

# Cambridge National Sport Science

Unit R041: Reducing the risk of sports injuries

Level 1/Level 2

Mark Scheme for June 2017

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## R041 Mark Scheme June 2017

| Annotation | Meaning of annotation   |  |  |  |  |
|------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| ВР         | Blank Page – this annotation <b>must</b> be used on all <b>blank</b> pages within an answer booklet (structured or unstructured) and on each page of an additional object where there is no candidate response. |  |  |  |  |
| <b>✓</b>   | Tick – correct answer   |  |  |  |  |
| ×          | Cross – incorrect answer  |  |  |  |  |
| DEV        | Development of point (for use with levels question)   |  |  |  |  |
| LI         | Level 1 (for use with levels question)  |  |  |  |  |
| L2         | Level 2 (for use with levels question)  |  |  |  |  |
| L3         | Level 3 (for use with levels question)  |  |  |  |  |
| BOD        | Benefit of doubt - but still tick   |  |  |  |  |
| K          | Knowledge mark (for use with levels question)   |  |  |  |  |
| VG         | Too vague   |  |  |  |  |
| REP        | Repeat  |  |  |  |  |
| SEEN       | Noted but no credit given / zero mark response  |  |  |  |  |
| EG         | A practical example given that is worth credit  |  |  |  |  |
| S          | Sub max reached   |  |  |  |  |

| Question | Answer  | Marks | Guidance   |
|----------|---|-------|--|
| 1.       | <ol> <li>(Body) temperature / get hotter</li> <li>Heart rate / pulse / heart pumping</li> <li>Flexibility (of muscles / joints) / mobility/muscle length or range of movement (at the joint)</li> <li>Pliability of ligaments / tendons / muscles</li> <li>Blood flow / blood pressure</li> <li>Oxygen to muscles</li> <li>Speed of muscle contraction</li> <li>Breathing (rate/quicker/heavier)</li> <li>Sweating</li> </ol> | [A]   | Mark first four only Only one mark to be allocated for each answer line  Gets body to right temperature = Vg pt1  Movement = vg pt3  Sends signals = vg  (More) blood pumping / blood = vg pt5  Oxygen in blood = vg pt6  Oxygen intake = Vg pt6   |
|          |   | [4]   |  |
| 2.       | <ol> <li>(Mobility) – exercises that take the joints through their full range of movement (ROM) or moving joints around their full motion</li> <li>(Example) – arm swings / hip circles or rotations or open and close the gate</li> <li>(Dynamic movement) – changing speed and direction</li> <li>(Example) – shuttle runs / running in and out of cones/ zig zag running</li> </ol>  |       | One mark for each explanation One mark for each appropriate example – accept other valid examples Accept example if valid even if explanation is incorrect  Moving motion around the joint = vg pt1 Range of motion in joints = vg pt1 Mobility increases range of movement = vg pt1 High knees / heel flicks = vg (must be related to full range of movement) pt2  Short sprints = vg (no change of direction) pt4 Side steps = vg pt4 Series of quick movements = vg pt4 |
|          |   | [4]   |  |

