



Rewarding Learning

General Certificate of Secondary Education
2010–2011

Science: Double Award (Modular)

Using Materials and Understanding Reactions
End of Module Test

Higher Tier

[GDB02]

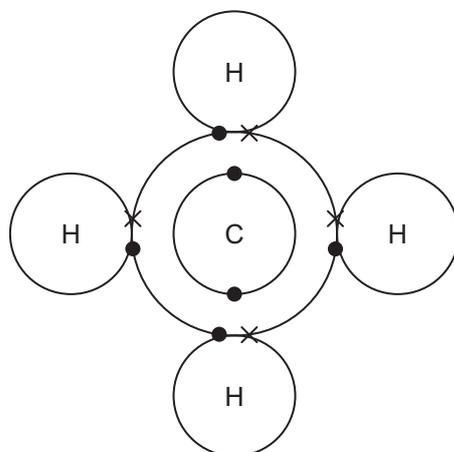
THURSDAY 24 FEBRUARY 2011, MORNING

**MARK
SCHEME**

		[1]	AVAILABLE MARKS												
1	(a) 4	[1]	3												
	(b) 8	[1]													
	(c) 15	[1]													
2	(a) ^{18}O has 10 neutrons [1] ^{16}O has 8 neutrons [1] allow [1] for idea of different number of neutrons [1] for fact that one has 2 extra neutrons unless wrongly qualified	[2]	3												
	(b) just as reactive as	[1]													
3	(a) (i) CuSO_4 [1] H_2O [1]	[2]	5												
	(ii) green [1] \longrightarrow blue [1]	[2]													
	(b) CO_2 /carbon dioxide	[1]													
4	(a)														
	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Water sample</th> <th>Observation with soap</th> <th>Observation with detergent</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>A temporary hard</td> <td></td> <td>Lather</td> </tr> <tr> <td>B soft</td> <td>Lather</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>C permanent hard</td> <td>No lather</td> <td>Lather</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Water sample	Observation with soap	Observation with detergent	A temporary hard		Lather	B soft	Lather		C permanent hard	No lather	Lather		
Water sample	Observation with soap	Observation with detergent													
A temporary hard		Lather													
B soft	Lather														
C permanent hard	No lather	Lather													
	4 correct = [2] 2 or 3 correct = [1] 1 correct = [0]	[2]													
	(b) water which has hardness which can be removed by boiling	[1]													
	(c) good for teeth or bones/reduces risk of heart disease/tanning leather/brewing beer/idea of better taste	[1]													
	scale in pipes or boilers/scum with soap/wastes soap/cost/allow idea of blocked pipes	[1]	5												
5	(a) correct ion structure	[2]													
	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;"> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p>2,8</p> <p>Charge +1</p> </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p>2,8</p> <p>Charge -1</p> </div> </div>	[1]													
	(b) electrostatic	[1]	4												

- 6 (a) electrode connected to the negative terminal/negative electrode [1]
 (b) carbon/graphite [1]
 (c) oxygen [1]

7 (a)



correct sharing [1]
 correct total number of electrons [1]
 second mark depends on first

(b) covalent [1]

(c) sulphur dioxide [1]

8 $\frac{P_1 V_1}{T_1} = \frac{P_2 V_2}{T_2}$ [1]

$$\frac{9240 \times 50}{280} = \frac{16000 \times V_2}{320}$$

$$V_2 = \frac{9240 \times 50 \times 320}{280 \times 16000}$$
 [1]

$$= 33 \text{ cm}^3$$

correct answer [3]

correct units [1]

up to [2] method marks
 [1] for formula substitution
 [1] for computation

- 9 (a) hydrated [1] iron(III) oxide [1] [2]
 (b) (i) idea of coated with zinc [1]
 (ii) zinc corrodes first [1]
 is more reactive than iron [1] [2]
not zinc rusting **not** zinc reacts quicker

AVAILABLE
MARKS

3

4

4

5

		AVAILABLE MARKS
10 (a)	D	[1]
(b)	C	[1]
(c)	B	[1]
(d)	diamond/quartz [1] high melting point no (electrical) conductivity [1] second mark dependent on first	[2]
11 (a)	all points correctly plotted [2] 5/6 correct points [1] curve joining points not drawn with ruler [1]	[3]
	± 5	
(b)	202g/100g water	[1]
	45 ± 3	
(c)	e.g. $205 - 45 = 160\text{g}$ all correct [2], 1 error [1] allow [1] for a correct method mark check graph	[2]
12 (a)	sulphuric acid	[1]
(b)	$2\text{H}^+ + 2\text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{H}_2$ [1] [1]	[2]
Total		50