

22067303

MATHEMATICS
STANDARD LEVEL
PAPER 1

Wednesday 3 May 2006 (afternoon)

1 hour 30 minutes

Candidate session number

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INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your session number in the boxes above.
- Do not open this examination paper until instructed to do so.
- Answer all the questions in the spaces provided.
- Unless otherwise stated in the question, all numerical answers must be given exactly or correct to three significant figures.



Full marks are not necessarily awarded for a correct answer with no working. Answers must be supported by working and/or explanations. In particular, solutions found from a graphic display calculator should be supported by suitable working, e.g. if graphs are used to find a solution, you should sketch these as part of your answer. Where an answer is incorrect, some marks may be given for a correct method, provided this is shown by written working. You are therefore advised to show all working. Working may be continued below the lines, if necessary.

- 1. Consider the infinite geometric series $405 + 270 + 180 + \dots$
 - (a) For this series, find the common ratio, giving your answer as a fraction in its simplest form.
 - (b) Find the fifteenth term of this series.
 - (c) Find the **exact** value of the sum of the infinite series.

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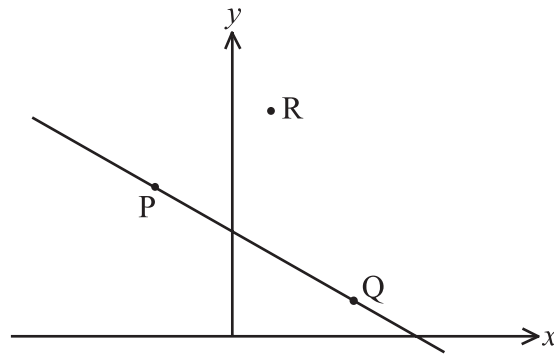
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2. The points P(-2, 4), Q(3, 1) and R(1, 6) are shown in the diagram below.



- (a) Find the vector \vec{PQ} .
- (b) Find a vector equation for the line through R parallel to the line (PQ).

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3. The population below is listed in ascending order.

5, 6, 7, 7, 9, 9, r , 10, s , 13, 13, t

The median of the population is 9.5. The upper quartile Q_3 is 13.

(a) Write down the value of

(i) r ;

(ii) s .

(b) The mean of the population is 10. Find the value of t .

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4. Solve the following equations.

(a) $\ln(x + 2) = 3$.

(b) $10^{2x} = 500$.

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5. The probability distribution of the discrete random variable X is given by the following table.

x	1	2	3	4	5
$P(X = x)$	0.4	p	0.2	0.07	0.02

- (a) Find the value of p .
- (b) Calculate the expected value of X .

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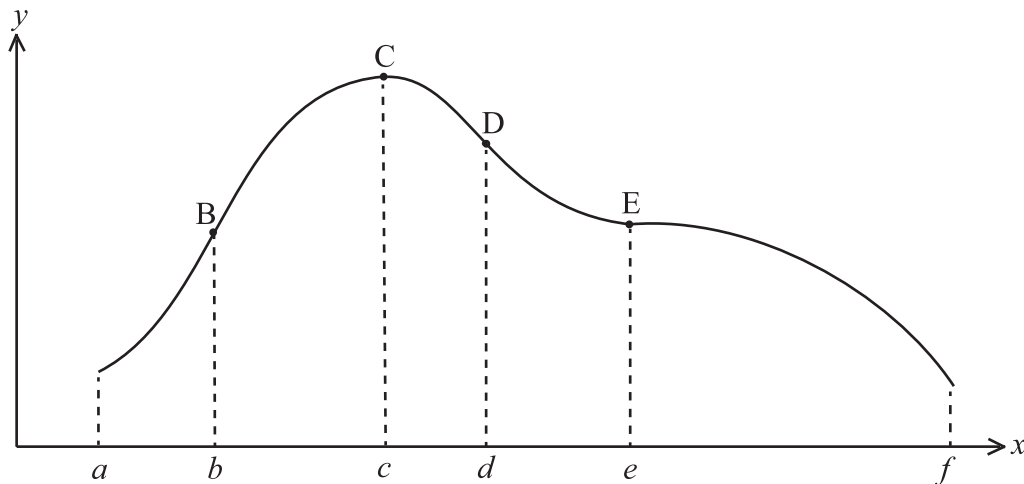
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6. The graph of a function g is given in the diagram below.



The gradient of the curve has its maximum value at point B and its minimum value at point D. The tangent is horizontal at points C and E.

- (a) Complete the table below, by stating whether the first derivative g' is positive or negative, and whether the second derivative g'' is positive or negative.

