



Oxford Cambridge and RSA

Friday 17 May 2019 – Afternoon

GCSE (9–1) Classical Greek

J292/01 Language

Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes



Do not use:

- a dictionary



Please write clearly in black ink. **Do not write in the barcodes.**

Centre number

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Candidate number

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First name(s)

Last name

INSTRUCTIONS

- Use black ink.
- Answer **both** Section A **and** Section B.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided. Additional paper may be used if necessary but you must clearly show your candidate number, centre number and question number(s).

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is **100**.
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets [].
- This document consists of **12** pages.



Answer **both** Section A and Section B.**SECTION A**

Read Passage 1 and answer the questions.

Passage 1

Prometheus creates the first men and evil is brought into the world.

ὁ Προμηθεὺς καὶ ὁ Ἐπιμηθεὺς οἱ τοῦ Ἰαπετοῦ υἱοὶ ἦσαν. οἱ δὲ θεοὶ ἐκέλευσαν τὸν Προμηθέα ποιεῖν ἄνθρωπους ἐκ πηλοῦ. ἐκεῖνος δὲ τοῦτο ποιήσας ἐδίδαξεν αὐτοὺς πλεῖν τε καὶ κατασκευάζειν οἰκίας καὶ ὑψηλὰ ἱερὰ.

ὁ μέντοι Ζεὺς, ἵνα μὴ οἱ ἄνθρωποι ἰσχυρότεροι γίνωνται, εἶπεν ὅτι οὐκ ἔξεστιν αὐτοῖς ἔχειν πῦρ. ὥστε ὁ Προμηθεὺς εἰς τὸν οὐρανὸν λάθρα ἐλθὼν αὐτὸ ἐκλεψεν.

5

ἐπεὶ δὲ οἱ θεοὶ ἔμαθον τὰ γενόμενα ἔπεμψαν τῷ Ἐπιμηθεῖ καλὴν τινα γυναικὰ, Πανδώραν ὀνόματι, θήκην μεγάλην ἔχουσαν. ὁ οὖν Ἐπιμηθεὺς, πιστεύων τῇ γυναικί, ἀνέωξε τὴν θήκην. εὐθὺς δὲ πλεῖστα κακὰ ἔφυγεν καὶ δία τοῦτο οἱ νῦν πόλεμον καὶ νόσον πάσχουσιν.

10

Names

Προμηθεύς, Προμηθέως, ὁ
Ἐπιμηθεύς, Ἐπιμηθέως, ὁ
Ἰαπετός, Ἰαπετοῦ, ὁ
Πανδώρα, Πανδώρας, ἡ

Prometheus
Epimetheus
Iapetus
Pandora

Words

πηλός, πηλοῦ, ὁ
κατασκευάζω
θήκη, θήκης, ἡ
ἀνοίγω, aor. ἀνέωξα

mud, clay
I build
box
I open

- 1 ὁ Προμηθεὺς καὶ ὁ Ἐπιμηθεὺς οἱ τοῦ Ἰαπετοῦ υἱοὶ ἦσαν (line 1): how were Prometheus and Epimetheus related?

..... [1]

3

- 2 οἱ δὲ θεοὶ ἐκέλευσαν τὸν Προμηθεά ποιεῖν ἄνθρώπους ἐκ πηλοῦ (lines 1–2): who ordered Prometheus to create men?

..... [1]

- 3 ἐκεῖνος δὲ τοῦτο ποιήσας ἐδίδαξεν αὐτοὺς πλεῖν τε καὶ κατασκευάζειν οἰκίας καὶ ὑψηλὰ ἱερὰ (lines 2–3): what did Prometheus teach the newly-created men?

.....

.....

..... [4]

- 4 ὁ μέντοι Ζεὺς, ἵνα μὴ οἱ ἄνθρωποι ἰσχυρότεροι γίνωνται, εἶπεν ὅτι οὐκ ἔξεστιν αὐτοῖς ἔχειν πῦρ (lines 4–5): why did Zeus say that men were not allowed to have fire?

.....

..... [2]

- 5 ὥστε ὁ Προμηθεὺς εἰς τὸν οὐρανὸν λάθρα ἐλθὼν αὐτὸ ἐκλεψεν (lines 5–6): what **two** things did Prometheus do as a result?

•

• [2]

- 6 ἐπεὶ δὲ οἱ θεοὶ ἔμαθον τὰ γενόμενα ἐπεμψαν τῷ Ἐπιμηθεῖ καλὴν τινα γυναικὰ, Πανδώραν ὀνόματι, θήκην μεγάλην ἔχουσαν (lines 7–8): when did the gods send Pandora to Epimetheus?

.....

..... [2]

- 7 ὁ οὖν Ἐπιμηθεύς, πιστεύων τῇ γυναικί, ἀνέωξε τὴν θήκην (lines 8–9): why did Epimetheus open the box?

