



General Certificate of Secondary Education  
2015

Centre Number

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Candidate Number

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# Technology and Design

Unit 1:

Technology and Design Core



[GTD11]

\*GTD11\*

## THURSDAY 4 JUNE, AFTERNOON

### TIME

1 hour.

### INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Write your Centre Number and Candidate Number in the spaces provided at the top of this page.

**You must answer the questions in the spaces provided.**

**Do not write outside the boxed area on each page or on blank pages.**

Questions which require drawing or sketching should be completed using an H.B. pencil.

All other questions must be completed using blue or black ink only.

**Do not write in pencil or with a gel pen.**

Answer **all eleven** questions.

### INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

The total mark for this paper is 90.

Quality of written communication will be assessed in Question **11**.

Figures in brackets printed down the right-hand side of pages indicate the marks awarded to each question or part question.

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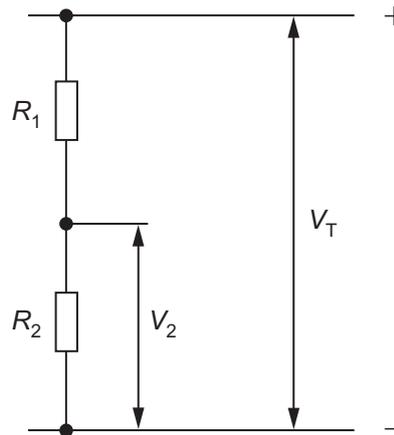
## Formulae for GCSE Technology and Design

You should use, where appropriate, the formulae given below when answering questions which include calculations.

1 Potential Difference = current  $\times$  resistance ( $V = I \times R$ )

2 For potential divider

$$V_2 = \frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2} \times V_T$$



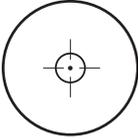
3 Series Resistors  $R_T = R_1 + R_2 + R_3 \text{ etc}$

4 Gear ratio of a simple gear train =  $\frac{\text{number of teeth on driven gear}}{\text{number of teeth on driver gear}}$



- 1 **Table 1** shows a number of different symbols. Using the first row as a guide, complete the table.

**Table 1**

Sketch of Symbol	Type of Symbol	Name of Symbol
	Electronic	Bulb
		Buzzer
		
	Electronic	Ammeter
	Safe Condition Sign	
	Mechanical	Knife Follower
		

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[9]



2 CAD drawings and CNC machines are frequently used in project work.

(a) (i) What do the letters CAD stand for?

\_\_\_\_\_ [1]

(ii) What do the letters CNC stand for?

\_\_\_\_\_ [1]

(b) Give **two** advantages and **one** disadvantage of using CNC compared to the manual manufacture of a product.

Advantage 1: \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_ [1]

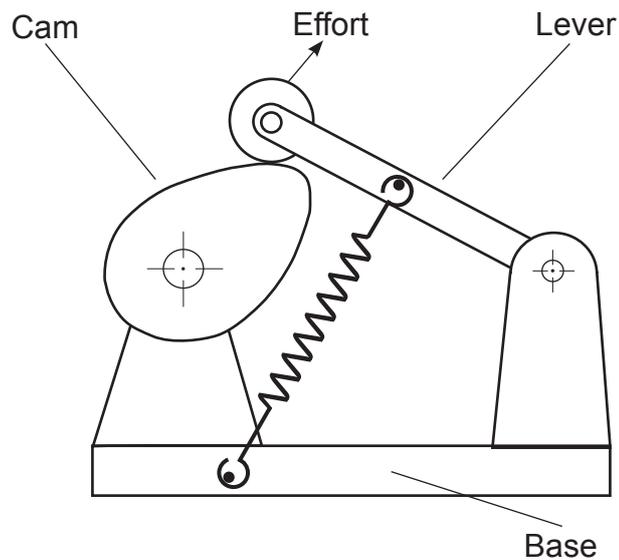
Advantage 2: \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_ [1]

Disadvantage: \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_ [1]

[Turn over



3 Fig. 1 shows a lever which is operated by a cam.



**Fig. 1**

*"Modular Courses in Technology: Mechanisms", Schools Council,  
Pearson Education Limited © Schools Council 1981*

(i) Name the type of cam and follower in **Fig. 1**:

Cam \_\_\_\_\_ [1]

Follower \_\_\_\_\_ [1]

(ii) State the type of motion of:

The cam \_\_\_\_\_ [1]

The lever \_\_\_\_\_ [1]

(iii) What class of lever is shown in **Fig. 1**?

\_\_\_\_\_ [1]

(iv) What would be the purpose of the spring shown in **Fig. 1**?

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_ [1]



4 When designing a product a suitable finish for the material is very important.

(a) Name **two** reasons for applying a suitable finish to a material.

1. \_\_\_\_\_ [1]

2. \_\_\_\_\_ [1]

(b) Identify **two** specific finishes that are only used on metals.

