



Centre Number

71	
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Candidate Number

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General Certificate of Secondary Education  
January 2014

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## Mathematics

Unit T4

(With calculator)

Higher Tier

[GMT41]



MV18

FRIDAY 10 JANUARY, 9.15 am–11.15 am

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### TIME

2 hours, plus your additional time allowance.

### INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Write your Centre Number and Candidate Number in the spaces provided at the top of this page.

**You must answer the questions in the spaces provided.**

Complete in blue or black ink only.

Answer **all twenty** questions.

Any working should be clearly shown in the spaces provided since marks may be awarded for partially correct solutions.

You **may** use a calculator for this paper.

## INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

The total mark for this paper is 100.

Figures in brackets printed at the end of each question indicate the marks awarded to each question or part question.

Functional Elements will be assessed in this paper.

Quality of written communication will be assessed in **questions 3(b) and 10**.

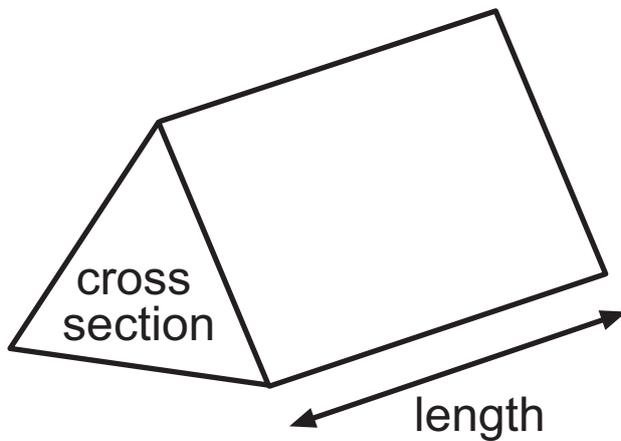
You should have a calculator, ruler, compasses and a protractor.

The Formula Sheet is on pages 4 and 5.

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**(Questions start on page 6)**

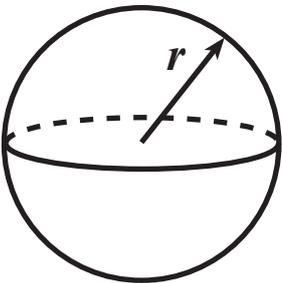
# Formula Sheet

**Volume of prism = area of cross section  $\times$  length**



**Volume of sphere =  $\frac{4}{3} \pi r^3$**

**Surface area of sphere =  $4 \pi r^2$**



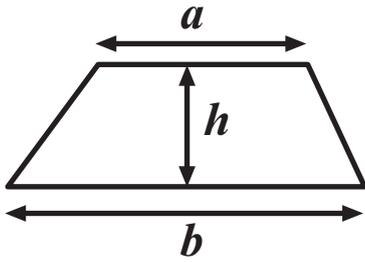
## Quadratic Equation

The solutions of  $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$

where  $a \neq 0$ , are given by

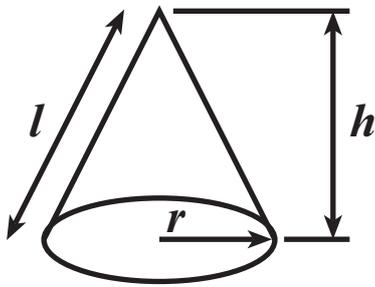
$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

$$\text{Area of trapezium} = \frac{1}{2} (a + b)h$$

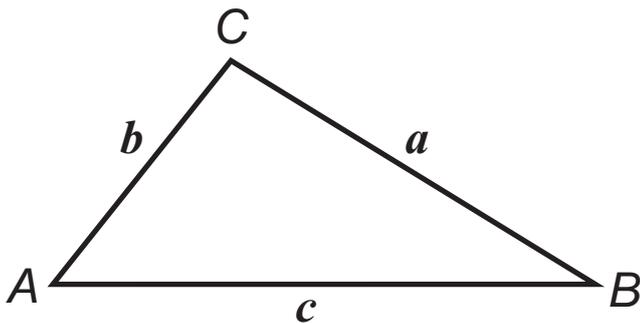


$$\text{Volume of cone} = \frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h$$

$$\text{Curved surface area of cone} = \pi r l$$



In any triangle  $ABC$



$$\text{Area of triangle} = \frac{1}{2} ab \sin C$$

$$\text{Sine Rule: } \frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

$$\text{Cosine Rule: } a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$$

- 1 On every swing, a pendulum reaches 60% of the previous distance.

The pendulum swings 1.8 metres on its first swing.

After how many swings will the distance first fall below 20 cm? [2 marks]

Answer \_\_\_\_\_ swings

- 2 During a very cold winter a glacier increased its volume by 32%.

At the end of the winter its volume was found to be  $6864 \text{ km}^3$ .

What was its original volume at the start of that winter?  
[3 marks]

Answer \_\_\_\_\_  $\text{km}^3$

Quality of written communication will be assessed in part (b) of this question.

- 3 The information given below relates to the ages (in years) of members of a badminton club.

