

GCE

Classics: Classical Civilisation

Unit H008/22: Imperial Image

Advanced Subsidiary GCE

Mark Scheme for June 2018

OCR (Oxford Cambridge and RSA) is a leading UK awarding body, providing a wide range of qualifications to meet the needs of candidates of all ages and abilities. OCR qualifications include AS/A Levels, Diplomas, GCSEs, Cambridge Nationals, Cambridge Technicals, Functional Skills, Key Skills, Entry Level qualifications, NVQs and vocational qualifications in areas such as IT, business, languages, teaching/training, administration and secretarial skills.

It is also responsible for developing new specifications to meet national requirements and the needs of students and teachers. OCR is a not-for-profit organisation; any surplus made is invested back into the establishment to help towards the development of qualifications and support, which keep pace with the changing needs of today's society.

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

© OCR 2018

These are the annotations, (including abbreviations), used in RM Assessor, which are used when marking:

Symbol	Description	Comment
~	Tick	worthy of credit
?	?	Unclear argument/unclear expression
S	S	error of spelling
E	E	error of grammar, punctuation
F	F	error of fact
^	^	Omission of detail/ argument needs extending
	H Line	to draw an attention to an error
2	Vertical Wavy Line	to draw attention to something
	Highlight	as directed by PE
IRRL	IRRL	irrelevant point
REP	REP	conspicuous repetition
L	L	illegible word or phrase
BP	BP	Blank Page – this annotation must be used on all blank pages within an answer booklet and on each page of an additional object where there is no candidate response.

ASSESSMENT OBJECTIVES

Candidates are expected to demonstrate the following in the context of the content described for the individual unit:

- AO1 Demonstrate Knowledge and Understanding of:
- literature and either visual/material culture or classical thought
- how sources and ideas reflect, and influence, their cultural contexts
- possible interpretations of sources, perspectives and ideas by different audiences and individuals.
- **AO2** Critically analyse, interpret and evaluate literature and either visual/material culture or classical thoughts, using evidence to make substantiated judgements and produce coherent and reasoned arguments.

Individual questions are designed to allow the distribution of marks between the Assessment Objectives. For some points based marking and the levels of response questions you are required to identify a candidate's performance under each assessment objective and award marks accordingly.

Marking Scripts

Answers must be marked using the level descriptors in the marking grids and a mark awarded for each Assessment Objective. The points in the mark scheme are **indicative content only** and offer some question specific guidance. Credit should be given for other points and different views, if they seem possible and are well argued or supported by good evidence.

You must avoid negative marking - don't deduct marks for individual errors. All marks should be allocated by reference to the assessment grid.

Any queries on unexpected answers please consult your Principal Examiner.

Using annotations

- Take great care to place a tick (see below) against any valid points that lead you to think at all favourably of the answer.
- **Do not leave any page unmarked** (as a last resort tick the very bottom of a page to indicate that you have read it otherwise Team Leaders/Principal Examiners cannot tell whether account has been taken of that page).
- Underline errors and place the appropriate symbol in the margin.
- Indicate that you have looked at every page of the answer booklet by placing the **BP** symbol at the top and bottom of any blank pages.

Ticks: these are the simplest, quickest and most efficient means for examiners to convey approval to Senior Examiners, and they should be inserted where they can be most effective. If the point you wish to highlight is in the middle of a paragraph, then put the tick in the middle of a line in the middle of a paragraph. Overuse of the tick tends to devalue its effectiveness.

Do use ticks to draw attention to anything worthy of credit [even single words].

Do not use ticks as a substitute for marking/assessment; marks for questions must be determined by reference to the assessment grid, **NOT** by mechanical addition of ticks.

Highlighting: use highlighting as directed by your Principal Examiner.

QUALITY OF WRITTEN COMMUNICATION

- Reasonable but not excessive account should be taken of particularly poor spelling (**S**), punctuation, and other defects in English grammar and expression (**E**).
- Legibility: use the sign (L) in the margin to areas of a script which you cannot read.
- Extreme cases of illegibility should be referred to your Principal Examiner.

