off the total number of correct answers.
- If candidates are asked to select one answer and select more than one, they cannot receive any marks for the answer.

Candidates cross out a letter/untick a box.

- If it is clear to the marker that one answer has been de-selected and another selected, the mark can be awarded for a correct answer.

English/Target Language answers.

- Mark schemes will include the anticipated responses and some others deemed credit-worthy by the examining team. These answers will be discussed at the standardising meeting and may be added to.

Quality of English/Target Language.

- Where spelling and grammar in English or the target language impede understanding, candidates will not be awarded marks.

Awarding zero marks

Marks should only be awarded for valid responses and no marks should be awarded for an answer which is completely incorrect or inappropriate.

1	(a) C géographie	[1]	4
	(b) C le dessin	[1]	
	(c) B les maths	[1]	
	(d) C l'allemand	[1]	
2	(a) D	[1]	4
	(b) A	[1]	
	(c) E	[1]	
	(d) C	[1]	
3	(a) C	[1]	4
	(b) B	[1]	
	(c) D	[1]	
	(d) A	[1]	
4	(a) B	[1]	4
	(b) E	[1]	
	(c) C	[1]	
	(d) A	[1]	
5	(a) C	[1]	4
	(b) D	[1]	
	(c) B	[1]	
	(d) A	[1]	
6	(a) B	[1]	4
	(b) A	[1]	
	(c) D	[1]	
	(d) C	[1]	

			AVAILABLE MARKS
7	(a) There are <i>lifeguards</i> or <i>people in charge of safety (security)</i> (credit where lifeguards can be found, not patrolled areas) or <i>information about swimming conditions</i> (reference to swimming) [1] (b) Any three from: swim somewhere which is patrolled (credit stay/keep/remain) don't swim on your own <i>don't swim</i> after a <i>long</i> sunbathing session/don't enter if after a big meal pay attention to all the <i>signs</i>/signposts (not rules) [3]		4
8	(a) It's <i>boring</i> or there's <i>nothing</i> (not much/not enough) for <i>young people</i> [1] (b) discussing <i>life</i> (not their lives) [1] (c) <i>competitions</i> or <i>teddy bears' picnic</i> (not picnic on its own) [1] (d) they are <i>building</i> (two) <i>new screens</i> (at the cinema) (insist on present tense – "building") [1]		4
9	(a) Any two from: he was (very) untidy/messy/disorganised/unorganised/disorderly left his <i>things</i> lying around left (wet) <i>towels</i> all over the <i>bathroom</i> (accept used, not dirty) [2] (b) Any two from: he just laughed/he didn't pay attention/<i>he</i> treated <i>her</i> like a child/he did not listen <i>to her</i>/to what she said [2] (c) <i>she convinced him</i> [1] to tidy up/show more respect [1] (insist on convinced or persuaded, <i>plus</i> one more element) [2] (d) she feels more <i>at ease</i> (comfortable) [1] <i>atmosphere</i> is <i>relaxed</i> [1] (not relaxed for her) (accept ambience is relaxed) [2]		8
Total Reading			40