..... [2]

- 8 εὐθὺς δὲ πλεῖστα κακὰ ἔφυγεν καὶ διὰ τοῦτο οἱ νῦν πόλεμον καὶ νόσον πάσχουσιν (lines 9–10): what do men now suffer as a result of Epimetheus' actions?

.....

..... [2]

4

- 9 For each of the Greek words below, give **one** English word which has been derived from the Greek word and give the meaning of the **English** word.

One has been done for you.

Greek Word: γυναικά

English Word: *misogynist*

Meaning of English Word: *a person who hates women*

Greek Word: άνθρωπους

English Word:

Meaning of English Word: [2]

Greek Word: πῦρ

English Word:

Meaning of English Word: [2]

Answer **either** Question 10 **or** Question 11.

10 Answer the following questions based on part of the story you have already read.

ἐπεὶ δὲ οἱ θεοὶ ἔμαθον τὰ γενόμενα ἔπεμψαν τῷ Ἐπιμηθεῖ καλήν τινα γυναικά, Πανδώραν ὀνόματι, θήκην μεγάλην ἔχουσαν. ὁ οὖν Ἐπιμηθεύς, πιστεύων τῇ γυναικί, ἀνέωξε τὴν θήκην. εὐθὺς δὲ πλεῖστα κακὰ ἔφυγεν καὶ δία τοῦτο οἱ νῦν πόλεμον καὶ νόσον πάσχουσιν.

Names

Ἐπιμηθεύς, Ἐπιμηθέως, ὁ
Πανδώρα, Πανδώρας, ἡ

Epimetheus
Pandora

Words

θήκη, θήκης, ἡ
ἀνοίγω, aor. ἀνέωξα

box
I open

(a) Identify the **case** of θεοὶ (line 1).

..... [1]

(b) Identify the **tense** and **person** of ἔπεμψαν (line 1).

..... [2]

(c) Identify the **case** and **gender** of καλήν (line 1).

..... [2]

(d) Identify the **case** of τῇ (line 2).

..... [1]

(e) Pick out an **adverb** in line 3.

..... [1]

(f) Identify the **tense** of ἔφυγεν (line 3) **and** explain why the singular form is used here.

.....
..... [2]

(g) Identify a word in the **nominative masculine plural** form in line 3.

..... [1]

Do **not** answer Question 11 if you have already answered Question 10.

11 Translate the following English sentences into Greek.

(a) We hear the beautiful voice.

.....
..... [3]

(b) The young man was bearing the danger.

.....
..... [3]

(c) The goddesses ordered the messengers to wait.

.....
..... [4]

SECTION B

Answer **all** the questions.

Read the passage and answer the questions.

The people of Mytilene, a city on the Greek island of Lesbos, decide to leave the Athenian alliance.

οἱ δὲ Μυτιληναῖοι πολὺν χρόνον σύμμαχοι ἦσαν τῶν Ἀθηναίων. ὠργίσθησαν μέντοι ἀναγκάζομενοι ἀεὶ παρέχειν ναῦς καὶ χρήματα αὐτοῖς. βούλομενοι οὖν λίπειν τὴν συμμαχίαν καὶ εἰδότες ὅτι δεήσει μάχεσθαι παρεσκεύασαν πάντα εἰς μάχην.

καὶ τούτων ἐν ταῖς Ἀθήναις ἀγγελεθέντων, ἔδοξεν τοῖς πολίταις ἐκπεμψαι
μεγάλην στρατίαν πολλὰ ὅπλα ἔχουσιν. ἀφικόμενοι δὲ δι' ὀλίγου ἤρξαντο
πολιορκεῖν τὴν πόλιν.

5

οἱ οὖν Μυτιληναῖοι, νῦν οὐδένα σῖτον ἔχοντες, ἤτησαν τοὺς Λακεδαιμονίους, οἱ πολέμιοι τῶν Ἀθηναίων τότε ἦσαν, βοηθεῖν ἑαυτοῖς. οἱ δὲ Λακεδαιμόνιοι ναυτικὸν συλλέξαντες ἔμελλον πρῶτον μὲν προσβαλεῖν ταῖς Ἀθήναις, ὕστερον δὲ λύσειν τοὺς Μυτιληναίους. ἀλλὰ οὕτω βραδέως ἐπλευσαν ὥστε ἀφίκοντο τῆς πόλεως ἤδη αἰρεθείσης.

10

Names

Μυτιληναῖοι, Μυτιληναίων, οἱ

the Mytileneans, people of Mytilene

Words

συμμαχία, συμμαχίας, ἡ
πολιορκέω

alliance
I besiege

- 12** οἱ δὲ Μυτιληναῖοι πολὺν χρόνον σύμμαχοι ἦσαν τῶν Ἀθηναίων (line 1): how long had the Mytileneans been allies of the Athenians?

