



Oxford Cambridge and RSA

Monday 11 October 2021 – Morning

A Level Ancient History

H407/11 Sparta and the Greek World

Time allowed: 2 hours 30 minutes



You must have:

- the OCR 12-page Answer Booklet

INSTRUCTIONS

- Use black ink.
- Write your answer to each question in the Answer Booklet. The question numbers must be clearly shown.
- Fill in the boxes on the front of the Answer Booklet.
- Answer **four** questions in total:
Section A: Answer Question 1 **or** Question 2 **and** answer Question 3.
Section B: Answer Question 4 **and** answer Question 5 **or** Question 6.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is **98**.
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets [].
- Quality of extended response will be assessed in questions marked with an asterisk (*).
- This document has **4** pages.

ADVICE

- Read each question carefully before you start your answer.

**Section A: Relations between Greek states and
between Greek and non-Greek states, 492–404 BC**

Answer **either** question 1 **or** question 2 **and** then question 3.

Answer **either** question 1 **or** question 2.

- 1*** To what extent do you agree that the Athenian victory in the Battle of Marathon (490 BC) changed the relationships between the Greek city-states and Persia?

You must use and analyse the ancient sources you have studied as well as your own knowledge to support your answer. **[30]**

- 2*** Between 431 BC and 411 BC, how far did the Athenians follow the strategy suggested by Pericles at the beginning of the Peloponnesian War?

You must use and analyse the ancient sources you have studied as well as your own knowledge to support your answer. **[30]**

Answer question 3.

- 3** Read the interpretation below.

<p>Lysander ... had realised, as had King Agis earlier, that the Spartans could only win the war by starving the Athenians into submission, and that this could only be achieved by cutting off their grain supply from the Black Sea. The inexperience of the Athenian generals and the skill of Lysander brought about the total defeat of the Athenian navy at Aegospotamoi, in the Hellespont opposite Lampsacus, in the late summer of 405. After that, it was only a matter of time before the Athenians, blockaded on land by the forces of King Agis from Decelea and King Pausanias from the Peloponnese, and by sea by Lysander's navy, surrendered in the first half of 404. Cyrus' wholehearted support of the Spartans, especially in the supply of Persian gold, proved to be the decisive factor in helping the Spartans to defeat the Athenians in the Ionian War.</p>	<p>5</p> <p>10</p>
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T. Buckley, *Aspects of Greek History 750–323 BC*

How convincing do you find T. Buckley's interpretation of the reasons why Athens lost the Peloponnesian War?

You must use your knowledge of the historical period and the ancient sources you have studied to analyse and evaluate T. Buckley's interpretation. **[20]**

Answer **either** question 5 **or** question 6.

- 5*** 'The Spartans went to war only as a last resort.' How far do you agree with this assessment of the Spartans throughout this period?

You must use and analyse the ancient sources you have studied as well as your own knowledge to support your answer. **[36]**

- 6*** 'Only Spartan citizens were useful to the Spartan state.' How far do you agree with this assessment of Sparta throughout this period?

You must use and analyse the ancient sources you have studied as well as your own knowledge to support your answer. **[36]**

END OF QUESTION PAPER

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