

**OXFORD CAMBRIDGE AND RSA EXAMINATIONS
AS GCE
4752/01**

**MATHEMATICS (MEI)
Concepts for Advanced Mathematics (C2)
QUESTION PAPER**

**WEDNESDAY 8 JUNE 2016: Morning
DURATION: 1 hour 30 minutes
plus your additional time allowance
MODIFIED ENLARGED 24pt**

Candidate forename						Candidate surname				
Centre number						Candidate number				

Candidates answer on the Printed Answer Book or any suitable paper provided by the centre. The Printed Answer Book may be enlarged by the centre.

**OCR SUPPLIED MATERIALS:
Insert for Question 11(ii)**

**OTHER MATERIALS REQUIRED:
Scientific or graphical calculator**

READ INSTRUCTIONS OVERLEAF



INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces provided on the Printed Answer Book or on the paper provided by the centre. Please write clearly and in capital letters.

IF YOU USE THE PRINTED ANSWER BOOK WRITE YOUR ANSWER TO EACH QUESTION IN THE SPACE PROVIDED. If additional space is required, you should use the lined page(s) at the end of this booklet. The question number(s) must be clearly shown.

Use black ink. HB pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.

Read each question carefully. Make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.

Answer ALL the questions.

You are permitted to use a scientific or graphical calculator in this paper.

Final answers should be given to a degree of accuracy appropriate to the context.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question on the Question Paper.

You are advised that an answer may receive NO MARKS unless you show sufficient detail of the working to indicate that a correct method is being used.

The total number of marks for this paper is 72.

Any blank pages are indicated.

INSTRUCTION TO EXAMS OFFICER/INVIGILATOR

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SECTION A (36 marks)

1 (i) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ when $y = 6\sqrt{x}$. [2]

(ii) Find $\int \frac{12}{x^2} dx$. [3]

2 A sequence is defined as follows.

$$u_1 = a, \text{ where } a > 0$$

To obtain u_{r+1}

find the remainder when u_r is divided by 3,
multiply the remainder by 5,
the result is u_{r+1} .

Find $\sum_{r=2}^4 u_r$ in each of the following cases.