| Question | Answer   | Marks | Guidance  |
|----------|--|-------|---|
| 3.       | Two marks for two from:  |       | Accept examples if valid: eg check if goal posts are safe |
|          |  |       | = pt 1  |
|          | Equipment / facilities   |       | ·   |
|          | 2. Jewellery   |       | Check if participant has inhaler = BOD pt 4               |
|          | 3. Weather or temperature  |       |   |
|          | 4. Participants' age / health / medical conditions / previous          |       | Move clothing/footwear = vg pt6                           |
|          | injuries   |       | Safety hazards = vg pt6                                   |
|          | 5. Participants' clothing / footwear or protective equipment           |       | Check floor for obstacles/clothing = pt 5                 |
|          | 6. Environment / (playing) surface / floor or surrounding              |       |   |
|          | area or litter   | [2]   | Nothing to slip on / nothing to fall over = vg pt6        |
|          |  |       | Wet or dry (surface) = BOD pt 6                           |
| 4.       | Five marks for five from:  |       | One mark per correct description.                         |
|          |  |       | For points 2 – 3 look for location (upper/lower) and      |
|          | 1. (Scoliosis) – A visibly curved spine / 'S' or 'C' shape /           |       | direction of curve (forward/back) to give a mark          |
|          | one shoulder higher than the other                                     |       |   |
|          | 2. <b>(Lordosis)</b> – Forward/inward curving of the lower             |       | Hunchback = vg for any points                             |
|          | back/spine (so that stomach sticks out)                                |       |   |
|          | 3. <b>(Kyphosis)</b> – Forward / inward curvature/ hunched /           |       | Curving to the side = vg pt1                              |
|          | rounded at the top/upper back/spine                                    |       | Curved spine = vg pt1                                     |
|          | 4. <b>(Pelvic tilt)</b> – One side of the pelvis / hips is higher than |       |   |
|          | the other side / hips not level or pelvis angled forward               |       | Lumbar section of the spine curves in = pt2 (Has the idea |
|          | and back (compared to normal) or one side of the pelvis                |       | of location <b>and</b> direction)                         |
|          | higher than the other or pelvis is at different angle (than            |       |   |
|          | normal)  |       | Problem with lower/upper spine = vg pt 2/3                |
|          | 5. (Round shoulder) – Forward curve of the neck /                      |       | Curving at the lower of spine = vg pt2 (no direction of   |
|          | hunching the shoulders forward   |       | curve)  |
|          |  |       | Butt stuck out or back curved in = vg pt2                 |
|          |  |       | Pelvis goes inwards = vg pt4                              |
|          |  |       | Anything relating to tilting = vg pt4                     |
|          |  |       |   |
|          |  |       | Anything relating to rounded = vg pt5                     |
|          |  |       | Shoulders pop out of back = vg pt5                        |
|          |  |       | Shoulders high towards cheeks = BOD pt 5                  |
|          |  | [5]   | Circular shoulders = vg pt5                               |
|          |  |       | Bending forward = vg pt5                                  |

| Question | Answer  | Marks | Guidance  |
|----------|---|-------|---|
| 5.       | <ol> <li>Contact sport</li> <li>because of (bad/dangerous) tackles / collisions</li> <li>Dangerous sports</li> <li>because of risk of fractures /falls</li> <li>Striking sports</li> <li>because of being hit by ball / sticks / equipment</li> <li>High impact/jumping sports</li> <li>because of damage/stress on joints</li> </ol>   | [2]   | One mark for type of activity One mark for explanation/examples of causes of injury Give a mark for explanation of cause even if type of activity is incorrect  Physical activity causes broken bones = vg Do not accept weather / environment                                      |
| 6.       | Three marks for three from:  1. Rugby – (boots with) studs 2. Football – (boots with) studs 3. Running – spikes / trainers that support the ankle 4. Cricket – spikes/studs / blades 5. Hockey – spikes/studs / blades 6. Ice hockey – blades/skates 7. Ice skating – blades/skates 8. Skiing – (ski) (boots with) straps/support 9. Basketball – ankle support footwear 10. Boxing – ankle support footwear 11. Climbing – climbing shoes with grips 12. Trampolining – socks with grips (on the bottom) | [3]   | Accept other sports and their examples One mark per sport with correct example  Shoes/boots (on their own) for any activity = vague  Football/rugby boots = vg Bowling / ballet shoes = vg (must be related to helping prevent injury)  Trainers = vg  Rugby – toe protectors = BOD |