Interval	g'	g''
$a < x < b$		
$e < x < f$		

- (b) Complete the table below by noting the points on the graph described by the following conditions.

Conditions	Point
$g'(x) = 0, g''(x) < 0$	
$g'(x) < 0, g''(x) = 0$	



7. (a) Express $y = 2x^2 - 12x + 23$ in the form $y = 2(x - c)^2 + d$.

The graph of $y = x^2$ is transformed into the graph of $y = 2x^2 - 12x + 23$ by the transformations

a vertical stretch with scale factor k **followed by**
a horizontal translation of p units **followed by**
a vertical translation of q units.

(b) Write down the value of

(i) k ;

(ii) p ;

(iii) q .

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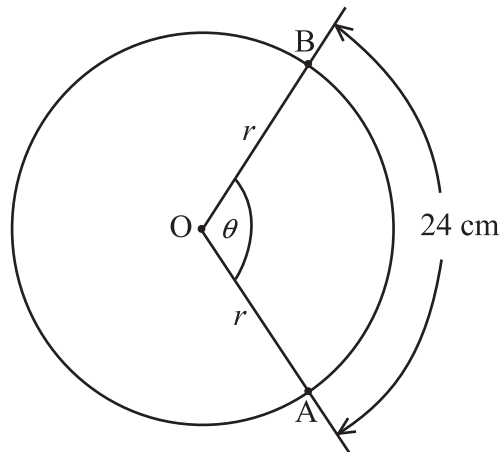
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8. The diagram below shows a circle of radius r and centre O . The angle $AOB = \theta$.



The length of the arc AB is 24 cm . The area of the sector OAB is 180 cm^2 .

Find the value of r and of θ .

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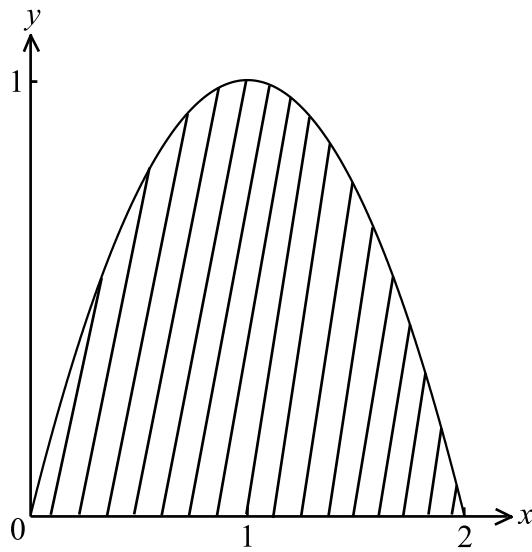
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9. A part of the graph of $y = 2x - x^2$ is given in the diagram below.



The shaded region is revolved through 360° about the x -axis.

- (a) Write down an expression for this volume of revolution.
- (b) Calculate this volume.

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10. The matrix $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 \\ -3 & 1 & -1 \\ 2 & -2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ has inverse $A^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & -2 & -2 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ a & 6 & b \end{pmatrix}$.

(a) Write down the value of

(i) a ;

(ii) b .

Consider the simultaneous equations

$$\begin{aligned} x + 2y &= 7 \\ -3x + y - z &= 10 \\ 2x - 2y + z &= -12 \end{aligned}$$

(b) Write these equations as a matrix equation.

(c) Solve the matrix equation.

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11. Consider the function $f : x \mapsto 3x^2 - 5x + k$.

(a) Write down $f'(x)$.

The equation of the tangent to the graph of f at $x = p$ is $y = 7x - 9$. Find the value of

(b) p ;

(c) k .

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12. In a class, 40 students take chemistry only, 30 take physics only, 20 take both chemistry and physics, and 60 take neither.
- (a) Find the probability that a student takes physics given that the student takes chemistry.
 - (b) Find the probability that a student takes physics given that the student does **not** take chemistry.
 - (c) State whether the events “taking chemistry” and “taking physics” are mutually exclusive, independent, or neither. Justify your answer.

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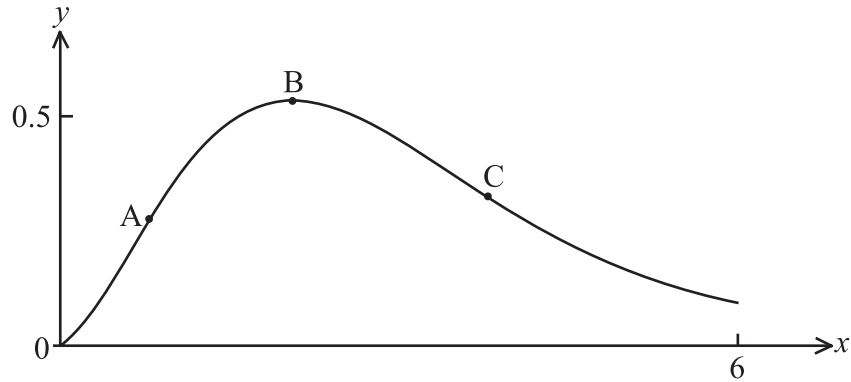
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13. The diagram below shows the graph of $f(x) = x^2e^{-x}$ for $0 \leq x \leq 6$. There are points of inflexion at A and C and there is a maximum at B.



