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Cambridge National

Sport Studies

Unit R051: Contemporary issues in sport

Level 1/Level 2

Mark Scheme for June 2014

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

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Annotation	Meaning of annotation	
	Blank Page – this annotation must be used on all blank pages within an answer booklet (structured or unstructured) and on each page of an additional object where there is no candidate response.	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
1.	Three marks from:		1 mark for each correct answer.
	 Family commitments. Not much free time available. Work restrictions. Activities not available at time they want to participate Awareness of what is available. Time taken providing support/transport for childrens activities.(e.g. ferrying children to activities constrains time available) Too tired after childcare/domestic responsibilities. Shortage of money Lack of childcare 	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 [3]	Do not accept time/cost/full-time job/money/transport Do accept child commitments/work commitment Working full-time - BOD
2.	(d) Cost of equipment	[1]	
3.	Two marks from:		1 mark for each correct answer.
	 Active promotion in the media. Childcare provided/affordable childcare. Planning of times suitable to women/Programming of sessions appropriate to group. Suitable activity sessions that meet needs. Providing women-only sessions. Providing female coaches. Concessions/subsidised costs Role models (Provide/promote activity through using female role models) 	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 [2]	Do accept role models/provide sports that women like/find suitable

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
4. (a)	One mark from:		1 mark for each correct answer.
	1. Lack of role models.	1	Accept cost of facilities/equipment as BOD
	2. Lack of money.	1	
	Lack of access to facilities/transport.	1	
	Lack of appropriate activity options.	1	
	5. Negative attitude towards participation.	1	
	6. Poor body image.	1	
	 Peer pressure to undertake alternative more sedentary activities. 	1	
	8. Activities not provided at suitable times	1	
	9. School/work commitments	1	
		[1]	
4. (b)			1 mark for each correct answer.
	 Initiatives aimed at promoting participation/taster sessions. 	1	Methods must be linked to sports centre provision to award marks.
	2. Concessionary prices/sensible	1	
	pricing/subsidised equipment.		Do not accept 'school schemes'
	 Subsidised transport/free transport/specialist transport. 	1	Do accept 'advertising'
	4. Provision of wide range of activities	1	
	 Adapted activities that meet the needs of teenagers 	1	
	6. Use role models to encourage participation.	1	
	Appropriate programming of sessions/ times of sessions to suit teenagers	1	
	8. Target marketing/advertising (e.g. social media)	1	
		[3]	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
5.	Positive Effects of media coverage		
	 More spectators/viewers increase profile of the sport./taster sessions Media coverage can increase participation Bring money into the sport e.g. TV rights to 	1 1 1	Candidate must identify effect on the popularity of a sport to gain marks.
	 provide funding for sports development. 4. Increase earnings of elite sports performers through advertising/sponsorship. Celebrity status raises profile of the sport. 	1	Do not accept role models Do not accept increases popularity of sport
	 National sports events on free to air TV may broaden coverage. 	1	
	 Sport available 24/7 through various media increases exposure/profile (globalisation/instant reporting of sports performance) 	1	
	 Celebrity status raises profile/positive role models generates interest/increases 	1	
	participation	[sub max 2]	
	Negative effects of media coverage		Do not accept decreases popularity of sport
	 Focus on a range of high profile sports may affect exposure/participation rates in others sports. 	1	
	 Focus on elite performers as celebrities rather will detract from the sport itself. 	1	
	10. Unprofessional conduct by elite performers reported in the media may lead to groups/individuals being put off spectating/participating.	1	
	 Unprofessional conduct/gamesmanship shown in the media may be copied by other sports performers. 	1	
	12. Sports competitions/leagues may be scheduled at times to maximise TV coverage rather than taking the needs of performers into account e.g. insufficient rest time between fixtures.	1	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
	13. Under representation in the media of certain	1	
	social groups		
	 Monopoly of pay per view is a barrier to spectatorship/viewing sport/impact on 	1	
	participation	[3]	
		[0]	
6	Role models		BOD 'look up to sports performers'/inspire people
	1. Look of role models can reduce perculative		Response must contain an impact relevant to the point
	 Lack of role models can reduce popularity for particular groups in particular sports (e.g. 		made
	British Asian footballers)	2	
	3. Positive role models for particular groups	-	
	4 particular groups in particular sports		
	(e.g. British track cycling team will increase	2	
	popularity)		
	5. Negative role models can reduce popularity		
	6e.g. distrust in cycling results will decrease	[sub max	
	popularity	2]	
	Participation		
	7. High numbers of participants increases	2	
	popularity of a sport / low number of participants		
	can lead to decreasing popularity		
	8. High numbers of participants can lead to	2	
	increased levels of spectatorship/low number of		
	participants can lead to decreasing levels of		
	spectatorship.		
	9. High number of participants can increase the	2	
	availability of facilities and equipment/Low		
	numbers of participants can lead to decreased		
	availability of facilities and equipment(e.g.		
	because football is played by lots of people,		
	there are lots of opportunities to get involved,	Coub may	
	which helps attract more new players/spectators	[sub max 2]	
	of the sport)	- 1	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
	 Provision including facilities 10.Lack of facilities will reduce participation/more facilities will enable more opportunity to participate and so increase popularity 11.Lack of suitable activities to meet the needs of individuals groups will reduce popularity/ Suitable activities will enable increased popularity 12.Better or worse facilities impacts on participation 	2 2 2 [sub max 2] [6]	Except distance from facilities/lack of specialist facilities/equipment to meet needs of particular groups.
7	(c) ultimate Frisbee	[1]	
8	One mark for each correct identification and one mark for each development		Appropriate alternatives/equivalents to the examples given should be credited.
	 Team spirit Can help develop the ability to work as part of a team/develop a sense that the team /achieves more where everybody works together. Fair play Learning the importance of adhering to rules and being fair to others. Citizenship Presents an opportunity to get involved in the local community Tolerance and respect Sport develops an understanding of different countries and different cultures/understanding of different socio-cultural groups Inclusion 	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Value and description must match to award marks BOD respect or tolerance Do not accept 'teamwork' as value

