



Centre Number

71

Candidate Number

General Certificate of Secondary Education  
2011

## Mathematics

Module N4 Paper 1  
(Non-calculator)  
Higher Tier

[GMN41]

TUESDAY 31 MAY  
9.15 am–10.15 am



GMN41

### TIME

1 hour.

### INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Write your Centre Number and Candidate Number in the spaces provided at the top of this page.

Write your answers in the spaces provided in this question paper.

Answer **all ten** questions.

Any working should be clearly shown in the spaces provided since marks may be awarded for partially correct solutions.

You **must not** use a calculator for this paper.

### INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

The total mark for this paper is 44.

Figures in brackets printed down the right-hand side of pages indicate the marks awarded to each question or part question.

You should have a ruler, compasses, set-square and protractor.

The Formula Sheet is on page 2.

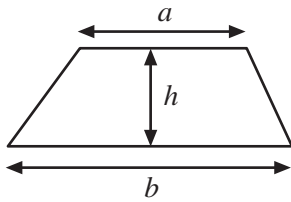
For Examiner's  
use only

| Question Number | Marks |
|-----------------|-------|
| 1               |       |
| 2               |       |
| 3               |       |
| 4               |       |
| 5               |       |
| 6               |       |
| 7               |       |
| 8               |       |
| 9               |       |
| 10              |       |

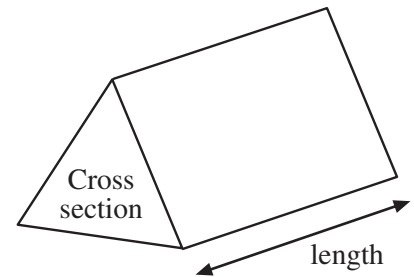
Total  
Marks

# Formula Sheet

**Area of trapezium**  $= \frac{1}{2} (a + b)h$



**Volume of prism**  $= \text{area of cross section} \times \text{length}$

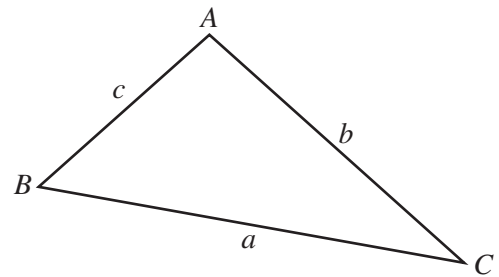


**In any triangle ABC**

**Area of triangle**  $= \frac{1}{2} ab \sin C$

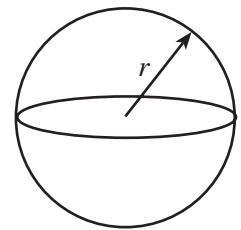
**Sine rule:**  $\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$

**Cosine rule:**  $a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$



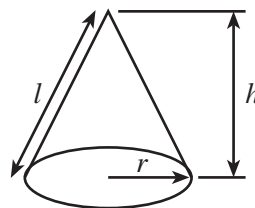
**Volume of sphere**  $= \frac{4}{3} \pi r^3$

**Surface area of sphere**  $= 4\pi r^2$



**Volume of cone**  $= \frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h$

**Curved surface area of cone**  $= \pi r l$



**Quadratic equation:**

The solutions of  $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ , where  $a \neq 0$ , are given by

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

**A solution by trial and improvement will not be accepted.**

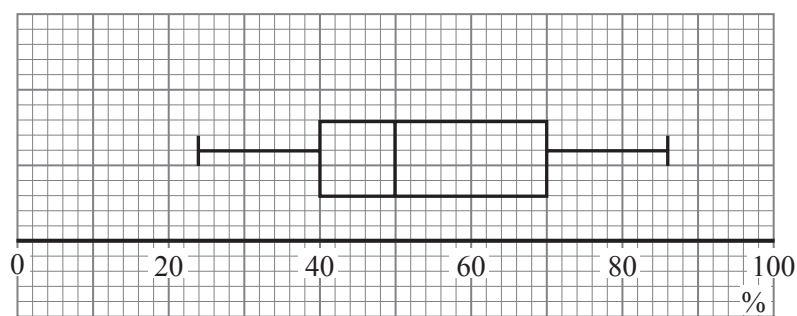
Answer  $x =$  \_\_\_\_\_ [4]

**2** Calculate  $2\frac{1}{3} \div 1\frac{1}{4}$

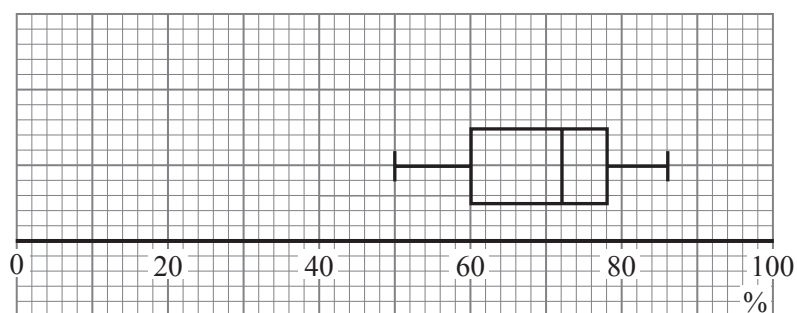
Answer \_\_\_\_\_ [3]

- 3 The box plots show the distribution of test results for two different classes.