- (a) Using the product rule for differentiation, find $f'(x)$.
- (b) Find the **exact** value of the **y-coordinate** of B.
- (c) The second derivative of f is $f''(x) = (x^2 - 4x + 2)e^{-x}$. Use this result to find the **exact** value of the **x-coordinate** of C.

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14. The displacement s metres at time t seconds is given by

$$s = 5 \cos 3t + t^2 + 10, \text{ for } t \geq 0.$$

- (a) Write down the minimum value of s .
- (b) Find the acceleration, a , at time t .
- (c) Find the value of t when the **maximum** value of a first occurs.

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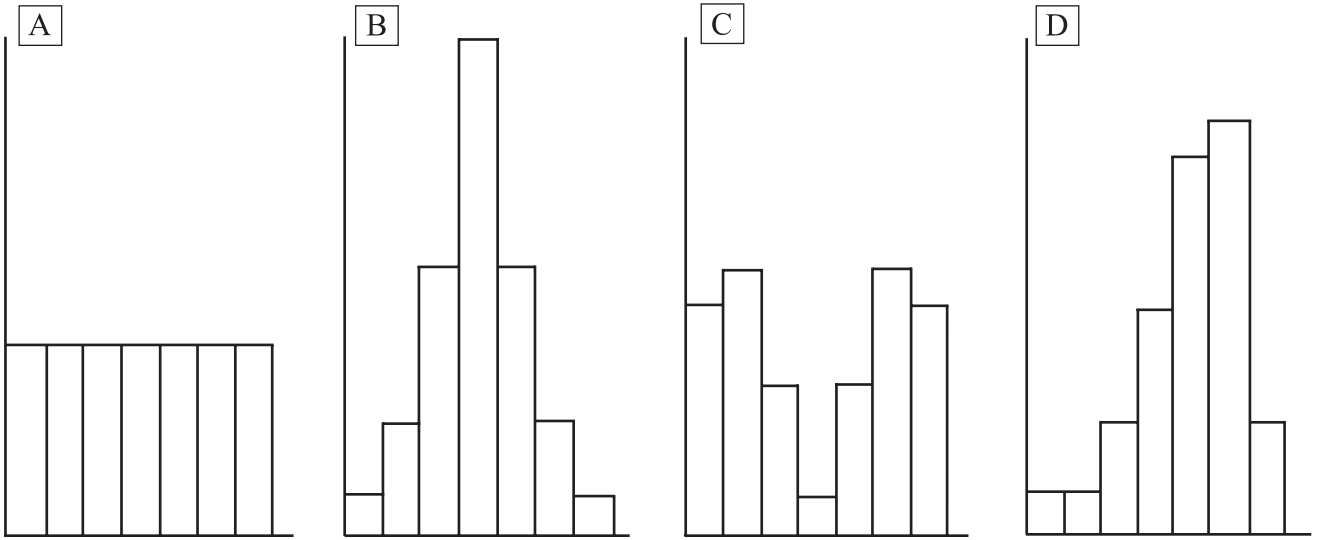
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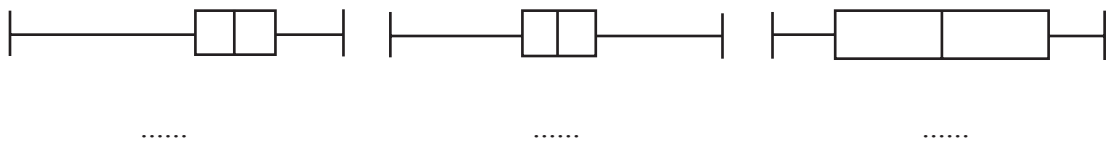
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15. The four populations A, B, C and D are the same size and have the same range. Frequency histograms for the four populations are given below.



- (a) Each of the three box and whisker plots below corresponds to one of the four populations. Write the letter of the correct population under each plot.



- (b) Each of the three cumulative frequency diagrams below corresponds to one of the four populations. Write the letter of the correct population under each diagram.

