



General Certificate of Secondary Education
2016

Centre Number

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Candidate Number

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Further Mathematics

Unit 1

Pure Mathematics



[GMF11]

GMF11

THURSDAY 16 JUNE, AFTERNOON

TIME

2 hours.

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Write your Centre Number and Candidate Number in the spaces provided at the top of this page.

You must answer the questions in the spaces provided.

Do not write outside the boxed area on each page, on blank pages or tracing paper.

Complete in blue or black ink only. **Do not write with a gel pen.**

All working should be clearly shown in the spaces provided since marks may be awarded for partially correct solutions.

Where rounding is necessary give answers correct to **2 decimal places** unless stated otherwise.

Answer **all sixteen** questions.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

The total mark for this paper is 100.

Figures in brackets printed down the right-hand side of pages indicate the marks awarded to each question or part question.

You may use a calculator.

The Formula Sheet is on pages 2 and 3.



Formula Sheet

PURE MATHEMATICS

Quadratic equations: If $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ ($a \neq 0$)

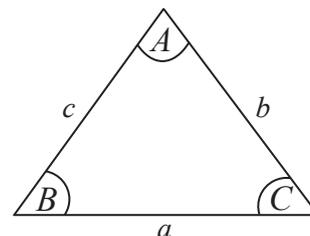
$$\text{then } x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

Trigonometry:

$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$$

$$\text{Area of triangle} = \frac{1}{2} ab \sin C$$



Differentiation:

$$\text{If } y = ax^n \quad \text{then} \quad \frac{dy}{dx} = nax^{n-1}$$

Integration:

$$\int ax^n dx = \frac{ax^{n+1}}{n+1} + c \quad (n \neq -1)$$

Logarithms:

$$\text{If } a^x = n \quad \text{then} \quad x = \log_a n$$

$$\log(ab) = \log a + \log b$$

$$\log\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) = \log a - \log b$$

$$\log a^n = n \log a$$

Matrices:

$$\text{If } \mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{then } \det \mathbf{A} = ad - bc$$

$$\text{and } \mathbf{A}^{-1} = \frac{1}{ad - bc} \begin{bmatrix} d & -b \\ -c & a \end{bmatrix} \quad (ad - bc \neq 0)$$



MECHANICS

Vectors: Magnitude of $x\mathbf{i} + y\mathbf{j}$ is given by $\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$

Angle between $x\mathbf{i} + y\mathbf{j}$ and \mathbf{i} is given by $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{y}{x}\right)$

Uniform Acceleration: $v = u + at$ $s = \frac{1}{2}(u + v)t$
 $v^2 = u^2 + 2as$ $s = ut + \frac{1}{2}at^2$

where u is initial velocity t is time
 v is final velocity s is change in displacement
 a is acceleration

Newton's Second Law: $F = ma$

where F is resultant force m is mass
 a is acceleration

STATISTICS

Statistical measures: Mean = $\frac{\sum fx}{\sum f}$ Median = $L_1 + \frac{\left\{\frac{N}{2} - (\sum f)_1\right\}c}{f_{median}}$

where L_1 is lower class boundary of the median class
 N is total frequency
 $(\sum f)_1$ is the sum of the frequencies up to but not including the median class
 f_{median} is the frequency of the median class
 c is the width of the median class

Standard deviation = $\sqrt{\frac{\sum fx^2}{\sum f} - (\bar{x})^2}$ where \bar{x} is the mean

Probability: $P(A \cup B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A \cap B)$

$$P(A | B) = \frac{P(A \cap B)}{P(B)}$$

Bivariate Analysis: Spearman's coefficient of rank correlation is given by

$$r = 1 - \frac{6 \sum d^2}{n(n^2 - 1)}$$

[Turn over



1 Matrices **A**, **B** and **C** are defined by

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{B} = [-1 \quad 2] \quad \text{and} \quad \mathbf{C} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Express as a single matrix:

(i) $\mathbf{A} - 3\mathbf{C}$

Answer _____ [2]

(ii) \mathbf{AB}

Answer _____ [2]



2 A function $f(x)$ is defined by $f(x) = x^2 - 4x - 5$

(i) Use the method of completing the square to rewrite $f(x)$ in the form $(x + a)^2 + b$.

Answer _____ [2]

(ii) Hence find

(a) the minimum value of $f(x)$,

Answer _____ [1]

(b) the value of x for which this minimum occurs.

