



General Certificate of Secondary Education
2018

Centre Number

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Candidate Number

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Geography

Unit 1:
Understanding Our
Natural World
Higher Tier



[GGG12]

GGG12

TUESDAY 22 MAY, AFTERNOON

TIME

1 hour 30 minutes.

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Write your Centre Number and Candidate Number in the spaces provided at the top of this page.

You must answer the questions in the spaces provided.

Do not write outside the boxed area on each page or on blank pages.

Complete in black ink only. **Do not write with a gel pen.**

Answer **all three** questions.

You are provided with an O.S. map for use with **Question 1**.

Do not write your answer on this map.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

The total mark for this paper is 108.

Figures in brackets printed down the right-hand side of pages indicate the marks awarded to each question or part question.

Quality of written communication will be assessed in **Question 2(c)**.

Spelling, punctuation and the accurate use of grammar will be assessed in Questions **1(d)(ii)** and **1(f)**.

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28GGG1201

Theme A: The Dynamic Landscape

1 (a) Study the Ordnance Survey map extract of part of the coast of Cornwall, England and answer the questions which follow.

(i) State the height of the land shown by the spot height at the top of Rusey Cliff, GR 128935.

_____ m [1]

(ii) State the straight line distance from the campsite near Ringford Farm GR 126926 to the bridge on the River Ottery at Trengune GR 189933.

_____ km [2]

(iii) State the direction of Pencannow Point GR 1397 from Boscastle GR 0990.

_____ [1]

(iv) Complete **Table 1** by naming a river feature found at the locations given.

Table 1

Grid Reference	River Feature
GR 2092	
GR 0888	

[2]

(v) Coasts are shaped by waves. State **three** facts about destructive waves.

1. _____

2. _____

3. _____ [3]



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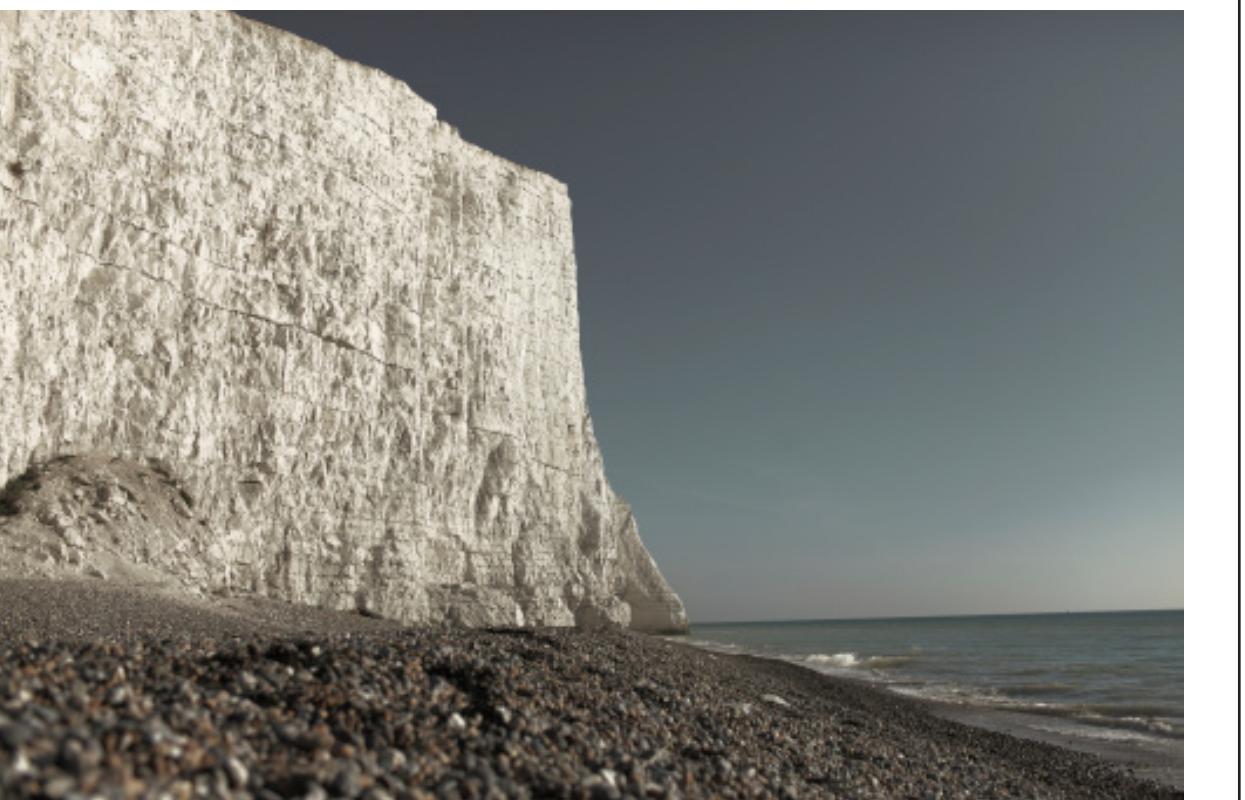
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(Questions continue overleaf)

[Turn over



(b) Fig. 1 is a photograph of a wave cut platform.



