

Mathematics (MEI)

Advanced GCE

Unit **4762**: Mechanics 2

Mark Scheme for June 2011

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Q 1		mark	notes
(a)			
(i)	$13T = 10(4.75 - (-1.75))$ so $T = 5$. So 5 s. OR: $13 = 10a$ $T = \frac{4.75 - (-1.75)}{1.3} = 5$	M1 A1 A1 B1 M1 A1 3	Use of $I = Ft$. Allow sign errors Signs correct on RHS cao N2L Use of suvat cao
(ii)	PCLM: $10 \times 4.75 - 15 \times 0.5 = 25v_{P+Q}$ $v_{P+Q} = 1.6$ so 1.6 m s^{-1} in +ve direction	M1 A1 2	PCLM with combined mass. Allow sign errors No need for reference to direction
(iii)	PCLM: $10 \times 4.75 - 15 \times 0.5 = 10 \times 1 + 15v_Q$ Hence $v_Q = 2$ and Q has velocity 2 m s^{-1} NEL: $\frac{v_Q - 1}{-0.5 - 4.75} = -e$ so $e = 0.19047\dots$ so 0.190 (3 s. f.)	M1 A1 A1 M1 A1 A1 6	PCLM with all correct terms. Allow sign errors Any form Accept no direct reference to direction NEL. Accept their v_Q and any sign errors. Fraction must be correct way up Any form. FT their v_Q . cao accept 0.19, 4/21 accept 0.2 only if 0.19 seen earlier

(b)	Initial vert cpt is $14\sin 30 = 7$ 1 st hits ground at v given by $v^2 = 7^2 + 2 \times 9.8 \times 3.125$ $v = 10.5$ Vert cpt after 2 nd bounce 10.5×0.6^2	B1	
		M1	Appropriate suvat. Allow ± 9.8 etc Condone $u = 14$
		A1	
		M1	their 10.5×0.6^n for $n = 1, 2$ or 3 Condone use of their initial vertical component. Do not award if horiz component is also multiplied by 0.6
		B1	use of $\times 0.6^2$ or attempt at two bounces with 0.6 used each time
		B1	Award even if value wrong or not given
		M1	FT their horiz and vert components. oe. Fraction must be for correct angle.
	so 17.3° (3 s. f.)	A1 8	cao SC answer of 11.7 will usually earn 5/8
	19		

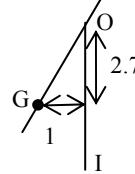
Q 2		mark	notes
(i)	cw moments about A Let force be S $600 \times 0.8 - S \times 2 = 0$ $S = 240$ so 240 N vertically upwards	M1 A1 A1 3	Penalise answers to fewer than 4sf only once Moments. All forces. No extras Need statement of direction or diagram
(ii)	cw moments about A Let tension be T $600 \times 0.8 - T \sin 50 \times 0.3 = 0$ $T = 2088.65\dots \left(\frac{1600}{\sin 50}\right)$ so 2089 N (4 s. f.)	M1 M1 A1 A1 A1 5	Moments. All forces. No extras. Attempt at moment of T (need not be resolved) Note that mmmts about B needs forces at hinge. Correct method for moment of T . Allow length errors and $s \leftrightarrow c$ Moment of T correct (allow sign error) All correct cao
(iii)	Resolve $\rightarrow X - T \cos 50 = 0$ so $X = 1342.55\dots$ = 1343 (4 s. f.) Resolve $\downarrow Y - T \sin 50 + 600 = 0$ so $Y = 1000$ Method for either R or α $R = \sqrt{1600^2 \cot^2 50 + 1000^2} = 1674.05\dots$ so 1674 (4 s. f.) $\alpha = \arctan \frac{1000}{1600 \cot 50}$ $\alpha = 36.6804\dots$ so 36.68° (4 s. f.)	M1 F1 M1 F1 M1 F1 F1 7	Resolving horiz. Allow sign error. T must be resolved, allow $s \leftrightarrow c$ FT their T only . Allow $1600 \cot 50$ NB other methods possible FT their T only M dependent on attempts at X and Y using moments/resolution FT their X and Y Numerical value only FT their X and Y Numerical value only Accept 36.67
(iv)	Angle GAP is α above so 36.68° (4 s. f.) Weight, T and R are the only forces acting on the beam which is in equilibrium. Hence they are concurrent. Or geometrical calculation	B1 E1 2	Must be clear
		17	

