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Cambridge National

Sport Studies

Level 1/Level 2

Unit R051: Contemporary issues in sport

Mark Scheme for June 2013

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All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

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Annotations

1	2	281	?	Unclear
2	BOD	31	BOD	Benefit of doubt
3	×	21	Cross	Cross
4	DEV	741	DEV	Development
5	EG	661	EG	Example/Reference
6	K	611	к	Knowledge
7	L	311	L1	Level 1
8	L2	321	L2	Level 2
9	L3	331	L3	Level 3
10	REP	271	REP	Repeat
11	5	361	S	S (to be used to indicate 'sub max reached' in these units)
12	SEEN	811	SEEN	Noted but no credit given
13		11	Tick	Tick
14	VG	731	VG	Vague

Subject-specific Marking Instructions

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
1	 Three marks from: 1. Cannot afford the cost of participation (if all the family want to take part) 2. Family commitments mean lack of time 3. There is no one to look after the young children if parents participate 4. No suitable activities for the young children to participate in whilst parents are participating 5. Have transport problems. 6. Unsuitable timings of activities 7. Lack of time (due to work commitments) 8. Appeal of alternative leisure activities 	3	1 mark for each correct answer Mark first 3 responses only BOD Lack of time
2	 Four marks from: 1. Activities at a subsidised rate (e.g. family deals/family discounts) 2. Offer free or subsidised equipment 3. Organise activity sessions at the weekend/after school/suitable times 4. Facility provides a crèche 5. Provide a soft play area 6. Provide activities/clubs suitable for young children/parents 7. Provide (cheap) transport. 8. Organise parent and child sessions 9. Market, using positive role models/increased advertising/media coverage(e.g. family groups) 	4	1 mark for each correct answer Mark first four responses only

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
Question 3	 Three marks from: participation (eg football has wide-spread mass participation due to strong infrastructure being in place) provision (eg tennis lacks easily accessible courts impacting on base level participation) environment/climate (eg regular involvement in snow sports as participant or spectator either requires frequent trips abroad or the use of artificial slopes as most parts of UK do not have appropriate terrain/weather) spectatorship (eg live professional rugby matches readily accessible) success for both teams and individuals (eg Chris Hoy's success at the Olympics has increased participation in cycling) role models (eg lack of role models for particular groups in particular sports, such as British Asian footballers) acceptability (eg boxing still has vocal opposition who feel that the aim of the sport is to hurt opponent and that it is therefore not appropriate, especially for younger people; opposition to horse racing due to perceived animal cruelty by use of whip). Cultural preferences for selected sports (eg certain ethnic groups have preferred sports) 	Marks 3	Guidance 1 mark for each correct answer Mark first three responses only Must have factor and description to gain mark
	8. Cultural preferences for selected sports (eg certain		

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
4	 Four marks from: Spectators have a wider choice of sports to watch on the television There are dedicated sports channels therefore fans can watch sport at any time (Extensive) media coverage of any sport/sports' event will increase its popularity Lesser known sports are televised – bringing their attention to people will increase participation eg basketball Large coverage of football in the press means fans can keep up to date with sport – mainly football as this is the sport that has most coverage Access to sport on the internet means that fans can access features/results 24 hours Television, internet access etc allows people who work whilst live sport is taking place the opportunity to catch up when they have free time. Raises profile of performers who then become role models for increasing participation Sale of media rights allows sports organisations to improve spectator facilities and increase spectatorism Advertise /promote different sports Educate the public on the benefits of participation in sport (e. health/social well-being) 	4	1 mark for each correct answer
5	 Two marks from: Provision – have retired only activity sessions Provision – have suitable activities offered to the retired (eg carpet bowls; keep fit for the over 50's; walking for health) Provision – link with GP referral scheme Provision – programme some activities to take place during the day/suitable times 	2	1 mark for each correct answer Mark first two responses only

Question	Answer		Marks	Guidance	
	5. 6. 7. 8.	Promotion – use role models from this age group in promotional material Promotion – advertise in appropriate places (eg doctors' surgeries; health websites, libraries) Access – arrange suitable transport/subsidised transport Access – reduction of charges for the retired.			