..... [1]

- 13 ὠργίσθησαν μέντοι ἀναγκάζομενοι ἀεὶ παρέχειν ναῦς καὶ χρήματα αὐτοῖς (lines 1–2): why were the Mytileneans angry?

.....

.....

..... [4]

- 14 βούλομενοι οὖν λίπειν τὴν συμμαχίαν καὶ εἰδότες ὅτι δεήσει μάχεσθαι παρεσκεύασαν πάντα εἰς μάχην (lines 2–4): why did the Mytileneans make every preparation for war? Give **two** reasons.

-
 -
- [4]

- 15 καὶ τούτων ἐν ταῖς Ἀθήναις ἀγγελθέντων, ἔδοξεν τοῖς πολίταις ἔκπεμψαι μεγάλην στρατίαν πολλὰ ὅπλα ἔχουσιν (lines 5–6): what did the citizens decide to do after the news was announced?

.....

..... [3]

- 16 ἀφικόμενοι δὲ δι' ὀλίγου ἤρξαντο πολιορκεῖν τὴν πόλιν (lines 6–7): write down **and** translate the **Greek** phrase which shows how quickly the Athenians began to besiege Mytilene. [2]

Greek phrase	English translation

- 17 οἱ οὖν Μυτιληναῖοι, νῦν οὐδένα σῖτον ἔχοντες, ἤτησαν τοὺς Λακεδαιμονίους, οἱ πολέμιοι τῶν Ἀθηναίων τότε ἦσαν, βοηθεῖν ἑαυτοῖς (lines 8–9):

- (a) what did the Mytileneans ask the Spartans to do?

..... [1]

- (b) what led them to do this?

.....

..... [1]

18 οἱ δὲ Λακεδαιμόνιοι ναυτικὸν συλλέξαντες ἔμελλον πρῶτον μὲν προσβαλεῖν ταῖς Ἀθήναις, ὕστερον δὲ λύσειν τοὺς Μυτιληναίους (lines 9–11): after they had collected their fleet, what **two** things did the Spartans intend to do?

-
- [2]

19 ἀλλὰ οὕτω βραδέως ἔπλευσαν ὥστε ἀφίκοντο τῆς πόλεως ἤδη αἰρεθείσης (lines 11–12): when did the Spartans finally arrive?

.....

..... [2]

Read the rest of the story.

After crushing the revolt in Mytilene, the Athenians decide what to do next.

ἐπεὶ οἱ Ἀθηναῖοι ἐκάλεσαν τὴν ἐκκλησίαν, ὁ Κλέων, ἡγεμὼν τοῦ δήμου τότε ὢν, πρῶτος ἔλεξεν· “δεῖ ἡμᾶς ἀποκτείναντας πάντας τοὺς ἄνδρας ἀνδραποδίζειν τὰς τε γυναῖκας καὶ τοὺς παῖδας. ταῦτα γὰρ ἰδοῦσαι αἱ ἄλλαι πόλεις οὐδέποτε ποιήσουσι τὰ αὐτά.”

ἔπειτα δὲ ὁ Διόδωτος ἀπεκρίνατο τάδε· “μή, ὦ πολῖται, ἀκούσητε τοῦ Κλέωνος, ὃς κακῶς ὑμᾶς πείθειν πειρᾶται. ἐὰν γὰρ τοὺς Μυτιληναίους κολάσωμεν, ἄρα νομίζετε τοὺς ἡμετέρους συμμάχους ἐθελήσειν μένειν μεθ’ ἡμῶν;” ἀλλὰ ὅμως οἱ Ἀθηναῖοι ἔπεμψαν στρατηγούς κατὰ θάλασσαν ὡς πράξοντας τοὺς τοῦ Κλέωνος λόγους.

5

τῇ ὑστεραίᾳ μέντοι μεταγνόντες ἐκέλευσαν ἄλλο πλοῖον διώξαι τὸ πρῶτον. καὶ τοῖς ναύταις χρήματα ἔδοσαν ἵνα θαῤσσον πλέωσιν. εὐτυχῶς δὲ κατέλαβον τὸ πλοῖον· εἰ γὰρ μὴ ἀφίκοντο εἰς καιρὸν, οἱ Μυτιληναῖοι δεινὰ ἔπαθον ἄν.

10

Names

Κλέων, Κλέωνος, ὁ
Διόδωτος, Διοδότου, ὁ
Μυτιληναῖοι, Μυτιληναίων, οἱ

Cleon
Diodotus
the Mytileneans, people of Mytilene

Words

ἀνδραποδίζω
ὅμως
τῇ ὑστεραίᾳ
μεταγινώσκω, aor. μετέγνων
καταλαμβάνω
εἰς καιρὸν

I enslave
nevertheless
on the next day
I change my mind
I catch up, overtake
in time

20 Translate the rest of the story into good English.

[50]

.....

.....

.....

.....

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