**Class P**



**Class Q**



Comment on **two** differences between the classes.

(i) \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_ [1]

(ii) \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_ [1]

| Examiner Only |        |
|---------------|--------|
| Marks         | Remark |
|               |        |
|               |        |
|               |        |
|               |        |
|               |        |
|               |        |
|               |        |
|               |        |
|               |        |
|               |        |

- 4 (a) In the diagram O is the centre of the circle.  
SOQ is a straight line.  
Angle ORQ =  $41^\circ$  and angle PQS =  $24^\circ$

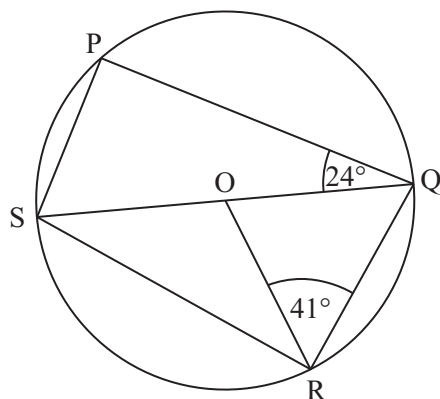


diagram not  
drawn accurately

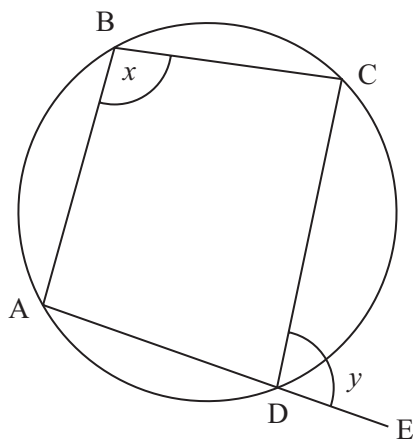
Find the size of the  
following angles:

(i)  $\text{OQR} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}^\circ$  [1]

(ii)  $\text{PSQ} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}^\circ$  [1]

(iii)  $\text{PSR} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}^\circ$  [1]

- (b) Prove that the exterior angle of the cyclic quadrilateral equals the interior opposite angle (i.e.  $x = y$ )



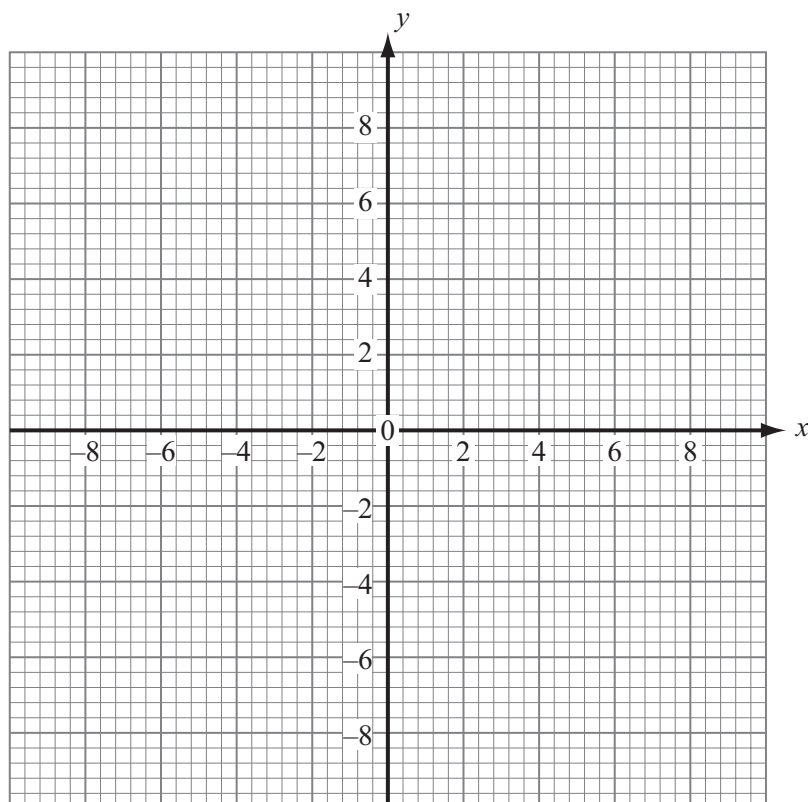
[3]

- 5 (a) On the grid below show by shading and the letter R, the region represented by the inequalities

$$y \leq 3x + 2$$

$$y \geq -6$$

$$2x + y \leq 7$$



[3]

- (b) Find the maximum value of  $2x - y$ , where  $x, y$  are integers, from a point of your solution set.