Question	Answer		Guidance
6	c) football	1	
7	Four marks from	4	Max 2 marks for examples of etiquette
	Etiquette examples		Max 2 marks for why etiquette is important
	 When a famous sportsperson or a member of the local community who is connected with a sports club has died then there is often a minutes silence and all spectators are expected to observe the minutes silence out or respect It is usual for the audience to be silent when shots are taken at a snooker match /during serve in a tennis match this is to allow the players to concentrate At sporting events spectators are expected to remain silent during the playing of national anthems this shows respect Reasons for observing etiquette and sporting behaviour Fairness for everyone involved in the activity Allow other performers to perform to the best of their ability Ensure that events take place in a safe and secure environment both in terms of spectators and participants. Shows respect for other performers/sport/values Broadens appeal of the sport/enhances sport's reputation leading to increased spectatorism/participation 		Credit other suitable examples

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
8	 Six marks from: Competitions and tournament E.g. the FA organise the leagues and the cup competitions for football Rule making E.g. the ECB implement the rules for the sport Disciplinary procedures E.g. the RFU has a disciplinary procedure for any individual or team connected with the sport NGB's provide a national directive and vision E.G. 10 year strategic development plan NGB's proved guidance, support and insurance to their members E.g. Technical facility build/guidance/advice on applying for sources of funding NGB's assist with facility development. E.g. provide financial support/grants/advice Creating a performance development pathway for participation and progression E.g. ASA provide awards scheme to enable progression to higher levels of performance 	6	1 mark for each correct answer Sub max 3 for aspects of infrastructure Sub max 3 for relevant examples
9	 Four marks from 1. It is cheating/against the rules 2. Against the spirit of sports performance 3. Means that the athlete has an unfair advantage when competing against athletes who have not taken drugs 4. Can cause long term health problems 5. Sports performers will be banned from competing if they are found guilty 6. Sets a bad example for young people 7. Brings the sport into disrepute/gives the sport a bad name 8. Reflects badly on the nation they represent. 	4	1 mark for each correct answer

Q	uestion	Answer	Marks	Guidance
		 Some drugs can cause performers to be violent/over aggressive Loss of income/job/sponsorship 		
10		One mark from1. Represent the union of the five continents2. The five continents.	1	1 mark for a correct answer

Question	Answer		ks Guidance	
	 Eight marks from: Positive effects on the economy Commercial benefits – money from sponsors Commercial benefits – external investment which would not otherwise have been attracted Commercial benefits – investment in buildings Commercial benefits – increase in jobs for the period of the event/long term legacy jobs Infrastructure – improved transport system in the country/venue of the event Infrastructure – 'Olympic village' can be used for housing Sports facilities – new facilities will be built Sports facilities – can be used for the local community/future events Sports facilities – capacity can be reduced then used as a local facility Sports facilities – some facilities will be upgraded/improved Sports facilities – some facilities can be re-sited in a part of the country which does not currently have the facility Status – increase in tourism for the duration of the event/post event/indirect tourism spend (e.g. multiplier effect) Status – 'shop window' effect for the host country. Builds a feeling of national pride/nation building Possibility of successful bidding for future sports events is improved Legacy of increased participation 	8	1 mark for each correct answer	

Q	uestion	Answer	Marks	Guidance
12	(a)	 Two marks from: National pride; 1. Supporters unite behind the country in international events 2. Supporters wear country's strip and have flags on their house/cars/standing for the national anthem/singing national anthem 3. Singing national anthem when watching a sports event/participating in a sports event 4. Performers support each other/celebrate each other's success. (e.g. being selected for a national squad/team) 5. Representing your country gives the performer a sense of pride 	2	1 mark for each correct answer
	(b)	 Two marks from: Excellence Striving to be the best that you can in your favourite sport Striving to represent your country Becoming a positive role model Developing a good work ethic through training. High level performers/teams inspiring others to achieve excellence Creating high level performance centres (e.g. FA St Georges Park) 	2	1 mark for each correct answer Mark first two answers only
13		 Two marks from: 1. Coaching awards (e.g. promoting schemes that aim coaching awards at young people) 2. Training of officials (e.g. schemes that promote training of young people as officials) 3. Initiatives to develop administrative/organisational skills 4. Free or concessionary entry to sports events 	2	1 mark for each correct answer