Lower Quartile = 28

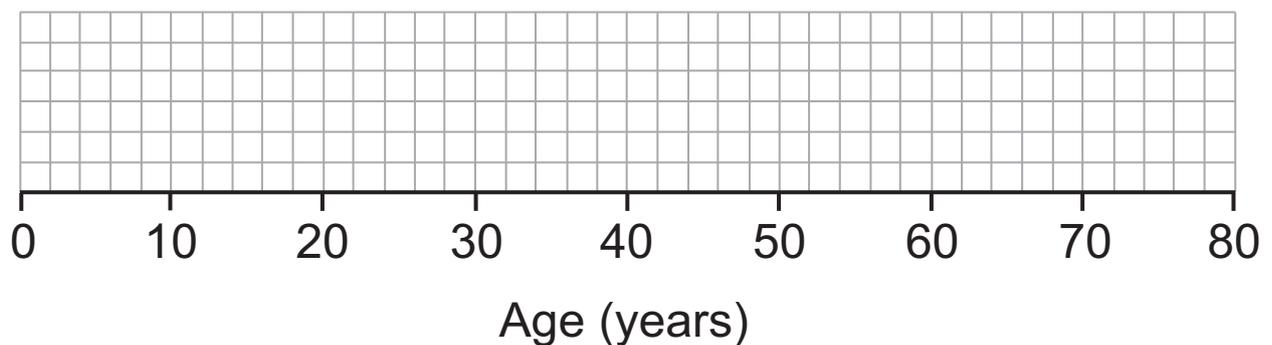
Median = 32

Upper Quartile = 54

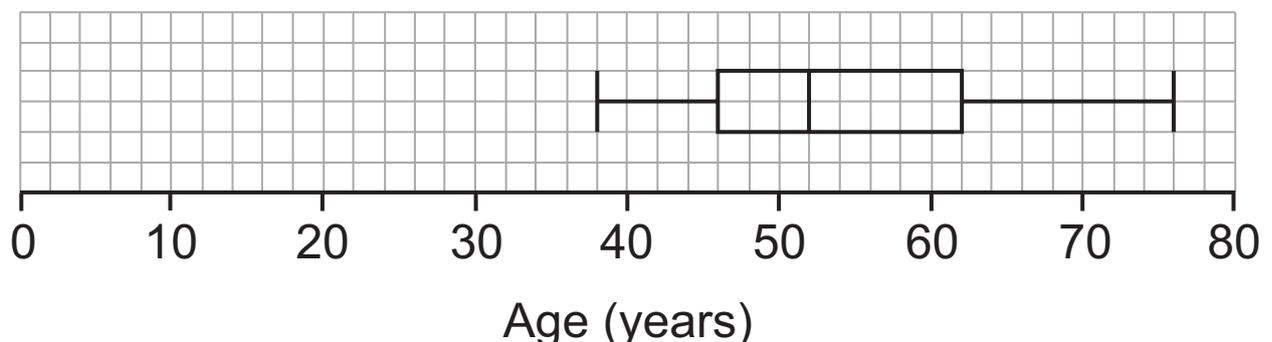
Youngest = 12

Range = 58

- (a) Draw a box plot to show this information. [3 marks]



- (b) The box plot below shows the age distribution of members of a bowls club.



Compare the age distributions of the members of the badminton club and the bowls club. [2 marks]