| Question | Answer  | Marks | Guidance   |
|----------|---|-------|--|
| 7.       | Two marks for two from:   |       | One mark per valid comment   |
|          | <ol> <li>Low self-esteem / lack of confidence / shy or has low confidence or is anxious/nervous / upset / depressed / sad</li> <li>can cause someone to look down / hunch forward or leading to round shoulder / poor posture (in the upper body) or slouching</li> </ol> | [2]   | It lowers your confidence = x (not crediting result of poor posture <b>but how emotions can affect posture</b> )  Sad & not focus on posture = pt1 and BOD pt2  Hunchback = vg pt2 |
| 8.       | Two marks for two from:   |       | One mark for each correct description  |
|          | (Fracture) – bad or land or fall (awkward) / tackled / trauma / impact (by an opponent) / collision   |       | One mark for each correct treatment  |
|          | 2. (Treatment) – Splint / sling / 999 or medical assistance / put in plaster / cast / pot   |       | Caused by sudden force on bone – BOD pt 1 Collision (on its own) = vg pt 1   |
|          | <ol> <li>(Concussion) – (hard) impact to head (by a piece of<br/>sports equipment or another player or with the ground)<br/>or banged head</li> </ol>   |       | Rest / RICE / Taping – vg pt2  |
|          | <ol> <li>(Treatment) – apply cold compress / ice / rest or<br/>medical assistance or 999</li> </ol>   |       | Just plaster = vg pt2  Head injury = vg pt 3   |
|          | 5. <b>(Abrasion)</b> – falling or tripping over onto (hard/rough) ground / hit by a piece of equipment / broken equipment   |       | Sudden (violent) movement of head = BOD Pt3  |
|          | / rubbing (against equipment) or sliding on ground/AstroTurf or being kicked / hit / punched /  |       | Wet tissue – vg pt4  |
|          | scraped / tackling / friction 6. (Treatment) - bandage / plaster / compression / elevate  |       | Cut = vg pt 5  |
|          | / rest or clean / sterilise (area)  |       | hitting hard ground = BOD pt5 Trip/fall (on own) = vg pt5  |
|          | 7. <b>(Contusion)</b> – colliding with a player or piece of equipment or falling or tackling or tripping  |       | Dangerous surface = vg pt5   |
|          | <ol> <li>(Treatment) – rest / elevate / ice /R.I.C.E</li> <li>(Osgood Schlatter's) – during a growth spurt as a</li> </ol>  |       | Hitting yourself hard = BOD pt7  |
|          | child or (bone) growing too quickly or bone growing faster than tendons or repeated stress or overuse or too  |       | Physiotherapy = BOD pt10   |
|          | much running/jumping or play too much 10. <b>(Treatment)</b> - R.I.C.E. / rest or bandage or seek medical advice  | [10]  | Give mark for treatment of named injury on QP even if description is incorrect   |

| Question | Answer   | Marks | Guidance   |
|----------|--|-------|--|
| 9.       | <ol> <li>Two marks for two from:</li> <li>First aid kit or bandages / slings / plasters / ice pack</li> <li>Evacuation chair or wheelchair or evacuation chair</li> <li>Stretcher</li> <li>Defibrillator</li> <li>EpiPen / inhaler / insulin</li> <li>Blanket/s</li> <li>Telephone / mobile</li> </ol> | [2]   | Accept 'evac chair' = pt2 First aid chair = vg pt2                   |
| 10.      | Three marks for three from:  a. Closed / simple fracture/break b. Open / compound fracture/break c. Blister / contusion / abrasion / bruise / cut / friction burn / graze  | [3]   | Fracture / broken bones / hairline = vg pt 1 & 2                     |
| 11.      | Three marks for three from:  1. Tendonitis (Achilles / Patella) 2. Shin splints 3. Tennis elbow 4. Golfer's elbow 5. Swimmer's shoulder 6. Jumper's knee 7. Osgood Schlatter's 8. Bowler's shoulder 9. Runner's knee   | [3]   | Accept any other recognised chronic injury  Blister / arthritis = vg |

| Question | Answer  | Marks | Guidance                                     |
|----------|---|-------|--|
| 12.      | Two marks for two from:   |       | Mark first response only on each answer line |
|          | (Immediate) pain     Swelling or redness  |       | Sudden trauma = vg pt5                       |
|          | <ul><li>3. Contusion / bruising</li><li>4. Loss of function or can't run / walk</li></ul> |       | Fracture / concussion = vg pt5 / pt6         |
|          | Deformity/ disfigurement or bone out of place or broken bone/limb                         |       |  |
|          | 6. Loss of consciousness  |       |  |
|          | 7. Abrasion / bleeding or cut   | [2]   |  |
| 13.      | Five marks for five from:   |       | Accept first response on line only           |
|          | 1. Type 1   |       |  |
|          | 2. Was a child  |       |  |
|          | 3. Extreme thirst / frequent visits to the toilet   |       |  |
|          | 4. Extreme thirst / frequent visits to the toilet   |       |  |
|          | 5. A sugary drink / sugar   | [5]   |  |
| 14.      | 1 mark per correct identification:  |       |  |
|          | a) False  |       |  |
|          | b) False  |       |  |
|          | c) True   |       |  |
|          | d) False  |       |  |
|          | e) True   |       |  |
|          |   | [5]   |  |