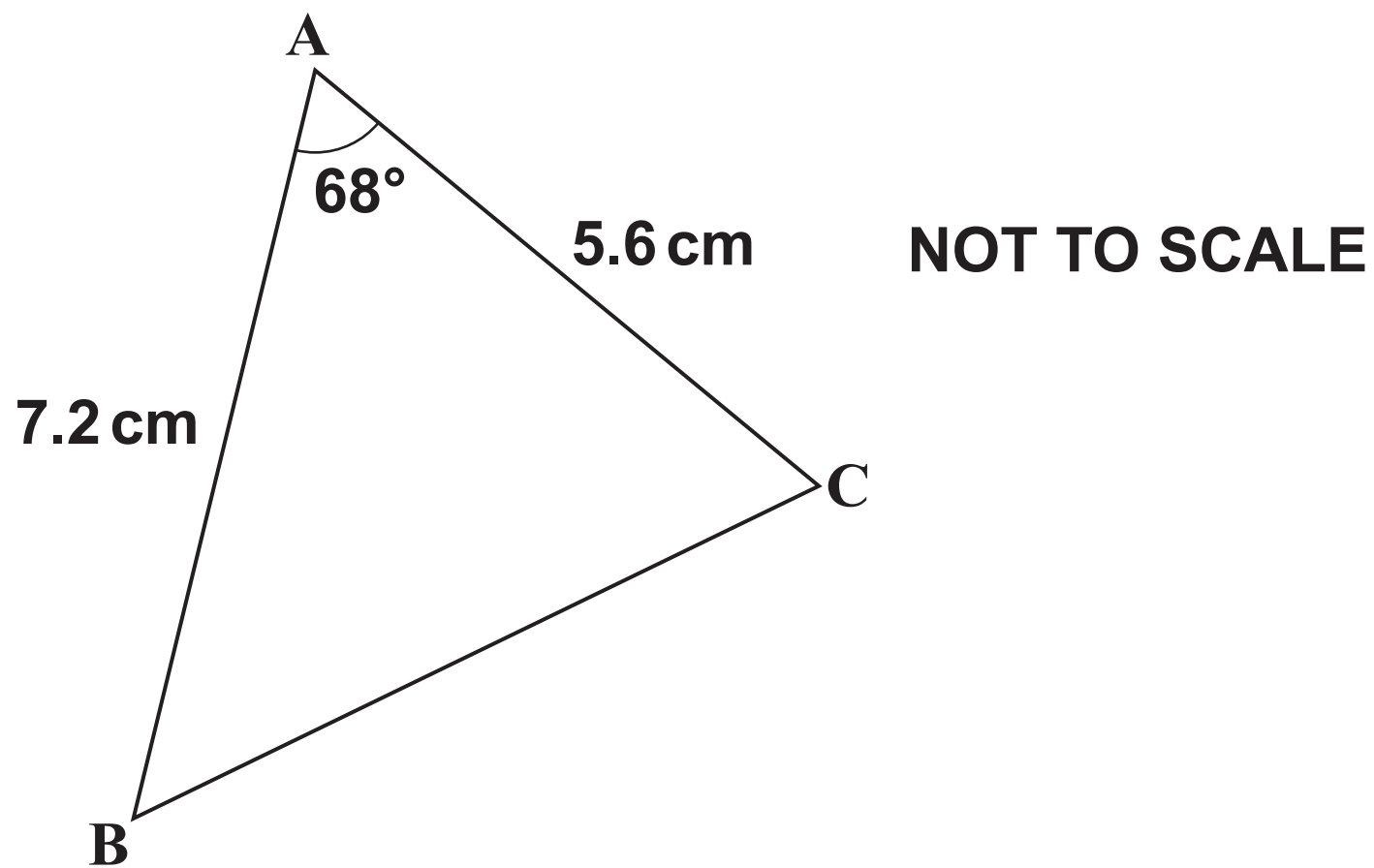
(i) $a = 5$

(ii) $a = 6$ [3]

3 An arithmetic progression (AP) and a geometric progression (GP) have the same first and fourth terms as each other. The first term of both is 1.5 and the fourth term of both is 12. Calculate the difference between the tenth terms of the AP and the GP. [5]

- 4 Fig. 4 below shows triangle ABC, where $AB = 7.2\text{ cm}$, $AC = 5.6\text{ cm}$ and angle $BAC = 68^\circ$.

