



General Certificate of Secondary Education
2016–2017

Centre Number

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Candidate Number

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Double Award Science: Biology

Unit B1
Foundation Tier

[GSD11]

WEDNESDAY 9 NOVEMBER 2016, MORNING



TIME

1 hour.

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Write your Centre Number and Candidate Number in the spaces provided at the top of this page.

Write your answers in the spaces provided in this question paper.

Answer **all seven** questions.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

The total mark for this paper is 70.

Figures in brackets printed down the right-hand side of pages indicate the marks awarded to each question or part question.

Quality of written communication will be assessed in Question **6(a)**.

For Examiner's use only	
Question Number	Marks
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
Total Marks	

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- 1 Rachel carried out food tests on three types of food.
The table shows some of her results.

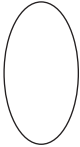

Type of food	Reagent	Colour change seen in reagent when there is a positive result
Vitamin C		
	Biuret	
		blue to brick red

Complete the table by writing the correct words in the empty boxes.

Choose the words from the list below.

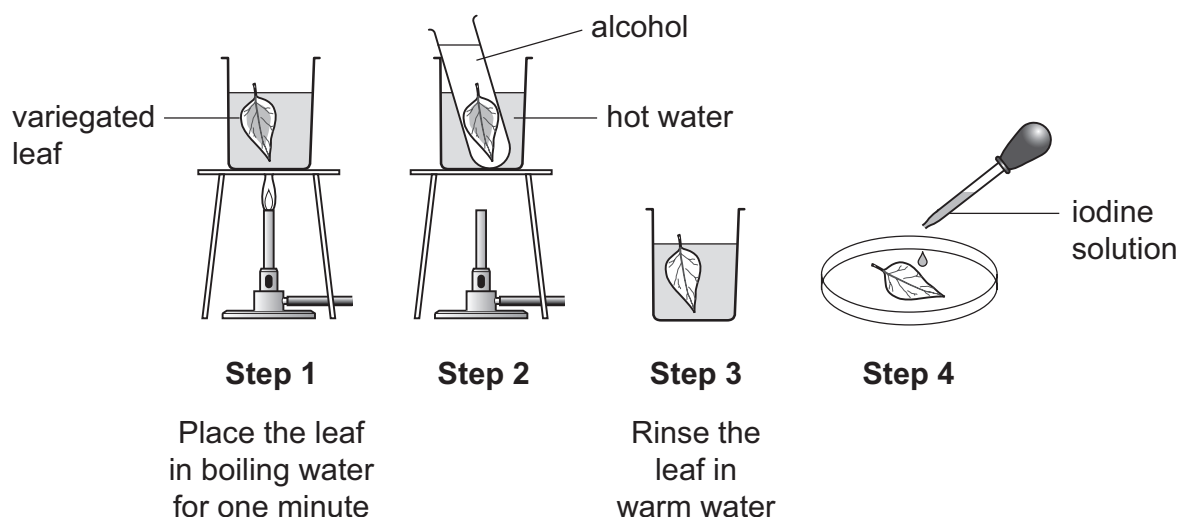
Benedict's	ethanol	iodine	DCPIP
protein	sugar/glucose	fat	salt
red to green	blue to colourless	blue to purple	blue to black

[6]

Examiner Only	
Marks	Remark
	

- 3 (a) Mike carried out an experiment into photosynthesis on a plant with variegated leaves. A variegated leaf is green in the centre with white edges.

Mike destarched the plant and then left it in light for two days. He then carried out the starch test on one variegated leaf. The diagram shows the starch test.



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- (i) Give the reason for carrying out step 1.

_____ [1]

- (ii) Give the reason for carrying out step 2.

_____ [1]

- (iii) Why was the Bunsen burner turned off before step 2?

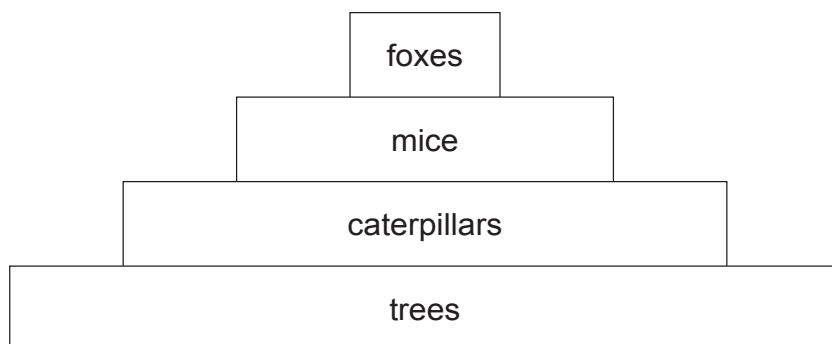
_____ [1]

Examiner Only	
Marks	Remark
<div style="border: 1px solid black; border-radius: 50%; width: 40px; height: 40px; margin: 0 auto;"></div>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; border-radius: 50%; width: 40px; height: 40px; margin: 0 auto;"></div>

- (iv) Describe and explain the results Mike obtained when he carried out the starch test on this variegated leaf.

