



Thursday 31 May 2012 – Morning

AS GCE MATHEMATICS (MEI)

4771 Decision Mathematics 1

QUESTION PAPER



Candidates answer on the Printed Answer Book.

OCR supplied materials:

- Printed Answer Book 4771
- MEI Examination Formulae and Tables (MF2)

Other materials required:

- Scientific or graphical calculator

Duration: 1 hour 30 minutes

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

These instructions are the same on the Printed Answer Book and the Question Paper.

- The Question Paper will be found in the centre of the Printed Answer Book.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces provided on the Printed Answer Book. Please write clearly and in capital letters.
- **Write your answer to each question in the space provided in the Printed Answer Book.** Additional paper may be used if necessary but you must clearly show your candidate number, centre number and question number(s).
- Use black ink. HB pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.
- Read each question carefully. Make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Answer **all** the questions.
- Do **not** write in the bar codes.
- You are permitted to use a graphical calculator in this paper.
- Final answers should be given to a degree of accuracy appropriate to the context.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

This information is the same on the Printed Answer Book and the Question Paper.

- The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question on the Question Paper.
- You are advised that an answer may receive **no marks** unless you show sufficient detail of the working to indicate that a correct method is being used.
- The total number of marks for this paper is **72**.
- The Printed Answer Book consists of **12** pages. The Question Paper consists of **8** pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

INSTRUCTIONS TO EXAMS OFFICER/INVIGILATOR

- Do not send this Question Paper for marking; it should be retained in the centre or recycled. Please contact OCR Copyright should you wish to re-use this document.

Section A (24 marks)

1 The table defines a network in which the numbers represent lengths.

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
A	—	3	8	—	5	—	—
B	3	—	4	—	—	—	6
C	8	4	—	1	1	—	2
D	—	—	1	—	—	—	5
E	5	—	1	—	—	4	—
F	—	—	—	—	4	—	1
G	—	6	2	5	—	1	—

(i) Draw the network. [2]

(ii) Use Dijkstra's algorithm to find the shortest route from A to G. Give the route and its length. [6]

2 This question concerns the following algorithm which operates on a given function, f . The algorithm finds a point between A and B at which the function has a minimum, with a maximum error of 0.05.

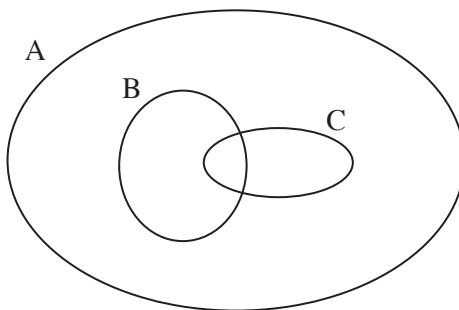
Step 1	Input A
Step 2	Input B, where $B > A$
Step 3	Let $R = A + \left(\frac{\sqrt{5}-1}{2}\right) \times (B-A)$
Step 4	Let $L = A + B - R$
Step 5	Find $f(L)$ and $f(R)$
Step 6	If $f(L) \leq f(R)$ then let $B = R$ and go to Step 8
Step 7	If $f(L) > f(R)$ then let $A = L$ and go to Step 8
Step 8	If $B - A < 0.1$ then go to step 10
Step 9	Go to step 3
Step 10	Print $\frac{(A+B)}{2}$ and stop

(i) Working correct to three decimal places, perform two iterations of the algorithm for $f(x) = 2x^2 - 15x + 30$, when $A = 3$ and $B = 4$. Start at Step 1 and stop when you reach Step 8 for the second time. [6]

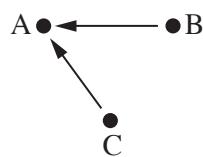
(ii) The $\left(\frac{\sqrt{5}-1}{2}\right)$ factor in Step 3 ensures that either the new 'L' is equal to the old 'R', or vice versa. Why is this important? [1]

(iii) This algorithm is used when the function is not known explicitly, but where its value can be found for any given input. Give a practical example of where it might be used. [1]

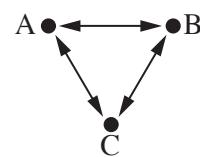
3 The diagram shows three sets, A, B and C. Each region of the diagram contains at least one element. The diagram shows that B is a subset of A, C is a subset of A, and that B shares at least one element with C.



The two graphs below give information about the three sets A, B and C. The first graph shows the relation 'is a subset of' and the second graph shows the relation 'shares at least one element with'.