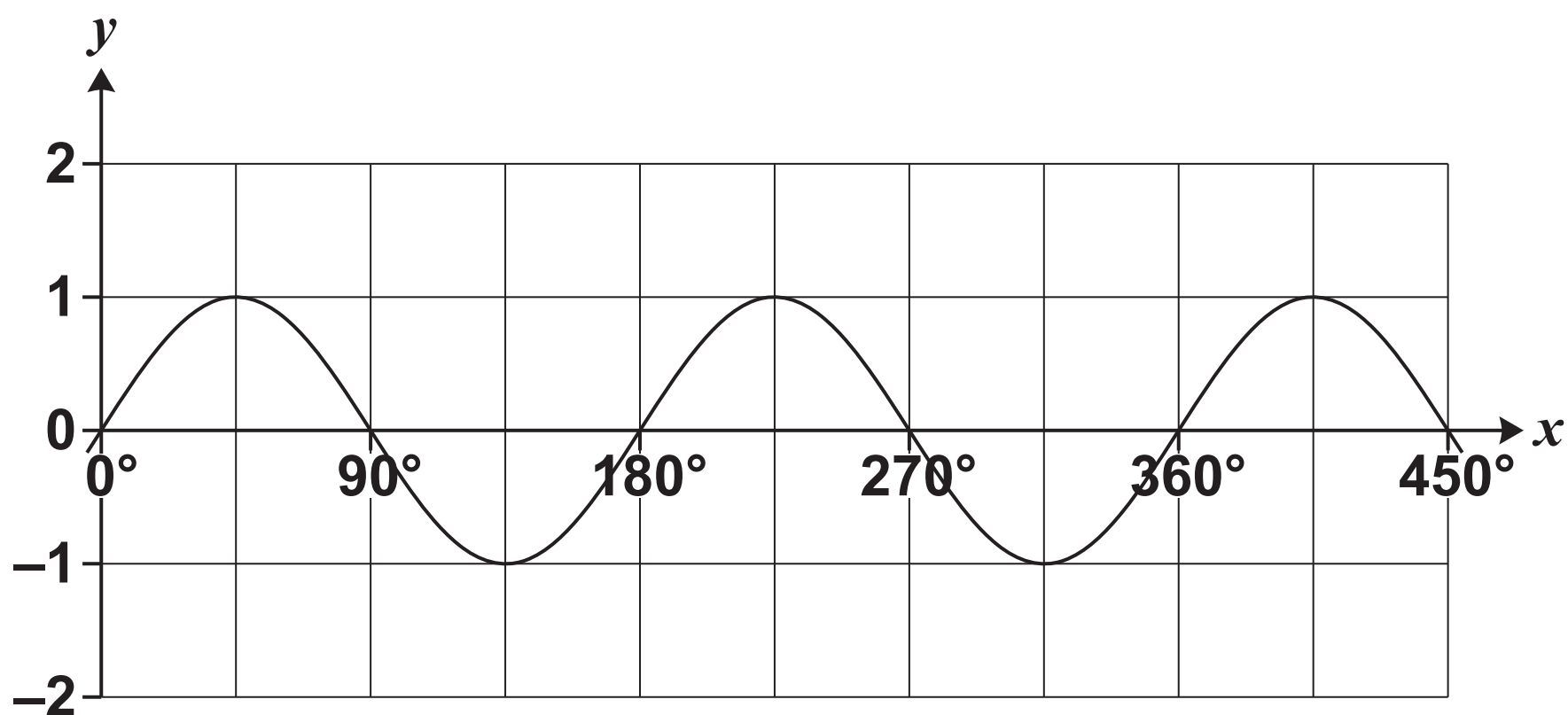
Fig. 4



Calculate the size of angle ACB. [5]

- 5 (i) Fig. 5 below shows the graph of a sine function.

Fig. 5

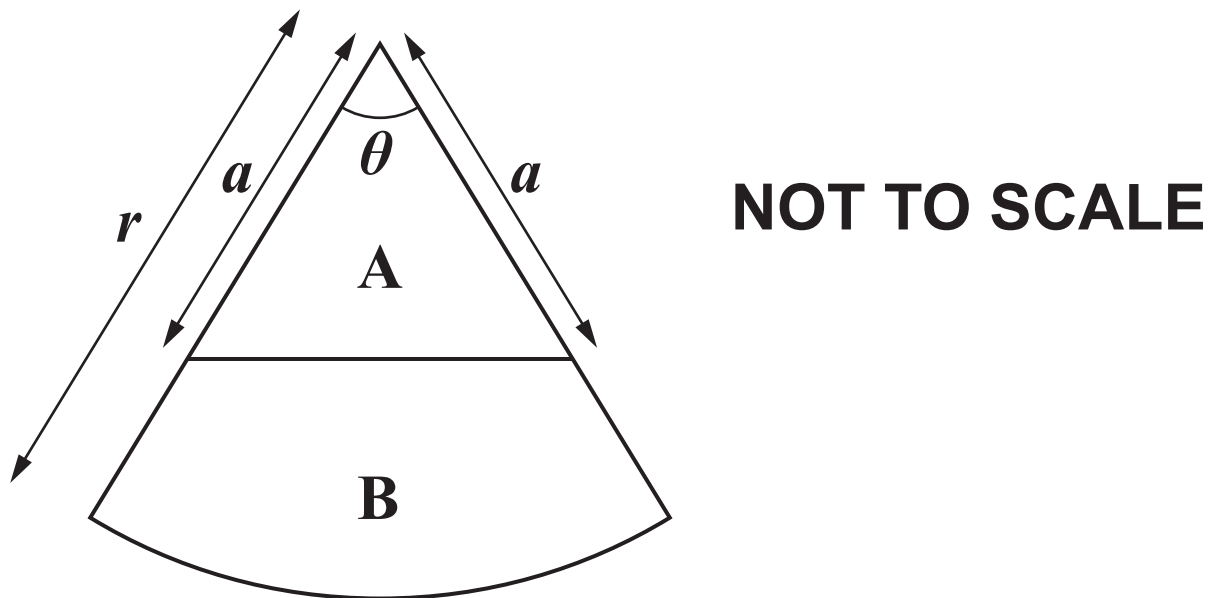


State the equation of this curve. [2]