Section A

Question		Indicative Content	Marks	Guidance
1a	To w	hom was the Ara Pacis dedicated?	1 (AO1)	
	Peac	e/personification of Peace/Pax/Roman Goddess Peace (1).		
1b	To h	did the Senate commission this altar? onour the return/home coming (1) of Augustus to Rome after three years nce (1) in/from Hispania/Spain/Gaul) (1).	2 (AO1)	Any two Must be one of Spain and Gaul Accept reference to 13BC with military victory (1)
2		er than the fact that some of Figure X is missing, why do you think it is difficult to identify Figure X as Augustus on the Ara Pacis?	1 (AO2)	All legitimate answers should be credited
	• C y • V a	vers may include: Depicted as youthful representation similar to other images/portrayed as oung until his death in 14AD/along the lines of Hellenistic ideals Vearing a laurel wreath but many others are too/not clear if he is wearing civic crown (1). Dressed in a toga/similar to others (1). Augustus' wish to be <i>primus inter pares</i> (1).		
3	tryin refer	ain what impression of the Roman Imperial family Augustus was g to give in Source A. Make four points and support each point with rence to Source A. Accept any four points and award up to two marks each. ss against point-by-point marking grid below.	4 (AO1) 4 (AO2)	AO1 marks are awarded for the selection of material from the source. AO2 marks for the interpretation, analysis and interpretation.
	2	Expresses a valid point, with accurate, relevant and suitably explained reference to the passage.		The indicative content is intended to be illustrative not prescriptive. All
	1	Expresses a valid point, but is not fully supported by an appropriate selection evidence from the passage.		legitimate answers and approaches must be credited appropriately.
	0	Point is not valid, or none are drawn.		

Question	Indicative Content	Marks	Guidance
	Example of analytical or evaluative comment (AO2): <i>With supporting AO1:</i>		Focus should be on the Imperial family.
	 Closeness of family/Children shown as integral part of the family (AO2). <i>Mother and child show closeness (AO1).</i> <i>Children depicted (AO1).</i> <i>Child holds mothers hand (AO1).</i> 		
	 Imperial children represent the future of Rome/the continuation of the Golden Age (AO2). <i>Children depicted (AO1).</i> 		
	 Harmonious family/The impression that this is an ordinary Roman family (AO2). Men and women look at each other (AO1). Men and women seen closely together (AO1). Child tugs at his father's cloak (AO1). The family look towards Augustus as paterfamilias (AO1). 		
	 Clothing suggests peace (AO2). Not wearing military clothing (AO1). 		
	 Just like other citizens (AO2). <i>Wearing togas (AO1).</i> 		
	Women show modesty/morality/piety/encouraging the Leges Iuliae (AO2). Women with head covered (AO1).		
4	Which military campaign is being plotted here? Parthian campaign/Parthians (1).	1 (AO1)	Date is not required.

Question	Indicative Content	Marks	Guidance
5a	Who is 'Caesar' (line 1)? Augustus (1).	1 (AO1)	Accept Octavian.
5b	 Why do you think he referred to as 'our god'? Answers may include: Propertius asserts Augustus divinity in his work (1). Emperor worship (especially in the East) (1). Heir/adopted son/son of deified Julius Caesar/Julius Caesar who was made a god (1). Granted <i>divi filius</i> (in 42BC decree of senate) (1). 	1 (AO2)	All legitimate answers should be credited
6	Why does Propertius also refer to Venus and Aeneas (lines 12 and 13)? Augustus claimed descent (through the Julian name) from Aeneas and/or Venus (1).	1 (AO1)	

Question		Indicative Content	Marks	Guidance
7	to Source B.		4 (AO1) 4 (AO2)	AO1 marks are awarded for the selection of material from the source. AO2 marks for the interpretation, analysis and interpretation.
	2	Expresses a valid point, with accurate, relevant and suitably explained reference to the passage.		The indicative content is intended to be illustrative not prescriptive. All legitimate answers and approaches
	1	Expresses a valid point, but is not fully supported by an appropriate selection evidence from the passage.		must be credited appropriately.
	0	Point is not valid, or none are drawn.		Credit literary based responses.
	• 1	 mple of analytical or evaluative comment (AO2): <i>supporting AO1:</i> The Parthians, one of Rome's most difficult opponents will become under Roman rule/domination of Italy (AO2). <i>Get to know Latin Jupiter; will flow to your tune; captive leaders sitting beneath their weapons (AO1).</i> The greatness of the Roman empire will be secured (AO2). <i>Let it be eternal (AO1).</i> 		
	c	The humiliating defeat of Crassus will be avenged/Parthian spoils will be displayed in the Temple of Jupiter Capitolinus (AO2). Avenge that disaster of Crassus; take care of history (AO1).		
		The Parthian lands are rich in exotic resources (AO2). Pearl-bearing; men the rewards are great; axles burdened with booty (AO1).		
	le	The people will have an opportunity to celebrate/it will glorify Caesar as eader/they will get to see Augustus (AO2).		

