

CAMBRIDGE TECHNICALS LEVEL 3 (2016)

Examiners' report

HEALTH AND SOCIAL CARE



Unit 4 January 2019 series

Version 1

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Introduction

Our examiners' reports are produced to offer constructive feedback on candidates' performance in the examinations. They provide useful guidance for future candidates. The reports will include a general commentary on candidates' performance, identify technical aspects examined in the questions and highlight good performance and where performance could be improved. The reports will also explain aspects which caused difficulty and why the difficulties arose, whether through a lack of knowledge, poor examination technique, or any other identifiable and explainable reason.

Where overall performance on a question/question part was considered good, with no particular areas to highlight, these questions have not been included in the report. A full copy of the question paper can be downloaded from OCR.

Unit 4 series overview

The overall performance of candidates was good. The majority of candidates are able to access all of the paper and complete the paper within the allocated time. Some candidates used the additional page to good effect and made clear links to this page within the body of the examination.

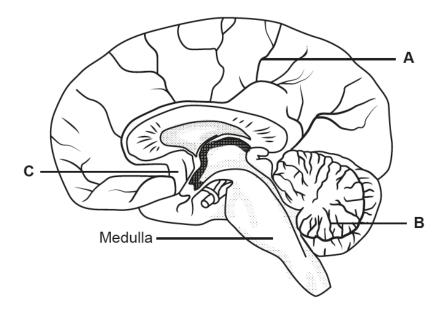
Some candidates did not have secure knowledge on all aspects of the unit, and either left questions unanswered, or provided responses that did not credit any marks.

Some candidates demonstrated advanced knowledge and understanding throughout the entire paper. However, a number of candidates continue to be challenged by the levelled free response questions, and were frequently limited to level 1 responses.

Most candidates struggled with evaluate and analysis questions, and the vast majority of candidates only achieved a level 1 response.

Question 1(a)(i)

1 A diagram of the brain is shown below.



(a) (i) Identify the parts of the brain labelled A, B and C in the diagram. Choose from the following:

Cerebellum	Cerebral cortex	Corpus callosum	Hypothalamus	
Α				
В				
C			_	
			[3	3]

Very few candidates were able to identify all parts of the brain correctly. The majority of candidates only identified one correct response at most.

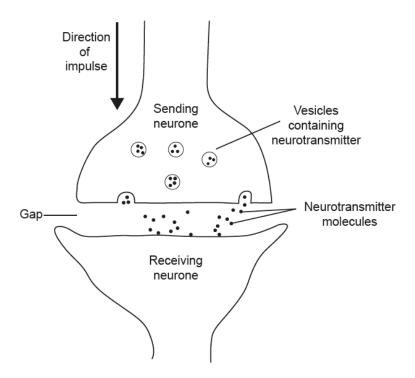
Question 1 (a)(ii)

(ii	 Which of the following statements about the function of the medulla is conficted (✓) one box. 	orrect?
	It controls autonomic functions such as heart rate.	
	It controls balance and posture.	
	It coordinates movement of muscles.	
	It coordinates speech and language.	
		[1]
The majority	y of candidates correctly answered this question.	
	4 (1) (1)	
Question	1(b)(i)	
	none, aged 45, has been diagnosed with multiple sclerosis (MS). MS is an o-immune disease which damages neurones in the Central Nervous Systo	
(i)	Which part of the neurone is affected by MS?	
		[1]
The majority	y of candidates provided the correct response, but many spelt myelin sl	neath incorrectly.
Question	1(b)(ii)	
(ii) [*]	Identify possible treatments Simone could receive from health care profe explain how they help to manage the symptoms of MS.	essionals and
		[8]

Numerous candidates provided information about the condition, but this was not required and means that they would have spent time and effort on areas where they wouldn't achieve any credit. Many candidates identified methods of treatment, but did not explain how they helped manage symptoms. A common misunderstanding noted was that antibiotics treat pain.

Question 1 (c)(i)

(c) The diagram below shows the gap between two neurones.



Describe **four** stages of how a nerve impulse is transmitted across the gap between two neurones.

Use the information in the diagram in your answer.

				[4]
4	 	 	 	
3	 	 	 	

This question was not answered well. Many candidates simply repeated information from the diagram. This may have been due to the direction to "use the information in the diagram in your answer", but candidates were required to provide additional information to achieve marks.

(b) Kevin has been suffering from hypertension.

This question was answered well.

(i) What does the term 'hypertension' mean?