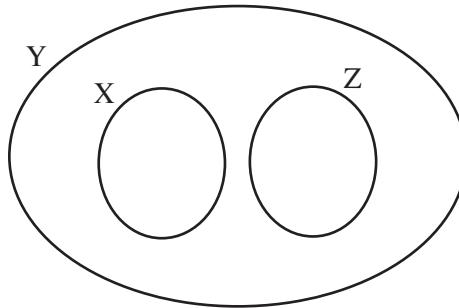


'is a subset of'

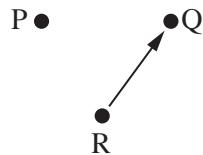


'shares at least one element with'

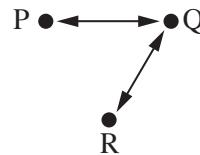
(i) Draw two graphs to represent the sets X, Y and Z shown in the following diagram. [4]



(ii) Draw a diagram to represent the sets P, Q and R for which both of the following graphs apply. [4]



'is a subset of'



'shares at least one element with'

Section B (48 marks)

4 In a factory, two types of motor are made. Each motor of type X takes 10 man hours to make and each motor of type Y takes 12 man hours to make.

In each week there are 200 man hours available.

To satisfy customer demand, at least 5 of each type of motor must be made each week.

Once a motor has been started it must be completed; no unfinished motors may be left in the factory at the end of each week.

When completed, the motors are put into a container for shipping. The volume of the container is 7 m^3 . A type X motor occupies a volume of 0.5 m^3 and a type Y motor occupies a volume of 0.3 m^3 .

(i) Define appropriate variables and from the above information derive four inequalities which must be satisfied by those variables. [5]

(ii) Represent your inequalities on a graph and shade the infeasible region. [4]

The profit on each type X is £100 and on each type Y is £70.

(iii) The weekly profit is to be maximised. Write down the objective function and find the maximum profit. [3]

(iv) Because of absenteeism, the manager decides to organise the work in the factory on the assumption that there will be only 180 man hours available each week. Find the number of motors of each type that should now be made in order to maximise the profit. [4]

5 Each morning I reach into my box of tea bags and, without looking, randomly choose a bag. The bags are manufactured in pairs, which can be separated along a perforated line. So when I choose a bag it might be attached to another, in which case I have to separate them and return the other bag to the box. Alternatively, it might be a single bag, having been separated on an earlier day.

I only use one tea bag per day, and the box always gets thoroughly shaken during the day as things are moved around in the kitchen.

You are to simulate this process, starting with 5 double bags and 0 single bags in the box. You are to use single-digit random numbers in your simulation.

- (i) On day 2 there will be 4 double bags and 1 single bag in the box, 9 bags in total. Give a rule for simulating whether I choose a single bag or a double bag, assuming that I am equally likely to choose any of the 9 bags. Use single-digit random numbers in your simulation rule. [2]
- (ii) On day 3 there will either be 4 double bags or 3 double bags and 2 single bags in the box. Give a rule for simulating what sort of bag I choose in the second of these cases. Use single-digit random numbers in your simulation rule. [2]
- (iii) Using the random digits in your answer book, simulate what happens on days 2, 3 and 4, briefly explaining your simulations. Give an estimate of the probability that I choose a single bag on day 5. [8]
- (iv) Using the random digits in your answer book, carry out 4 more simulations and record the results. [2]
- (v) Using your 5 simulations, estimate the probability that I choose a single bag on day 5. [2]

[Question 6 is printed overleaf.]

6 The table shows the tasks involved in making a batch of buns, the time in minutes required for each task, and their precedences.

Task		Time (minutes)	Immediate predecessors
A	measure out flour	0.5	–
B	mix flour and water	1	A
C	shell eggs	0.5	–
D	mix in eggs and fat	2	B, C
E	get currants ready	0.5	–
F	get raisins ready	0.5	–
G	fold fruit into mix	0.5	D, E, F
H	bake	10	G

(i) Draw an activity on arc network for these activities. [5]

(ii) Mark on your diagram the early time and the late time for each event. Give the minimum completion time and the critical activities. [6]

Preparing the batch for baking consists of tasks A to G; each of these tasks can only be done by one person. *Baking*, task H, requires no people.

(iii) How many people are required to prepare the batch for baking in the minimum time? [1]

(iv) What is the minimum time required to prepare the batch for baking if only one person is available? [1]

Jim is preparing and baking three batches of buns. He has one oven available for baking. For the rest of the question you should consider ‘preparing the batch for baking’ as one activity.

(v) Assuming that the oven can bake only one batch at a time, draw an activity on arc diagram for this situation and give the minimum time in which the three batches of buns can be prepared and baked. [2]

(vi) Assuming that the oven is big enough to bake all three batches of buns at the same time, give the minimum time in which the three batches of buns can be prepared and baked. [1]

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