© Zinelli / iStock / Getty Images Plus

Fig. 1



Explain how a wave cut platform such as this is formed

[6]

[Turn over

ing L.



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(c) Study **Fig. 2**, a photograph of Durdle Door, an arch located in Cornwall. Answer the questions which follow.



Andrea Bianchi / iStock / Getty Images Plus

Fig. 2

(i) Explain how an arch such as this is formed.

1



(ii) Explain what may happen to this arch in the future

[3]

(d) Coasts often need protection against erosion

(i) State **two** reasons why a stretch of coastline may need to be protected against erosion by the sea.

1. _____

2. _____

[2]

Turn over



(ii) Evaluate the sustainability of a named coastal management strategy in the British Isles, which you have studied.

1

Spelling, punctuation and the accurate use of grammar

1

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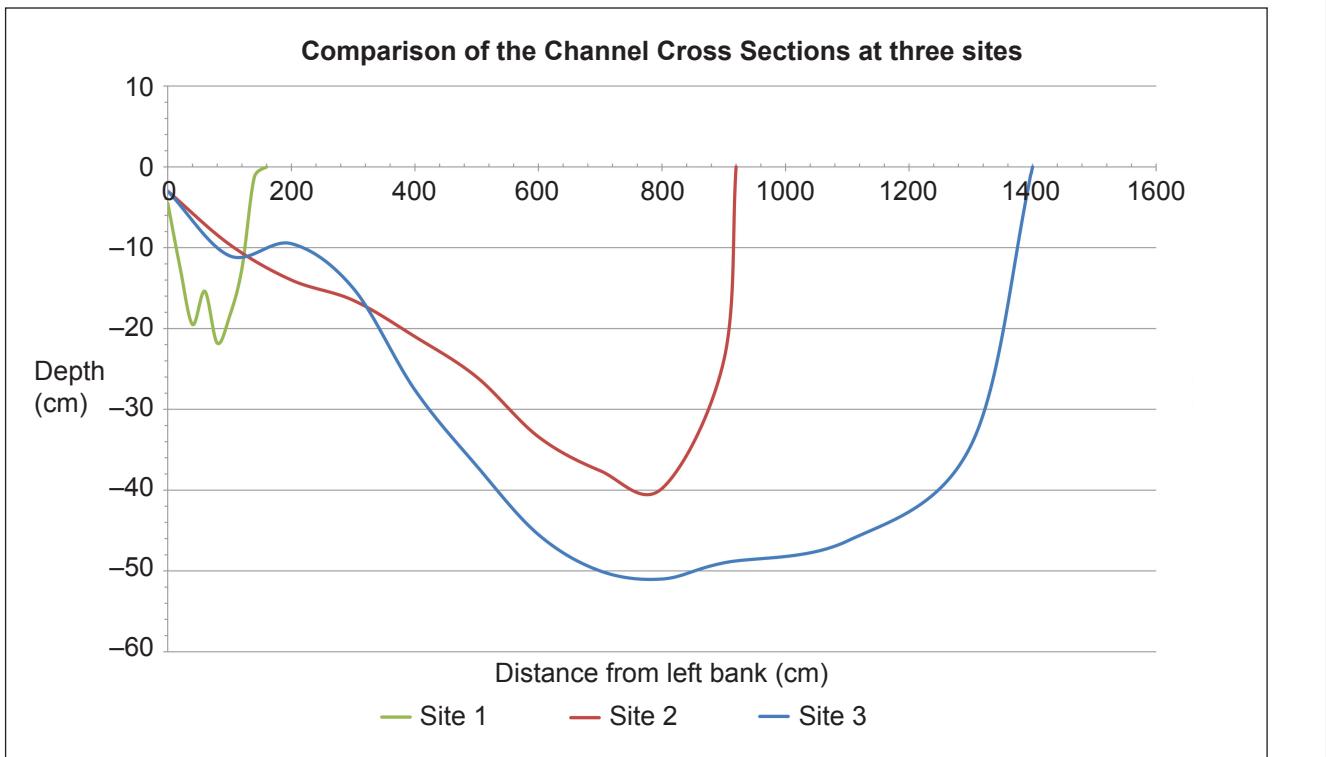
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(e) Study **Fig. 3** which presents data collected by geography students on a field trip at three different sites on a river. Answer the questions which follow.