Question	Indicative Content	Marks	Guidance
*8	Evaluate whether Augustus was more successful in portraying himself as a man of peace or as a military leader? You may use Sources A and B as a starting point, and your own knowledge in your answer. <u>AO1</u> Candidates might show knowledge and understanding of: Source A: Ara Pacis. Source B: Propertius <i>Elegy</i> 3.4. other sources:	8 (AO1) 8 (AO2)	The 'indicative content' is a description of possible content only; all legitimate answers and approaches must be credited appropriately. Assess using the marking grids for the 16-mark extended response. Whilst candidates may use the provided source as a starting point,
	 <i>Res Gestae</i> 1 - 2 (and passim) refers to many military victories. Propertius 3.11 – How Augustus overcame Cleopatra. Horace <i>Epodes</i> 9; <i>Odes</i> 1.37;3.14;4.15. Prima Porta statue. Octavian denarius obv. <u>AO2</u> Candidates may demonstrate evaluation and analysis through the use of some of the following arguments:		they should not be penalised if they offer a full and detailed response which does not do so.
	 Man of Peace Source A There is no dramatic concentration on the emperor. <i>Primus inter pares.</i> No personality cult. 		
	 Source B Augustus did settle with the Parthians without resorting to war/used diplomacy/sent Tiberius to get them. 		
	 Other sources Horace 4.15 shows Augustus restoring peace. Augustus is shown in military uniform on the Prima Porta statue but is bare headed and has no weapons - a powerful message of peace? Coins issued promoting Peace - Aureus 28BC shows Augustus as 		

Question	Indicative Content	Marks	Guidance
	magistrate/consul.		
	Military Leader		
	Source A		
	Deliberately not shown on pedestal or armed.		
	Source B		
	• Glory in assumed victory. The assumed triumph will be celebrated with the cheers of the people.		
	Other sources		
	• Horace Toasts Augustus glory at Actium and the defeat of Cleopatra but Agrippa was key to his success. Augustus shows himself as a great military leader. The Ara Pacis commemorated his return from Spain as does Horace <i>Odes</i> 3.14.		
	• Poets encouraged to write on military themes: Epode 9; Ode 1.37.		
	Prima Porta Augustus depicts him as Imperator.		
	Coinage up to 29BC quite militaristic.		

Guidance on applying the marking grids for the 16-mark extended response

Two Assessment Objectives are being assessed in this question: AO1 and AO2. The two Assessment Objectives are equally weighted. Examiners must use a best fit approach to the marking grid. Where there are both strengths and weaknesses in a particular response, examiners should carefully consider which level is the best fit for the performance overall. Note that candidates can achieve different levels in each assessment objective, for example a Level 3 for AO1, and a Level 2 for AO2.

When using this grid:

- Determine the level: start at the highest level and work down until you reach the level that matches the answer
- Determine the mark within the level: consider whether the response consistently meets the criteria for the level, and/or could be described as closer to the level above or the one below

