



Rewarding Learning

General Certificate of Secondary Education  
2019

Centre Number

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Candidate Number

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# Double Award Science: Physics

Unit 7 Practical Skills  
**Booklet B**  
Higher Tier



[GDW78]

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**FRIDAY 14 JUNE, MORNING**

## TIME

30 minutes.

## INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Write your Centre Number and Candidate Number in the spaces provided at the top of this page.

**You must answer the questions in the spaces provided.**

**Do not write outside the boxed area on each page or on blank pages.**

Complete in black ink only. **Do not write with a gel pen.**

Answer **all** questions.

## INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

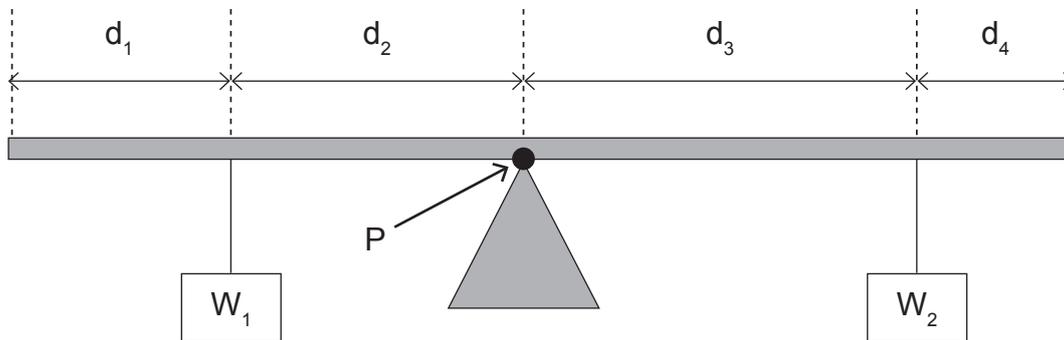
The total mark for this paper is 35.

Figures in brackets printed down the right-hand side of pages indicate the marks awarded to each question or part question.

Quality of written communication will be assessed in Question 1.



- 1 A student carries out an experiment to verify the Principle of Moments. Weights  $W_1$  and  $W_2$  and distances  $d_1$ ,  $d_2$ ,  $d_3$  and  $d_4$  are shown on the diagram.



Source: Author

**In this question you will be assessed on your written communication skills including the use of specialist scientific terms.**

Name the point P in the diagram.

\_\_\_\_\_

State the distances you would record to verify the Principle of Moments.

\_\_\_\_\_

Using the symbols on the diagram, state how you would calculate the anticlockwise moment.

\_\_\_\_\_

State a unit for a moment.

\_\_\_\_\_

State fully, in words, the Principle of Moments.

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_ [6]





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**(Questions continue overleaf)**

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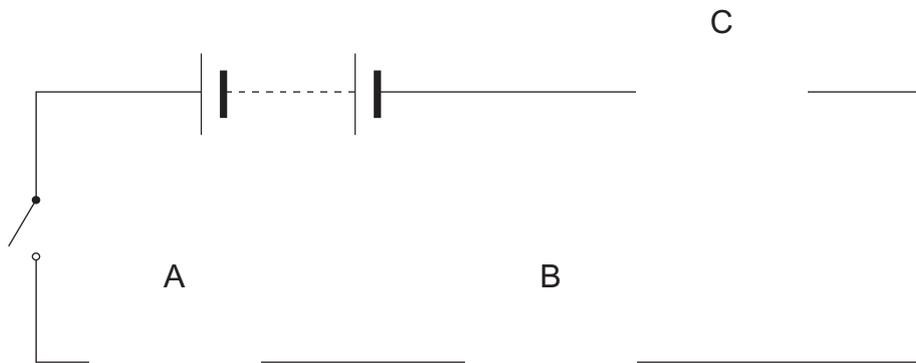
[Turn over



\*12GDW7803\*

- 2 A student carries out an investigation into how the current through a resistor depends on the voltage across it.

An incomplete circuit is shown.