Site Number	Location	Discharge (cumecs)
1	Close to source	0.06
2	Middle course	1.10
3	Near the mouth	3.95

Source: Chief Examiner

Fig. 3



(i) Describe and explain the changes in the channel shape between Site 1 and Site 3.

[7]

(ii) How is discharge calculated

[2]

Turn over



(iii) Suggest two reasons why discharge may vary along a river channel.

1. _____

2. _____

(f) With reference to a river in the British Isles, explain the physical and human causes of a flood on your named river.

Name of river _____

Spelling, punctuation and the accurate use of grammar

1



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Theme B: Our Changing Weather and Climate

2 (a) (i) A variety of sources are used when creating a weather forecast. Name the sources of data illustrated in **Fig. 4** below. Write your answers in the boxes provided.

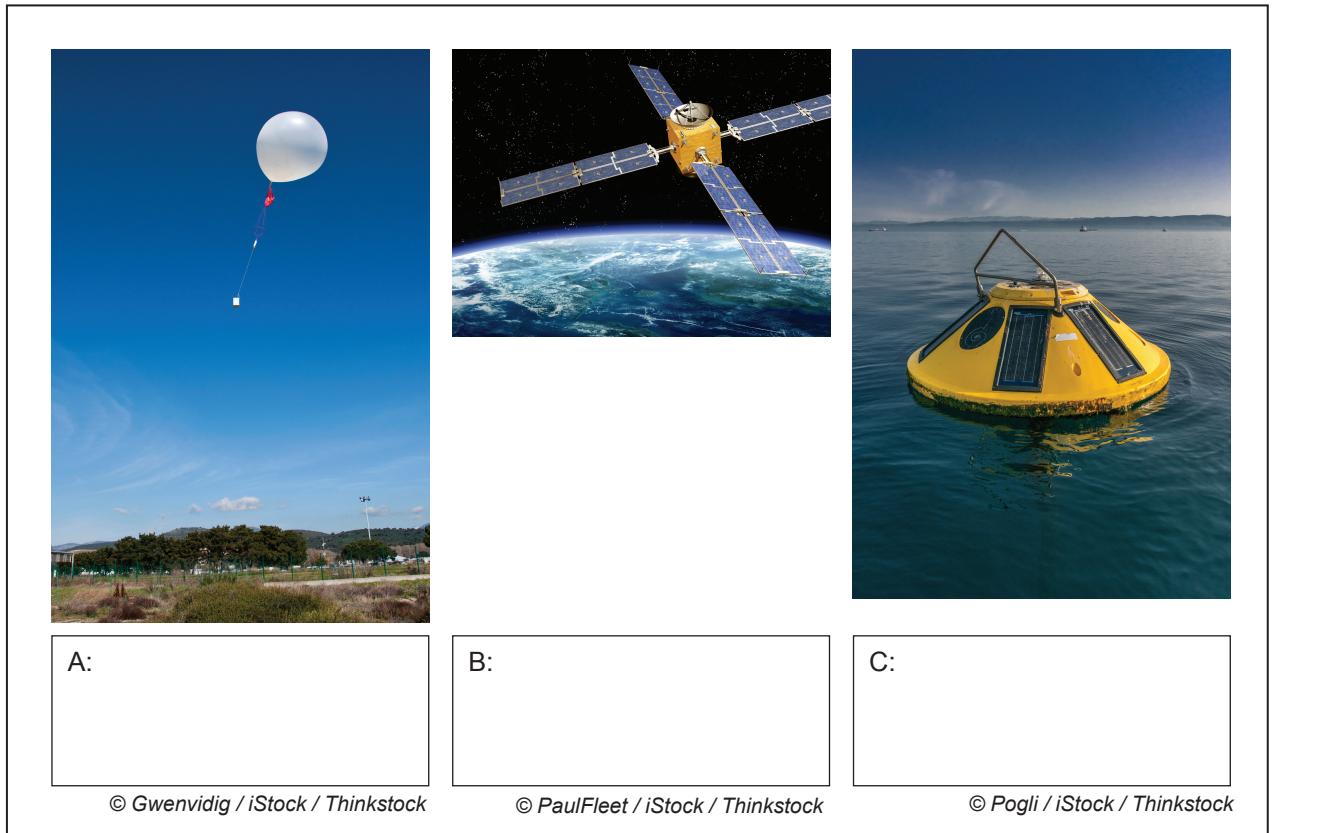


Fig. 4

[3]

(ii) Distinguish between weather and climate.

[3]



(b) Describe and explain the temperature and moisture characteristics of a Polar Maritime air mass.