		AO1	AO2		
Level	Marks	Characteristics of Performance	Level	Marks	Characteristics of Performance
4	7–8	 Very detailed knowledge and a thorough understanding of the material studied. Use of a range of well selected, accurate and precise material from classical sources, and appropriate, effective use of their cultural context and possible interpretation. 	4	7–8	 A very good response to the question containing a wide range of relevant points leading to convincing conclusions. Points are very well supported by critical perceptive analysis, interpretation and evaluation of classical sources. The response is logically structured, with a well-developed and clear line of reasoning.
3	5–6	 Good knowledge and understanding of the material studied. Use of a range of well selected, mostly accurate, material from classical sources, and appropriate use of their cultural context and possible interpretation. 	3	5–6	 A good response to the question containing a range of relevant points leading to appropriate conclusions. Points are generally supported by analysis, interpretation and evaluation of classical sources. The response presents a line of reasoning which is mostly relevant and has some structure.
2	3–4	 Sound knowledge and understanding of the material studied. Use of a limited range of material from classical sources with some degree of accuracy, and limited use of their cultural context and possible interpretation. 	2	3–4	 A sound response to the question containing some relevant points leading to tenable conclusions. Some points are supported by analysis, interpretation and evaluation of classical sources. The response presents a line of reasoning but may lack structure.
1	1–2	 Limited knowledge and understanding of the material studied. Use of little accurate material from classical sources and little or no use of their cultural context and possible interpretation. 	1	1–2	 Limited engagement with the question, any points or conclusions made may be weak and/or limited in relevancy. Isolated use of classical sources with little analysis, interpretation and evaluation. The information is communicated in an unstructured way.
0	0	No response worthy of credit.	0	0	No response worthy of credit.

Section B

Question	Indicative Content	Marks	Guidance
*9	What effect did Augustus wish to create on Roman society by accepting the	10 (AO1)	The 'indicative content' is a
	title of <i>Pater Patriae</i> ? How successful do you think he was in achieving this		description of possible content
	effect? Justify your response.	15 (AO2)	only; all legitimate answers and
			approaches must be credited
	AO1		appropriately.
	Candidates might show knowledge and understanding of:		
	Significance of the title Pater Patriae (conferred in 2 BC)		Assess using the marking grids for
	Encouragement of morality:		the 25-mark extended response.
	 marriage, adultery, childbearing, religion, luxury 		
	Role model for proper male behaviour.		
	Personal qualities as listed in the specification.		
	Link with Julius Caesar.		
	May use the following sources		
	Horace Odes 3.6.		
	Horace Carmen Saeculare.		
	Propertius 3.12;4.6.		
	Head of Livia.		
	Forum of Augustus.		
	Suetonius Augustus.		
	AO2		
	Candidates may demonstrate evaluation and analysis through the use of some of		
	the following arguments:		
	• The portrayal of Livia as part of his morality may have inspired other women.		
	However, his daughter Julia did not inspire other women, neither did his		
	grand-daughter Julia, both being exiled for immorality.		
	• Suetonius tells us (34) of the problems over his marriage law.		
	 His approach to proper male behaviour is outlined by Suetonius 53. Some may feel this was propaganda but effective. 		
	• The religious side of emperor worship and renewed interest in the worship of		
	the gods but public religion was not inclusive. Though encouraging worship of		
	the Lares may have brought comfort. The people may have enjoyed the		
	refurbishment of the temples (e.g. Palatine Apollo). The amount of work listed		

 by Suetonius (29,31) would have been impressive. Pater Patriae - new morality seems ideal. Horace supports this morality. Propertius writes of Galla's faithfulness while Postum wife is portrayed as a respectable matron for other women to Ovid's fall from grace and exile when the <i>Ars Amatoria</i> was provide wrong time to contrast with the aims of <i>Pater Patriae</i>. It is possible that in fact his rebuilding and renewal of Games a huge effect on Roman society the most. The singing of the Games Saeculare by maidens and young men would have inspired a However, this may have had limited use for all society (temple generals and other legal buildings). Link with Julius Caesar strengthened the image of Augustus a minds of Roman Society. 	nus is away. His follow. ublished at the would have had Carmen Il society. e of Mars for as <i>divi filius</i> in the
 *10 Which do you think was more successful in getting Aug across to all social classes in Rome: visual/material cultu Justify your response. <u>AO1</u> Candidates might show knowledge and understanding of: Visual material: Coins Scale of Ara Pacis Prima Porta statue of Augustus Head of Livia Forum of Augustus. Literature: Res Gestae Horace: Carmen Saeculare Propertius Ovid. AO2 Candidates may demonstrate evaluation and analysis through the the following arguments: Coins have a wide distribution and can be seen by all member 	re or literature? description of possible content only; all legitimate answers and approaches must be credited appropriately. 15 (AO2) Assess using the marking grids for the 25-mark extended response. Accept answers to include the Roman Empire. e use of some of

 Prima Porta statue gives of subtle messages of peace. Ara Pacis shows species of flowers from all over known empire. Statues in the Forum of Augustus link him with Aeneas and Romulus, and show him triumphant amongst successful generals. 		
 However: Literature relies on public readings. Though mainly the upper classes would attend. Those in power where Augustus needed support would be those who read the works. They would appreciate the subtlety of Propertius' work. Carmen Saeculare: sung at the Ludi Saeculares would have been part of the celebrations and heard by thousands. 		