- (ii) Sketch the graph of $y = \sin x - 3$ for $0^\circ \leq x \leq 450^\circ$. [2]

- 6 A sector of a circle has radius r cm and sector angle θ radians. It is divided into two regions, A and B. Region A is an isosceles triangle with the equal sides being of length a cm, as shown in Fig. 6 below.

Fig. 6

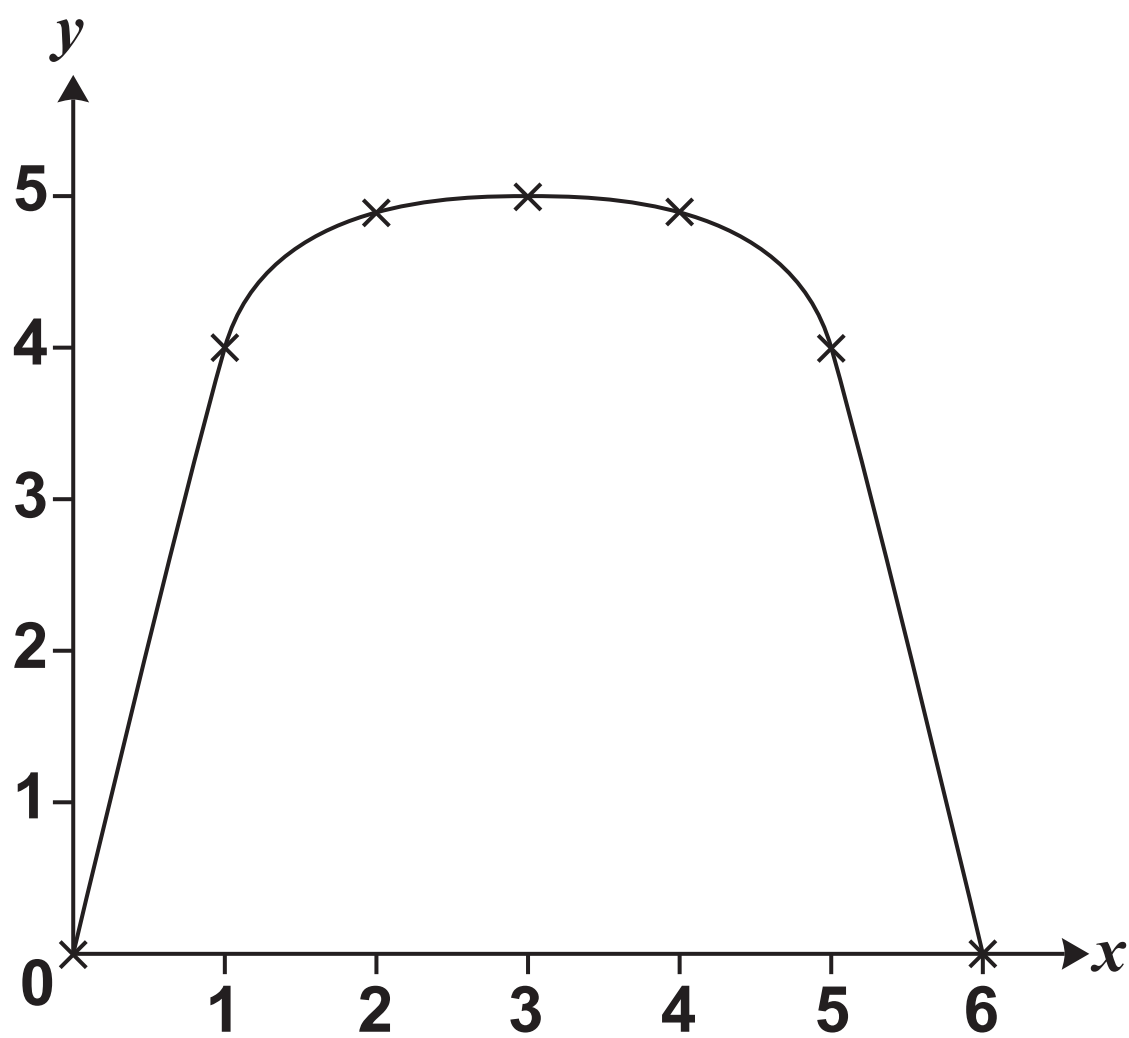


- (i) Express the area of B in terms of a , r and θ . [2]
- (ii) Given that $r = 12$ and $\theta = 0.8$, find the value of a for which the areas of A and B are equal. Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures. [2]
- 7 (i) Show that, when x is an acute angle,
 $\tan x \sqrt{1 - \sin^2 x} = \sin x$. [2]
- (ii) Solve $4\sin^2 y = \sin y$ for $0^\circ \leq y \leq 360^\circ$. [3]
- 8 (i) Simplify $\log_a 1 - \log_a (a^m)^3$. [2]
- (ii) Use logarithms to solve the equation $3^{2x+1} = 1000$.
 Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures. [3]

SECTION B (36 marks)

9 Fig. 9 below shows the cross-section of a straight, horizontal tunnel. The x -axis from 0 to 6 represents the floor of the tunnel.

Fig. 9



With axes as shown, and units in metres, the roof of the tunnel passes through the points shown in the table.

x	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
y	0	4.0	4.9	5.0	4.9	4.0	0

The length of the tunnel is 50 m.

- (i) Use the trapezium rule with 6 strips to estimate the area of cross-section of the tunnel. Hence estimate the volume of earth removed in digging the tunnel. [4]
- (ii) An engineer models the height of the roof of the tunnel using the curve $y = \frac{5}{81}(108x - 54x^2 + 12x^3 - x^4)$.
This curve is symmetrical about $x = 3$.
- (A) Show that, according to this model, a vehicle of rectangular cross-section which is 3.6 m wide and 4.4 m high would not be able to pass through the tunnel. [2]
