

Wednesday 14 January 2015 – Afternoon

LEVEL 1/2 CAMBRIDGE NATIONAL AWARD/CERTIFICATE IN ENGINEERING MANUFACTURE

R109: Engineering materials, processes and production

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

OCR supplied materials:

None

Other materials required:

None

Duration: 1 hour



Candidate forename							Candidate surname			
Centre number	er						Candidate nu	ımber		

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Use black ink. HB pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.
- Complete the boxes above with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer all the questions.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do not write in the bar codes.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- The total number of marks for this paper is 60.
- The number of marks for each question is given in brackets [] at the end of the question or part question.
- Dimensions are in millimetres unless stated otherwise.
- This document consists of 12 pages. Any blank pages are indicated.
- Your quality of written communication will be assessed in questions marked with an asterisk (*).



2

Answer all questions.

Ма	ny di	fferent materials are used in the manufacture of engineered products.								
(a)	(i)	Name two commonly used ferrous metals.								
		1								
		2								
		[2]								
	(ii)	Explain, giving one example, what is meant by the term 'non-ferrous alloy'.								
		[3]								
(b)	Nar	me three thermoplastic materials.								
	1 .									
	2 .									
	•	[3]								
(c)		e two reasons why saucepan handles are usually made from a thermosetting plastic terial.								
	Rea	ason 1								
	Rea	ason 2								
		[2]								

1

2

(a)	Give two properties of copper that make it suitable for making electric cables.	
	1	
	2	
		[2]
(b)	Explain why availability is an important characteristic of a material used in the large manufacture of engineered products.	scale
(c)	Give one example of a use of the following materials.	[-]
	Cast iron	
	Acrylonitrile-Butadiene-Styrene (ABS)	
	High speed steel	[3]
(d)	Describe, using one example, the use of a non-destructive testing (NDT) procedure.	
		ro1

3 Fig. 1 shows an adjustable end-stop assembly for a mechanical saw. The two parts of the assembly are made from mild steel.

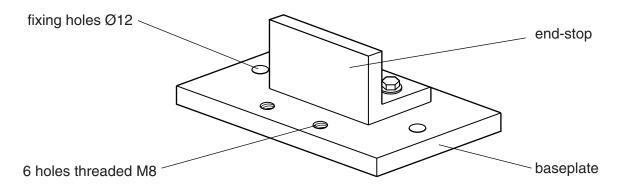


Fig. 1

(a)	Give two reasons	why mil	d steel	is a	a suitable	material	for the	end-stop	assembly	shown	in
	Fig. 1.										

Reason 1	
Reason 2	
	[2]

(b) (i) Complete the table below to give the stages needed to produce one of the M8 threaded holes in the baseplate. Give **one** tool or item of equipment needed at each stage. Three stages have been done for you as examples.

	Stage	Tool or item of equipment
1	Measure and mark position of hole	Scriber
2		
3	Drill hole ready for threading	Drilling machine
4		
5	Remove burrs and sharp edges	File

[4]

(ii) Place a tick (✓) to show what size hole should be drilled before producing the thread.

8.0 mm	7.6 mm	6.8 mm	6.0 mm

[1]

[3]

Question 4 begins on page 6

4 Fig. 2 shows a centre lathe.

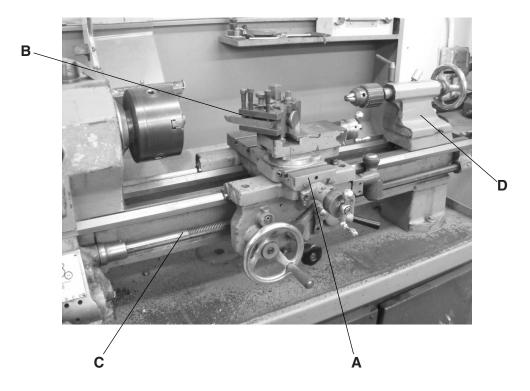


Fig. 2

(a)	(i)	Name the four parts of the centre lathe that have been labelled in Fig. 2
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 [4]

(ii) Name the specific process carried out by the tool below.

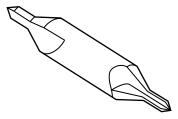


Fig. 3

_____[1]

	(iii)	Give three safety precautions, other than using Personal Protective Equipment (PF that should be taken when operating a centre lathe.	°E),
		1	
		2	
		3	[3]
(b)	Civ.	e two factors that should be considered when setting the spindle (chuck) speed of a ce	
(D)	lath		ııııe
	1		
	2		
			[2]

Question 5 begins on page 8

	8	
5	CNC machines are widely used in engineering production.	
	(a) State what the letters CNC stand for.	
	C C	[1]
	(b) Fig. 4 shows an instrument panel produced on a laser cutting machine.	
	Fig. 4	

Describe **three** advantages of using a laser cutting machine rather than a CNC milling machine to produce batches of the instrument panel.

3	

[6]

(c)	Describe one rapid prototyping process.
	161

Question 6 begins on page 10

(a)	Describe two uses of digital communications in material supply and control.	
	1	
	2	
		••••
		 [4]
(b)*	Discuss the impact of automation on the quality of engineered products.	
` ,		
		••••
		••••

END OF QUESTION PAPER

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