[4]

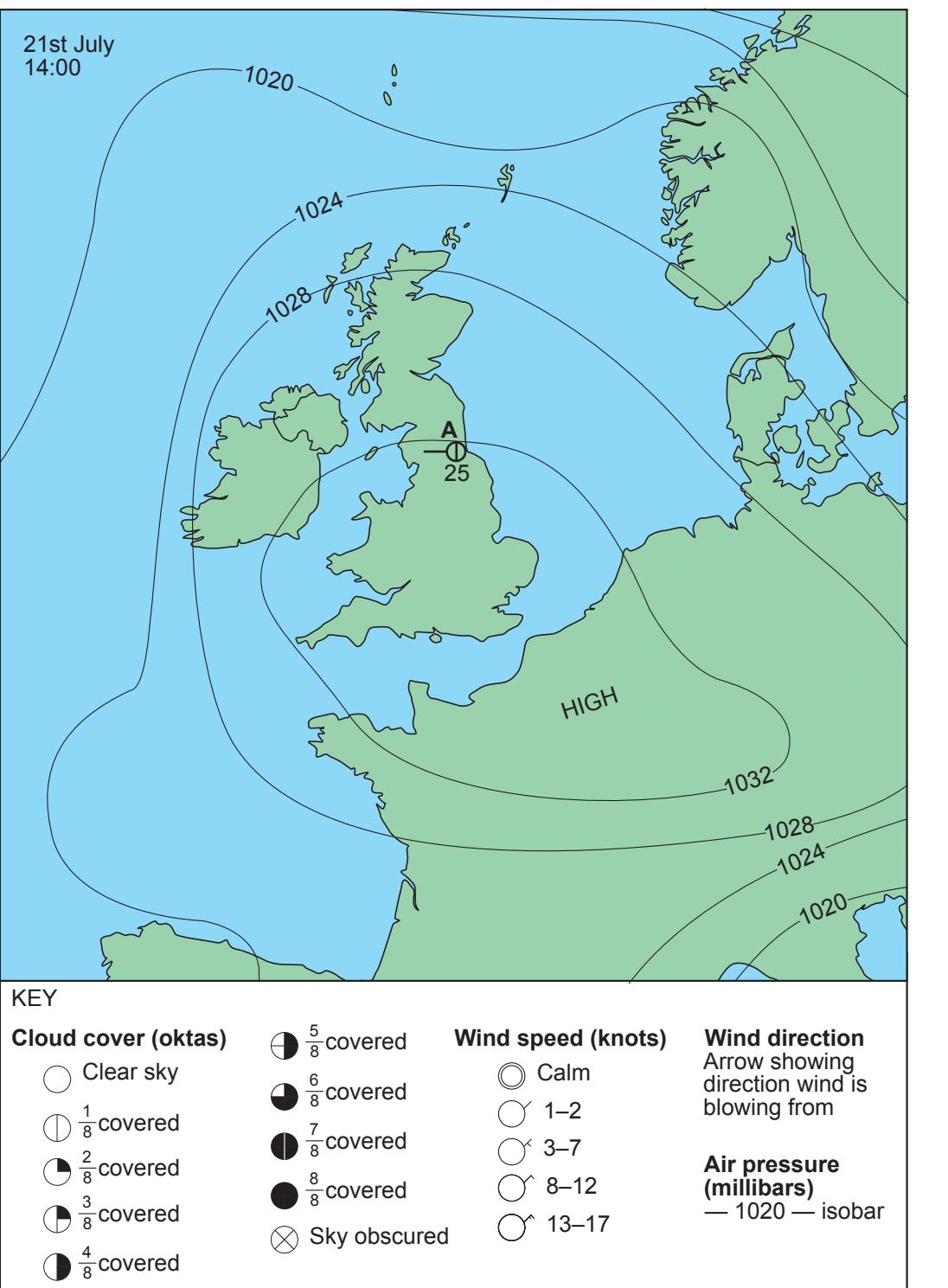
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(c) Study **Fig. 5** which shows an anticyclone over the British Isles on a day in July. Answer the questions which follow.



Source: Principal Examiner

Fig. 5



Using **Fig. 5** describe and explain two elements of the weather experienced at weather station **A** (Newcastle upon Tyne).

[6]

(d) State the meaning of the term **global warming**.

[2]

[2]

[Turn over



(e) Volcanic activity such as the eruption shown in **Fig. 6** is a natural cause of climate change.



PatriciaHidalgoP / iStock / Thinkstock

ig. 6

Explain **one** way in which a volcanic eruption may change the climate.



(f) Outline **two** difficulties associated with securing international co-operation to deal with climate change.