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
	10. Initiatives/sessions aimed at encouraging regular participation can get under-represented social groups involved in sport	1	
	11. Excellence	1	
	12. Striving to be the best you can be	1	
	13. National pride	1	
	14. Regular participation will generate national pride (others/from the participant)	1	
		[6]	
9 (a)	Examples of high profile performers may include; Dwain Chambers Ben Johnson	1	Credit any known example of a banned <u>elite</u> sports performer
	Lance Armstrong	1	
	Justin Gatlin	1	
	Marion Jones	1	
	David Millar	1	
	Barry Bonds	1	
	Tyson Gay	1	
		[1]	
9 (b)	Two marks from:		
	 Gain an advantage/to win/to reap financial awards/fame 	1	
	 To improve training and fitness/train for longer/train harder/improve performance (e.g. faster running times) 	1	
	3. Pressure to succeed as an individual	1	
	 Pressure to succeed from the nation/personal pressure to fulfil national expectation 	1	
	 5. Pressure from coach/other squad members/significant others 	1	
	6. Pressure from financial rewards from winning	1	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
	7. Perception that other athletes/performers are	1	
	taking them		
	8. Aid recovery from injury	1	
		[2]	
9 (c)	One mark for identification		
	One mark for description		2 marks max for testing
	1. Method -Testing	1	
	 Description – more effective/varied testing methods will make detection more likely and therefore act as a deterrent/urine sample/hair sample/whereabouts rule/random testing 	1	
	3. Method - Education initiatives.	1	
	4. Description - Education programmes that inform	1	
	performers of the health risks of taking performance enhancing drugs and/or sanctions if caught/100% Me	•	
	5. Method - Sanctions/bans.	1	
	 6. Description -Threat of sanctions and bans may act as a deterrent/lifetime bans/fines/suspensions 	1	
		[4]	
9 (d) (i)	Impact on performer. 1 mark for any of:		
	1. Taking performance enhancing may damage (both the short term and long term) health of the performer.	1	
	2. Future opportunities to participate will be limited/removed.	1	
	3. There may be damage done to the reputation of the performer.	1	
	 The public will not trust the performer and whether subsequent results are achieved legitimately will always be in question. 	1	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
	5. Performer is banned/earning potential from sport will be reduced/removed completely.	1	
	6. Improved performance	1	
		[1]	
9 (d) (ii)	Impact on sport. 1 mark for any of:		
	1. The public may mistrust all results achieved by all performers in that sport/group of performers.	1	
	2. The long term reputation of the sport may be damaged and result in less people participating/spectating	1	
	 Less funding and sponsorship revenues may come into the sport as advertisers do not want to be associated with it. 	1	
		[1]	
10 (a)	One mark for an example of sportsmanship from :		Credit any other suitable example.
	1. Giving the ball back to the opposition after a stoppage for an injury.	1	
	 Showing respect for the opposition and others players. 	1	
	 Shaking hands before the commencement of the game/match. 	1	
	 4. Applauding the winners of a sports match/competition. 	1	
		[1]	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
10 (b)	One mark for an example of gamesmanship from:		Credit any other suitable example.
	1. Timewasting/slow play/ deliberately putting the ball out of play to waste time.	1	
	2. Breaking the flow of an opponents play.	1	
	3. Causing a player to take the game less seriously or to overthink his/her position.	1	
	 Intentionally making a 'mistake' which gains an advantage over an opponent. 	1	
	5. Feigning injury (e.g diving in football)	[1]	
10 (c)	One mark for an example of spectator etiquette from:		
	1. Applauding the opposition/winners.	1	
	2. Being quiet for the national anthem.	1	
	 Applauding good or skilled play. Being quiet for sports that involve concentration from 	1	
	the performer. e.g. golf or snooker.	•	
		[1]	
11	Olympic Creed: "The most important thing is not to win but to take part, just as the most important thing in life is not the triumph		Only credit explanation of the creed Do accept struggle/determination in respect of point 2
	but the struggle. The essential thing is not to have conquered, but to have fought well"		
	Two marks from:		
	 Taking part is more important than winning. More satisfaction is derived from preparation for sports performance and making sacrifices to maximise. 	1 1	
	performance than the actual end result. 3. Winning is not as important as having tried your best.	1	
		[2]	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
12	One mark for each correct identification: 1. Association football world cup 2. Commonwealth Games 3.Olympics/paralympics/winter Olympics 4. World Athletics championships	1 1 1 1	Credit any other major national or international sports event Do accept 'Champions League' as BOD
	 5. UEFA Champions League Final 6. Formula 1 Grand Prix 7. Wimbledon tennis finals One mark for each feature:	1 1 1	
	 International element/bringing nations together More expensive/require investment Require extensive planning Can be a 'one off' event Can be a regular event Can be a recurring event 	1 1 1 1 1	
		[4]	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
13 (a)	Three marks from:		
	 Investment in developing infrastructure/transport Increased tourism/transport/spending in local economy Commercial sponsors (money/external investment) Sports facilities will be improved/new facilities will be built. 	1 1 1 1 1	Do not accept profit/making money
	 Can be a catalyst for urban regeneration. Increase profile/increase in trade with other 	1	
	countries.	1	
	7. Morale will be improved/national pride.	1	
	8. Shop window effect	1	
	9. Employment opportunities	[3]	
	10.Participation may increase in some sports		
13 (b)	Three marks from:		
	 Bidding to host maybe expensive with no guarantee that the city will be awarded the event. 	1	
	 Event can be more expensive to host than the revenue it raises. 	1	
	Facilities can end up not being used after the games with poor legacy planning.	1	
	 Event can have a negative impact on status of the city if the event is disorganised 	1	
	Non-Olympic sports may suffer as media only focus on those sports that are included.	1	
	Some of the benefits such as new facilities may not benefit the wider population across the	1	
	country.	1	
	7. Increase in crime.	1	
	8. Potential increased risk of terrorist attacks.	1	
	A city may get into long term debt through paying off the cost of the event.		

