

Mathematics
Higher level
Paper 2

Wednesday 13 May 2015 (afternoon)

Candidate session number

2 hours

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Instructions to candidates

- Write your session number in the boxes above.
- Do not open this examination paper until instructed to do so.
- A graphic display calculator is required for this paper.
- Section A: answer all questions in the boxes provided.
- Section B: answer all questions in the answer booklet provided. Fill in your session number on the front of the answer booklet, and attach it to this examination paper and your cover sheet using the tag provided.
- Unless otherwise stated in the question, all numerical answers should be given exactly or correct to three significant figures.
- A clean copy of the **mathematics HL and further mathematics HL formula booklet** is required for this paper.
- The maximum mark for this examination paper is **[120 marks]**.



8. [Maximum mark: 8]

Let $\mathbf{v} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$ and $\mathbf{w} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ \lambda \\ 10 \end{pmatrix}$.

- (a) Find the value of λ for \mathbf{v} and \mathbf{w} to be parallel. [2]
- (b) Find the value of λ for \mathbf{v} and \mathbf{w} to be perpendicular. [2]
- (c) Find the two values of λ if the angle between \mathbf{v} and \mathbf{w} is 10° . [4]

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Section B

Answer **all** questions in the answer booklet provided. Please start each question on a new page.

11. [Maximum mark: 20]

The probability density function of a continuous random variable X is given by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & x < 0 \\ \frac{\sin x}{4}, & 0 \leq x \leq \pi \\ a(x - \pi), & \pi < x \leq 2\pi \\ 0, & 2\pi < x \end{cases}.$$

- (a) Sketch the graph of $y = f(x)$. [2]
- (b) Find $P(X \leq \pi)$. [2]
- (c) Show that $a = \frac{1}{\pi^2}$. [3]
- (d) Write down the median of X . [1]
- (e) Calculate the mean of X . [3]
- (f) Calculate the variance of X . [3]
- (g) Find $P\left(\frac{\pi}{2} \leq X \leq \frac{3\pi}{2}\right)$. [2]
- (h) Given that $\frac{\pi}{2} \leq X \leq \frac{3\pi}{2}$ find the probability that $\pi \leq X \leq 2\pi$. [4]



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12. [Maximum mark: 19]

(a) (i) Use the binomial theorem to expand $(\cos \theta + i \sin \theta)^5$.

(ii) Hence use De Moivre's theorem to prove

$$\sin 5\theta = 5\cos^4 \theta \sin \theta - 10\cos^2 \theta \sin^3 \theta + \sin^5 \theta.$$

(iii) State a similar expression for $\cos 5\theta$ in terms of $\cos \theta$ and $\sin \theta$. [6]

Let $z = r(\cos \alpha + i \sin \alpha)$, where α is measured in degrees, be the solution of $z^5 - 1 = 0$ which has the smallest positive argument.

(b) Find the value of r and the value of α . [4]

(c) Using (a) (ii) and your answer from (b) show that $16\sin^4 \alpha - 20\sin^2 \alpha + 5 = 0$. [4]

(d) Hence express $\sin 72^\circ$ in the form $\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c}}}{d}$ where $a, b, c, d \in \mathbb{Z}$. [5]



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13. [Maximum mark: 21]

Richard, a marine soldier, steps out of a stationary helicopter, 1000 m above the ground, at time $t = 0$. Let his height, in metres, above the ground be given by $s(t)$. For the first 10 seconds his velocity, $v(t) \text{ ms}^{-1}$, is given by $v(t) = -10t$.

(a) (i) Find his acceleration $a(t)$ for $t < 10$.

(ii) Calculate $v(10)$.

(iii) Show that $s(10) = 500$.

[6]

At $t = 10$ his parachute opens and his acceleration $a(t)$ is subsequently given by $a(t) = -10 - 5v$, $t \geq 10$.

(b) Given that $\frac{dt}{dv} = \frac{1}{\frac{dv}{dt}}$, write down $\frac{dt}{dv}$ in terms of v .

[1]

You are told that Richard's acceleration, $a(t) = -10 - 5v$, is always positive, for $t \geq 10$.

(c) Hence show that $t = 10 + \frac{1}{5} \ln\left(\frac{98}{-2-v}\right)$.

[5]

(d) Hence find an expression for the velocity, v , for $t \geq 10$.

[2]

(e) Find an expression for his height, s , above the ground for $t \geq 10$.

[5]

(f) Find the value of t when Richard lands on the ground.

[2]



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