[4]

[Turn over

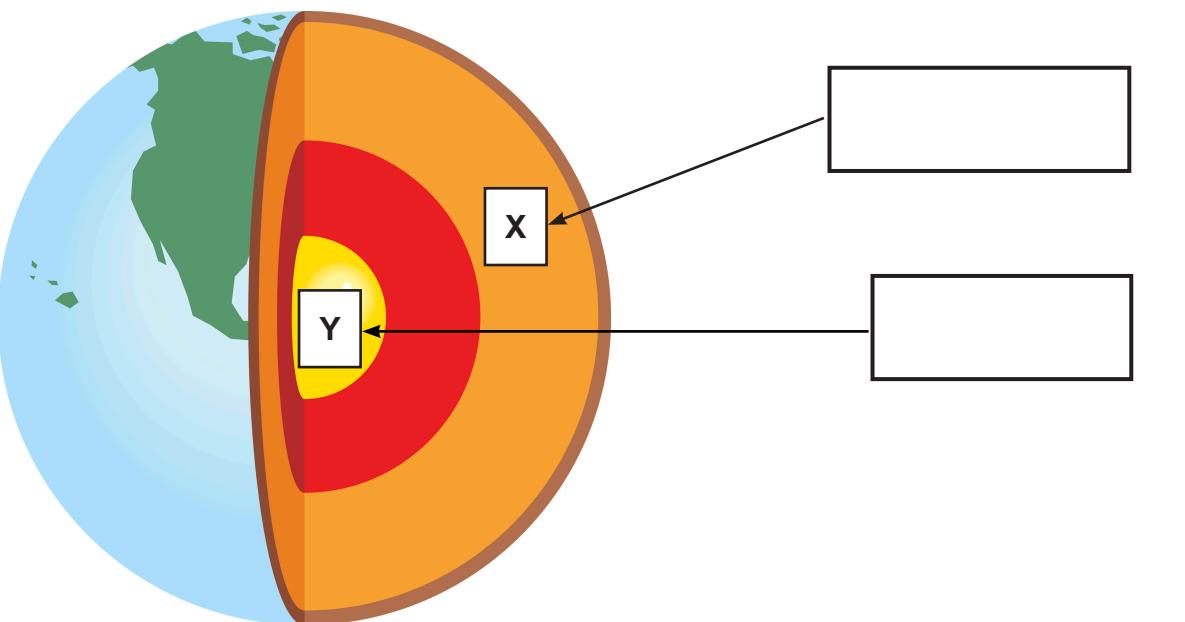
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Theme C: The Restless Earth

3 (a) Study **Fig. 7** which shows the structure of the Earth. Answer the questions which follow.



© Colin_Hayes / iStock / Getty Images

Fig. 7

(i) Complete **Fig. 7** by identifying the layers of the Earth labelled **X** and **Y**. Write your answer in the boxes provided. [2]



(ii) The crust of the Earth is divided into plates. Explain how plates move.

[3]

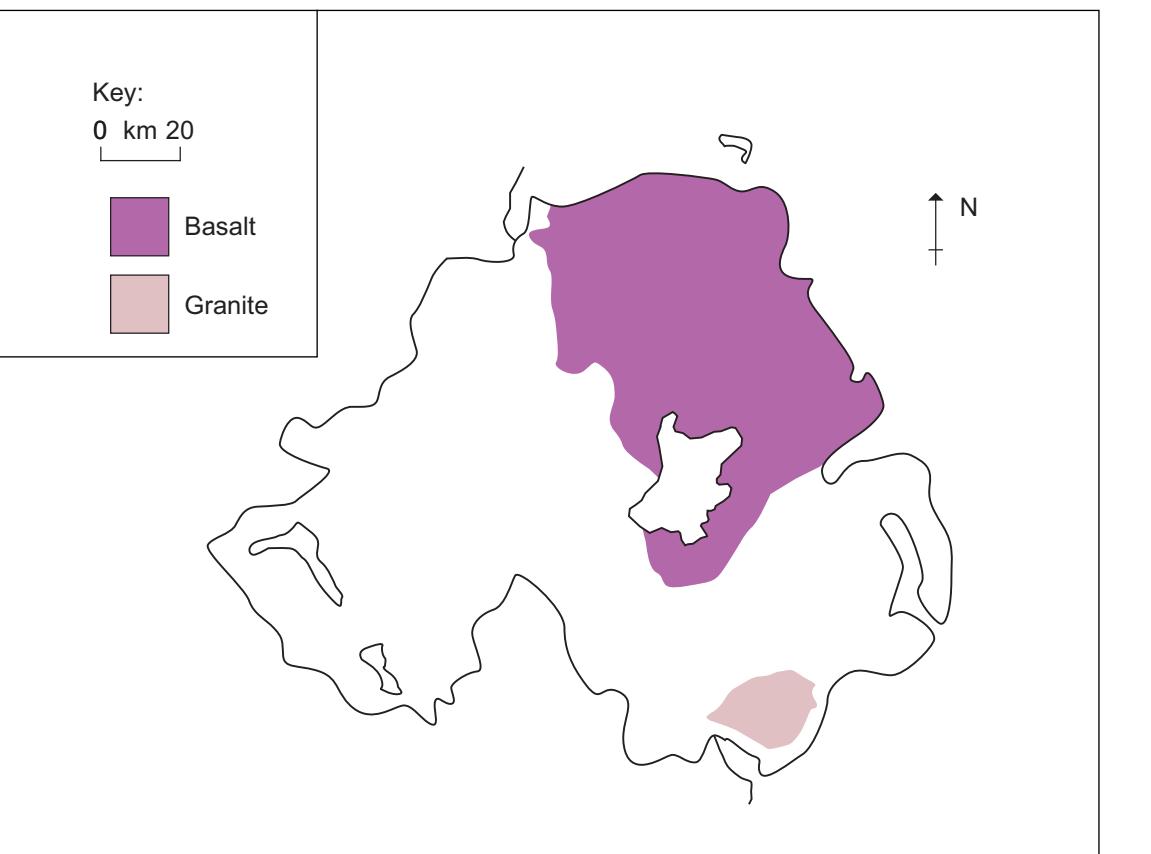
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(b) Study **Fig. 8** which shows the location of igneous rocks in Northern Ireland. Answer the questions which follow.