Answer _____ [1]

[Turn over



3 If $y = \frac{2}{3}x^3 - \frac{7}{x}$

(i) find $\frac{dy}{dx}$

Answer _____ [2]

(ii) Hence find $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$

Answer _____ [2]



4 Find $\int_1^2 \left(x^3 - \frac{3}{2x^2}\right) dx$

Answer _____ [4]

[Turn over



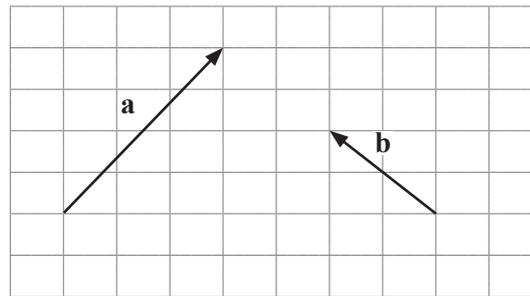
5 (a) Find the values of p and q if

$$p \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} + 3 \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ q \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ -5 \end{bmatrix}$$

Answer $p =$ _____ , $q =$ _____ [2]

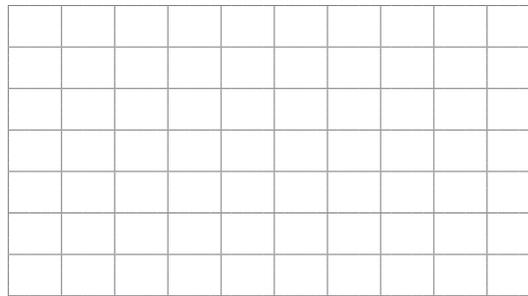


(b) The vectors **a** and **b** are shown below.



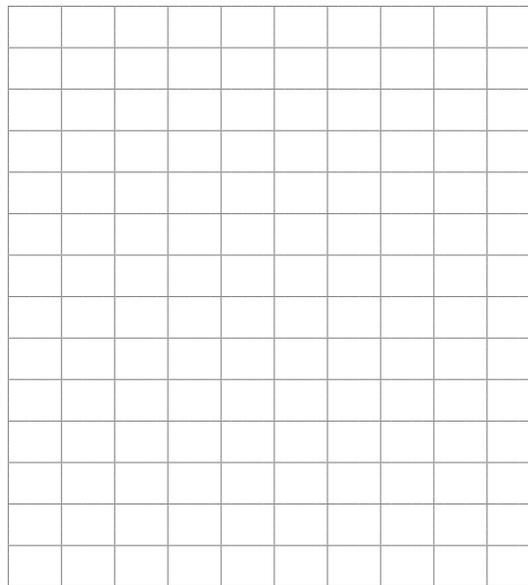
On the grids below, draw diagrams to show the vectors

(i) $\mathbf{b} - \mathbf{a}$



[1]

(ii) $2\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b}$



[1]

[Turn over



6 (i) Solve the equation

$$\cos \theta = -0.65$$

$$\text{for } 0^\circ \leq \theta \leq 360^\circ$$

Answer _____ [2]

(ii) Hence solve the equation

$$\cos (2x + 20^\circ) = -0.65$$

$$\text{for } 0^\circ \leq x \leq 180^\circ$$

Answer _____ [3]



7 Solve the equation

$$3^{2x+1} = 8^{4-x}$$

Answer _____ [5]

[Turn over



8 The matrix \mathbf{P} is defined by

$$\mathbf{P} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 3 \\ 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

(i) Find the matrix \mathbf{P}^{-1} , the inverse of \mathbf{P} .

Answer _____ [2]



(ii) Hence, **using a matrix method**, solve the following simultaneous equations for x and y .

$$4x + 3y = 34$$

$$x - 2y = 3$$

Answer $x =$ _____ , $y =$ _____ [4]

[Turn over



9 Simplify **fully** the following algebraic expressions:

(i)
$$\frac{x}{x^2 + 6x + 8} + \frac{1}{x + 2}$$

Answer _____ [3]



(ii) $\frac{x^2 - 9}{4x + 12} \div \frac{x^2 + x - 12}{6}$

Answer _____ [4]

[Turn over



10 A curve is defined by the equation $y = (x + 3)(x - 4)$

(i) Write down the coordinates of the points where the curve crosses the x -axis.

Answer _____ [2]

(ii) Find the coordinates of the turning point of the curve.