- (B) Use integration to calculate the area of the cross-section given by this model. Hence obtain another estimate of the volume of earth removed in digging the tunnel. [5]
- 10 (i) Calculate the gradient of the chord of the curve $y = x^2 - 2x$ joining the points at which the values of x are 5 and 5.1. [2]
- (ii) Given that $f(x) = x^2 - 2x$, find and simplify
$$\frac{f(5+h) - f(5)}{h}.$$
 [4]
- (iii) Use your result in part (ii) to find the gradient of the curve $y = x^2 - 2x$ at the point where $x = 5$, showing your reasoning. [2]
- (iv) Find the equation of the tangent to the curve $y = x^2 - 2x$ at the point where $x = 5$.
Find the area of the triangle formed by this tangent and the coordinate axes. [5]

- 11 There are many different flu viruses. The numbers of flu viruses detected in the first few weeks of the 2012–2013 flu epidemic in the UK were as follows.

Week	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Number of flu viruses	7	10	24	32	40	38	63	96	234	480

These data may be modelled by an equation of the form $y = a \times 10^{bt}$, where y is the number of flu viruses detected in week t of the epidemic, and a and b are constants to be determined.

- (i) Explain why this model leads to a straight-line graph of $\log_{10}y$ against t . State the gradient and intercept of this graph in terms of a and b . [3]
- (ii) Complete the values of $\log_{10}y$ in the table in the Printed Answer Book or Insert, draw the graph of $\log_{10}y$ against t , and draw by eye a line of best fit for the data.

Hence determine the values of a and b and the equation for y in terms of t for this model. [8]

During the decline of the epidemic, an appropriate model was

$$y = 921 \times 10^{-0.137w},$$

where y is the number of flu viruses detected in week w of the decline.

- (iii) Use this to find the number of viruses detected in week 4 of the decline. [1]

END OF QUESTION PAPER

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