Source: Principal Examiner

Fig. 8

(i) Describe the distribution of granite as shown in **Fig. 8**.

[2]



(ii) Explain how granite is formed

[3]

[Turn over

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(c) Study **Fig. 9** which shows information about an earthquake in Ecuador in April 2016.

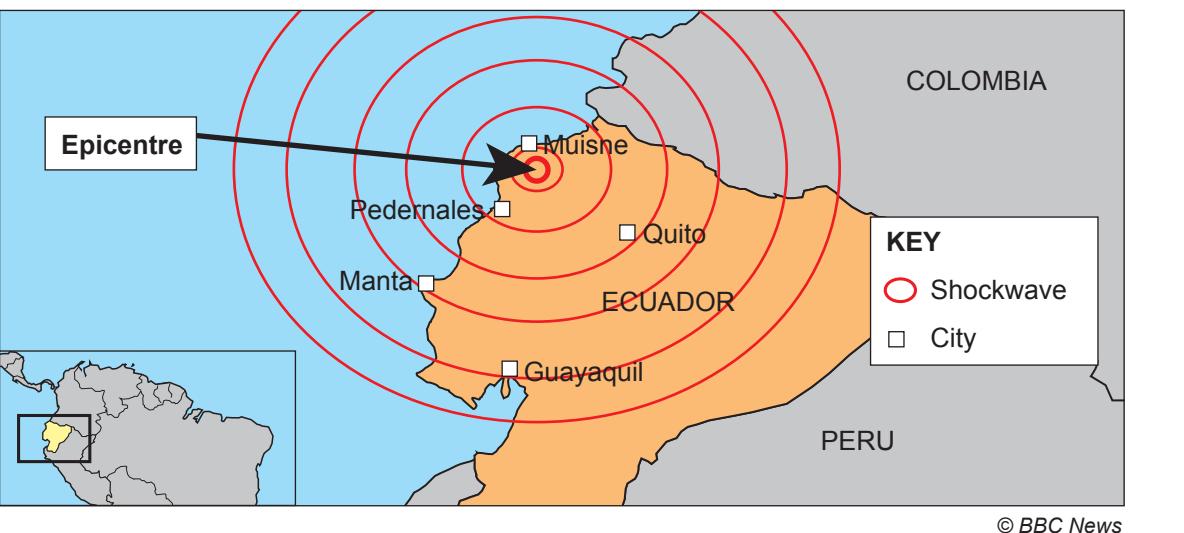


Fig. 9



(i) State the name of the city furthest away from the epicentre.

[1]

(ii) Define the term **epicentre**.

[2]

(iii) Ecuador lies on a destructive plate boundary.

Explain why earthquakes occur at a destructive boundary.

[3]

[Turn over



(d) Tectonic activity has occurred within the British Isles.

Complete **Table 2** below by naming a location within the British Isles where these features can be found.

Table 2

Volcanic feature	Location within the British Isles
Lava Plateau	
Basalt columns	
Volcanic plug	

[3]



(e) Name an earthquake in a MEDC which you have studied. Outline the cause of this earthquake and evaluate the success of **one** precaution used before the earthquake happened.