| 15. | Levels of response  |     |  |
|-----|---|-----|--|
|     | Level 3 (7-8 marks) A comprehensive response: - shows detailed knowledge and understanding - makes many points, many of which are well developed is well structured and consistently uses appropriate terminology there are few if any errors in grammar, punctuation and spelling.  Level 2 (4-6 marks) A competent response: - shows good knowledge and understanding makes some valid points a few of which may be developed is reasonably well structured and uses some appropriate terminology there are occasional errors in grammar, punctuation and spelling. |     | <ul> <li>Differentiating between levels look for: Level 3 (7-8)</li> <li>Most well explained points are clearly developed</li> <li>At the top of this level at least 4 specific needs are well explained and then well developed using examples where relevant.</li> <li>At the bottom of this level at least 4 points are likely to be developed</li> <li>Very few QWC errors</li> <li>Level 2 (4-6)</li> <li>Some explanation rather than description. The more explanation that is provided, the more marks gained at this level.</li> <li>At the top of this level there is likely to be three developed points with valid examples where relevant</li> <li>At the bottom of this level there is likely to be three points but they are underdeveloped and mainly descriptive</li> </ul> |
|     | <ul> <li>Level 1 (1-3 marks)</li> <li>A basic response:</li> <li>shows limited knowledge and understanding.</li> <li>makes some basic points which are rarely developed.</li> <li>has limited coherence and structure with little or no use of appropriate terminology.</li> <li>errors in grammar, punctuation and spelling may be noticeable and intrusive.</li> <li>0 = nil response or no response worthy of credit.</li> </ul>   | [8] | <ul> <li>Some QWC errors</li> <li>Level 1 (1-3): <ul> <li>If only one or two needs have been listed – only one mark should be given</li> <li>Where there are several specific needs covered but listed only this gains 2 marks.</li> <li>Some description/explanation but 2 well developed points will gain 3 marks.</li> <li>If solely on benefits / components of a warm up cool down or simply to 'get you ready' then give 1 mark for relating to point 6</li> <li>Many QWC errors</li> </ul> </li> <li>Do not accept gender</li> </ul>  |

| Question | Answer  | Marks | Guidance  |
|----------|---|-------|---|
|          | Indicative content Candidate responses are likely to include: Numbered points = knowledge / understanding Bullet points = likely to be development of knowledge  1. Size of the group  • Must ensure there is enough space for the size of the group otherwise injuries may occur through people bumping into one-another.  2. Age of the participants  • Young children will require a lower intensity and shorter warm up compare to adults.  3. Experience of the participants  • More experienced participants may need a warm up involving a higher level of skill in the skill rehearsal phase compared to someone of lower ability.  • Individuals' strengths / weaknesses  4. Individual fitness levels  • Not everyone may be at the same level of fitness due to illness etc.  • Flexibility  • Strength  • Overweight  5. Health or any medical conditions participants may have  • Need to consider the level/type of warm up if an individual in the group has a previous injury e.g. a broken leg or a medical / health issue e.g. asthma  • Mental state  • Consider those with disabilities |       | General guidance:  Give a K for a main (numbered) point  Give DEV for a point that has been developed (use Vg if development is vague)  Always put the level at the bottom LHS of the question response |

| Question | Answer   | Marks | Guidance |
|----------|--|-------|----------|
| Question | 6. Suitability as preparation for a particular activity/sport  • The warm up / drills used needs to match or be suitable for the actual activity taking place  • e.g. a warm up for badminton might involve lots of running backwards, forwards, side-to-side.  7. Time available  • How long before match starts or whether there is time for an extended cool down  8. Environmental factors  • Weather  • Temperature if outdoors | Marks | Guidance |
|          | Available facilities / equipment   |       |          |

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