Answer \_\_\_\_\_ [2]

| Examiner Only |        |
|---------------|--------|
| Marks         | Remark |
|               |        |
|               |        |
|               |        |
|               |        |
|               |        |
|               |        |
|               |        |
|               |        |
|               |        |
|               |        |

- 6 Triangles ABC and DEC are similar triangles.  
Find the length of AD.

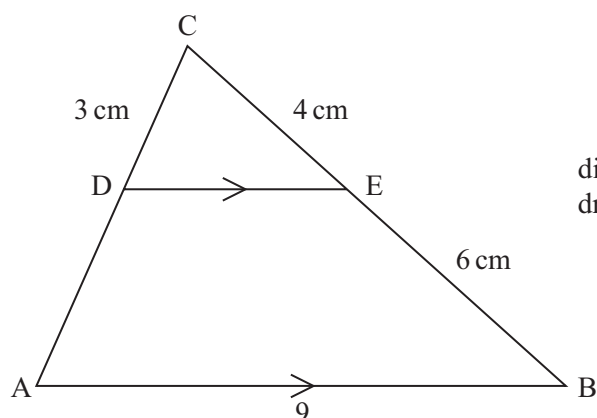


diagram not  
drawn accurately

Answer: AD = \_\_\_\_\_ cm [3]

- 7 Evaluate

(a)  $81^{0.5}$

Answer \_\_\_\_\_ [1]

(b)  $125^{\frac{2}{3}}$

Answer \_\_\_\_\_ [2]

(c)  $32^{-0.4}$

Answer \_\_\_\_\_ [2]

| Weight, $w$ kg   | Number of children |
|------------------|--------------------|
| $20 \leq w < 30$ | 16                 |
| $30 \leq w < 35$ | 28                 |
| $35 \leq w < 40$ | 36                 |
| $40 \leq w < 60$ | 18                 |
| $60 \leq w < 65$ | 2                  |

- (a) Illustrate the data by drawing a histogram (A) on the graph paper opposite. [3]
- (b) A stratified sample of 20 children was taken from those whose weight was less than 40 kg.

How many of the sample were taken from the interval  $35 \leq w < 40$ ?

Answer [2]

- (c)** The histogram (B) already drawn illustrates the weights of a different group of 100 children. Compare this histogram with the one you have drawn. Give two comparisons.

Comparison 1: \_\_\_\_\_ [1]

Comparison 2: \_\_\_\_\_ [1]

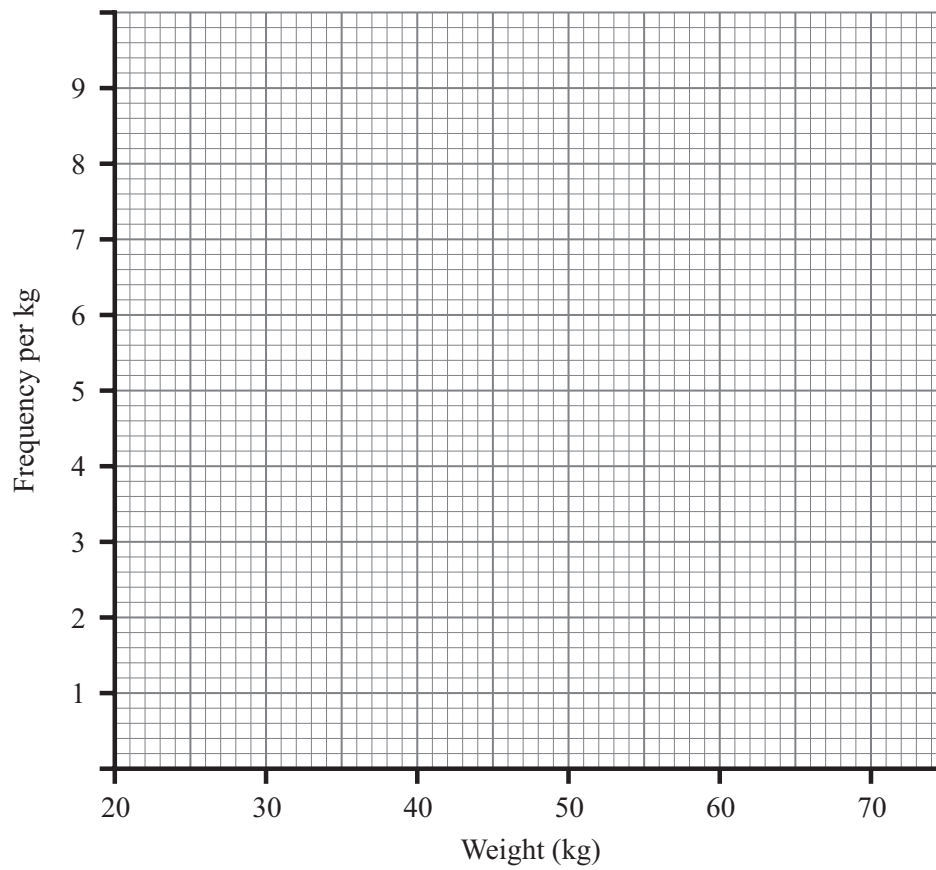
- (d)** Suggest a reason for the difference in the two histograms.