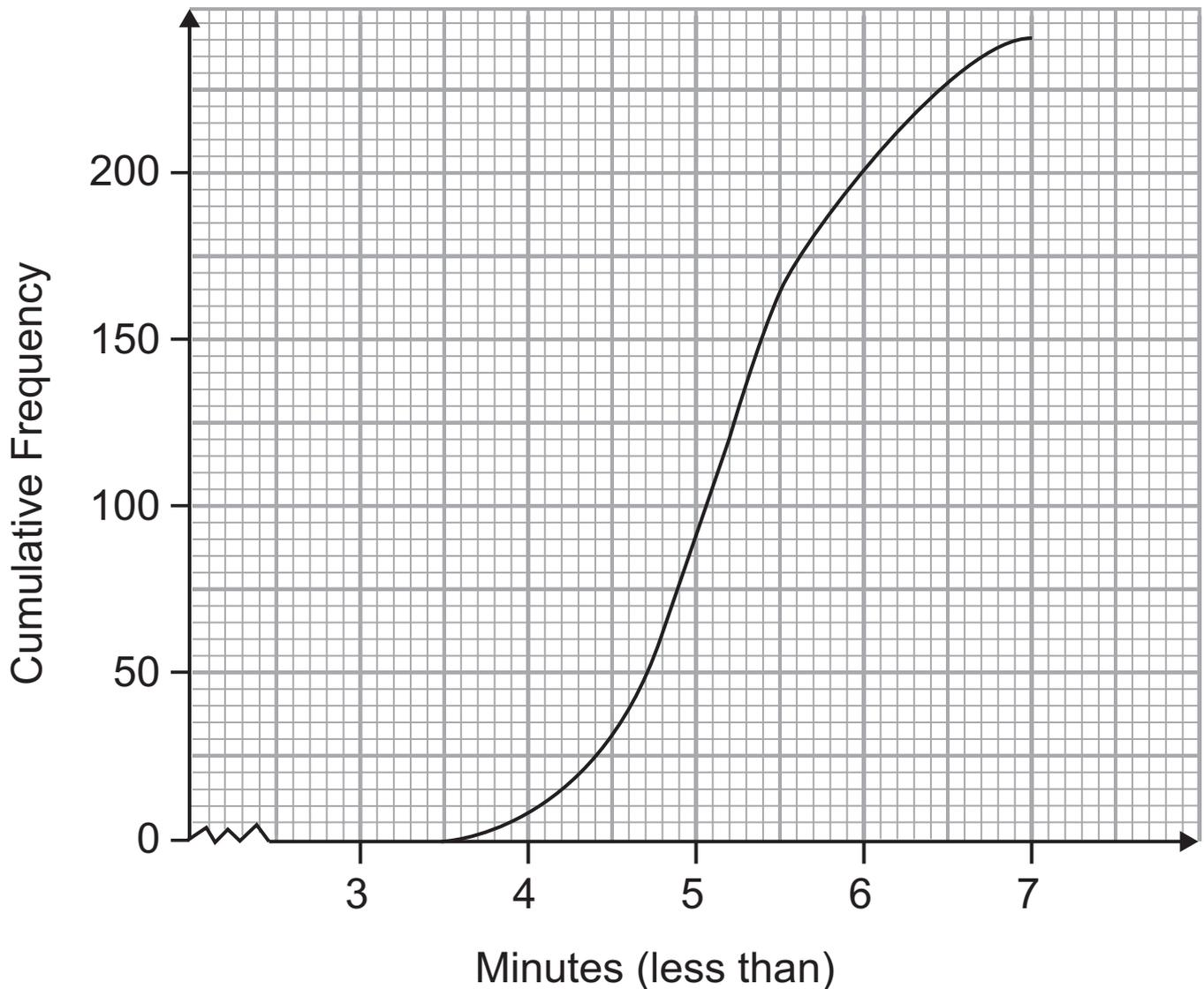
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- 4 The cumulative frequency curve represents the times taken to run 1500 m by each of the members of a running club.



- (a) Use the graph to estimate the interquartile range.  
[2 marks]

Answer \_\_\_\_\_ minutes

(b) Any member taking more than  $5\frac{1}{2}$  minutes has to do extra training.

Use the graph to estimate the percentage of runners who have to undertake extra training. [2 marks]

Answer \_\_\_\_\_ %

- 5 PQRS represents a rectangular gate.  
 $PS = 200\text{ cm}$  and  $SR = 300\text{ cm}$ .

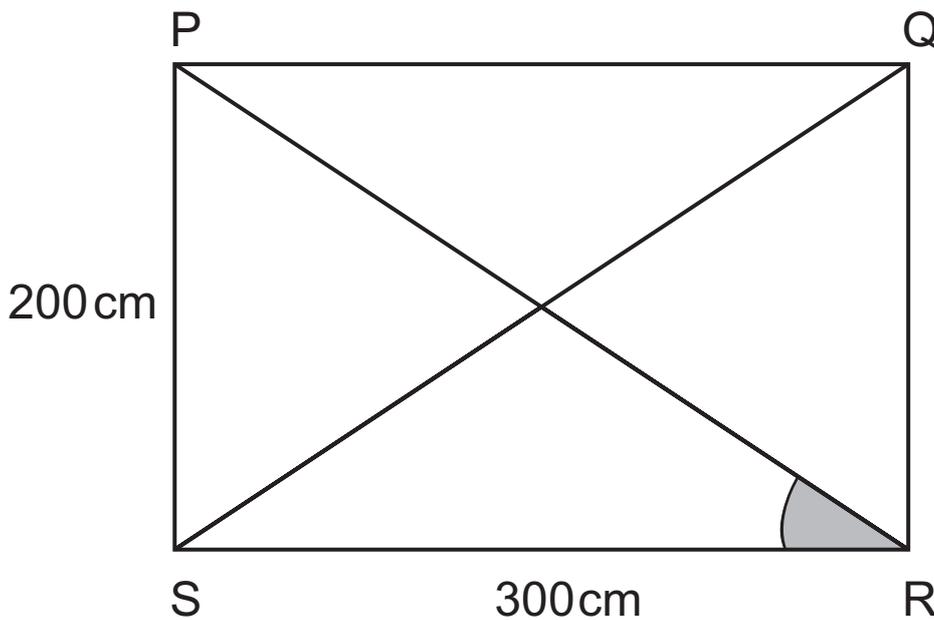


diagram not  
 drawn accurately

- (a) Calculate the size of angle PRS. [3 marks]

Answer \_\_\_\_\_°

- (b) The measurements of the gate are all to the nearest centimetre. What is the smallest possible perimeter of the gate? [2 marks]

Answer \_\_\_\_\_ cm

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**(Questions continue overleaf)**

- 6 (a) R, S, T and U are points on the circumference of a circle, centre O.  
The angle RUS is  $46^\circ$  and the angle URT is  $36^\circ$

