



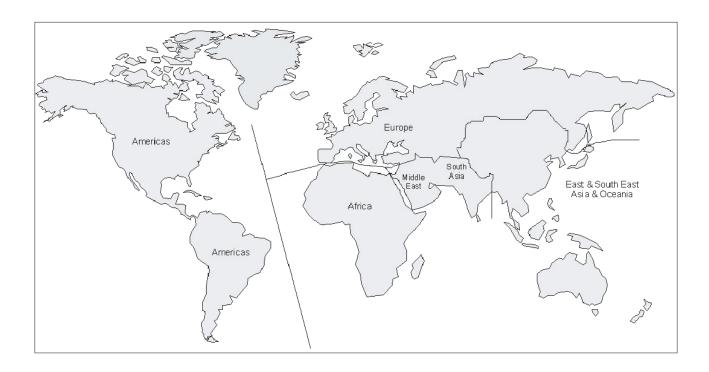
# HISTORY HIGHER LEVEL AND STANDARD LEVEL PAPER 2

Tuesday 5 May 2009 (afternoon)

1 hour 30 minutes

#### **INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

- Do not open this examination paper until instructed to do so.
- Answer two questions, each chosen from a different Topic.
- Questions in this paper must be answered with reference to events and developments in the twentieth century.
- Where the word *region* is used in questions in this paper, it refers, unless otherwise defined, to the five regions which are the basis of the regional studies for Higher Level Paper 3.



## **Topic 1** Causes, practices and effects of war

- 1. Compare and contrast the causes of **two** twentieth century civil wars.
- 2. Define guerrilla warfare, and discuss its significance in **two** wars, each chosen from a different region.
- 3. Analyse (a) the short-term results, and (b) the long-term results up to 1935, of the First World War.
- 4. In what ways, and with what results, did either the Korean War or the Vietnam War bring about social and cultural changes in the countries involved?
- 5. In what ways, and for what reasons, did the nature of war in the air change between 1939 and 1990?

#### Topic 2 Nationalist and independence movements, decolonization and challenges facing new states

- **6.** Analyse the factors which helped the growth of **two** independence movements, each chosen from a different region.
- 7. For what reasons, and with what results, did Pakistan obtain independence as a separate state in 1947?
- **8.** Compare and contrast the methods used by **two** leaders of independence movements in their bid for power in **two** states, one in Africa and one in Asia.
- 9. To what extent was the colonial legacy responsible for problems in **one** non-European new state, in the first ten years after independence?
- **10.** Examine post-independence economic and social problems in **one** of the following: Algeria; the Caribbean; Indonesia.

## **Topic 3** The rise and rule of single-party states

- 11. Analyse the methods used by **either** Castro **or** Peron to obtain power.
- 12. "The aims and policies of single-party state rulers rarely followed their declared ideology." To what extent do you agree with this assertion?
- **13.** Evaluate the domestic policies of **either** Hitler **or** Nasser.
- **14.** For what reasons, and with what success, did rulers of single-party states use foreign policy to maintain their power? At least **two** rulers should be considered.
- **15.** In what ways did **two** rulers of single-party states, each chosen from a different region, (a) use, and (b) misuse, the arts and education?

## **Topic 4** Peace and cooperation: international organizations and multiparty states

- **16.** (a) Explain the aims of **one** international organization.
  - (b) To what extent were these aims implemented [carried out] in the ten years after the organization's foundation?
- 17. Analyse the successes and failures of the United Nation's peacekeeping activities up to 1973.
- **18.** "In spite of occasional failures, the democratic multiparty state was the most successful form of government in the twentieth century." To what extent do you agree with this statement?
- **19.** Compare and contrast the role and status of women in **two** multiparty states in the second half of the twentieth century.
- **20.** Account for the foundation of a multiparty state in **either** Spain in 1975, **or** South Africa in 1994, and evaluate the success of your chosen state.

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#### **Topic 5** The Cold War

- 21. For what reasons, and with what results, were there disagreements between participants at the conferences of Yalta and Potsdam in 1945?
- 22. Define and analyse the importance of two of the following: (a) the formation of NATO
  - (b) the Warsaw Pact
  - (c) non-alignment
  - (d) détente.
- **23.** Examine the role and importance of fear and suspicion in the development of the Cold War between 1953 and 1975.
- **24.** In what ways were social and gender issues affected by the Cold War in **two** countries, each chosen from a different region?
- **25.** Why did the Cold War spread from Europe to other parts of the world after 1950?

#### Topic 6 The state and its relationship with religion and with minorities

- **26.** Compare and contrast the treatment of religious minorities in **two** countries.
- **27.** For what reasons, and with what results, were ethnic/racial minorities persecuted in **two** countries, each chosen from a different region?
- 28. In what ways did social and economic differences of minorities (a) hinder integration, (b) lead to discrimination?
- **29.** "Religious and ethnic/racial minorities always suffered from social and economic disadvantages in the twentieth century." To what extent do you agree with this statement?
- **30.** Analyse the main reasons for state persecution of religious or ethnic/racial minorities in the second half of the twentieth century.