Question 2(a)

	Use words from the list below:	
	blood clotting cytoplasm erythrocytes extensions fragme	its
	lymphocytes neutrophils plasma temperature regulation	
	The main component of blood is called It consists r	nostly
	of water and it helps in the of the body. Red blood c	ells are
	also known as and are responsible for transporting	oxygen
	and carbon dioxide.	
	White blood cells help to prevent infection, for example,	
	which engulf microorganisms.	
	Platelets can be described as cell and are responsible	ole for
		[6]
	t majority of candidates answered this question well achieving 4 marks or more as failure to identify that neutrophils engulf microorganisms.	. The common
Ougeti	ion 2(b)(i)	

Question 2(b)(ii)

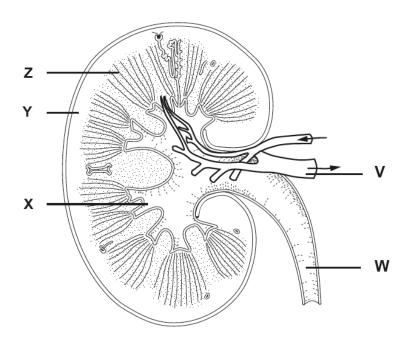
	[6]	
candidat	tes correctly identified numerous lifestyle changes which could treat Kevin's hypertension. Som tes went on to explain the benefits of the changes. Very few candidates considered the barriers ag these changes. This resulted in the overwhelming majority of candidates being capped at 2	
Questi	on 2(c)	
(c)	Hypertension can lead to malfunctioning of the kidneys by damaging nephrons.	
	Name one process that occurs in a kidney nephron and the part of the nephron involved in this process.	
	Process	
	Part of nephron involved	
	[2]	

(ii)* Evaluate the possible lifestyle changes Kevin could make to treat his hypertension.

This question wasn't answered well. Candidates struggled to identify a process and even less knew the part of the kidney involved.

Question 2(d)

(d) The diagram shows a kidney.



Select the correct letter to identify the labelled parts shown on the diagram.

The third one has been done for you.

Structure within the kidney	Letter
Cortex	
Medulla	
Renal vein	V
Ureter	

[3]

Whilst some candidates correctly identified all 3 parts, the majority did not. The most common correctly identified part was the ureter.

Question 2(e)(i)

(e) Th	e liver produces urea which must then be removed by the kidneys.	
(i)	Which one of the following processes in the liver produces urea? Tick (✓) one box.	
	Assimilation	
	Deamination	
	Detoxification	
	Respiration	
		[1]
The majority	y of candidates incorrectly thought that the process was detoxification.	
Question	2(e)(ii)	
(ii)	* Candice has just found out that she has cirrhosis of the liver.	
	Discuss the possible causes for cirrhosis and the effects cirrhosis will hav liver function.	e on her
		[6]

Most candidates correctly identified that alcohol is a possible cause of cirrhosis, although many were not clear that it is a prolonged excessive exposure that is a possible cause. The question states 'discuss the possible causes', as this is plural, to achieve the higher mark bands candidates needed to consider other causes in addition to alcohol. Very few candidates demonstrated this. The question also required discussion on the effects of cirrhosis on liver function. Many candidates did not address this part of the question.

Question 3(a)(i)

- 3 (a) The knee is an example of a synovial joint.
 - (i) Complete the table by matching the components of a synovial joint to their function. Choose from the list of components below:

Cartilage	Ligament	Tendon	Synovial fluid	Synovial membrane
-----------	----------	--------	----------------	-------------------

Function	Component
Attaches bone to bone	
Lubricates and nourishes the joint	
Reduces friction during movement	

[3]

There was clear disparity in this question. The vast majority of candidates either achieved full marks or 1 of zero marks.

Question 3(a)(ii)

(ii)	Explain how the action of muscles around synovial joints result in movement.
	ΙΔ

Some candidates answered this question well, focussing on the action of muscles. Many candidates discussed the structure of synovial joint which is not required, or commented on tendons and ligaments shortening which is incorrect.

Question 3(b)*

	E:	xplain the treatment options that are available to Harry for his arthritis.
		[5]
expl	ain the	dates were able to correctly identify treatments for this condition, but many did not fully m. Furthermore some candidates were vague in their responses using terms like medication n with no further clarification.
Qu	estion	n 4(a)
4	The di	igestive system consists of specialised organs that work together to break down food.
	(a) D	escribe what happens to food in the buccal cavity up to the time it enters the stomach.

(b)* After years of playing rugby, Harry has developed severe arthritis in his knees.

A number of candidates answered this question well addressing both mechanical and chemical digestion. However, a common issue was that candidates only focussed on mechanical digestion. This capped responses to a maximum of two marks. A minority of candidates described digestion in the stomach, which was not required.

