OCR
Oxford Cambridge and RSA

GCE

Electronics

Unit **F614:** Electronic Control Systems

Advanced GCE

Mark Scheme for June 2015

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

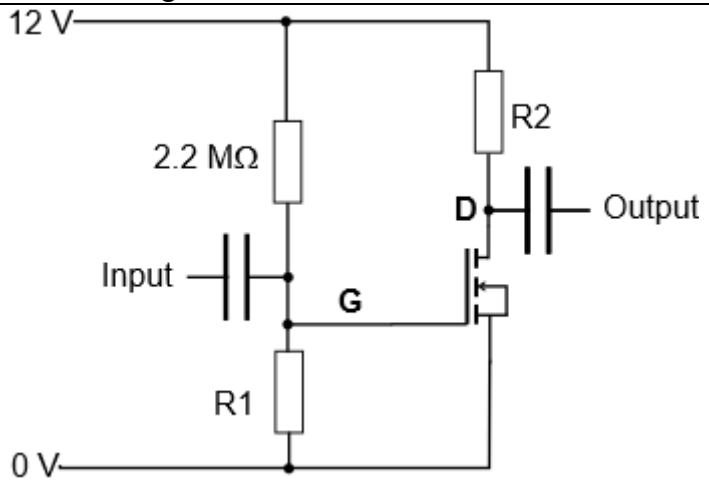
All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

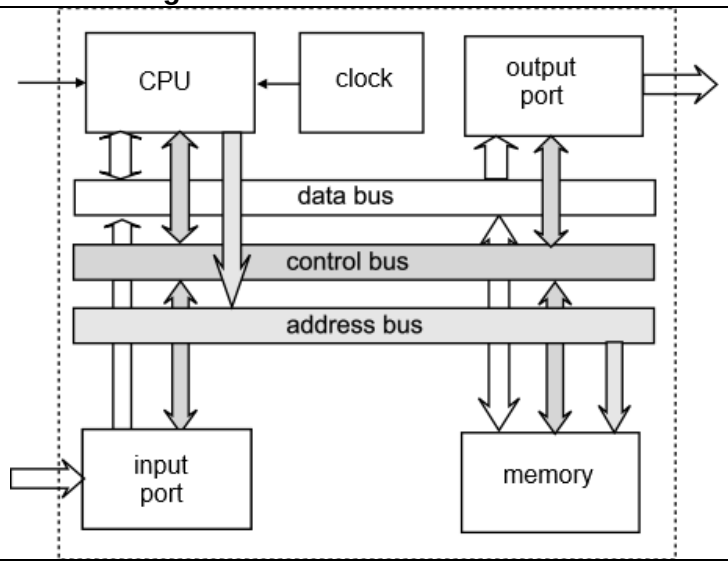
Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

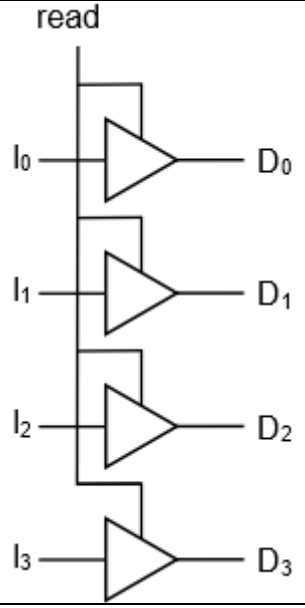
OCR will not enter into any discussion or correspondence in connection with this mark scheme.