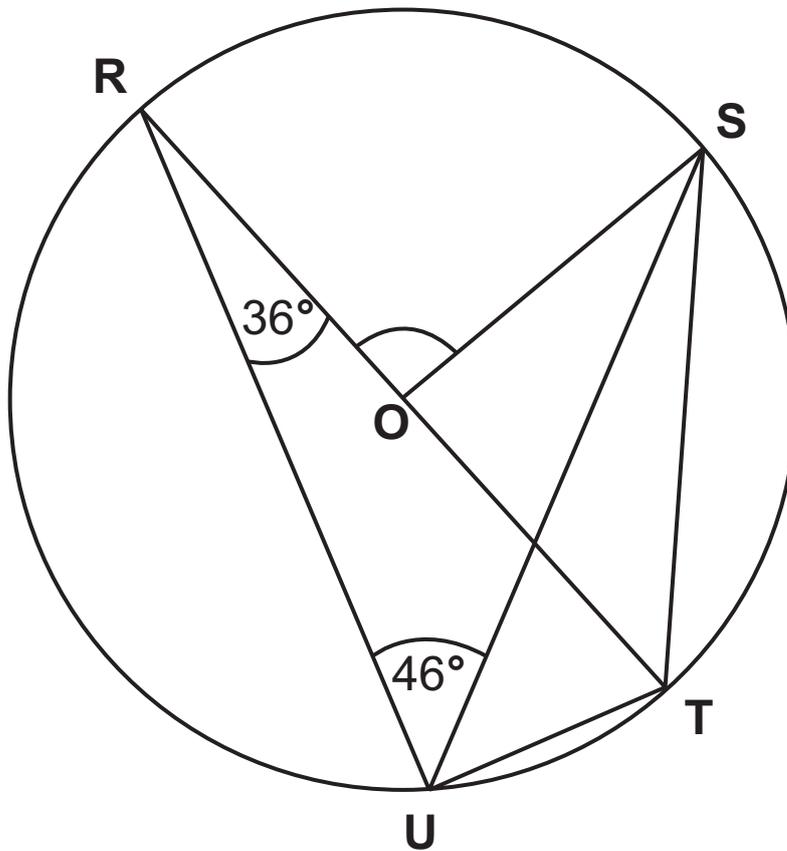


Diagram not  
drawn accurately

Calculate

- (i) the angle RTS, [1 mark]

Answer \_\_\_\_\_ $^\circ$

- (ii) the angle ROS, [1 mark]

Answer \_\_\_\_\_ $^\circ$

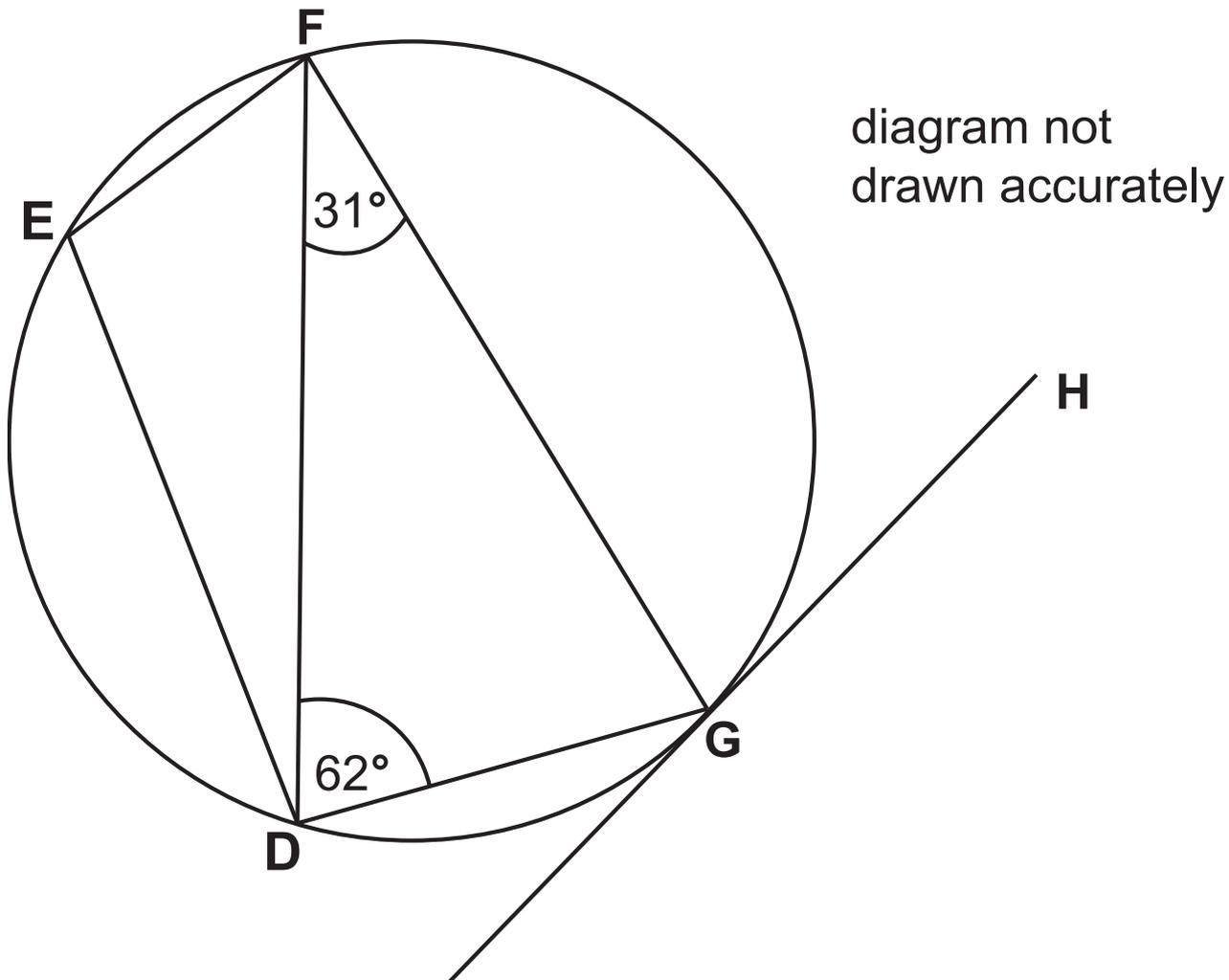
(iii) the angle SUT. [1 mark]