Name or location of earthquake _____

[6]

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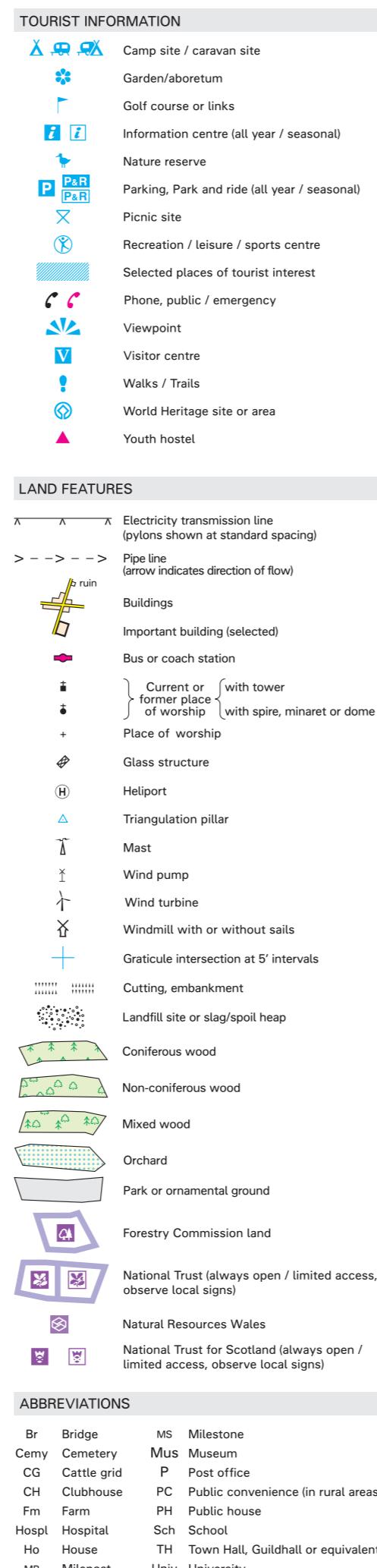
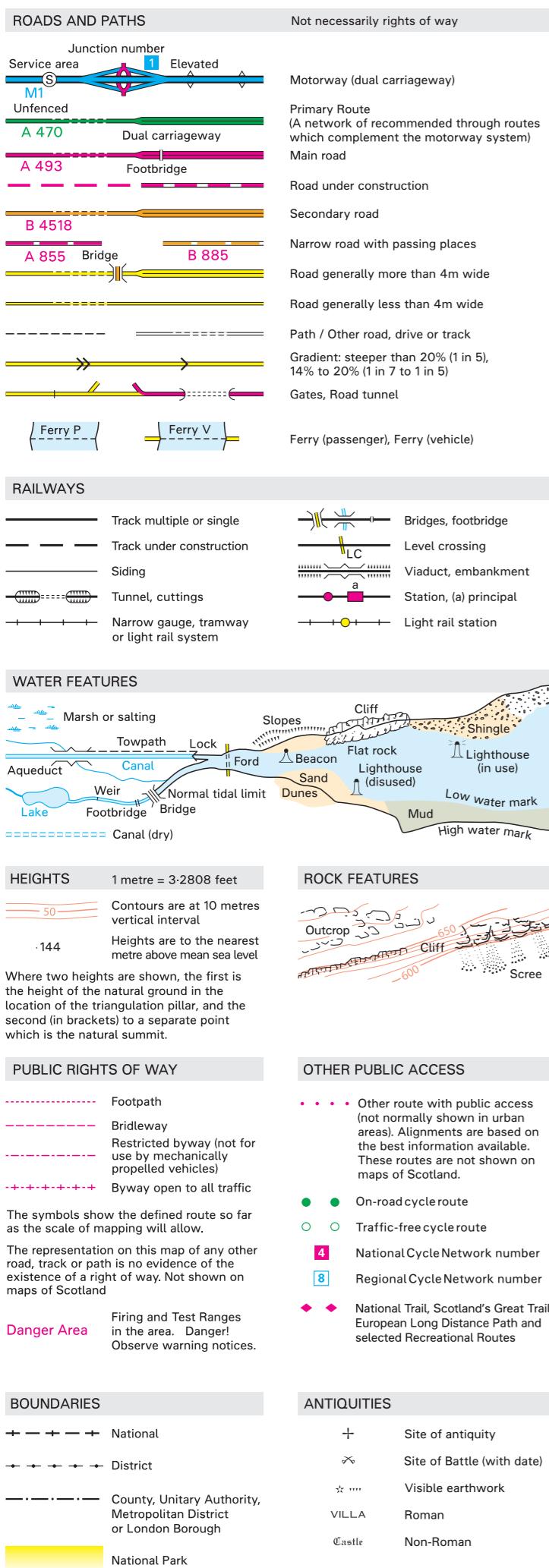
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Question Number	Marks
1	
2	
3	
Total Marks	