Answer \_\_\_\_\_

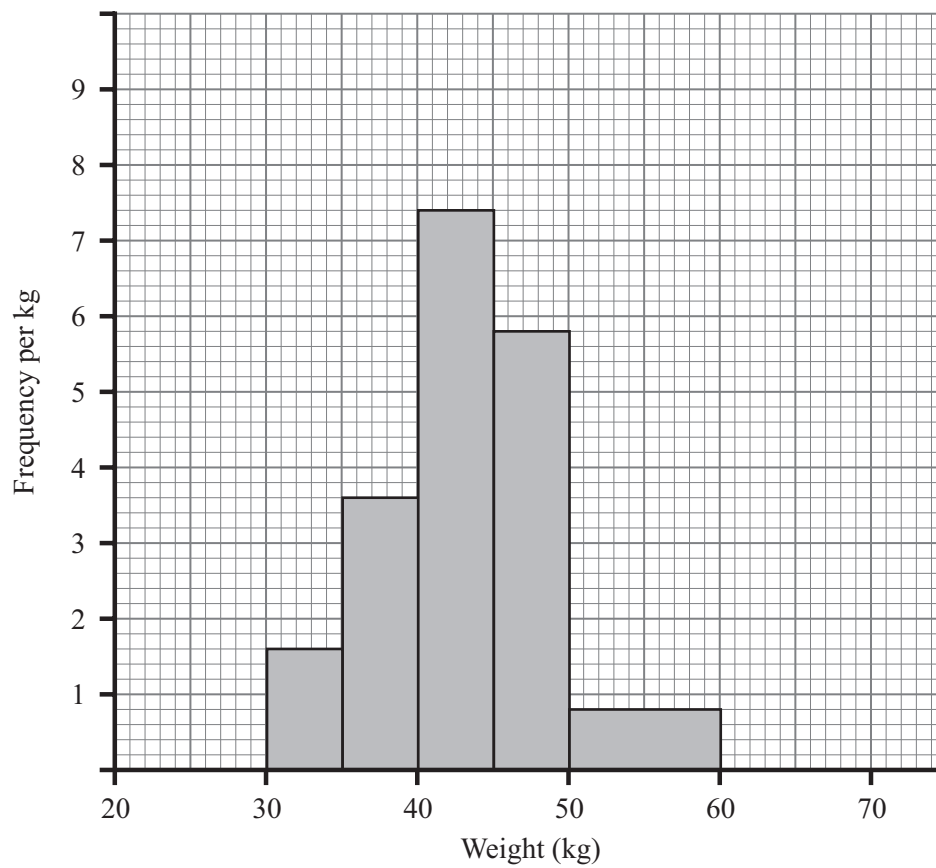
[1]

| Examiner Only |        |
|---------------|--------|
| Marks         | Remark |
|               |        |





B



| Examiner Only |        |
|---------------|--------|
| Marks         | Remark |
|               |        |

$$\frac{8x^2}{3} = 6$$

Explain your answer.

Answer \_\_\_\_\_ because \_\_\_\_\_

---

[2]

**10** Solve  $\frac{10}{2x-5} + \frac{7}{x+2} = 3$

**A solution by trial and improvement will not be accepted.**

Answer \_\_\_\_\_ [6]

6391

---

**THIS IS THE END OF THE QUESTION PAPER**

---

Permission to reproduce all copyright material has been applied for.  
In some cases, efforts to contact copyright holders may have been unsuccessful and CCEA  
will be happy to rectify any omissions of acknowledgement in future if notified.