

Wednesday 07 October 2020 – Afternoon

AS Level Classical Greek

H044/01 Language

Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes



You must have:

• the OCR 12-page Answer Booklet

Do not use:

· a dictionary

INSTRUCTIONS

- · Use black ink.
- Write your answer to each question in the Answer Booklet. The question numbers must be clearly shown.
- Fill in the boxes on the front of the Answer Booklet.
- Answer Section A and one question in Section B.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is **80**.
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets [].
- This document has 8 pages.

ADVICE

• Read each question carefully before you start your answer.

Section A

1 Translate the following passage into English.

Please write your translation on alternate lines.

Having invited Clearchus and his Greek generals to a feast, the Persian governor Tissaphernes has had them arrested and decapitated. After this betrayal, the newly elected Greek generals try to boost the morale of the men.

ένθαῦθα Κλεάνωο ὁ Ὀρχομένιος ἀνέστη καὶ ἔλεξεν ὧδε. "ἀλλ' ὁρᾶτε μέν, ὦ ἄνδρες, τὴν βασιλέως ἐπιορκίαν, ὁρᾶτε δὲ τὴν Τισσαφέρνους <u>ἀπιστίαν</u>, ὅστις καίπε<u>ο</u> λέγων ὡς <u>γείτων</u> τέ ἐστι τῆς Ἑλλάδος καί <u>πεοι</u>̀ <u>πλείστου ποιήσεται</u> σῶσαι ἡμᾶς, καὶ ἐπὶ τούτοις αὐτὸς ὀμόσας ἡμῖν, αὐτὸς ἐξαπατήσας συνέλαβε τοὺς στρατηγούς. ὁ γὰρ Τισσαφέρνης 5 Δία <u>ξένιον</u> οὐκ ἠδέσθη, ἀλλὰ Κλεά<u>οχ</u>ω <u>ὑμοτράπεζος</u> γενόμενος καὶ ούτως έξαπατήσας τοὺς ἄνδρας ἀπολώλεκεν. Ἀριαῖος δέ, ὃν ἡμεῖς ήθέλομεν βασιλέα καθιστάναι, και σύν ῷ ἐδώκαμεν και ἐλάβομεν <u>πιστὰ</u> μὴ προδώσειν ἀλλήλους, καὶ οὗτος οὔτε τοὺς θεοὺς <u>δείσας</u> οὔτε Κῦρον τεθνηκότα αἰδεσθείς, καίπερ τιμώμενος μάλιστα ὑπὸ Κύρου 10 ζῶντος, νῦν πρὸς τοὺς ἐκείνου ἐχθίστους <u>ἀποστάς</u>, ἡμᾶς τοὺς Κύρου φίλους κακῶς ποιεῖν πειρᾶται. ἀλλὰ τούτους μὲν δεῖ θεοῖς δίκην δοῦναι· ἡμᾶς δὲ δεῖ ταῦτα ὁρῶντας μήποτε ἐξαπατηθῆναι ἔτι ὑπὸ τούτων, αλλά, μαχομένους ώς αν δυνώμεθα κοάτιστα, πάσχειν ὅ τι ἂν δοκῆ τοῖς θεοῖς." 15

Xenophon, Anabasis 3.2.4-6 (adapted)

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[55]

3

Names

ό Κλεάνως, -ος ό Όοχομένιος, -ου ό Τισσαφέονης, -ους ό Κλέαοχος, -ου ό Ἀριαῖος, -ου

ό Κῦϱος, -ου

Words

ή ἐπιοφκία, -ας ή ἀπιστία, -ας ό γείτων, -ονος πεφὶ πλείστου ποιοῦμαι συλλαμβάνω ξένιος, -α, -ον (i.e. Ζεῦς) ὁμοτφάπεζος, -η, -ον πιστὰ δίδωμι καὶ λαμβάνω δείδω ἀφίστημι κακῶς ποιέω κφατεφός, -ά, -όν Cleanor the Orchomenian Tissaphernes Clearchus Ariaeus (Persian general, second in command to Cyrus at the battle of Cunaxa where Cyrus was slain) Cyrus (Persian prince who hired Greek mercenaries under Clearchus in an attempt to oust his brother from the Persian throne)

false swearing, perjury treachery neighbour I make it a top priority I arrest (Zeus) the protector of hospitality eating at the same table with I give and receive pledges I fear (here) I move over/away, I defect I treat badly strong, valiant

Section B

Answer either Question 2 or Question 3.

2 Read the following passage and answer the questions.

A disabled man, accused of being ineligible for a pension, defends himself before the Council (Boule). He argues that his prosecutor cannot be serious in portraying him as aggressive.

My prosecutor says that I am insolent and savage, as though he needed to use terrifying terms to speak the truth and could not do it in gentle language.