Annotations

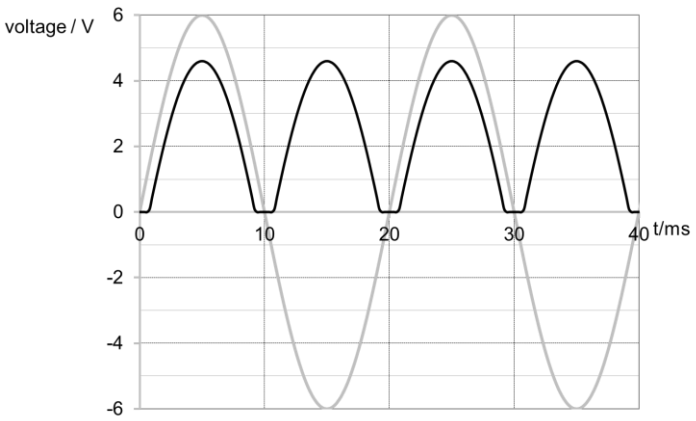
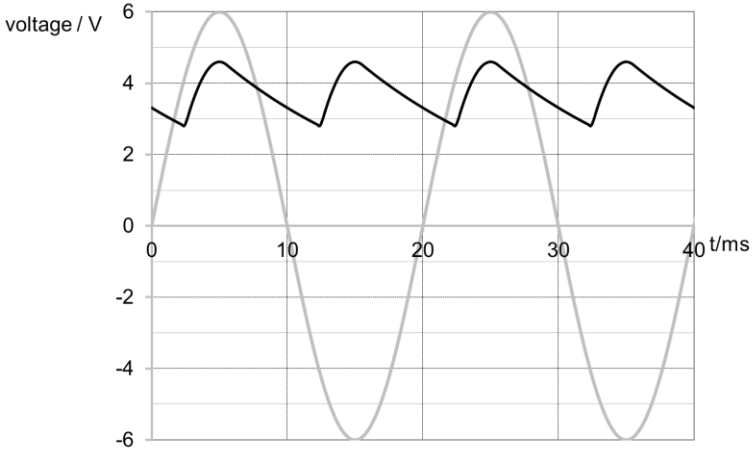
Annotation	Meaning of annotation
BP	Blank Page – this annotation **must** be used on all blank pages within an answer booklet (structured or unstructured) and on each page of an additional object where there is no candidate response.

Question	Expected answer	Mark	Additional guidance
1a	Input to G output from D Connections through capactitors	1 1 1	
1b	Voltage across 2.2 MΩ = 12 – 2.7 = 9.3 V Current through 2.2 MΩ = 9.3 / 2.2 x 10^{6} = 4.22 x 10^{-6} R1 = 2.7 / 4.22 x 10^{-6} = 639 kΩ	1 1 1	 Any answer which rounds to 640 kΩ
1c	80 mS = 0.08 S	1	77 mS – 83 mS
1di	So that the voltage at D can wobble up and down (wtte) By a large amplitude (wtte)	1 1	Reference to ac Or negative comment about avoiding saturation
1dii	pd across resistor = 12 – 7 = 5 V R2 = (12 - 7) / 0.04 = 125 Ω (ecf voltage)	1 1	
1e	G = -g_m x R_{DS} = - 0.08 x 125 = -10 Values from 1c and 1dii multiplied (ecf) Minus sign	 1 1	

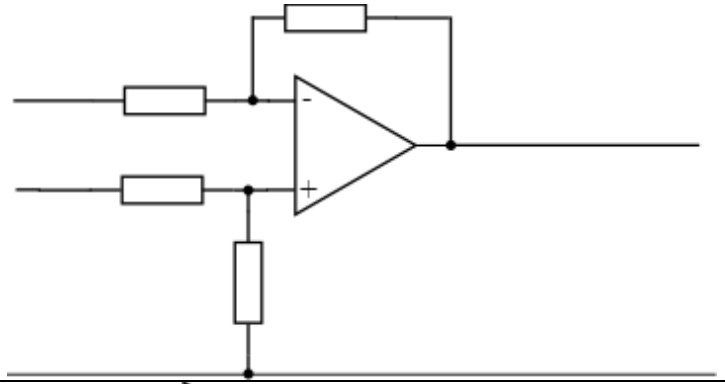
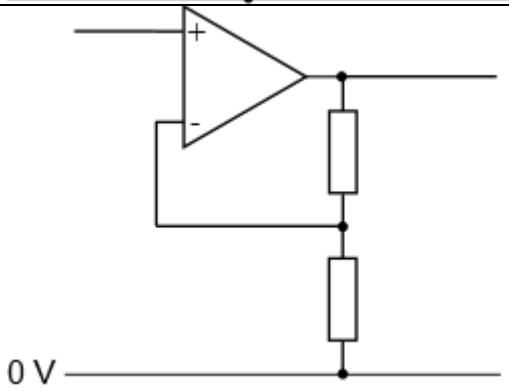
Question	Expected answer	Mark	Additional guidance
2a	1 mark for each correct label	5	
2b	collection of wires carrying data <u>to and from/bi-directional</u> between CPU (clearly CPU in all circumstances) and memory/input/ouput port	1 1 1 1	