Guidance on applying the marking grids for the 25-mark extended response

Two Assessment Objectives are being assessed in this question: AO1 and AO2. The two Assessment Objectives are equally weighted. Examiners must use a best fit approach to the marking grid. Where there are both strengths and weaknesses in a particular, response examiners should carefully consider which level is the best fit for the performance overall. Note that candidates can achieve different levels in each assessment objective, for example a Level 3 for AO1, and a Level 2 for AO2.

When using this grid:

- Determine the level: start at the highest level and work down until you reach the level that matches the answer
- Determine the mark within the level: consider whether the response consistently meets the criteria for the level, and/or could be described as closer to the level above or the one below

AO1			AO2		
Level	Marks	Characteristics of Performance	Level	Marks	Characteristics of Performance
5	9–10	 Very detailed knowledge and a thorough understanding of the material studied. Use of a range of well selected, accurate and precise material from classical sources, and appropriate, effective use of their cultural context and possible interpretation. 	5	13–15	 A very good response to the question containing a wide range of relevant points leading to convincing conclusions. Points are very well supported by critical perceptive analysis, interpretation and evaluation of classical sources. The response is logically structured, with a well-developed, sustained and coherent line of reasoning.
4	7–8	 Detailed knowledge and a sound understanding of the material studied. Use of a range of well selected, mostly accurate, material from classical sources, and appropriate use of their cultural context and possible interpretation. 	4	10–12	 A good response to the question containing a range of relevant points leading to appropriate conclusions. Points are consistently supported by critical analysis, interpretation and evaluation of classical sources. The response is logically structured, with a well-developed and clear line of reasoning.
3	5–6	 Reasonable knowledge and understanding of the material studied. Use of a range of mostly accurate material from classical sources, and some use of their cultural context and possible interpretation. 	3	7–9	 A reasonable response to the question containing some relevant points leading to tenable conclusions. Points are generally supported by analysis, interpretation and evaluation of classical sources. The response presents a line of reasoning which is mostly relevant and has some structure.

2	3–4	 Basic knowledge and understanding of the material studied. Use of a limited range of material from classical sources with some degree of accuracy, and limited use of their cultural context and possible interpretation. 	2	4–6	 A basic response to the question containing some points, which may be narrow in scope and limited in relevancy, leading to weak conclusions. Points are occasionally supported by analysis, interpretation and evaluation of classical sources. The response presents a line of reasoning but may lack structure.
1	1–2	 Limited knowledge and understanding of the material studied. Use of little accurate material from classical sources and little or no use of their cultural context and possible interpretation. 	1	1–3	 Little engagement with the question and any points or conclusions made are of little or no relevance. Isolated use of classical sources with little analysis, interpretation and evaluation. The information is communicated in an unstructured way.
	0	No response worthy of credit.		0	No response worthy of credit.

OCR (Oxford Cambridge and RSA Examinations) The Triangle Building Shaftesbury Road Cambridge CB2 8EA

OCR Customer Contact Centre

Education and Learning

Telephone: 01223 553998 Facsimile: 01223 552627 Email: <u>general.qualifications@ocr.org.uk</u>

www.ocr.org.uk

For staff training purposes and as part of our quality assurance programme your call may be recorded or monitored

Oxford Cambridge and RSA Examinations is a Company Limited by Guarantee Registered in England Registered Office; The Triangle Building, Shaftesbury Road, Cambridge, CB2 8EA Registered Company Number: 3484466 OCR is an exempt Charity

OCR (Oxford Cambridge and RSA Examinations) Head office Telephone: 01223 552552 Facsimile: 01223 552553



© OCR 2018