Answer \_\_\_\_\_°

(b) D, E, F and G are points on the circumference of the circle below.

The angle  $FDG = 62^\circ$  and the angle  $DFG = 31^\circ$

HG is a tangent to the circle.



(i) Write down the size of angle  $FGH$ . [1 mark]

Answer \_\_\_\_\_ $^\circ$

(ii) Calculate the size of angle  $DEF$ . [2 marks]

Answer \_\_\_\_\_ $^\circ$

7 The straight line, L, passes through the points (0, -2) and (3, 2).

(a) Work out the gradient of L. [2 marks]

Answer \_\_\_\_\_

(b) Show that the equation of L is  $4x - 3y = 6$  [2 marks]

(c) Write down the equation of another line that is parallel to L. [1 mark]

Answer \_\_\_\_\_

(d) Write down the gradient of a line perpendicular to L.  
[1 mark]

Answer \_\_\_\_\_

8 (a) Solve the simultaneous equations. [3 marks]

$$3x + 2y = 10$$

$$2x - 6y = 3$$

**Show your working.**

**A solution by trial and improvement will not be accepted.**

Answer  $x =$  \_\_\_\_\_ ,  $y =$  \_\_\_\_\_

(b) Hence write down the coordinates of the point of intersection of the two lines whose equations are

$$3x + 2y = 10 \quad \text{and} \quad 2x - 6y = 3 \quad [1 \text{ mark}]$$

Answer ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

- 9 The breadth of a cuboid is 1 cm less than the length  $y$  cm.  
The height is 6 cm.  
The volume of the cuboid is  $72 \text{ cm}^3$ .

(a) Show that  $y^2 - y - 12 = 0$  [3 marks]

(b) Solve the equation  $y^2 - y - 12 = 0$  by factorising.  
Explain why only one answer makes sense in the question. [3 marks]

Answer \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

Quality of written communication will be assessed in this question.

10 (a) The test results for a class are recorded as

26 26 29 32 37 38 40 41 99

Why would the mean **not** be the **most suitable** average to use when commenting on these results? [1 mark]

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(b) In another test the results are recorded as

18 18 18 18 19 27 29 36 39 47 59 62

Which average would be **least suitable** to use when commenting on these results? Give a reason for your answer. [1 mark]

\_\_\_\_\_ because \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

- 11** A park keeper wishes to estimate the number of frogs in a large pond.  
He catches 180 frogs, tags them and returns them to the pond.  
Later he catches 80 frogs and records that 24 of them are tagged.  
Estimate the number of frogs in the pond. [2 marks]

Answer \_\_\_\_\_

- 12** The electrical resistance,  $R$  ohms, of a wire varies inversely as the square of its diameter,  $d$  mm.  
A wire, 6 mm in diameter, made from a certain alloy has a resistance of 36 ohms.