Que	estion	Answer	Marks	Guidance
14 ((a)	 Three marks from: Lack of role models: Means that there are no role models inspire people to get involved in sport and the sports industry Where there are very few role models then this can give the impression that particular people or groups cannot be successful in that part of sport and the sports industry (e.g. women in motor racing) This does not just affect those people or groups themselves; it can reinforce prejudice in others (e.g. lack of Asian professional footballers perpetuates myth that not suited to sport) 	3	
	(b)	 Three marks from: Media: 1. Show more female sport (e.g. women's football) 2. Use more female performers as positive role models/being successful 3. Give female sport more prominence in scheduling 4. Have more female presenters on sports programming 5. Have more female commentators on sport 6. Promote positive body image for women/fitness & health benefits 7. Advertise female sport/sports events 8. Promote gender equality 	3	Mark first three responses only

Mark Scheme

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
Question 15	AnswerLevels of response:0 = nil response or response not worthy of creditMB1 (1–3 marks)The response shows a limited understanding of the reasons why some sports performers might use performance-enhancing drugs and the ethical issues that the use of performance-enhancing drugs raises. 	Marks 8	Guidance Differentiating between levels look for: MB1: Where valid indicative points are made they may mainly be from points 1, 3, 5, 7, 9 and 11 • Where valid indicative points are made they may mainly be from points 1, 3, 5, 7, 9 and 11 • Simple description rather than explanation. MB2: May be one or more developed points • Some explanation. MB3: Points are developed/expanded in more than one area of the answer • Clear explanations • Very few QWC errors. Always indicate the level at the end of the response

MB3 (7–8 marks) The response shows a detailed understanding of the reasons why some sports performers might use performance-enhancing drugs and the ethical issues that	
 the use of performance-enhancing drugs raises. Candidates make many points from the indicative content, several of which may be developed, leading to an evaluation being clearly made. The answer is well structured and uses appropriate terminology and technical vocabulary. There are few if any errors in grammar, punctuation and spelling. Indicative content: <u>Reasons for use:</u> 1. To gain an unfair advantage/sustain level of performance 2. To be able to train harder/longer 3the athlete can build strength to facilitate additional training 4the athlete knowingly takes a performance enhancing drug 5. Desire to win/Pressure to succeed 6the athlete receives pressure from team mates to take performance enhancing drugs 9. Success brings money/extrinsic reward 10if an athlete is successful they will be able to earn more money through participation and sponsorship 11. Success brings fame 	Emboldened points 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 18, 19, 21 and 22 are developed points which show further understanding. It would be expected that where these are used in the response, it would be a MB2 or MB3 response in most cases. Not using the developed points must not prohibit candidates from achieving the top band or full marks, but is a potential indicator of the level at which they are responding.

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
	12becoming successful can lead to increased coverage by the media and the athlete will		
	become famous		
	13. Return from injury		
	14 will be quicker if drugs are used – it is		
	important for teams to have the best players		
	available and with competition for places		
	athletes want to return from injury as soon as		
	possible 15. To aid weight control		
	16jockeys and boxers are examples of athletes		
	who have weight controls in sport. Use of		
	certain drugs can help reduce weight quickly		
	17. To improve body image/size/shape		
	18weight lifters using steroids to develop		
	musculature		
	19. To control arousal		
	20snooker players taking beta blockers to		
	control anxiety		
	21. Performer perceives that fellow competitors are		
	taking drugs		
	22fear of falling behind other competitors		
	Ethical issues:		
	23. The use of performance-enhancing drugs damages		
	the reputation of sport		
	24. Where drug use is evident there is not a level playing field		
	25. Some sports are tainted by the ongoing use of		
	drugs, eg cycling		
	26. Sports performers are often role models to young		
	people; it is therefore important that they set a good		
	example		
	27. The use of performance-enhancing drugs will		
	only spread wider if the next generation of elite		

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
	 performers grow up seeing it all around them 28. Should there be a distinction between recreational drugs and performance-enhancing drugs? 29. Should someone be banned because they have taken recreational drugs which have not enhanced their performance? 30. Should all sports performers be allowed to take performance enhancing drugs? 31so that everyone participates on a level playing field? 32. Is the battle to regulate against the use performance enhancing drugs being lost? 33. Are current regulations fair? 34different rules in different sports (eg football not fully signed up to WADA code) 35is the 'whereabouts rule' an infringement of people's civil liberties? 		

APPENDIX 1

r		T		r	
			L		
	LO1	LO2	LO3	LO4	
Question number					
1	3				
2	4				
3	3				
4	4				
5	2				
6	1				
7		4			
8				6	
9		4			
10		1			
11			8		
12		4			
13				2	
14	6				
15		8			
Total marks	23	21	8	8	60

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