

# History route 2 Higher level Paper 3 – aspects of the history of the Americas

Tuesday 17 November 2015 (morning)

2 hours 30 minutes

## Instructions to candidates

- Do not open this examination paper until instructed to do so.
- Answer three questions. Each question is worth [20 marks].
- The maximum mark for this examination paper is [60 marks].



## **Independence movements**

- **1.** Evaluate the contributions of intellectual **and** religious issues to the rise and development of independence movements in the Americas.
- **2.** Examine the impact of **two** military campaigns on the outcome of **one** Latin American independence movement.

## Nation-building and challenges

- 3. "Caudillos did **not** bring order and prosperity to their countries." With reference to the rule of caudillos in **two** countries of the region during the first half of the 19th century, to what extent do you agree with this statement?
- **4.** Evaluate the causes of the Mexican–American War of 1846 to 1848.

## United States Civil War: causes, course and effects 1840–1877

- **5.** Examine the arguments for and against slavery in the United States between 1840 and 1860.
- **6.** "By 1877, former slaves were called citizens; however, they were still little more than slaves and their former masters retained power." Discuss.

## The development of modern nations 1865–1929

- **7.** With reference to **two** countries in the Americas, evaluate the factors that led to railroad construction between 1865 and 1929.
- **8.** Evaluate the successes and failures of **one** Latin American leader during the period 1865 to 1929.

## Emergence of the Americas in global affairs 1880–1929

- **9.** Examine the reasons why, after proclaiming neutrality for three years, the United States entered the First World War in 1917.
- **10.** Examine the economic **and** political impact of the First World War on **two** countries of the Americas.

#### The Mexican Revolution 1910–1940

- **11.** "Social grievances were the breeding ground of the Mexican Revolution." To what extent do you agree with this statement?
- **12.** "The Maximato brought stability to Mexico." To what extent do you agree with this statement?

## The Great Depression and the Americas 1929–1939

- **13.** Compare and contrast the policies of Herbert Hoover and Franklin D Roosevelt in addressing the problems of the Great Depression.
- **14.** Examine the methods used to combat economic problems between 1929 and 1939 in **one** Latin American country.

## The Second World War and the Americas 1933–1945

- **15.** Evaluate the economic **and** diplomatic effects of the Second World War in **one** country of the Americas.
- **16.** "The Second World War served as a catalyst for great social change in the Americas." With reference to women **and** minorities, to what extent do you agree with this statement?

# Political developments in the Americas after the Second World War 1945–1979

- **17.** Examine the role of Cuba in attempts to spread revolution in the Americas between 1959 and 1979.
- **18.** To what extent was Lyndon B Johnson's "Great Society" a success?

## The Cold War and the Americas 1945-1981

- **19.** Evaluate the impact of the Cold War on the domestic policies of **either** Canada **or one** Latin American country between 1945 and 1981.
- 20. Evaluate the impact of Eisenhower's New Look foreign policy on two Latin American countries.

# Civil rights and social movements in the Americas

- **21.** With reference to **two** countries in the region, to what extent did their governments contribute to the progress of civil rights after 1945?
- **22.** With reference to **one or more** countries of the Americas, discuss the challenges faced by feminist movements after 1945.

## Into the 21st century — from the 1980s to 2000

- **23.** "The restoration of democracy in Latin America was challenged more by economic factors than political factors." With reference to **one** country, to what extent do you agree with this statement?
- **24.** To what extent did the policies of **one** country of the Americas effectively deal with environmental issues between 1980 and 2000?