**(a)** Express  $R$  in terms of  $d$ . [3 marks]

Answer  $R =$  \_\_\_\_\_

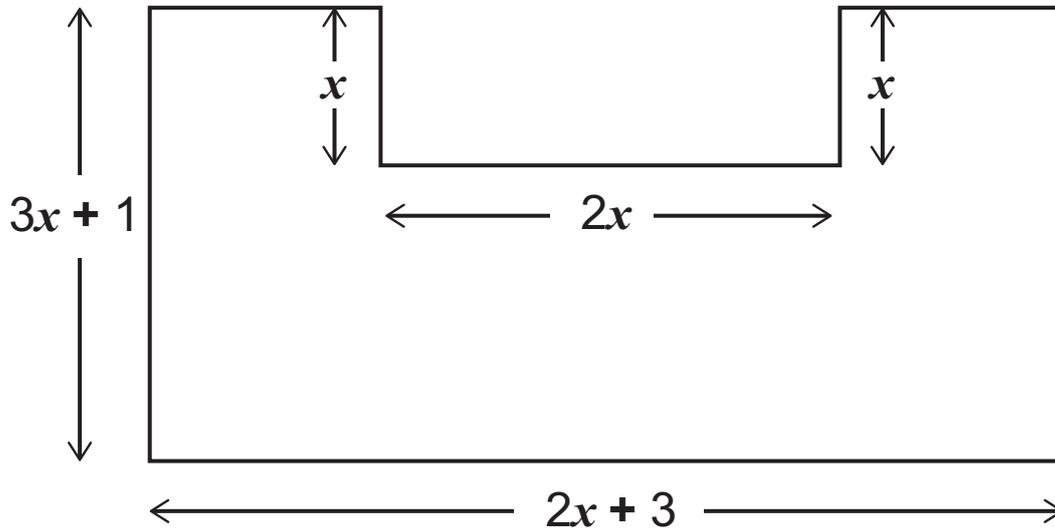
- (b) (i)** Work out the electrical resistance of a wire made from the same alloy whose diameter is 9 mm.  
[1 mark]

Answer \_\_\_\_\_ ohms

- (ii)** Another wire made from the same alloy has an electrical resistance of 20 ohms.  
Work out the diameter of this wire. [2 marks]

Answer \_\_\_\_\_ mm

- 13** A rectangular piece of card has a length of  $(2x + 3)$  cm and a width of  $(3x + 1)$  cm.  
 A rectangle of length  $2x$  cm and width  $x$  cm is cut from it as shown in the diagram.  
 The remaining piece of card, shown below in the diagram, has an area of  $25 \text{ cm}^2$ .



- (a) Show that  $4x^2 + 11x - 22 = 0$  [3 marks]

(b) Solve the equation  $4x^2 + 11x - 22 = 0$  to find the value of  $x$ .

Give your answer to 3 significant figures. [3 marks]

Answer  $x =$  \_\_\_\_\_

**14** Without using a calculator and showing **every** step clearly in your working, find the value of [4 marks]

$$\left(2\frac{1}{4}\right)^{-1.5}$$

Answer \_\_\_\_\_

15 Town B is 73 km from Town A on a bearing of  $069^\circ$

Town C is 64 km from A on a bearing of  $112^\circ$

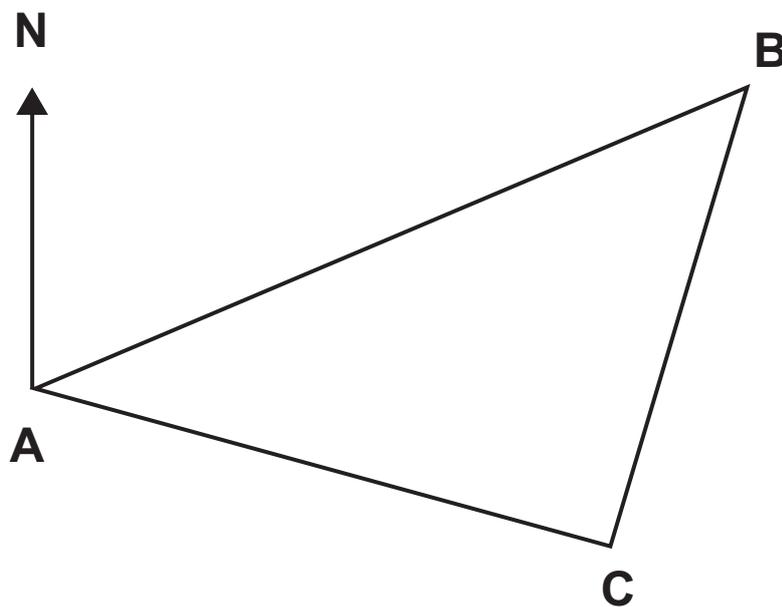


diagram not  
drawn accurately

Calculate

(a) the distance between B and C, [3 marks]

Answer \_\_\_\_\_ km

(b) the area of triangle ABC, [2 marks]

Answer \_\_\_\_\_ km<sup>2</sup>

(c) the bearing of B from C. [4 marks]