Q 3		mark	notes
(i)	$10 \begin{pmatrix} \bar{x} \\ \bar{y} \end{pmatrix} = 4 \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} + 2 \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 1\frac{1}{2} \\ 3\frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix} + 3 \begin{pmatrix} 2\frac{1}{2} \\ 2\frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}$ $= \begin{pmatrix} -2 + 1 + 1\frac{1}{2} + 7\frac{1}{2} \\ 8 + 6 + 3\frac{1}{2} + 7\frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 8 \\ 25 \end{pmatrix}$ so $\begin{pmatrix} \bar{x} \\ \bar{y} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0.8 \\ 2.5 \end{pmatrix}$ and c.m. is (0.8, 2.5)	M1 B1 E1 E1 4	<p>Correct method clearly indicated for x or y component.</p> <p>If 2D method, at least 1 mass + cm correct for a region.</p> <p>If separate cpts, at least 2 mass + cm correct for one of the cpts</p> <p>Working shown. Either expression shown oe</p> <p>Both</p>
(ii)	c.w. moments about J $3.2 \times 1.8 - T_H \times 4 = 0$ so $T_H = 1.44$ and the force at H is 1.44 N Resolving ↑ force at J is $3.2 - 1.44 = 1.76$ N	B1 M1 A1 M1 F1 5	<p>Use of 1.8 oe</p> <p>A moments equation with all relevant forces. Allow use of 10 instead of 3.2</p> <p>Or moments again</p> <p>Only FT if positive final answer</p>
(iii)	below		

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(iii)	$10 \begin{pmatrix} \bar{x} \\ \bar{y} \\ \bar{z} \end{pmatrix} = 4 \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix} + 2 \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \\ 3 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + 2 \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3\frac{1}{2} \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + 2 \begin{pmatrix} 2\frac{1}{2} \\ 3 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$ $= \begin{pmatrix} 0+1+4+5 \\ 8+6+7+6 \\ 2+0+0-2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 10 \\ 27 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$ <p>so $\begin{pmatrix} \bar{x} \\ \bar{y} \\ \bar{z} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2.7 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$ and c.m. is $(1, 2.7, 0)$</p>	M1	Dealing with 3D
		B1	Dealing correctly with one folded part
		B1	Dealing with the other folded part
		E1	Working shown. Either expression shown oe
		E1	All three components
		5	
(iv)	 <p>Let angle IOG be θ $\tan \theta = \frac{1}{2.7}$ so angle is $20.323\dots$ so 20.3° (3 s. f.)</p>	B1	Recognising that cm is vertically below O (may be implied)
		B1	Correctly identifying the angle
		M1	Accept $\tan \theta = \frac{2.7}{1}$ oe
		A1	Do NOT isw
		4	
		18	

Q 4		mark	notes
(a)	$\frac{1}{2} \times 80 \times (6^2 - V^2)$ $= 80 \times 9.8 \times 1600 - 1300000$ <p>so $V = 34.29285\dots$ so 34.3 m s^{-1}, (3 s. f.)</p>	M1 B1 B1 A1 A1 5	WE equation. Allow GPE OR init KE term omitted or wrong. Allow sign errors. There must be 3 terms one of which is the WD term KE terms correct (accept $40 \times (V^2 - 6^2)$) GPE term. Allow sign error All terms present. Accept only sign errors, but not the 1300000 and $80 \times 9.8 \times 1600$ terms with same sign Cao accept $14\sqrt{6}$
(b) (i)	<p>N2L up the slope. Driving force is $S N$</p> $S - 1150 - 800 \times 9.8 \times 0.1 = 800 \times 0.25$ <p>$S = 2134$</p> <p>Power is 2134×8 $= 17072$ so 17.1 kW (3 s. f.)</p>	M1 B1 M1 A1 E1 M1 A1 7	N2L. Allow either resistance or weight cpt omitted. Allow weight not resolved and sign errors. RHS correct Attempt at weight cpt ($800g \sin \theta$ is sufficient) Allow missing g Weight cpt correct (numerical) May be implied Use of $P = Fv$
(ii)	<p>Let resistance on sledge be $F N$</p> <p>N2L up slope for sledge</p> $900 - F - 300 \times 9.8 \times 0.1 = 300 \times 0.25$ <p>so $F = 531$</p> <p>normal reaction is $300g \cos \theta$</p> <p>Use $\cos \theta = \sqrt{0.99}$ or $\cos 5.7$</p> $\mu = \frac{531}{300 \times 9.8 \times \sqrt{0.99}}$ $= 0.181522\dots$ so 0.182 (3 s. f.)	M1 A1 B1 B1 M1 A1 6	Need non-zero accn, correct mass and 900. Allow weight missing or unresolved and allow sign errors. Do not award if 2134 included In context Use of $F = \mu R$ for any F and R but not $F=900$ cao
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