Question 4(b)(i)

(b)	(b) Choose from the list of organs below to answer the following questions.						
	You can use an organ once, more than once or not at all.						
		Gall bladder	Large intestine	Liver	Small intestine		
			Pancreas	Stomach			
	(i)	Name one orga	n that secretes hydro	chloric acid.			
						[1]	
Candidat	es a	nswered this qu	estion well.				
Questio	on 4	(b)(ii)					
	(ii)	Name two organ	ns that produce enzyr	nes.			
						[2]	
Candidat	es a	nswered this qu	estion well.				
Questic	on 4	·(b)(iii)					
	(iii) Name one orga	an that stores bile.				
						[1]	
The majo	-	of candidates ar	swered this questio	n correctly. A	common misconception	was that the liver	
Questic	on 4	(b)(iv)					
	(iv	y) Name one org	an where the produc	ts of digestion e	enter the blood.		
						[1]	
Candidat	es a	nswered this qu	estion well.				

Question 4(c)*

	Karim has Coeliac disease. Explain why he has been advised not to eat foods containing gluten as part of his dietary support plan.					
	[6]					
were uncl	majority of candidates knew about gluten and the symptoms of the condition. However many ear on the effects on the villi and absorption. Very few candidates made the link to secondary s like osteoporosis or anaemia.					
Questic	on 4(d)(i)					
(d)	Apart from its role in digestion, the pancreas also functions as an endocrine organ and produces hormones.					
	(i) Explain what is meant by the term 'hormone'.					

Only a small minority of candidates achieve full marks on this question. Many candidates made vague links to emotions and puberty.

Question 4(d)(ii)

(ii) The table below has statements about the pancreas and its role as an endocrine organ.

Complete the table by deciding whether each statement is True or False.

Statement	True or False
Diabetes is caused when the pancreas produces too much insulin.	
The hormone glucagon is produced by the pancreas.	
The pancreas produces the hormone insulin.	
Type II diabetes is caused when cells in the pancreas are destroyed during childhood.	

[4]

The quality of the responses were mixed, as was the way in which candidates answered the question. Some wrote true or false, others T or F and some even put a tick or a cross. Candidates should take care to answer the question as indicated. A minority of candidates left all or part of this question blank. Candidates should attempt to answer all questions, especially those with a limited number of responses.

Question 4(e)*(i)

(e)*	Uncontrolled diabetes car	n damage organ	is in the body	, such as the	e eye, leading	to a
	malfunction.					

(i)	Identify a malfunction of the eye or ear.
	[1]

Nearly all candidates provided a correct response for this question. A minority of candidates provided vague answers such as blindness. Cataracts was frequently spelt incorrectly.

Question 4(e)*(ii)

(ii)	Explain how the malfunction in 4(e)(i) may impact on an individual's lifestyle.					
	[7]					

Numerous candidates spent time describing conditions rather than the impact on lifestyle. When explaining the impact on lifestyle many candidates merged impacts together e.g. inability to drive, loss of job, isolation etc. They would benefit from fully explaining the impact using separate points. Many candidates focussed on cataracts, but showed limited understanding of the condition providing very negative responses about the impact on lifestyle.

Question 5(a)

5 Aerobic and anaerobic respiration are types of cellular respiration that take place inside cells to provide energy.

This is the reaction that takes place during aerobic respiration.



a)	Compare this reaction with the one that takes place during anaerobic respiration.	
		[3]

Many candidates struggled with this question. Some candidates provided responses identifying the differences between aerobic and anaerobic. Very few candidates covered both similarities and differences, which is required in compare questions.

Question 5(b)

(b)	Write the name of one respiratory malfunction being described by each statement in the table.						
	Choose from:	Asthma	Cystic fibrosis	Emphysema			
	You can use each malfunction once, more than once or not at all.						
	Can be triggered by cigarette smoke or dust						
	Caused by chemicals in cigarette smoke						
	Caused by a defective gene						
	Mucus is produced thicker than normal						
				[4]			
The cand	didates answered	I this question w	ell.				
Questi	on 5(c)						
	on 5(c) licky is a 13 year o	old boy with cysti	ic fibrosis.				
(c)* M	licky is a 13 year			n managing his condition.			
(c)* M	licky is a 13 year			n managing his condition.			
(c)* M	licky is a 13 year			n managing his condition.			
	licky is a 13 year			n managing his condition.			

Many candidates could identify suitable treatments, but very few provided any real analysis. Candidates needed to discuss issues with his treatment or discuss the impact e.g. antibiotics clears up infections quickly meaning there is less damage and scarring to the lungs, which can increase life expectancy.

Question 5(d)

(d) Complete the description about the structure of the middle ear. Choose from the following:

air	cochlea	ear d	rum	Eustachian tube	
	fluid i	incus	round wi	ndow	
The middle ear is a c	hamber filled with			between the	
	and the	inner ear.	The		
connects the middle	ear to the throat a	nd ensure	s that the	pressure of the middle ear is	
equal to the pressure	outside the ear. T	Γhe		is one of three	
small bones that tran	smit vibrations acı	ross the m	niddle ear t	o the oval window.	
				[4]

The candidates answered this question well. However a common misconception was that the middle ear chamber is filled with fluid.

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