Answer \_\_\_\_\_ °

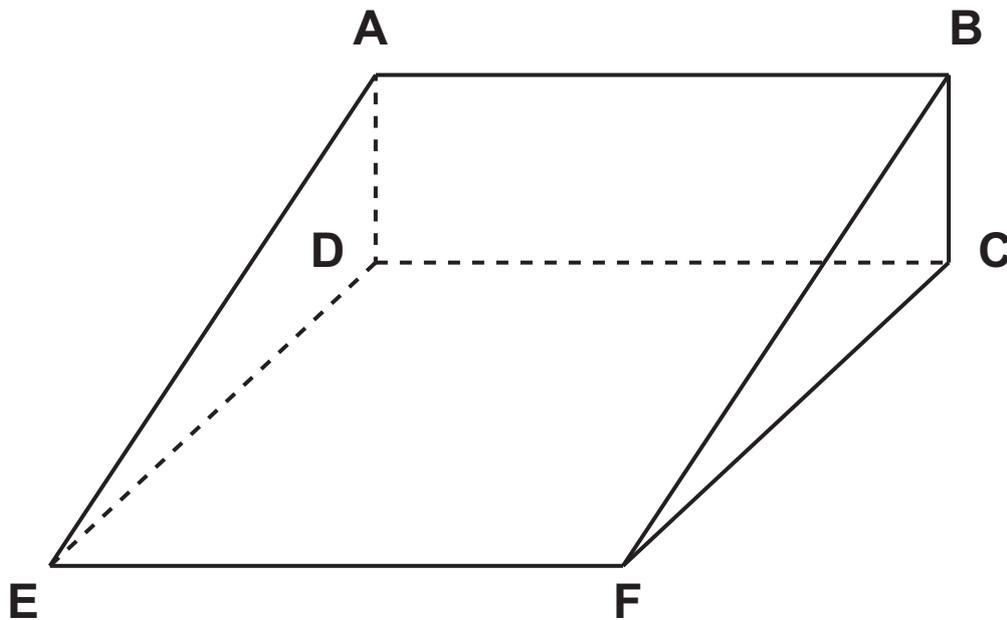
**16** ABCDEF is a ramp which is in the shape of a triangular prism.

$AB = 120\text{ cm}$ ,  $FC = 90\text{ cm}$  and  $BC = 30\text{ cm}$ .

Angle  $FCB = 90^\circ$

Calculate the angle between  $EB$  and the base  $DCFE$ .

[3 marks]



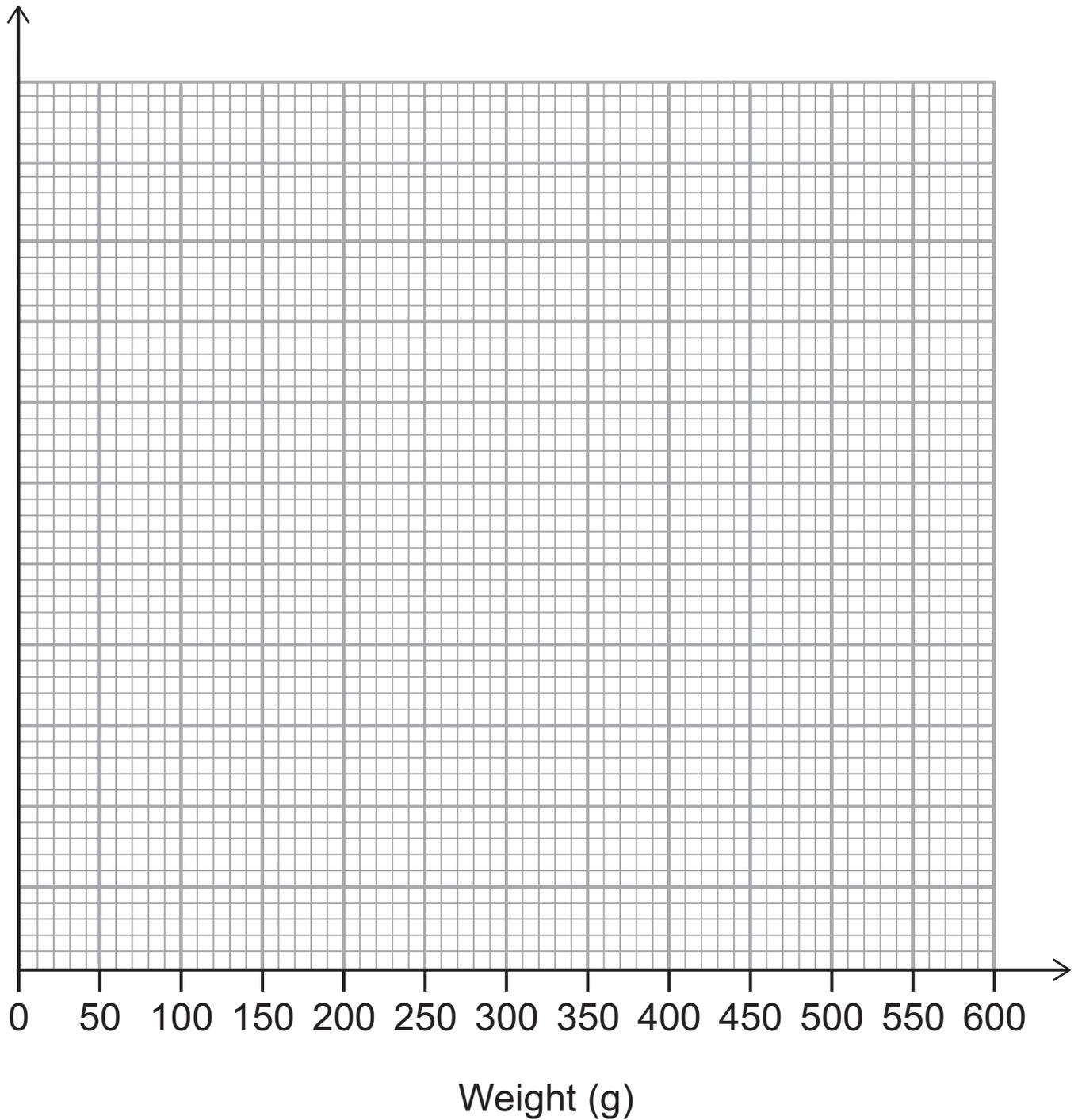
Answer \_\_\_\_\_<sup>o</sup>

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**17 (a)** The weights of packages passing through a Post Office in one day are recorded below.