1. \_\_\_\_\_ [1]

2. \_\_\_\_\_ [1]

(c) Identify **two** specific finishes that are only used on wood.

1. \_\_\_\_\_ [1]

2. \_\_\_\_\_ [1]

(d) Identify **one** suitable finish for plastic.

\_\_\_\_\_ [1]

[Turn over



5 (a) The letters **V**, **I** and **R** are used when working with electronic units and measurements.

(i) What is the name of the electronic unit represented by the letter **R**?

\_\_\_\_\_ [1]

(ii) What symbol is used for this electronic unit?

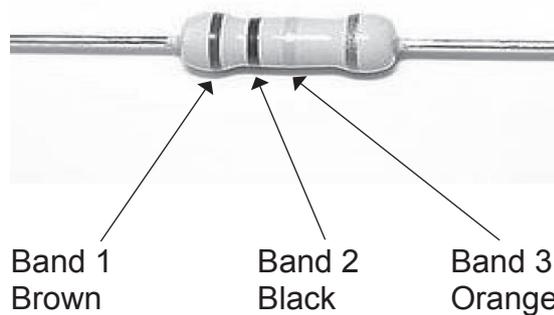
\_\_\_\_\_ [1]

(iii) What name is given to the electronic unit represented by the letter **I**?

\_\_\_\_\_ [1]

(b) The colour bands of the first three bands of a four band resistor are shown in **Fig. 2**. Use the information below to work out the value of this resistor.

0 = Black	1 = Brown	2 = Red	3 = Orange	4 = Yellow
5 = Green	6 = Blue	7 = Violet	8 = Grey	9 = White



**Fig. 2** © Lefteris\_ / iStock / Thinkstock

Value \_\_\_\_\_ [3]



(c) The circuit shown in **Fig. 3** requires completion by adding a thermistor and a push-to-make switch. Complete the circuit by including the symbols for the thermistor and the push-to-make switch in the correct locations in **Fig. 3**.

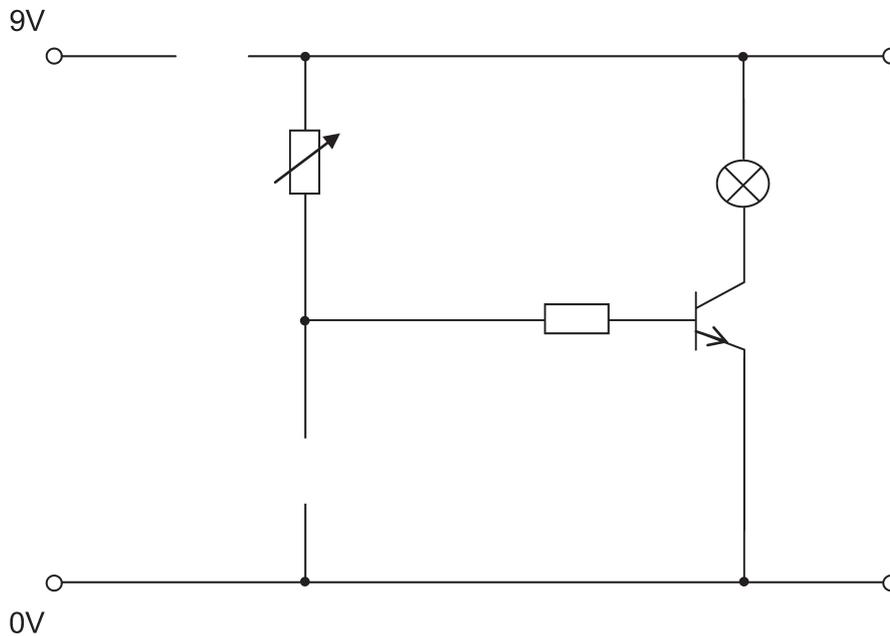


Fig. 3

[4]

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6 (a) Fig. 4 shows a pneumatic valve.

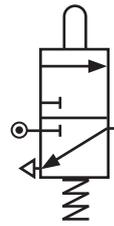


Fig. 4

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(i) Name the type of valve shown in Fig. 4.

\_\_\_\_\_ [1]

(ii) Clearly label the air supply and the exhaust port on Fig. 4.

[2]

(iii) For the valve in Fig. 4 state:

Method of operation \_\_\_\_\_ [1]

Method of return \_\_\_\_\_ [1]

(b) A pneumatic circuit is shown in Fig. 5.