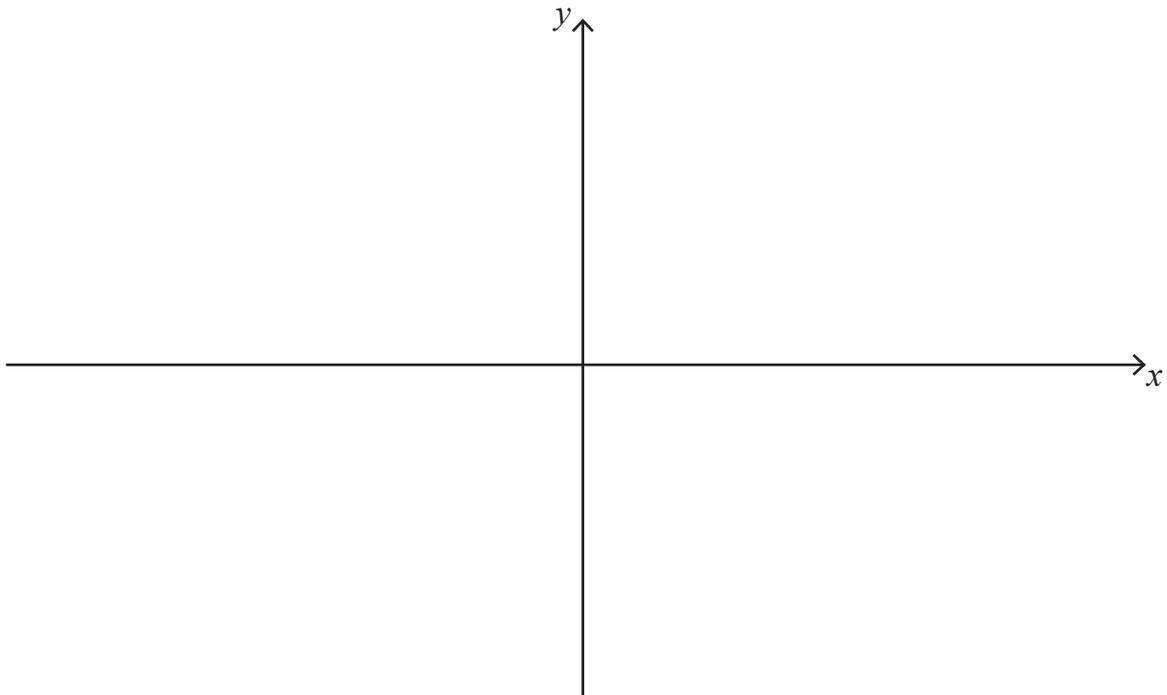
Answer _____ [4]



(iii) Identify the turning point as either a maximum or a minimum point. You **must** show working to justify your answer.

Answer _____ [1]

(iv) Using your results from parts (i) to (iii), sketch the curve on the axes below.



[2]

[Turn over



- 11 A local theatre company is putting on a weekend performance of a musical.

Tickets cost $\pounds x$ for seats in the stalls, $\pounds y$ for seats in the main circle and $\pounds z$ for seats in the balcony.

For the Friday evening performance they sold 60 tickets for the stalls, 84 tickets for the main circle and 48 tickets for the balcony. The total income from ticket sales was $\pounds 3696$

- (i) Show that x , y and z satisfy the equation

$$5x + 7y + 4z = 308$$

[1]

For the Saturday evening performance they sold 56 tickets for the stalls, 63 tickets for the main circle and 42 tickets for the balcony. The total income from ticket sales was $\pounds 3045$

- (ii) Show that x , y and z also satisfy the equation

$$8x + 9y + 6z = 435$$

[1]



For the Saturday matinee performance the price of **all** tickets is reduced by £5

For the matinee performance they sold 45 tickets for the stalls, 54 tickets for the main circle and 18 tickets for the balcony. The total income from ticket sales was £1746

(iii) Show that x , y , and z also satisfy the equation

$$5x + 6y + 2z = 259$$

[2]

Question 11 continues overleaf

[Turn over



(iv) Solve the equations

$$5x + 7y + 4z = 308$$

$$8x + 9y + 6z = 435$$

$$5x + 6y + 2z = 259$$

to find the **original** price of each type of ticket, showing clearly each stage of your solution.

Answer Stalls £ _____, Main circle £ _____, Balcony £ _____ [8]

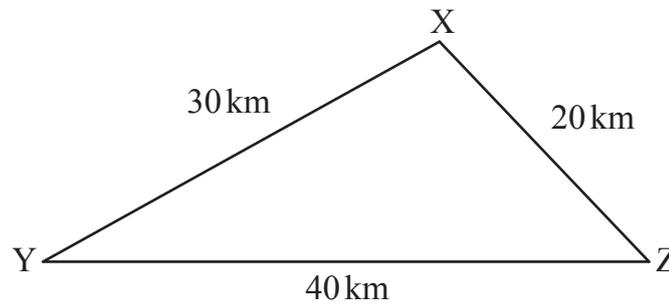


You may use this page if needed.
(Questions continue overleaf.)

[Turn over



- 12 A search team wishes to look for an old galleon which was carrying gold and sank somewhere in the triangle between three points X, Y and Z in the ocean. The distances XY, YZ and XZ are 30 km, 40 km and 20 km respectively, as shown in the diagram below.