ἐγὼ δ'ὑμᾶς, ὦ βουλή, νομίζω δεῖν βουλεύεσθαι οἶς τ' ἔξεστι τῶν ἀνθρώπων ὑβρισταῖς εἶναι καὶ οἶς οὐκ. οἱ μὲν γὰρ πλούσιοι τοῖς χρήμασιν ἐξωνοῦνται τοὺς κινδύνους, οἱ δὲ πένητες ὑπὸ τῆς ἀπορίας σωφρονεῖν ἀναγκάζονται· καὶ οἱ μὲν νέοι συγγνώμης ἀξιοῦνται τυγχάνειν παρὰ τῶν πρεσβυτέρων, τοῖς δὲ πρεσβυτέροις 5 ἁμαρτάνουσιν ὁμοίως ἐπιτιμῶσιν ἀμφότεροι· καὶ τοῖς μὲν ἰσχυροῖς ἔξεστιν ὑβρίζειν οῦς ἂν βουληθῶσιν, μηδὲν αὐτοῖς πάσχουσι, τοῖς δὲ ἀσθενέσιν οὐκ ἔξεστιν οὐτε ὑβρίζομένοις ἀμύνεσθαι τοὺς ὑπάρξαντας οὐτε ὑβρίζειν βουλομένοις νικᾶν τοὺς ἀδικουμένους. ὥστε μοι δοκεῖ ὁ κατήγορος εἰπεῖν περὶ τῆς ἐμῆς ὕβρεως οὐ σπουδάζων, ἀλλὰ παίζων, 10 οὐδ' ὑμᾶς πεῖσαι βουλόμενος ὡς εἰμὶ τοιοῦτος, ἀλλ' ἐμὲ κωμωδεῖν

Based on Lysias 24, On the Refusal of a Pension, 15-18

Words

ό ύβοιστής, -οῦ ἐξωνέομαι ὁ πένης, -τος ἡ ἀποοία, -ας σωφοονέω συγγνώμης τυγχάνω παρά + genitive ἐπιτιμάω + dative ὑπάρχω σπουδάζω παίζω κωμφδέω insolent person I buy my way out poor man here: lack of means, poverty I am moderate, show self-control I am excused, forgiven by I reproach, find fault with I initiate (hostilities) I am serious or earnest I play with, jest I set in a comic light, ridicule

(a)	ἐγὼ δ'ὑμᾶςκαὶ οἶς οὐκ (lines 1–2): what distinction does the speaker think the councillors ought to make? [2]
(b)	οί μὲν γὰο πλούσιοιοἱ δὲ <u>πένητες</u> ὑπὸ τῆς <u>ἀποοίας σωφοονεῖν</u> ἀναγκάζονται (lines 2–4): what are the different ways in which rich and poor people avoid trouble? [4]
(c)	καὶ οἱ μὲν νέοι <u>συγγνώμης</u> τῶν ποεσβυτέοων (lines 4–5): how do young people expect to be treated when they make a mistake? [2]
(d)	τοῖς δὲ πϱεσβυτέϱοις…ἀμφότεϱοι (lines 5–6): how is the treatment of older people different? [3]
(e)	καὶ τοῖς μὲν ἰσχυϱοῖς ἔξεστιναὐτοῖς πάσχουσι (lines 6–7): what advantages are enjoyed by strong people? [3]
(f)	τοῖς δὲ ἀσθενέσιν οὐκ ἔξεστιννικᾶν τοὺς ἀδικουμένους (lines 7–9): why are the weak at a disadvantage:
	(i) when they are being insulted? [3]
	(ii) if they wish to harm others? [2]
(g)	ὥστε μοι δοκεῖ…ἀλλὰ <u>παίζων</u> (lines 9–10): how is the prosecutor talking about the speaker's arrogance? [2]
(h)	οὐδ᾽ ὑμᾶς πεῖσαι βουλόμενος ὡς εἰμὶ τοιοῦτος, ἀλλ᾽ ἐμὲ <u>κωμωδεῖν</u> βουλόμενος, ὥσπεǫ τι καλὸν ποιῶν (lines 11–12):
	(i) What is the prosecutor not wishing to do? [2]

(ii) What is he actually trying to achieve? [2]

Do **not** answer this question if you have already answered Question 2.

3 Translate the following five sentences into Classical Greek.

Please write on alternate lines.

(a)	If they were excellent men, they would not be suffering these misfortunes.	[5]
(b)	They fought so bravely that they were honoured by their allies.	[5]
(c)	The king found out that the soldiers had marched home.	[5]
(d)	The girl's mother asked her whether she wanted to stay or go.	[5]
(e)	The people decided to choose wise magistrates to write the laws.	[5]

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