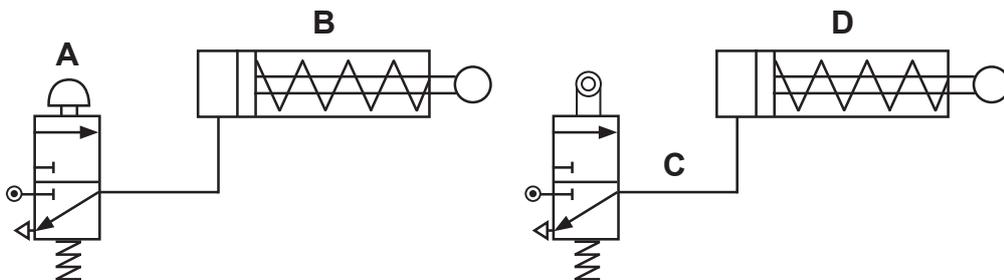


Fig. 5

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Explain the operation of the circuit when:

Push-button **A** is pressed and held down.

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[3]

Push-button **A** is released.

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[2]

[Turn over



7 Fig. 6 shows a vacuum formed plastic container for storing small toys.



Source: Chief Examiner

Fig. 6

(i) Which category of plastic is suitable for vacuum forming the container?

\_\_\_\_\_ [1]

(ii) Name a suitable plastic for the container.

\_\_\_\_\_ [1]

(iii) The top of the container is shaped as shown.

Suggest **two** reasons for this design feature.

1. \_\_\_\_\_ [1]

2. \_\_\_\_\_ [1]





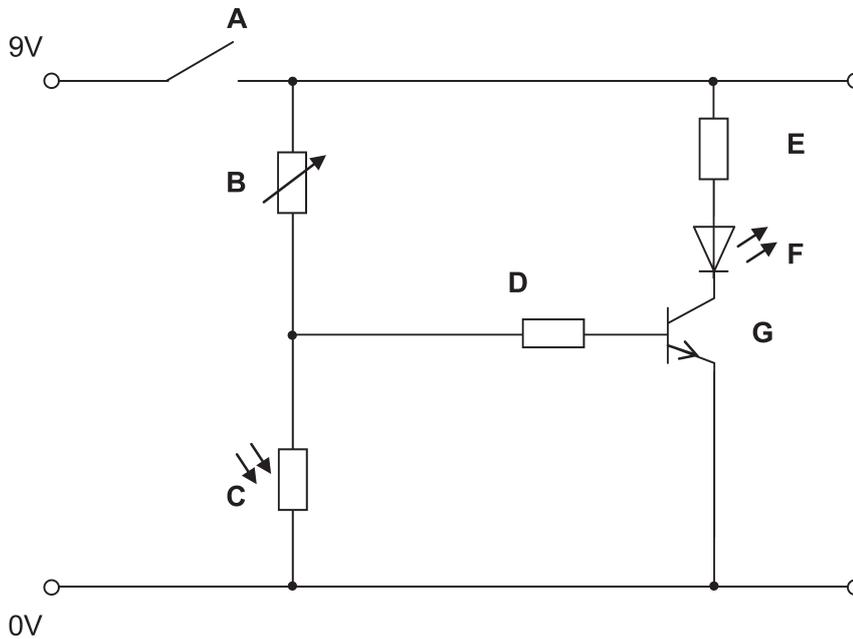
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8 Fig. 7 shows an electronic circuit which contains seven components. The component symbols are labelled A, B, C, D, E, F and G.



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Fig. 7

(a) Complete Table 2 by naming each of the electronic symbols B, F and G. Tick ✓ the appropriate column for each symbol to show if it functions as an Input, Process or Output component in this circuit.

Table 2

Component	Component Name	Input Component	Process Component	Output Component
B				
F				
G				

[6]



(b) With reference to components **A**, **B**, **C**, **G** and **F** only, explain how component **F** is operated in this circuit.

Component **A** \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_ [1]

Component **B** \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_ [1]

Component **C** \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_ [2]

Component **G** \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_ [2]

Component **F** \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_ [1]

[Turn over



9 **Fig. 8** shows a display stand for a watch. The display stand has a sensor which detects the presence of a customer standing in front of it. A motor inside the display stand enables the platform to rotate either clockwise or anti-clockwise.

When the sensor is activated the motor rotates clockwise for five seconds and then stops. After a further period of four seconds the motor rotates anti-clockwise for five seconds and then stops. The process then repeats unless the customer moves away.

Complete the flow chart in **Fig. 9** to achieve this operation.

[10]

Image removed due to copyright

**Fig. 8**



START

Fig. 9

[Turn over

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10 Fig. 10 shows a trolley which is used to transport goods and equipment.



Fig. 10

© Jim Mills / Hemera / Thinkstock

(a) State **two** design criteria which should be considered in relation to the height of the trolley.

1. \_\_\_\_\_

2. \_\_\_\_\_ [2]

(b) Mild steel was used for the frame of the trolley because it is relatively cheap and strong.

Give **two** other suitable reasons for using mild steel for the frame.

1. \_\_\_\_\_ [1]

2. \_\_\_\_\_ [1]

(c) The base of the trolley sits at right angles to the bottom of the frame.

Give **two** reasons for this design arrangement.

1. \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

2. \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_ [2]





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Question Number	Marks
1	
2	
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11	

<b>Total Marks</b>	
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Examiner Number

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