Calculate

- (i) the size of the angle $\hat{X}YZ$,

Answer _____ ° [3]

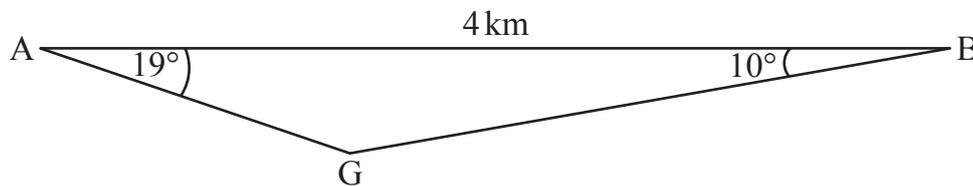


(ii) the area of the search region XYZ.

Answer _____ km² [2]

Using sonar signals, two ships, A and B, 4 km apart, detected the galleon G on the bottom of the ocean, where A, B and G were in the same vertical plane.

The angles \hat{BAG} and \hat{ABG} were measured as 19° and 10° respectively.



(iii) Write down the size of the angle \hat{AGB} .

Answer _____ ° [1]

[Turn over



(iv) Calculate the distance AG.

Answer _____ km [2]

Ship A has a probe which can be lowered vertically downwards to inspect the galleon.

(v) Calculate the distance ship A needs to travel towards ship B to be vertically above the galleon.

Answer _____ km [2]



13 A curve is defined by the equation

$$y = x^2 + \frac{3}{2}x + \frac{5}{2}$$

Find the equation of the **normal** to the curve at the point A(-1, 2).

Answer _____ [4]

[Turn over



14 Mark drove to his cousin's wedding in Roscommon. The journey had two stages.

For the first stage of his journey he travelled 140 km at a speed of x km/h.

For the second stage of his journey he travelled x km at 64 km/h.

(i) Write down expressions in terms of x for the times taken in each stage.

Answer First stage _____ h [1]

Second stage _____ h [1]

The **total** time for both stages of his journey was 3 hours.

(ii) Show that x satisfies the quadratic equation

$$x^2 - 192x + 8960 = 0$$

[2]



(iii) Solve this equation to find x , given that Mark did not break the speed limit of 96 km/h at any time.

Answer _____ [2]

(iv) Find the total distance travelled by Mark.

Answer _____ km [1]

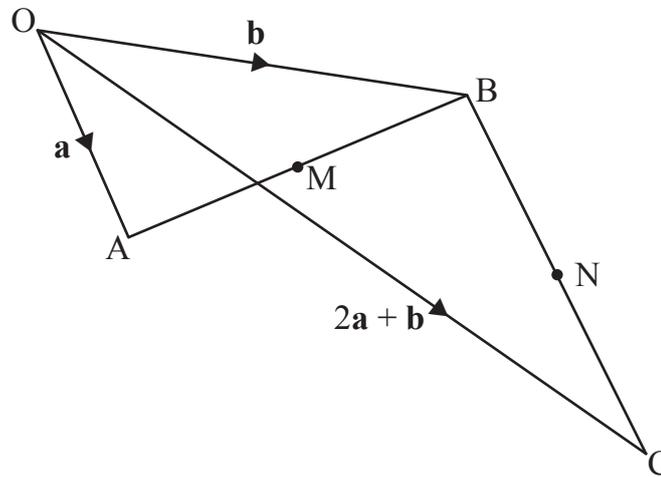
[Turn over



15 In the diagram below, A, B and C are points such that

$$\overrightarrow{OA} = \mathbf{a}, \quad \overrightarrow{OB} = \mathbf{b} \quad \text{and} \quad \overrightarrow{OC} = 2\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b}.$$

The midpoint of AB is M and the midpoint of BC is N.



(i) Find in terms of \mathbf{a} and \mathbf{b} , simplifying your answers as far as possible:

(a) \overrightarrow{OM}

Answer _____ [2]



(b) \overrightarrow{ON}

Answer _____ [2]

(ii) Prove that OANB is a parallelogram.

[2]

[Turn over



16 A tour company organises package holidays for walking groups to the Alps.

If there are x people in the group the company will charge $\pounds(1000 - 2x)$ per person for the holiday.

- (i) Write down, in terms of x , the total income the tour company will receive if a group of x people travel.

Answer _____ [1]



To run the holiday the company has to pay a fixed cost of £20 000 to the airline operating the flight, as well as an additional cost of £400 per person for accommodation.

- (ii) Show that when a group of x people travel the profit, £ P , for the tour company is given by

$$P = 600x - 2x^2 - 20\,000$$

[3]

[Turn over



(iii) Find the number of people in a group which will maximise the profit for the tour company, showing that it is a maximum.

Answer _____ [4]



(iv) Find the corresponding cost of the holiday for each member of the walking group.

Answer £ _____ [1]

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