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
	10.Negative environmental impacts /litter/pollution/overcrowding/disruption through building works/demolition of property	1	
		[3]	
14	Two marks from:		
	1. Promotion/exposure in the media	1	
	Schemes/initiatives aimed at increasing popularity of a sport	1	
	3. Creation/implementation of policies that are designed to encourage participation such as equal opportunities	1	
	 Use high profile sports performers to promote participation 	1	
	 Lobby government to include sport in national curriculum 	1	
	cumculum	[2]	
15.	Levels of response.		Do not accept sports development
	0= nil response or response worthy of credit.		
	MB1 (1-3 marks) Candidates provide simple description of the different ways in which a governing body can develop the required infrastructure for a sport to be successful. No attempt is made at explanation and there may be some irrelevant material in the answer.		
	Sentences have limited coherence and structure. Errors in grammar, punctuation and spelling may be noticeable and intrusive.		

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
	MB 2 (4-6 marks) Candidates make some valid points and there is an attempt at explanation of the different ways in which a governing body can develop the required infrastructure for a sport to be successful.		
	Sentences for the most part are relevant and coherent. There are occasional errors in grammar, punctuation and spelling.		
	MB 3 (7-8 marks) Candidates make many points, several of which are well developed and explain in detail the different ways in which a governing body can develop the required infrastructure for a sport to be successful.		
	The answer is well structured and uses appropriate terminology. There are few if any errors in grammar, punctuation and spelling.		
	Indicative content		
	 Developing competition structures and tournaments Providing a national directive and vision. Providing guidelines, support and insurance to members. Assist with facility developments. Fund development for infrastructure such as new facilities Create a framework of policies to govern the sport. Responsible for rule-making and disciplinary procedures. Provide framework for coach education in their 		
	sport. 9. Provide framework for training officials	[8]	

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