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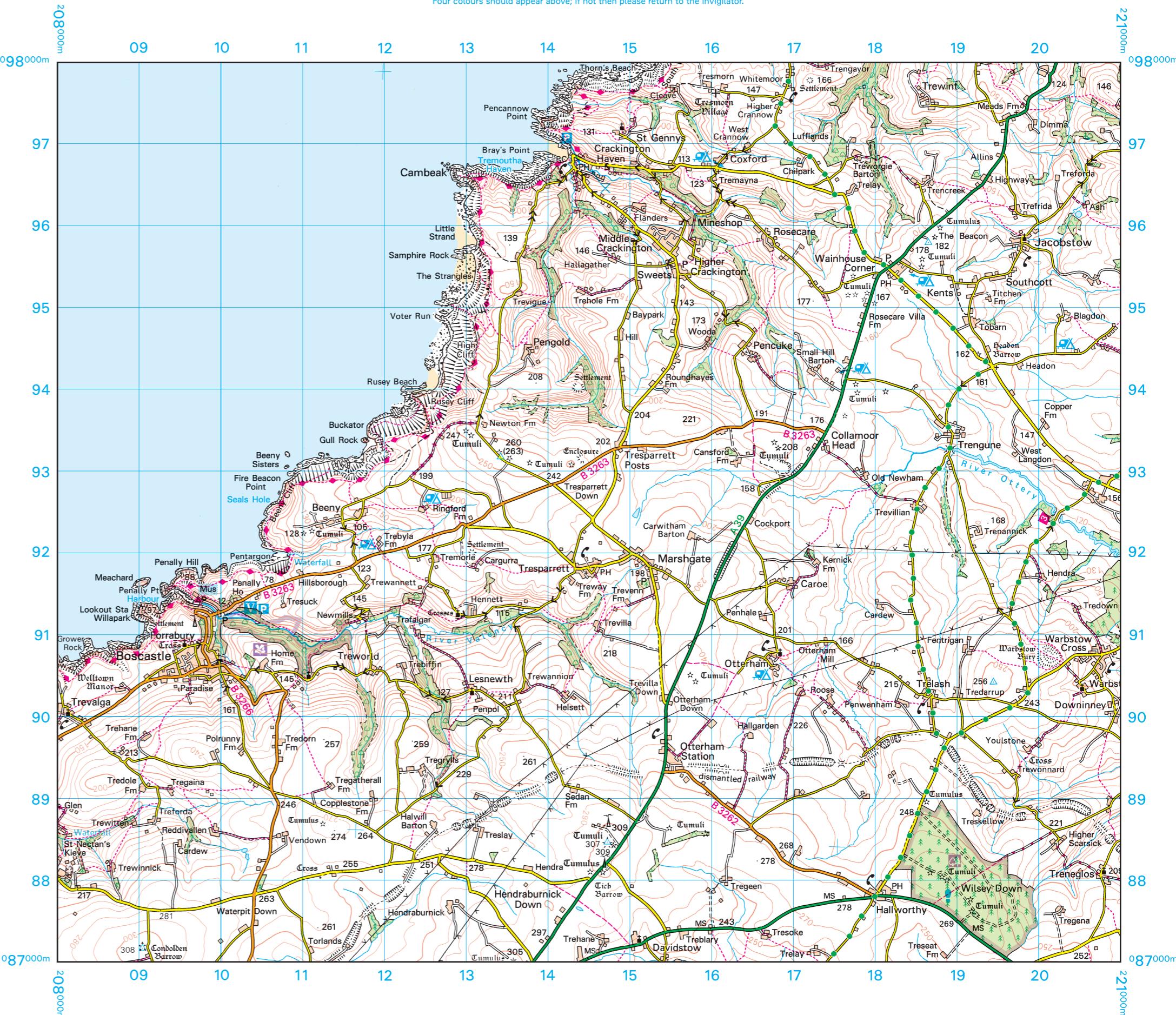
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 1:50 000 Scale
Landranger Series


Four colours should appear above; if not then please return to the invigilator.
Four colours should appear above; if not then please return to the invigilator.



Magnetic North
Grid North
True North
Diagrammatic only

Scale 1: 50 000
2 centimetres to 1 kilometre (one grid square)
2 Kilometres
0 Kilometres 1 2 3
1 Kilometre = 0.6214 mile
1 mile = 1.6093 kilometres

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