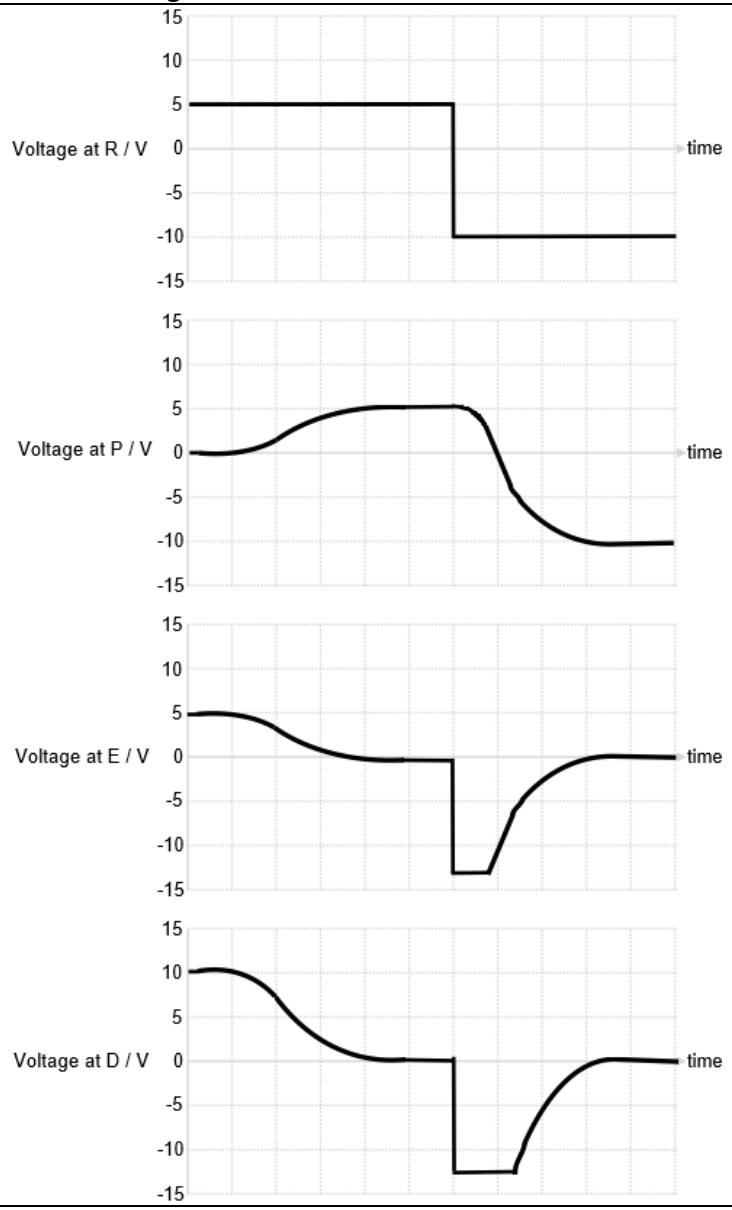
Question	Expected answer	Mark	Additional guidance
2c	4 tri-states Common enable connected to read Outputs connected to D_{0-3} Inputs connected to I_{0-3}	1 1 1 1	
2d	Maximum 2 from: Storing programme Storing look up table Storing data from input port Storing data from calculations	2	
2ei	In CPU	1	
2eii	Register Containing the address Of the next instruction	1 1 1	Allow memory in CPU (wtte)

Question	Expected answer	Mark	Additional guidance
3a	2^n Evidence of using 7 address lines	1 1	2^7 = 128 [2]
3b	128 (ecf) x 6 = 768	1	
3c	$2^5 - 1 = 31$	1	
3d	Disables chip (wtte) One from: • Preventing read or write function (wtte) • High impedance state on data lines (wtte) • So that other memory modules can access the data bus	1 1	
3e	Values all 0 V or 5 V A_5 = 5 V, A_4 = 5 V, A_3 = 5 V, A_2 = 0 V, A_1 = 5 V, A_0 = 0 V $\overline{CE} = 0V$ $\overline{Read} = 0V$ $\overline{Write} = 5V$	1 1 1 1 1	 ecf 1 instead of 5 ecf 1 instead of 5

Question	Expected answer	Mark	Additional guidance
4a	Output all postive Full wave rectification Max voltage 4.6 V (by eye) 0 V flat around zero crossing	1 1 1 1	
4b	Capacitor in parallel with resistor	1	
4c	Max voltage 4.6 V (ecf) Output wobbles all > 0 V Correct (asymmetric ripple) shape voltage drop to approx. half max voltage [allow min between 2 V and 3 V] Period = 10 ms 14 ms	1 1 1 1 1 1	

