



General Certificate of Secondary Education  
2016

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**German**

Unit 3: Listening

Higher Tier

**[GGE32]**

**WEDNESDAY 8 JUNE, MORNING**

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**MARK  
SCHEME**

## General Marking Instructions

### Introduction

Mark schemes are intended to ensure that GCSE examinations are marked consistently and fairly. The mark schemes provide examiners with an indication of the nature and range of candidates' responses likely to be worthy of credit. They also set out the criteria which they would apply in allocating marks to the candidates' responses. The mark schemes should be read in conjunction with these general marking instructions.

### Positive marking

Examiners are encouraged to be positive in their marking, giving appropriate credit for what they know, understand and can do rather than penalising candidates for errors or omissions. They should mark according to the mark scheme and make appropriate use of the mark range for any particular question. Where candidate responses are unclear and do not follow the question rubric the following guidelines for marking may also be used:

Candidates ignore the instruction/misapply the rubric.

- If candidates are instructed to answer a question in English and answer in the Target Language, or vice versa, they cannot be awarded marks for this.
- When candidates are asked to select answers from a list and they select more than instructed, they will have one mark deducted from the total amount of correct answers for every extra answer that they select, to a minimum mark of zero. For example if they are asked to select four correct phrases and they select five, they will have one mark taken off the total amount of correct answers.
- If candidates are asked to select four and select six, they will have two marks taken off the total amount of correct answers.
- If candidates are asked to select one answer and select more than one, they cannot receive any marks for the answer.

Candidates cross out a letter/unticks a box.

- If it is clear to the marker that one answer has been de-selected and another selected, the mark can be awarded for a correct answer.

English/Target Language answers.

- Mark schemes will include the anticipated responses and some others deemed credit-worthy by the examining team. These answers will be discussed at the standardising meeting and may be added to.

Quality of English/Target Language.

- Where spelling and grammar in English or the target language impedes understanding, candidates will not be awarded marks.

### Awarding zero marks

Marks should only be awarded for valid responses and no marks should be awarded for an answer which is completely incorrect or inappropriate.

			AVAILABLE MARKS
1	(a) Watching TV	[1]	4
	(b) Shopping	[1]	
	(c) Visit to aunt's house	[1]	
	(d) Walk in the woods	[1]	
2	(a) (ii)	[1]	4
	(b) (iii)	[1]	
	(c) (ii)	[1]	
	(d) (iii)	[1]	
3	(a) (iii) sporting success	[1]	3
	(b) (iii) can't control the class	[1]	
	(c) (ii) the poor facilities	[1]	
4	(a) (ii) going out with his girlfriend	[1]	5
	(b) (i) doing homework on Sundays	[1]	
	(c) (i) getting it all done in school	[1]	
	(d) (iii) essay writing	[1]	
	(e) (ii) you don't have lots to learn	[1]	
5	(a) Far from the sea Reject: "the sea". Reject any implication that sea is nearby. Reject: "no beach"	[1]	4
	(b) Too many tourists <b>or</b> Rise in café prices	[1]	
	(c) One of: Ugly modern buildings/it looks like an industrial zone/streets are straight	[1]	
	(d) Fan of Bayern Munich/can't see his favourite team	[1]	
6	(a) He didn't send birthday card	[1]	4
	(b) He doesn't notice what she's wearing	[1]	
	(c) Talking about his car	[1]	
	(d) He thinks he's wonderful	[1]	

			AVAILABLE MARKS
7	(a) First holiday without parents	[1]	4
	(b) In farmhouse	[1]	
	(c) <b>Either</b> Haymaking <b>or</b> Feeding cows <b>or</b> Repairing tractors	[1]	
	(d) <b>Either</b> Spent time working on farm <b>or</b> No energy left for cycling	[1]	
8	(a) <b>Either</b> Had to wait for an hour <b>or</b> Driver got lost <b>or</b> Minibus broke down	[1]	4
	(b) Father brought fishing rod for her	[1]	
	(c) Not go shopping <b>or</b> go fishing with her father <b>or</b> Not leave father on his own	[1]	
	(d) She did not have to go fishing <b>or</b> she was able to go shopping	[1]	
9	(a) She had to wash dishes/although she was supposed to be working as a waitress	[2]	8
	(b) The dishwasher had broken down	[1]	
	(c) It's normal for a new employee to be given the more menial tasks	[1]	
	(d) They help at home/are used to that kind of work	[1]	
	(e) Give up the job/give up her trip to Ireland	[2]	
	(f) If she gives up the job she loses out on the trip to Ireland	[1]	
<b>Total Listening</b>			<b>40</b>