[3]

Examiner Only	
Marks	Remark



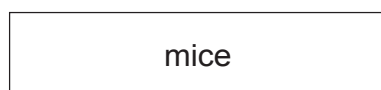
- (a)** Draw a food chain for the organisms in this area of the wood.

[2]

- (b)** Name the secondary consumer in this food chain.



[1]

- (c) (i)** In this area of the wood there were hundreds of caterpillars feeding on each tree.
Complete the pyramid of **numbers** below for the food chain you have drawn in part **(a)**.
Label your diagram.



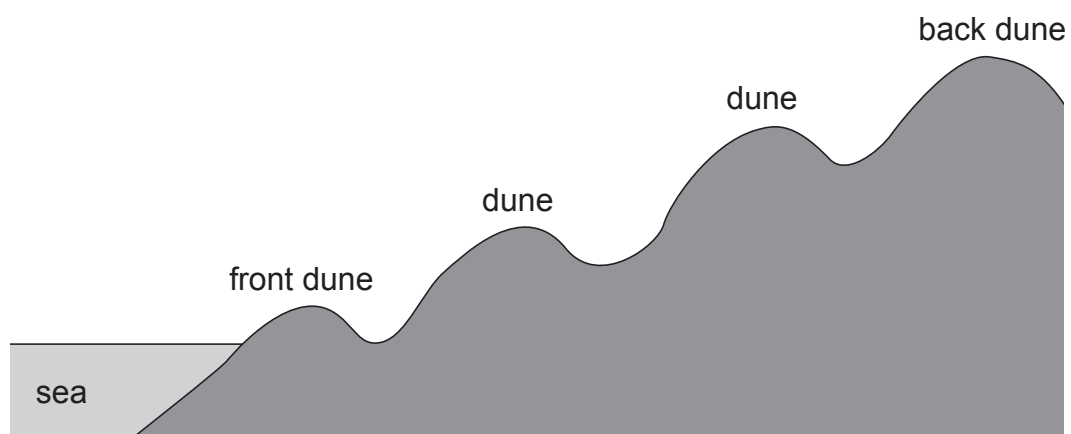
[2]

- (ii) There were hundreds of fleas living on each fox.
Add this information by drawing it on your pyramid of numbers above.

Examiner Only	
Marks	Remark
	

A black and white photograph showing a sand dune. The foreground and middle ground are filled with dense, tall, thin grasses that appear to be blowing in the wind. The dune's surface is sandy and uneven. In the background, the crest of the dune is lined with a row of darker, more solid shrubs or small trees. The sky is a flat, light gray, suggesting an overcast day. The overall composition emphasizes the texture and movement of the coastal vegetation.

The diagram shows four sand dunes.



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[3]

Examiner Only	
Marks	Remark

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(Questions continue overleaf)

The diagram illustrates the experimental setup. At the top, two identical desk lamps are positioned to illuminate two Petri dishes below. A label 'lamps' with two lines points to each lamp. To the right of the lamps is a rectangular box with a circular hole on its right side. A label 'box with hole cut in one side' with a line points to the box. Below the box, two more Petri dishes are shown, each containing three seedlings. A label 'seedlings' with two lines points to the seedlings in each dish. A label 'Petri dishes' with two lines points to the bottom of each dish. The entire setup is designed to compare the growth of seedlings under different light conditions (direct light vs. light from a side hole).

In this question you will be assessed on your written communication skills, including the use of specialist scientific terms.

[illegible]16

 [1]

- 7 (a) When the leaves of trees drop to the ground they are decomposed by various types of fungi.
These fungi produce enzymes to break down the different substances in the leaves.
Table 1 gives information about three types of fungi and the enzymes they produce.

Table 1

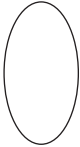

Fungus	Enzyme produced	Substance broken down by enzyme
Type 1	Lignase	Lignin, a woody substance in plant cell walls
Type 2	Amylase	Starch, found in leaf cells
Type 3	Cellulase	Cellulose, found in plant cell walls

Table 2 shows the percentage of substances **remaining** in the decomposing leaves over a period of 15 weeks.

Table 2

Time/weeks	Percentage of substance remaining /%		
	Lignin	Starch	Cellulose
0	100	100	100
5	100	70	100
10	100	40	80
15	90	10	60

Source: Principal Examiner

Examiner Only	
Marks	Remark
	

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