Source: Author

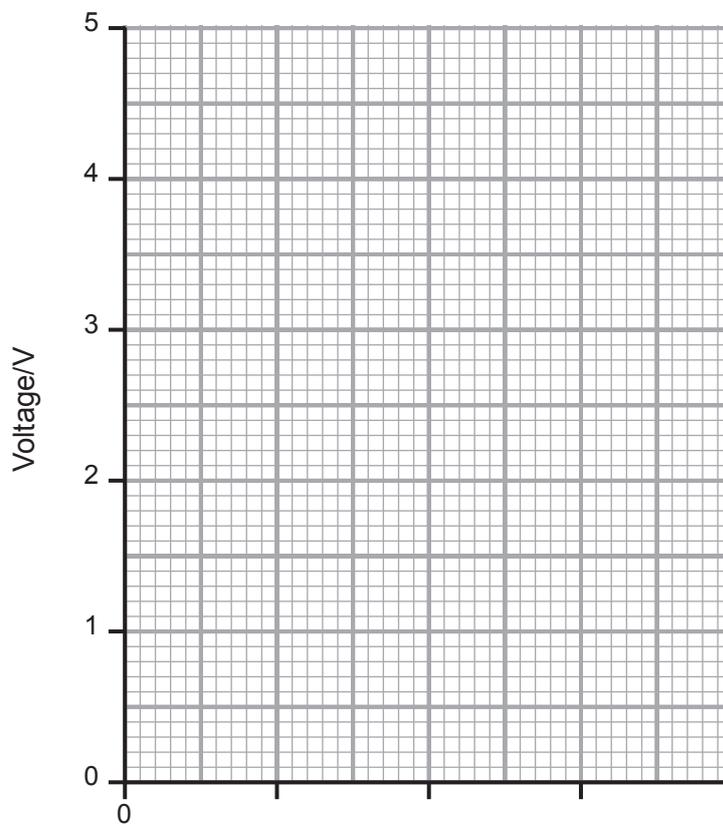
- (a) (i) In the gap A insert the symbol for the resistor. [1]
- (ii) In the gap B insert the symbol for the component which measures one of the quantities needed in this investigation. [2]
- (iii) In the gap C insert the symbol for the component to allow the current to be varied. [1]
- (iv) What name is given to this component?  
Name of component \_\_\_\_\_ [1]
- (v) Add a further component, using the symbol, to measure the other quantity needed in this experiment. [2]
- (vi) During this experiment one quantity should be kept constant.  
What is this quantity and how do you ensure that it is kept constant?  
Quantity \_\_\_\_\_  
How it is kept constant \_\_\_\_\_ [2]



This experiment is repeated but this time the resistor is replaced by a filament lamp. The following values were obtained.

Voltage/V	Current/A
0.0	0.0
0.4	0.1
1.2	0.2
2.4	0.3
5.0	0.4

You are asked to plot a graph of voltage (vertical axis) against current (horizontal axis).



(b) (i) Choose a suitable scale for the horizontal axis and label it. [2]

(ii) Plot the points. [2]

(iii) Draw the curve of best fit. [1]

[Turn over



(iv) By first using your graph to find the current, calculate the resistance of the lamp when the voltage across it is 4 V.  
Give your answer to one decimal place.

**You are advised to show your working out.**

Resistance = \_\_\_\_\_  $\Omega$  [4]





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- 3 A student carries out an investigation to see how the average speed of a ball down a slope, of **length 50 cm**, depends on the height of the slope.

(a) State the two measuring instruments the student would use.

1. \_\_\_\_\_

2. \_\_\_\_\_

[2]

The investigation gave the following results:

Height of slope/cm	Time to roll down slope/s			Average speed of ball down slope/cm/s
	Experiment 1	Experiment 2	Average	
5	5.3	5.1	5.2	
10	3.8	3.2		
15	3.0	2.8		
20	2.4	2.3		

(b) Complete the column labelled Average, with the average time calculated to **one decimal place**. [3]

(c) (i) For the height of 5 cm, calculate the average speed of the ball down the slope and enter the value in the table to **one decimal place**. Remember, the length of the slope is 50 cm.

**You are advised to show your working out.**

Average speed = \_\_\_\_\_ cm/s [3]

(ii) Complete the table for the remaining heights to one decimal place. [1]



(d) The student states that,

**'the height of the slope is proportional to the average speed of the ball down the slope.'**

(i) Calculate the ratios

average speed : height

for heights of 5 cm and 10 cm. Give your answer to one decimal place.

Height/cm	Ratio
5	
10	

[1]

(ii) Do these ratios confirm the student statement above?

Circle Yes or No.

YES

NO

Give a reason for your answer.

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[1]

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For Examiner's use only	
Question Number	Marks
1	
2	
3	

<b>Total Marks</b>	
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Examiner Number

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