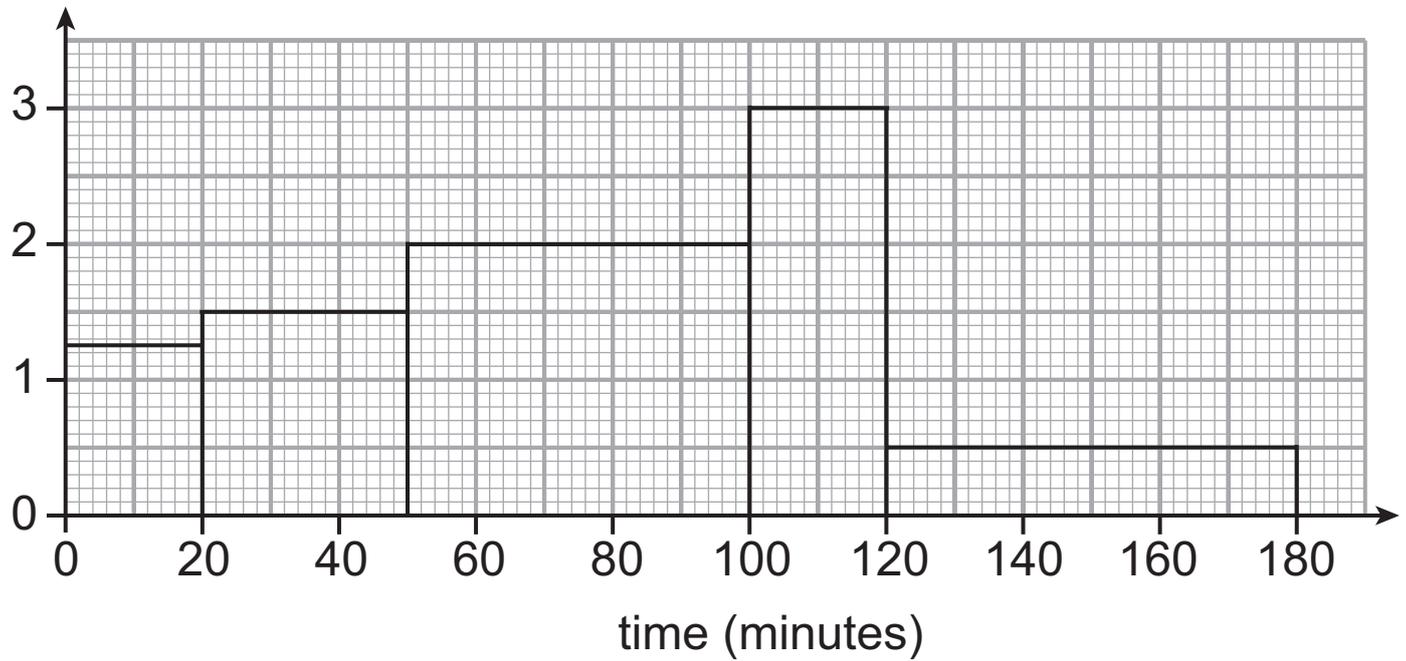
<b>Weight (g)</b>	<b>Frequency</b>
$0 < w \leq 100$	80
$100 < w \leq 150$	200
$150 < w \leq 250$	160
$250 < w \leq 400$	540
$400 < w \leq 550$	360
$550 < w \leq 600$	130

On the axes below draw a clearly labelled histogram to illustrate this information. [3 marks]



(b) The histogram illustrates how much time cars spent in a car park.

frequency  
density



(i) Calculate an estimate for the mean time. [4 marks]

Answer \_\_\_\_\_ minutes

- (ii) Half the cars using the car park were there for more than M minutes.  
Calculate an estimate for the value of M. [3 marks]

Answer \_\_\_\_\_ minutes

18 Solve the simultaneous equations [7 marks]

$$y - 2x = 6$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = 20$$

Answer \_\_\_\_\_

19 Simplify fully [5 marks]

$$\frac{3}{x+3} + \frac{2x+21}{x^2+x-6}$$

Answer \_\_\_\_\_

20 Given that

$$\frac{16^a}{9^b} = 54^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

find the values of  $a$  and  $b$ . [5 marks]

Answer  $a =$  \_\_\_\_\_ ,  $b =$  \_\_\_\_\_

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**THIS IS THE END OF THE QUESTION PAPER**

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For Examiner's use only	
Question Number	Marks
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<b>Total Marks</b>	
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Examiner Number

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