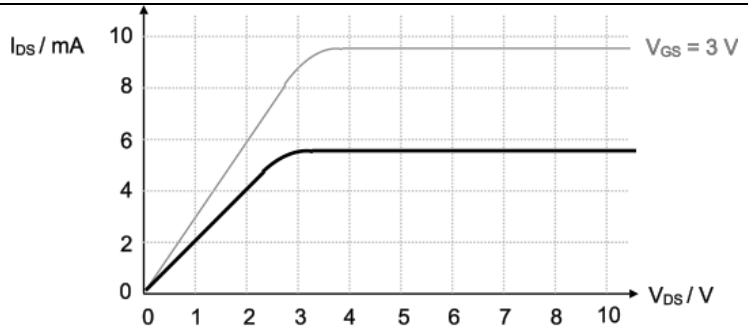
Question	Expected answer	Mark	Additional guidance
4d	Max 2 from: Smoother output Fixed voltage More efficient Lighter/smaller	2	
4e	Oscillator produces high freq ac for transformer Transformer changes large ac voltage to small ac voltage Rectifier turns ac to dc Smoother keeps voltage above zero all the time Comparator compares ouput with constant voltage from reference Opto-isolator turns on oscillator when output too low	1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Allow current change

Question	Expected answer	Mark	Additional guidance
5a	The camera would keep moving and never settle (hunting) So the picture would not be stable	1 1	
5b	Correct circuit Circuit with negative feedback All resistors 1 kΩ or more Both input resistors the same and both other the resistors the same	2 1 1 1	
5c	Working amplifier circuit For non-inverting amplifier With gain of +2 Power supply labelled (0 V)	1 1 1 1	

Question	Expected answer	Mark	Additional guidance
5d	P eventually settles at 5 V and then -10 V Evidence of slowing as P approaches R E starts at 5 V E = R – P (by eye) D = 2 x E E and D saturate at -13 V at transition of R	1 1 1 1 1 1	

Question	Expected answer	Mark	Additional guidance
6a	MOVI sn, 84 (n=0 – 7) OUT Q, sn RET	2 1 1	[1] for MOVI sn, [1] for 84
6b	chkbutton: MOVI sm, 10 (m, q = 0-7, m≠q) IN sq, I AND sq, sm JZ chkbutton RET	1 1 1 1 1	Fine to reverse order of first two lines AND sm, sq JZ label at IN sq, I
6c	After 20 s Turn the rl LED glow and the buzzer sound Wait 0.25 s Turn on the gm LED and turn off the rl LED and buzzer Wait 0.25 s Repeat the sequence of rl & buzzer then gm 8 times	1 1 1 1 1 1	

6d	RCALL wait1ms used in a loop
	Attempt to use nested loops used with different counters
	Product of starting values is 20000
	One loop correct
	Correctly operating loops with RET at end of delay time
		1
		1
		1
		1
		1
			example
			`wait20s: MOVI S5, 64`
			`bigloop: MOVI S6, C8`
			`loop: RCALL wait1ms`
			`DEC S6`
			`JNZ loop`
			`DEC S5`
			`JNZ bigloop`
			`RET`

Question	Expected answer	Mark	Additional guidance
7a	(5x33000)/(22000+33000)=3 V	1	Or by ratios
7b	$2/6x10^{-3}$ = 333 Ω	1	Or other values from graph giving R_{DS} = 300 Ω - 350 Ω
7c	V across MOSFET = 5 – 3.4 = 1.6 I = 1.6 / 333 = 4.8 mA (ecf)	1 1	
7d	Similar shaped curve with shallower gradient below existing curve (transistion not beyond existing curve transistion) Max 2 from: I_{DS} reduced R_{DS} increased Less current through LED (so dimmer)	1 2	
	Total	107	
	QWC	3	Overleaf
	=	110	

Quality of Written Communication

3 The candidate expresses complex ideas extremely clearly and fluently. Sentences and paragraphs follow on from one another smoothly and logically. Arguments are consistently relevant and well structured. There will be few, if any, errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling.

2 The candidate expresses straightforward ideas clearly, if not always fluently. Sentences and paragraphs may not always be well connected. Arguments may sometimes stray from the point or be weakly presented. There may be some errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling, but not such as to suggest a weakness in these areas.

1 The candidate expresses simple ideas clearly, but may be imprecise and awkward in dealing with complex or subtle concepts. Arguments may be of doubtful relevance or obscurely presented. Errors in grammar, punctuation and spelling may be noticeable and intrusive, suggesting weaknesses in these areas.

0 The language has no rewardable features.

OCR (Oxford Cambridge and RSA Examinations)
1 Hills Road
Cambridge
CB1 2EU

OCR Customer Contact Centre

Education and Learning
Telephone: 01223 553998
Facsimile: 01223 552627
Email: general.qualifications@ocr.org.uk

www.ocr.org.uk

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Head office
Telephone: 01223 552552
Facsimile: 01223 552553